802.11b/g/n 2T2R Wireless LAN USB Module

User Manual

Version: 1.0 (May, 2009)

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Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- 1. Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- 2. Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- 3. Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- 4. Consult the dealer or an experienced radio technician for help.

FCC Caution

This device and its antenna must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the authority to operate equipment.

RF exposure warning ·

This equipment must be installed and operated in accordance with provided instructions and the antenna(s) used for this transmitter must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20 cm from all persons and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter. End-users and installers must be provide with antenna installation instructions and transmitter operating conditions for satisfying RF exposure compliance.

Canada Warning "Industry Canada regulatory information Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.""The user is cautioned that this device should be used only as specified within this manual to meet RF exposure requirements. Use of this device in a manner inconsistent with this manual could lead to excessive RF exposure conditions."

Information for the OEMs and Integrators

The following statement must be included with all versions of this document supplied to an

OEM or integrator, but should not be distributed to the end user.

This device is intended for OEM integrators only. Please See the full Grant of Equipment document for other restrictions. This device must be operated and used with a locally approved access point.

Information To Be Supplied to the End User by the OEM or Integrator

The following regulatory and safety notices must be published in documentation supplied to

the end user of the product or system incorporating an adapter in compliance with local regulations. Host system must be labeled with "Contains FCC ID: NDD9576220908",

FCC ID displayed on label.

R&TTE Compliance Statement

This equipment complies with all the requirements of DIRECTIVE 1999/5/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL of March 9, 1999 on radio equipment and telecommunication terminal Equipment and the mutual recognition of their conformity (R&TTE)

The R&TTE Directive repeals and replaces in the directive 98/13/EEC (Telecommunications Terminal Equipment and Satellite Earth Station Equipment) As of April 8, 2000.

Safety

This equipment is designed with the utmost care for the safety of those who install and use it. However, special attention must be paid to the dangers of electric shock and static electricity when working with electrical equipment. All guidelines of this and of the computer manufacture must therefore be allowed at all times to ensure the safe use of the equipment.

EU Countries Intended for Use

The ETSI version of this device is intended for home and office use in Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, and the United Kingdom.

The ETSI version of this device is also authorized for use in EFTA member states: Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway, and Switzerland.

EU Countries Not intended for use

None.

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1 Introduction

Thank you for purchasing this high-speed wireless network card! Excepting common wireless standards 802.11b/g, this wireless network card is also able to access 802.11n wireless networks - data transfer rate is 300Mbps, and that's three times faster than 802.11g wireless network!

For WLAN security issues, this adapter supports 64/128-bit WEP data encryption that protects your wireless network from eavesdropping. It also supports WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) feature technology. Client users are required to authorize before accessing to APs or AP Routers, and the data transmitted in the network is encrypted/decrypted by a dynamically changed secret key. Furthermore, this adapter supports WPA2 function, WPA2 provides a stronger encryption mechanism through AES (Advanced Encryption Standard), which is a requirement for some corporate and government users.

This adapter is cost-effective, together with the versatile features; it is the best solution for you to build your wireless network.

1.1 Features

- Work with 802.11b/g/Draft-N wireless network devices.
- High-speed transfer data rate up to 300 Mbps.
- High throughput supports multi-media data bandwidth requirement.
- Support 64/128-bit WEP Data Encryption, WPA, WPA2.
- Automatic fallback increases data security and reliability.
- Supports the most popular operating system: Windows 2000/XP/Vista.
- Supports USB 2.0 interface.

1.2 Specifications

- Standard: IEEE 802.11b/g/n
- Interface: USB 2.0 Type A
- Frequency Band: 2.4000 ~ 2.4835GHz (Industrial Scientific Medical Band)
- Data Rate:
 - 11b: 1/2/5.5/11Mbps
 - 11g: 6/9/12/24/36/48/54Mbps
 - 11n (20MHz): MCS0-15 (up to 144Mbps)
 - 11n (40MHz): MCS0-15 (up to 300Mbps)
- Security: 64/128-bit WEP Data Encryption, WPA, WPA2
- Antenna: Chip Antenna
- Drivers: Windows 2000/XP/Vista
- LEDs: Link/Activity

- Transmit Power(AVG Power): 11n: 14±1.5dBm, 11g: 14±1.5dBm, 11b: 17±1.5dBm
- Dimension: 10(H) x 19.5(W) x 56(D) mm
- Temperature: Operating 32~104°F (0 ~40°C), Storage -13~149°F (-25~65°C)
- Humidity: Max. 95% (NonCondensing)
- Certification: FCC, CE

1.3 Package Contents

Before you begin the installation, please check the items of your package. The package should include the following items:

- One USB Adapter
- One CD (Driver/Utility/User's Manual)
- One Quick Guide

If any of the above items is missing, contact your supplier as soon as possible.

2 Installation Procedure

Before you proceed with the installation, please notice following descriptions.

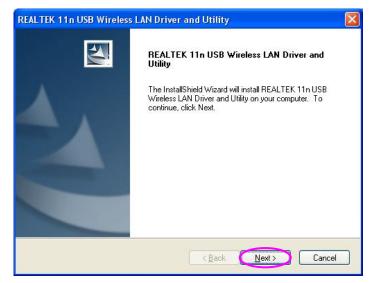
- Note1: The following installation was operated under Windows XP. (Procedures are similar for Windows 2000/Vista.)
- Note2: If you have installed the Wireless PC Adapter driver & utility before, please uninstall the old version first.

I. Install the Driver and Utility

- A. Insert the Installation CD to your CD-ROM Drive. Execute the "Setup.exe" program.
- B. Select Setup Language and click "OK" to proceed.

ALTEK 11n USB Wireless LA Choose Setup Language Select the language for the installa		
Basque Bulgarian Catalan Chinese (Simplified) Croatian Croatian Czech Danish Dutch		
English Finnish French (Canadian) French (Standard) German Greek		×
	< <u>B</u> ack Next>	Cancel

C. Click "Next" to go to the next step.



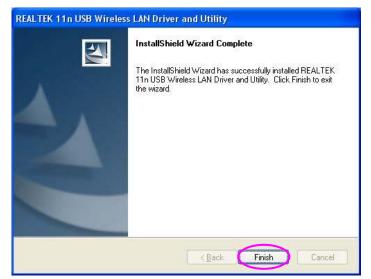
D. Now you'll see the following message, please click 'Install' to begin the installation.

REALTEK 11n USB Wireless LAN Driver and Utility	
REALTEK 11n USB Wireless LAN Driver and Utility	X
Click Install to begin the installation.	
If you want to review or change any of your installation settings, c the wizard.	lick Back. Click Cancel to exit
InstallShield	
< <u>B</u> ack	Install Cancel

E. The system starts to install the driver and utility.

EALTEK 11n USB Wireless LAN Driver and Utility Setup Status	E
Jerah Jraras	24
The InstallShield Wizard is installing REALTEK 11n USB Wireless LAN Driver and	Utility
tallShield	
	Cancel

F. Click "Finish" to complete the driver and utility installation.



II. Connect to Wireless Access Point

A. To start configuring the adapter, double click the icon in the system tray or right click the icon and select open configuration utility.



B. The utility of the adapter is displayed. Click "Available Network" and double-click on the wireless access point you want to connect to.

REALTEK 11n USB Wir Refresh(R) Mode(M) View(V) About(<u>A</u>)						
🖃 🊽 MyComputer	General	Profile	Available Network	Status	Statistics	Wi-Fi Protect Setup	
Realtek RTL81915L	Availabl	Available Network(s)					
	SSID		Ch	annel	Encryption	Network Authentication	Signal
	1.00			1	None	Unknown	60%
	172	15apn		8	None	Unknown	80%
	1 ⁹ 6F			11	None	Unknown	46%
	L 3)			11	TKIP/AES	WPA Pre-Shared Key/	84%
	1.0			11	None	Unknown	52%
	No IPO				None	Unknown	82%
		LLLKT		ala ala	TKIP	WPA Pro Shared Key	62%
		st		11	WEP	Unknown	68%
	< Note Do		Refresh lick on item to joir)	Add to Profile	68%
Signal 3	< Note Do		Refresh lick on item to joir	n/creat	e profile.		
Show Tray Icon	< Note Do		Refresh lick on item to joir	n/creat Adapti	e profile.		

C. Input the security setting and click "OK" to start network connection.

Profile Name: test	
letwork Name(SSID): test	
This is a computer-to-computer(ad hoc) network; wireless access points are not used.	802.1x configure EAP TYPE :
Channel: 11 (2462MHz) 🗸	GTC
Wireless network security	Tunnel :
This network requires a key for the following:	
Network Authentication: Open System 🛛 👻	Username :
Data encryption: wep 🗸	
	Identity :
Key index (advanced): 1 🗸	Password :
Network key:	
	Certificate :
Confirm network key:	
\frown	

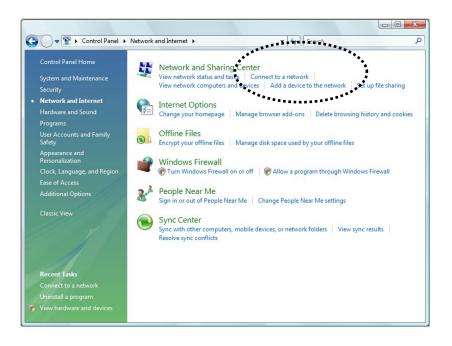
* Use Windows Zero Configuration on Windows Vista:

A. For Windows Vista user, you can use Windows Zero Configuration to connect to wireless access point.

Click 'Start' button, then click 'Control Panel. Click 'Network and Internet' in Control Panel.



B. Click 'Connect to a network' under 'Network and Sharing Center'



C. Click the access point you want to use if it's shown, then click 'Connect'.

Connect to a network	
Select a network to connect to	
Show All Unnamed Network Security-enabled network	وي اللاد
Set up a connection or network Open Network and Sharing Center	\frown
	Connect Cance

D. If it's an unnamed access point (i.e. the SSID of this wireless access point is hidden), you'll be prompted to input it's name, and the name must be identical to the SSID setting of the wireless access point you're connecting to.

Connect to a network		
pe the network name (SSID) for t	he network	
Ask the person who set up this network to g	ive you the name	
twork Name:		
ome		
		Next Cancel
	pe the network name (SSID) for t usk the person who set up this network to g work Name:	pe the network name (SSID) for the network ask the person who set up this network to give you the name work Name:

E. If the access point is protected by encryption method, you have to input its security or passphrase here. It must match the encryption setting on the access point.

Туре	the network security key o	r passphrase for Hom	e
The pe	rson who setup the network can giv	ve you the key or passphrase	
Securit	y key or passphrase:		
1			
🔲 Disp	lay characters		
	If you have a <u>USB flash drive</u> with	network settings for Home,	insert it now.
630			

F. If you can see this image, the connection between your computer and wireless access point is successfully established. Click 'Close' to start network connection.

Connect to a network	
Successfully connected to VarioxNET	
Save this network	
$\overline{\mathscr{C}}$ Start this connection automatically	
	Close

3 Configuration Utility

The Configuration Utility is a powerful application that helps you configure the Wireless LAN Mini USB Adapter and monitor the link status and the statistics during the communication process.

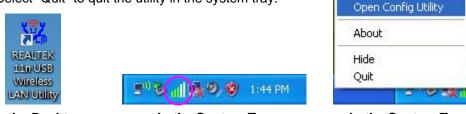
The Configuration Utility appears as an icon on the system tray and desktop of Windows. You can open it by double-click on the icon.

Right click the icon in the system tray there are some items for you to operate the configuration utility.

- Open Config Utility
 - Select "Open Config Utility" to open the configuration utility.
- <u>About</u>
 Select "About" to show the utility information.
- <u>Hide</u>
 - Select "Hide" to hide the utility in the system tray.
- <u>Quit</u>

•

Select "Quit" to quit the utility in the system tray.



In the Desktop

In the System Tray

In the System Tray(Right click)

🧐 🦁 2:19 PM

3.1 Utility Overview

There are several parts in the utility screen. Please refer to the following table for the description.

🤽 REALTEK 11n USB Wir		
Refresh(R) Mode(M) View(V) About(<u>A</u>)	
B WyComputer	General Profile Available Network Status Statistics Wi-Fi Protect Setup	
B	E Status: Associated	
	Speed: Tx:29 Mbps Rx:58 Mbps	
	Type: Infrastructure	
	Encryption: None	
	SSID: Edimax	
	Signal Strength: 57%	
	Link Quality: 99%	
	Network Address:	
	MAC Address: 00:50:FC:61:21:01	
	IP Address: 10.0.20.113	
	Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0	
	Gateway: 10.0.20.254	
	ReNew IP	
<		
Show Tray Icon	Disable Adapter	Close
🔲 Radio Off	🗌 Windows Zero Config	
Ready		NUM

Parameter	Description
A	 Refresh – Refresh adapter list in the "B" block. Mode – There are two modes: Station and Access Point. If "Station" is selected, the adapter works as a wireless adapter. If "Access Point" is selected, the adapter will works as a wireless AP. View – Enable "Status Bar" and the "D" block in the utility will display the current status of the utility. About – To check the version of the utility, select this item.
В	This is a list for you to configure several adapters in your PC from the utility.
C	 Show Tray Icon – To show the icon in the system tray, select the item. Disable Adapter – This function is for you to disable or enable the adapter. Windows Zero Config – To configure the adapter from Windows XP Zero Configuration, check the item. Radio Off – This function is for you to turn off or turn on the radio of the adapter. If the radio is turned off, the adapter will not work.
D	It is the status bar that displays the current status of the utility. To close it, please disable the "Status Bar" in the "View" item.
Е	There are several tabs in the block for you to setup the function of the adapter. Please refer to the description in the following sections.

3.2 Available Network

When you open the Configuration Utility, the system will scan all the channels to find all the access points/stations within the accessible range of your adapter and automatically connect to the wireless network with the highest signal strength. From the "Available Network" tab, all the networks nearby will be listed. You can change the connection to another network.

REALTEK 11n USB Wire	less LAN Utility	
$Refresh(\underline{R}) Mode(\underline{M}) View(\underline{V})$	About(<u>A</u>)	
🖃 🚽 MyComputer	General Profile Available Network Status Statistics Wi-Fi Protect Setup	
Realtek RTL8191SU '	Available Network(s)	
	SSID Channel Encryption Network Authentication	Signal
	I None Unknown	60%
	1 1010 Charles	80%
	R [®] 6F 11 None Unknown	46%
	11 TKIP/AES WPA Pre-Shared Key/	84%
	11 None Unknown	52%
	PCam 11 None Unknown	82%
	LLLLLKT 11 TKIP WPA Pre-Shared Key	62%
	🖓 test 11 WEP Unknown	68%
<	Refresh Add to Profile Note Double click on item to join/create profile.	>
Show Tray Icon		lose
🔲 Radio Off	Windows Zero Config	
Ready	NU	M

Parameter	Description
Available Network(s)	This list shows all information of the available wireless networks within the range of your adapter. The information includes SSID, Channel, Encryption, Network Authentication, Signal and etc. If you want to connect to any network on the list, double-click the selected network.
Refresh	Click "Refresh" to update the available networks list. It is recommended that refresh the list while you have changed the connection network.
Add to Profile	A profile stores the setting of a network, so that you can connect to the network quickly. To add the selected network to a profile, click this button.

3.3 General

To check the connection status of the adapter, select "General". This screen shows the information of Link Speed, Network Type, Encryption Method, SSID, Signal Strength, Link Quality and Network Address of the adapter.

🧱 REALTEK 11n USB Wire	less LAN Utility	
Refresh(R) Mode(M) View(V)	About(<u>A</u>)	
MyComputer Realtek RTL8191SU '	General Profile Available Network Status Statistics Wi-Fi Protect Setup	
	Status: Associated	
	Speed: Tx:29 Mbps Rx:58 Mbps	
	Type: Infrastructure	
	Encryption: None	
	SSID:	
	Signal Strength: 57%	
	Link Quality:	
	Network Address:	
	MAC Address: 00:50:FC:61:21:01	
	IP Address: 10.0.20.113	
	Subnet Mask: 255.255.0	
	Gateway: 10.0.20.254	
	ReNew IP	
< >		
☑ Show Tray Icon ☐ Radio Off	Disable AdapterWindows Zero Config	Close
Ready		NUM

Parameter	Description
Status	It will show the connection status of the adapter.
Speed	It shows the current speed
Туре	Infrastructure – This operation mode requires the presence of an 802.11 Access Point. All communication is done via the Access Point or Router. IBSS – Select this mode if you want to connect to another wireless stations in the Wireless LAN network without through an Access Point or Router.
	IBSS – Select this mode if you want to connect to another wireless stations in the Wireless LAN network without through an Access Point or Router.
Encryption	It displays the encryption setting of the current connection including None, WEP, TKIP or AES.
SSID	The SSID (up to 32 printable ASCII characters) is the unique name identified in a WLAN. The ID prevents the unintentional

	merging of two co-located WLANs.
Signal Strength	It indicates the wireless signal strength.
Link Quality	It indicates the wireless link quality.
Network Address	It shows the MAC, IP address and other information of the adapter.

3.4 Profile

The "Profiles List" is for you to manage the networks you connect to frequently. You are able to Add/Remove/Edit/Duplicate/Set Default to manage a profile.

REALTEK 11n USB Wirel	less LAN Utility	
Refresh(<u>R</u>) Mode(<u>M</u>) View(<u>V</u>)	About(<u>A</u>)	
B S MyComputer	General Profile Available Network Status Statistics Wi-Fi Protect Setup	
Realtek RTL81915U '	Available Profile(s)	
	Profile Name SSID Add	
	Remove	
	Edit	
	Duplicate	
	Set Default	
< >		
🔄 Show Tray Icon	Disable Adapter	se
🔲 Radio Off	Windows Zero Config	_
Ready	NUM	1.65

Parameter	Description
Available Profile(s)	This list shows the preferred networks for the wireless connection. You can add, remove, edit, duplicate the preferred networks or set one of the networks as the default connection.
Add/ Remove/ Edit Button	Click these buttons to add/ delete/ edit the selected profiles.
Duplicate	If you like to build up the new profile with the same settings as the current profile, then you can select this feature.

3.4.1 Configure the Profile

Profile Name:	test	
letwork Name(SSID):	test	
	o-computer(ad hoc) network; wireless	802.1x configure
access points are no	t used.	EAP TYPE :
Channel	11 (2462MHz) 🗸	GTC
Wireless network secu		Tunnel :
	a key for the following:	×
Netv	vork Authentication: Open System 🛛 🚽	Username :
	Data encryption: WEP	
	SPHRASE	Identity :
Key index (advanced): 1 🗸	Password :
Network key:		Certificate :
Confirm network key:		

Parameter	Description
Profile Name	Define a recognizable profile name for you to identify the different networks.
Network Name (SSID)	The SSID (up to 32 printable ASCII characters) is the unique name identified in a WLAN. The ID prevents the unintentional merging of two co-located WLANs.
	You may specify a SSID for the adapter and then only the device with the same SSID can interconnect to the adapter.
This is a computer-to-computer (ad hoc) network; wireless access points are not used.	There are two kinds of network type described as follows. Infrastructure – This operation mode requires the presence of an 802.11 Access Point. All communication is done via the Access Point or Router.
	Ad Hoc – Connect to another wireless adapter in the Wireless LAN network without through an Access Point or Router.
	If this item is selected, the adapter will work in Ad Hoc mode.

 Channel
 This setting is only available for Ad Hoc mode. Select the number of the radio channel used for the networking. The channel setting should be the same with the network you are connecting to.

 Network Authentication
 This setting has to be consistent with the wireless networks that the adapter intends to connect.

 Open System – No authentication is needed among the wireless network.

Shared Key – Only wireless stations using a shared key (WEP Key identified) are allowed to connecting each other.

WPA-PSK – It is a special mode designed for home and small business users who do not have access to network authentication servers. In this mode, known as Pre-Shared Key, the user manually enters the starting password in their access point or gateway, as well as in each wireless stations in the network. WPA-PSK takes over automatically from that point, keeping unauthorized users that don't have the matching password from joining the network, while encrypting the data traveling between authorized devices.

WPA2-PSK – WPA2-PSK is also for home and small business. The difference between WPA-PSK and WPA2-PSK is that WPA2-PSK provides data encryption via the AES. In contrast, WPA-PSK uses Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP).

WPA 802.1X – WPA provides a scheme of mutual authentication using either IEEE 802.1x/Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) authentication or pre-shared key (PSK) technology. It provides a high level of assurance to enterprises, small businesses and home users that data will remain protected and that only authorized users may access their networks. For enterprises that have already deployed IEEE 802.1x authentication, WPA offers the advantage of leveraging existing authentication databases and infrastructure.

WPA2 802.1X – Like WPA, WPA2 supports IEEE 802.1x/EAP authentication or PSK technology. It also includes a new advanced encryption mechanism using the Advanced Encryption Standard (AES). AES is required to the corporate user or government users. The difference between WPA and WPA2 is that WPA2 provides data encryption via the AES. In contrast, WPA uses Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP).

WEP 802.1X – It's a special mode for using IEEE 802.1x/EAP technology for authentication and WEP keys for data encryption.

Parameter	Description
Data Encryption	Disabled – Disable the WEP Data Encryption.
	WEP – Enable the WEP Data Encryption. When the item is selected, you have to continue setting the WEP Encryption keys.
	TKIP – TKIP (Temporal Key Integrity Protocol) changes the temporal key every 10,000 packets (a packet is a kind of message transmitted over a network.) This insures much greater security than the standard WEP security.
	AES – AES has been developed to ensure the highest degree of security and authenticity for digital information and it is the most advanced solution defined by IEEE 802.11i for the security in the wireless network.
	Note: All devices in the network should use the same encryption method to ensure the communication.
ASCII	WEP Key can be ASCII format. Alphanumeric values or signs are allowed to be the WEP key. It is more recognizable for user.
PASSPHRASE	It is a text string with a maximum of 32 alphanumeric characters, for example: "Test". The WEP Key is based upon the Passphrase determined by you. This passphrase may not work with other vendors' products due to possible incompatibility with other vendors' passphrase generators. You must use the same passphrase or WEP key settings for all wireless computers within the network.
Key Length	When you select the "WEP and "PASSPHRASE" and this function will display in the current status of the utility.
	The keys are used to encrypt data transmitted in the wireless network. Fill the text box by following the rules below. 64-bit – Input 10-digit Hex values as the encryption keys. For example: "0123456aef".
	128-bit – Input 26-digit Hex values as the encryption keys. For example: "01234567890123456789abcdef".
Key Index (advanced)	Select one of the four keys to be the data encryption key.
Network Key	Please enter network security key here to make sure the password is correct.

Parameter	Description
Confirm Network Key	Please enter network security key here again.
ЕАР Туре	GTC – GTC is an authentication protocol which allows the exchange of clear text authentication credentials across the network.
	TLS – TLS is the most secure of the EAP protocols but not easy to use. It requires that digital certificates be exchanged in the authentication phase. The server presents a certificate to the client. After validating the server's certificate, the client presents a client certificate to the server for validation.
	LEAP – LEAP is a pre-EAP, Cisco-proprietary protocol, with many of the features of EAP protocols. Cisco controls the ability of other vendors to implement this protocol, so it should be selected for use only when limited vendor choice for client, access-point, and server products is not a concern. When you have set up LEAP authentication, you have to enter the user name and password of your computer.
	PEAP & TTLS – PEAP and TTLS are similar and easier than TLS in that they specify a stand-alone authentication protocol be used within an encrypted tunnel. TTLS supports any protocol within its tunnel, including CHAP, MSCHAP, MSCHAPv2 and PAP. PEAP specifies that an EAP-compliant authentication protocol must be used; this adaptor supports MD5, TLS, GTC (Generic Token Card) and MSCHAPv2. The client certificate is optional required for the authentication.
Tunnel	Includes MD5, GTC, TLS, MSCHAP-v2.
Username	The certificate username in the RADIUS server.
Identity	User's identity in the RADIUS server.
Password	User's password in the RADIUS server.
Certificate	Select the certificate for RADIUS server authentication

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3.5 Status

This screen shows the information of manufacturer, driver version, settings of the wireless network the adapter is connecting to, linking time and link status. If you don't ensure the status of the adapter and the network you are connecting, please go to the screen for more details.

REALTEK 11n USB Wire	less LAN Utility	
$Refresh(\underline{R}) Mode(\underline{M}) View(\underline{V})$	About(<u>A</u>)	
Refresh(R) Mode(<u>M</u>) View(<u>Y</u>) MyComputer Realtek RTL81915U '	About(A) General Profile Available Network Status Statusics Wi-Fi Protect Setup Manufacturer = REALTEK NDIS Driver Version = 5.1066.327.2009 Short Radio Header = No = Encryption Encryption = Disabled = Authenticate = Open System Channel Set = TELEC MAC Address = 00:50:FC:61:21:01 Data Rate (AUTO) = Tx:29 Mpps Rx:58 Mbps Channel (Frequency) = 1 (2412 MHz) Status = Associated SSID = Edimax Network Type = Infrastructure Power Save Mode = None Associated AP MAC = 00:1F:1F:19:DA:DD	
Show Tray Icon Ready	Associated AP MAC = UU:1+:1+:19:DA:DU Up Time (hh:mm:ss) = 0:02:24	Close

3.6 Statistics

You can get the real time information about the packet transmission and receiving status during wireless communication from the screen. If you want to recount the statistics value, please click "Reset".

Refresh(<u>R)</u> Mode(<u>M</u>) View(<u>V</u>)	ess LAN Utility About(A)	
	General Profile Available Network Status Statistics Wi-Fi Pro	tect Setup
	Counter Name	Value
	Tx OK	241
	Tx Error	0
	Rx OK	97
	Rx Packet Count	97
	Rx Retry	55
	Rx ICV Error	0
	Reset	
< >		
Show Tray Icon	🔲 Disable Adapter	Close
Radio Off	Windows Zero Config	

3.7 Wi-Fi Protect Setup (WPS)

Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) is the latest wireless network technology which makes wireless network setup become very simple. If you have WPS-enabled wireless access point, and you want to establish a secure connection to it, you don't have to configure the wireless access point and setup data encryption by yourself. All you have to do is to go to the WPS setup page of this wireless card, click the PBC or PIN button, and then press a WPS button or enter a set of 8-digit code on the wireless access point you wish to establish a secure connection.

REALTEK 11n USB Wirel	less LAN Utility	
Refresh(<u>R)</u> Mode(<u>M</u>) View(<u>V</u>)	About(<u>A</u>)	
Refresh(<u>R</u>) Mode(<u>M</u>) View(<u>V</u>) → MyComputer → Realtek RTL8191SU'	About(A) General Profile Available Network Status Statistics Wi-Fi Protect Setup Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) An easy and secure setup solution for Wi-Fi network Pin Input Config (PIN) After pushing the PIN button.Please enter the PIN code into your AP. PIN Code : 43022823 Pin Input Config (PIN) Push Button After pushing the PBC button.Please push the physical button on your AP or visual button on the WPS config page. Push Button Config (PBC)	
Show Tray Icon Radio Off Ready	Disable Adapter	

I. Pin Input Config (PIN)

- 1. The PIN code of your wireless network card is an eight-digit number located at the upper-right position of configuration utility. Remember it, and input the number to your wireless access point as the WPS PIN code (Please refer to the user manual of your wireless access point for instructions about how to do this)
- Click 'Pin Input Config (PIN)' button now, and the following message will appear on your computer, click 'Yes' to select a specific wireless access point or click 'No' to start PIN method of WPS.



3. If you click 'Yes', and the following message will appear on your computer, please select the SSID of wireless access point that you wish to connect and click 'Select'.

WPS AP Name	WPS AP MAC
AP WPS6fed737ee2	00:0E:2E:44:84:A0 00:1F:1F:1F:7E:E2

4. Please wait while the install procedure is running and wait for few seconds to two minutes. If a wireless access point with correct PIN code is found, you'll be connected to that access point.

Wi-Fi Protected Setup - PIN method	X
Wi-Fi Protected Setup - PIN method	
Please enter the following PIN code into your AP .	
PIN Code : 98753420	
Status : Initial WPS	
[
<u>C</u> ancel	

II. Push Button Config (PBC)

1. Start PBC pairing procedure at access point side (please refer to the instruction given by your access point's manufacturer), then click 'PBC' button in wireless configuration utility to start to establish wireless connection by WPS. Please be patient (This may require several seconds to one minute to complete).

Wi-Fi Protected Setup - PBC method
Wi-Fi Protected Setup - PBC method If there is more then one AP on the PBC mode, there will be [Session Overlap].Please using PIN method or wait for a while push the button again. Status : Initial WPS Complete :
Push Button Config (PBC)

2. When the connection between this wireless network card and access point is successfully established by WPS, and the information about access point you connected to will be displayed.

🧸 REALTEK 11n USB Wirel	ess LAN Utility	
Refresh(R) Mode(M) View(V)	About(<u>A</u>)	
MyComputer Realtek RTL81915U '	General Profile Available Network Status Statistics Wi-Fi Protect Setup	
	Status: Associated	
	Speed: Tx:150 Mbps Rx:300 Mbps	
	Type: Infrastructure	
	Encryption: AES	
	SSID: WPS6fed737ee2	
	Signal Strength: 82%	
	Link Quality: 100%	
	Network Address:	
	MAC Address: 00:50:FC:61:21:01	
	IP Address: 192.168.2.100	
	Subnet Mask: 255.255.0	
	Gateway: 192.168.2.1	
	ReNew IP	
<		
Show Tray Icon	Disable Adapter	Close
🗌 Radio Off	Windows Zero Config	
Ready		NUM

3.8 Software AP

This adapter can run as a wireless AP. The relative configurations of the AP including channel, SSID, WEP encryption and so on are described as follows.

🚜 REALTEK 11n USB Wire	less LAN Utility	
$Refresh(\underline{R}) Mode(\underline{M}) View(\underline{V})$	About(<u>A</u>)	
Refresh(<u>R</u>) Mode(<u>M</u>) View(<u>V</u>)	General Advanced Statistics ICS SSID: louis-pili_AP BSSID: 00:50:FC:61:21:01 Association Table AID MAC Address Life Time	
Show Tray Icon	Config	Close
Ready		NUM

Parameter	Description
SSID	The SSID (up to 32 printable ASCII characters) is the unique name identified in a WLAN. The ID prevents the unintentional merging of two co-located WLANs.
	The default SSID of the AP is Full Computer Name + "_AP". Wireless adapters connect to the AP should set up the same SSID as the AP.
BSSID	Display the MAC address of the adapter.
Associate Table	All the wireless adapters connected to the software AP will be displayed in the list.
Config	Click "Config" for setting more configuration of the AP.

3.8.1 AP Properties Setting

Please refer to Section 3.4.1 for the setting of the parameters for AP. Note that Ad Hoc mode is not enabled for AP.

Wireless Network P	roperties:		
Profile Name:	Access Point Mode		
Network Name(SSID):	fae-test_AP		_
This is a computer-l access points are n	:o-computer(ad hoc) ot used.	i network; wirele	855
Channel:	1 (2412MHz) 🔽		
Wireless network sec	urity		
This network requires	a key for the follow	ving:	
Netw	ork Authentication:	Open System	~
	Data encryption:	Disabled	~
ASCII PAS	SPHRASE		
Key index (advanced) Network key:): 1 💌		ē
Confirm network key:			- 11 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12
<u>O</u> K		Cancel	

3.8.2 AP Advanced

REALTEK 11n USB Wirel	ess LAN Utility	
Refresh(<u>R</u>) Mode(<u>M</u>) View(<u>V</u>)	About(<u>A</u>)	
MyComputer Realtek RTL81915U '	General Statistics ICS General Beacon Interval Image: Comparison of the state of the sta	bly
Show Tray Icon	Disable Adapter	Close
Ready		NUM

Parameter	Description
Beacon Interval	Beacon Interval that specifies the duration between beacon packets (milliseconds). The range for the beacon period is between 20-1000 milliseconds with a typical value of 100.
DTIM Period	Determines the interval the Access Point will send its broadcast traffic. Default value is 3 beacons.
Preamble	The preamble defines the length of the CRC block for communication among the wireless stations. There are two mode including Long and Short. High network traffic areas should use the shorter preamble type.
Set Defaults	Set the setting values return to defaults.
Apply	Confirm the settings in the "Advanced".

3.8.3 AP Statistics

You can get the real time information about the packet transmission and receiving status during wireless communication from the screen. If you want to recount the statistics value, please click "Reset".

Refresh(R) Mode(<u>M</u>) View(⊻) About	(<u>A</u>)		
WyComputer Realtek RTL81915U '	ral Advanced Statistics ICS		
	Counter Name	Value	
	Tx OK	8437	
	Tx Error	0	
	Rx OK	556	
	Rx Packet Count	556	
	Rx Retry Rx ICV Error	16	
	KX ICV Error	0	
	Reset		
<			
 Show Tray Icon Radio Off 	Disable Adapter	Close]
Ready		NUM	

3.8.4 ICS

If you want to connect to the internet through this SoftAP, you will need to make a bridge between our SoftAP and your internet connect. Select the internet connection in your SoftAP host machine and press the "Apply" button.

REALTEK 11n USB Wirel	less LAN Utility	
Refresh(<u>R)</u> Mode(<u>M</u>) View(<u>V</u>)	About(<u>A</u>)	
🖃 💡 MyComputer	General Advanced Statistics ICS	
Realtek RTL81915U '	Setting Internet Connection Sharing (ICS)	
	ConnName Device Name	
	Local Area Connection Realtek RTL8139 Family PCI Fast Ethernet NIC	
	<	>
	Public Network	
< · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Show Tray Icon Radio Off	Disable Adapter	Close
Ready		NUM

4 Troubleshooting

This chapter provides solutions to problems usually encountered during the installation and operation of the adapter.

1. What is the IEEE 802.11g standard?

802.11g is the new IEEE standard for high-speed wireless LAN communications that provides for up to 54 Mbps data rate in the 2.4 GHz band. 802.11g is quickly becoming the next mainstream wireless LAN technology for the home, office and public networks.

802.11g defines the use of the same OFDM modulation technique specified in IEEE 802.11a for the 5 GHz frequency band and applies it in the same 2.4 GHz frequency band as IEEE 802.11b. The 802.11g standard requires backward compatibility with 802.11b.

The standard specifically calls for:

- A. A new physical layer for the 802.11 Medium Access Control (MAC) in the 2.4 GHz frequency band, known as the extended rate PHY (ERP). The ERP adds OFDM as a mandatory new coding scheme for 6, 12 and 24 Mbps (mandatory speeds), and 18, 36, 48 and 54 Mbps (optional speeds). The ERP includes the modulation schemes found in 802.11b including CCK for 11 and 5.5 Mbps and Barker code modulation for 2 and 1 Mbps.
- B. A protection mechanism called RTS/CTS that governs how 802.11g devices and 802.11b devices interoperate.

2. What is the IEEE 802.11b standard?

The IEEE 802.11b Wireless LAN standard subcommittee, which formulates the standard for the industry. The objective is to enable wireless LAN hardware from different manufactures to communicate.

3. What does IEEE 802.11 feature support?

The product supports the following IEEE 802.11 functions:

- CSMA/CA plus Acknowledge Protocol
- Multi-Channel Roaming
- Automatic Rate Selection
- RTS/CTS Feature
- Fragmentation
- Power Management

4. What is Ad-hoc?

An Ad-hoc integrated wireless LAN is a group of computers, each has a Wireless LAN adapter, Connected as an independent wireless LAN. Ad hoc wireless LAN is applicable at a departmental scale for a branch or SOHO operation.

5. What is Infrastructure?

An integrated wireless and wireless and wired LAN is called an Infrastructure configuration. Infrastructure is applicable to enterprise scale for wireless access to central database, or wireless application for mobile workers.

6. What is BSS ID?

A specific Ad hoc LAN is called a Basic Service Set (BSS). Computers in a BSS must be configured with the same BSS ID.

7. What is WEP?

WEP is Wired Equivalent Privacy, a data privacy mechanism based on a 40 bit shared key algorithm, as described in the IEEE 802 .11 standard.

8. What is TKIP?

TKIP is a quick-fix method to quickly overcome the inherent weaknesses in WEP security, especially the reuse of encryption keys. TKIP is involved in the IEEE 802.11i WLAN security standard, and the specification might be officially released by early 2003.

9. What is AES?

AES (Advanced Encryption Standard), a chip-based security, has been developed to ensure the highest degree of security and authenticity for digital information, wherever and however communicated or stored, while making more efficient use of hardware and/or software than previous encryption standards. It is also included in IEEE 802.11i standard. Compare with AES, TKIP is a temporary protocol for replacing WEP security until manufacturers implement AES at the hardware level.

10. Can Wireless products support printer sharing?

Wireless products perform the same function as LAN products. Therefore, Wireless products can work with Netware, Windows 2000, or other LAN operating systems to support printer or file sharing.

11. Would the information be intercepted while transmitting on air?

WLAN features two-fold protection in security. On the hardware side, as with Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum technology, it has the inherent security feature of scrambling. On the software side, WLAN series offer the encryption function (WEP) to enhance security and Access Control. Users can set it up depending upon their needs.

12. What is DSSS ? What is FHSS ? And what are their differences ?

Frequency-hopping spread-spectrum (FHSS) uses a narrowband carrier that changes frequency in a pattern that is known to both transmitter and receiver. Properly synchronized, the net effect is to maintain a single logical channel. To an unintended receiver, FHSS appears to be short-duration impulse noise. Direct-sequence spread-spectrum (DSSS) generates a redundant bit pattern for each bit to be transmitted. This bit pattern is called a chip (or chipping code). The longer the chip is, the greater the probability that the original data can be recovered. Even if one or more bits in the chip are damaged during transmission, statistical techniques embedded in the radio can recover the original data without-the need for retransmission. To an unintended receiver, DSSS appears as low power wideband noise and is rejected (ignored) by most narrowband receivers.

13. What is Spread Spectrum ?

Spread Spectrum technology is a wideband radio frequency technique developed by the military for use in reliable, secure, mission-critical communication systems. It is designed to trade off bandwidth efficiency for reliability, integrity, and security. In other words, more bandwidth is consumed than in the case of narrowband transmission, but the trade off produces a signal that is, in effect, louder and thus easier to detect, provided that the receiver knows the parameters of the spread-spectrum signal being broadcast. If a receiver is not tuned to the right frequency, a spread –spectrum signal looks like background noise. There are two main alternatives, Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS) and Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS).