WF-2407 User Manual

netis150Mbps Wireless-N High Gain Broadband Router

V1.1 2011-04-07 Certification

FCC CE

FCC Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

-Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.

-Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

-Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

-Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

To assure continued compliance, any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment. (Example- use only shielded interface cables when connecting to computer or peripheral devices)

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement

This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

This equipment complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and

(2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Caution!

The manufacturer is not responsible for any radio or TV interference caused by unauthorized modifications to this equipment. Such modifications could void the user authority to operate the equipment

Package Contents

The following items should be found in your package:

- > 150Mbps Wireless-N High Gain Broadband Router
- Power adapter
- Quick Installation Guide
- > CD-Rom
- ➢ Ethernet cable

Make sure that the package contains above items. If any of the above items is missing or damaged, please contact the store you bought this product from.

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Introduction

Product Overview

WF-2407 is a powerful, enhanced; enterprise level product supports 5 multi-functions to operate for every kind of working environment. It supports high transmit output power and high data rate which plays different roles of Access Point/WDS/Repeater/AP+WDS/Client Bridge. It operates seamlessly in the 2.4 GHz frequency spectrum supporting the 802.11b/g/n wireless standards. Configured up to 1000mW wireless power with 5dBi upgradable antenna, it provides up to 4 time signal coverage. This device also encrypts all wireless transmissions by WPA2/WPA/WEP data encryption for your data safety.

Main Features

- Comply with IEEE802.11n/g/b, IEEE802.3 10Base-T, IEEE802.3u 100Base-TX standards
- Support DHCP Client, PPPoE Client, Static IP
- Detachable Antenna Design
- Enhanced signal booster increase coverage up to 4X than standard wireless N router
- Rx sensitivity has 30% of ascension comparing with common products
- Support 7 Modes: Access Point/Client Bridge/Repeater/Router/Client Router/WDS .
- Support static ARP, MAC filtering, IP access control, DNS filter
- Support FTP, PPTP and L2TP pass through
- Support UPNP (universal plug and play)
- Upgradeable firmware for future functions
- Upgradeable antenna to increase range and receive sensitivity
- > WPS button can easily setup a secure network
- Support data encryption mode: WEP, WPA, WPA2
- Support WMM
- Support DMZ

Supporting Standard and Protocol

- ► IEEE 802.11b/g/n
- ➢ IEEE 802.11e
- ▶ IEEE 802.11h
- ➢ IEEE 802.11k
- ➢ IEEE 802.11i
- ➢ IEEE 802.3 10Base-T
- ➢ IEEE 802.3u 100Base-TX

Working Environment

Temperature

- > 0° to 40° C (operating)
- \succ -40° to 70° C (storage)

Humidity

- ▶ 10% to 90 % non-condensing (operating)
- \blacktriangleright 5% to 90% non-condensing (storage)

Power

➢ DC 9V

Hardware Installation

System Requirement

Minimum Requirements:

- > Broadband (DSL/Cable) modem and service with Ethernet port
- > 802.11n b/g/n wireless adapter or Ethernet adapter and cable for each computer
- ▶ Internet Explorer® 5.0, Firefox® 2.0 or Safari® 1.4 or higher

Panel

Front panel



Fi	ίαι	ıre	2-1	
•	.9.			

LED		Function	
SYS	ON and Off	Abnormal	
515	Flashing	Normal	
	Flashing	WDS is running	
WPS	slowly	WPS is running	
	OFF	WPS is not running	
	On	WAN Connection normal	
WAN	Flashing	Data transmitting	
	Off	WAN Connection abnormal	
	On	LAN Connection normal	
LAN	Flashing	Data transmitting	
	Off	LAN Connection abnormal	

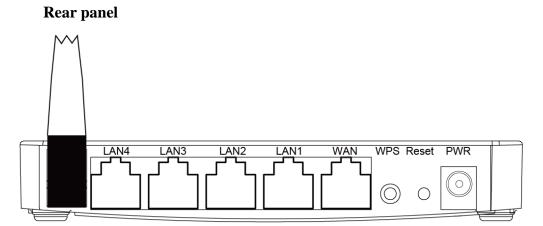


Figure 2-2

Description	Function
PWR	Connect to Power adapter, please don't use the unknown
PWK	power adapter, otherwise your device may be damaged.
Reset	Restore settings
WPS	For Wi-Fi Protected Setup with other enabled devices
LAN	Connect with computer NIC or Ethernet device
WAN	Internet access
Reset	Restore settings

Restore to factory configuration

If the router ever freezes in a setting change process or if you can't access it because you can't remember the IP you have given it or other problem, you may have to utilize the reset button on the back of the router to put it back to factory settings. You have to press and hole this button for a few seconds (2-6s) with a pencil when it is working, then release and it will restore settings to the factory configuration.

The other way to restore factory settings is through the same user interface used in setup. Click on 'System management'- 'Restore', and click on the 'Restore' button.

Hardware Installation Procedures

The procedures to install the 150Mbps Wireless-N High Gain Broadband Routerplease refers to the following picture

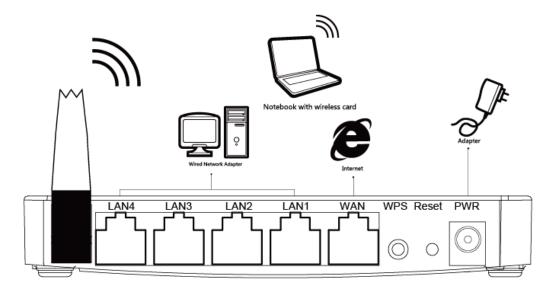


Figure 2-3

Attach one end of an Ethernet cable to your computer's Ethernet port, and the other end to one of the LAN ports of your router.

Connect another Ethernet cable from your Cable/DSL modem to the WAN port of your router.

Connect the single DC output connector of the power adapter to the power jack on the back of the router and plug the Power Adapter into an AC outlet.

Login

You can manage the 150Mbps Wireless-N High Gain Broadband Router through the Web browser-based configuration utility. To configure the device via Web browser, at least one properly configured computer must be connected to the device via Ethernet or wireless network. The 150Mbps Wireless-N High Gain Broadband Router is configured with the **default IP address of 192.168.1.1** and **subnet mask of 255.255.255.0** and its **DHCP server is enabled by default**. Before setting up the Router, make sure your PCs are configured to obtain an IP address automatically from the Router by the steps below.

Configure computer

Windows 98/Me

1. Go to Start \rightarrow Settings \rightarrow Control Panel.

2. Find and double-click the Network icon. The Network dialog box appears.

3. Click the Configuration label and ensure that you have network card.

4. Select TCP/IP. If TCP/IP appears more than once, please select the item that has an arrow "→" pointing to the network card installed on your computer. DO NOT choose the instance of TCP/IP with the words "Dial Up Adapter" beside it.

5. Click Properties. The TCP/IP Properties dialog box appears.

6. Ensure the Obtain IP Address Automatically is checked.

7. From the WINS Configuration dialog box, Ensure that Disable WINS Resolution is checked.

8. From the Gateway dialog box, remove all entries from the Installed gateways by selecting them and clicking Remove.

9. From the DNS Configuration dialog box, remove all entries from the DNS Server Search Order box by selecting them and clicking Remove. Remove all entries from the Domain Suffix Search Order box by selecting them and clicking Remove. Click Disable DNS.

10. Click OK, back to Network Configuration dialog box

11. Click OK, if prompted to restart, click YES.

Windows 2000

Please follow the steps below to setup your computer:

1. Go to Start \rightarrow Settings \rightarrow Control Panel



Figure 3-1

- 2. Double click the icon Network and Dial-up Connections
- 3. Highlight the icon Local Area Connection, right click your mouse, and click Properties

🔁 Network and Dial-up Connections	;K			
File Edit View Favorites Tools	Advanced	Help		10 A
😓 Back 🔹 🔿 👻 🔂 😡 Search 🛛	🔁 Folders)哈哈)	< \$1) III	.
Address 📴 Network and Dial-up Conne	ctions			▼ 🖓 Go
	đ	∭Գհ է_∰ե		_
Network and Dial-up Connections	Make New Connection	Local Area Connection	Local Area Connecti	Disable Status
Local Area Connection 2 Type: LAN Connection				Create Shortcut Delete Rename
Status: Enabled				Properties
Realtek RTL8139(A) PCI Fast Ethernet Adapter			_	
Displays the properties of the selected	connection.			

Figure 3-2

4. Highlight Internet Protocol (TCP/IP), and then press Properties button

nnect using:	139(A) PCI Fast Etherne	t Adapter
•		
monante chack ou	d are used by this conne	Configure
Client for Micr		ACTION C.
	er Sharing for Microsoft I	Networks
Internet Proto		
	Uninstal	Properties
Install	Uningtal	
Install	Uninstail	
Description	rol Protocol/Internet Pro	tocol. The default
Description Transmission Contr wide area network		the second s
Description Transmission Contr wide area network across diverse inte	rol Protocol/Internet Pro	the second s

Figure 3-3

5. Choose Obtain an IP address automatically and Obtain DNS server address automatically, and then press OK to close the Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties window

	ed automatically if your network supports leed to ask your network administrator for
Obtain an IP address auto	omatically
C Use the following IP addr	ess:
IP address:	7. 7/
Subnet mask:	- + +, · · ·
Default gateway:	
Obtain DNS server addre	ss automatically
C Use the following DNS se	rver addresses:
Preferred DNS server:	
Alternate DNS server.	+ + +
	Advanced

Figure 3-4

6. Press OK to close the Local Area Connection Properties window

cal Area Connection 21	Properties	2
ieneral Sharing		
Connect using:		
Realtek RTL8139(A) PCI Fast Etherne	t Adapter
,		Configure
Components checked are	used by this conne	
Install	Uninstall	Properties
Description	1	17.
Transmission Control P wide area network prot across diverse intercor	tocol that provides o	
Show icon in taskbar	when connected	
	·)K Cancel

Figure 3-5

Windows XP

Please follow the steps below to setup your computer:

1. Go to Start \rightarrow Settings \rightarrow Control Panel

2. Click Network and Internet Connections



Figure 3-6

3. Click Network Connections



Figure 3-7

4. Highlight the icon Local Area Connection, right click your mouse, and click Properties

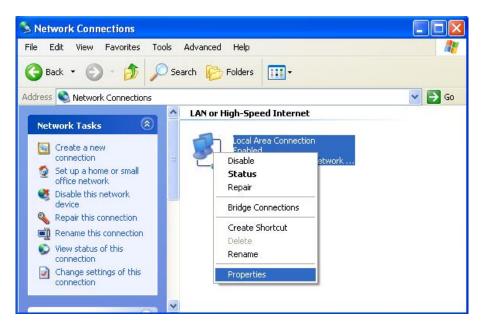


Figure 3-8

5. Highlight Internet Protocol (TCP/IP), and then press Properties button

eneral	Authentication	Advanced	
Connec	st using:		
119 I	ntel(R) PRO/100	VM Network Conr	nection
			Configure
This co	nnection uses th	e following items:	Con inguiet
	Client for Micro	soft Networks	
		Sharing for Micros	oft Networks
	QoS Packet So	NUMBER OF STREET, STRE	
	Internet Protoc		
	nstall	Uninstall	Properties
Desc	ription		
	and the state of the second second		Protocol. The default
		otocol that provide	
acto	ss diverse interco	onnected networks	
_ Sho	w icon in notifica	tion area when co	nnected

Figure 3-9

6. Choose Obtain an IP address automatically and Obtain DNS server address automatically, and then press OK to close the Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties window

ieneral	Alternate Configuration	1
this cap		ed automatically if your network supports ieed to ask your network administrator for
0 ()	btain an IP address auto	matically
OU	se the following IP addre	1985:
IP a	ddress:	
Sub	net mask:	
Defa	ault gateway	4. 4. A
00	btain DNS server addres	s automatically
-OU	se the following DNS ser	ver addresses:
	erred DNS server:	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Pref		

Figure 3-10

7. Press OK to close the Local Area Connection Properties window

Seneral	Authentica	ition A	dvanced			
Connec	t using:					
-	ntel(R) PRO	/100 VI	M Network C	onnection		
				ſ	Configure	
This co	nnection us	es the f	ollowing item	۲ ۲	Contragon	
	Client for M	50 m (50)		20		-
100			haring for Mic	rosoft Net	works	
	QoS Pack		100 C			
-	Internet Pr					
			Uninstall		Propertie	5
	nstall					
	nstall					
Desc	ription vs your comp	outer to	access reso	urces on a	Microsoft	
Desc	ription vs your comp	outer to	access reso	urces on a	Microsoft	
Desc	ription vs your comp	outer to	access reso	urces on a	Microsoft	
Desc Allov netw	ription vs your comp rork.		access reso n area when			
Desc Allov netw	ription vs your comp rork.					

Figure 3-11

Windows Vista

Please follow the steps below to setup your computer:

1. Go to Start \rightarrow Settings \rightarrow Control Panel

Control Panel Home	Name	Category					0		1570		100 mm	-		~
lassic View				2	1							A	ja seg	R
	Add Hardware	Administrat Tools	AutoPlay	Backup and Restore C	BitLocker Drive En	Color Management	Date and Time	Default Programs	Device Manager	Ease of Acce	Folder Options	Fonts	Game Controllers	Indexin Option
				1				1	2.2	No		1	1	
	Internet Options	iSCSI Initiator	Keyboard	Mouse	Network and Sharing Ce	Offline Files	Parental Controls	Pen and Input Devices	People Near Me	Performance Informatio	Personaliz	Phone and Modem	Power Options	Printer
	A		S			()		Q						82
	Problem Reports a		Regional and Language		Secure Online K	Security Center	Sound	Speech Recogniti	Sync Center	System	Tablet PC Settings	Taskbar and Start Menu	Text to Speech	User Accoun
	Ð	20	3				S	2						
	VMware Tools	Welcome Center	Windows CardSpace	Windows Defender	Windows Firewall	Windows Sidebar	Windows SideShow	Windows Update						

2. Click Network and Sharing Center

Figure 3-12

3. Click Manage Network Connections

sks w computers and devices	Network and Sharing C	enter	
nect to a network			View full map
p a connection or network		🕪	
age network connections	TECH-PC	Network	Internet
iagnose and repair	(This compute	er)	
	In Network (Private network	0	Customize
	Access	Local only	
	Connection	Local Area Connection	View status
	Sharing and Discovery Network discovery	• On	
	File sharing	• Off	$\overline{}$
	Public folder sharing	e off	
	Printer sharing		\odot
	10100 UN 100	Off (no printers installed)	\odot
	Password protected sharing	• On	
	Media sharing	• Off	\odot
	Show me all the files and folde	ers I am sharing	

Figure 3-13

4. Highlight the icon Local Area Connection, right click your mouse, and click Properties

AN or High-Speed Internet (1) Local Area Connection Local Area Connection Disable Status Diagnose Bridge Connections Create Shortcut Delete Rename Properties	lame St	atus	Device Name	Connectivity	ce 🔛 Diagnose this c Network Category	Owner	Туре	is connection » (Phone # or Host Addre
Network Intel(R) PRO/1000 MT Netw Disable Status Diagnose Bridge Connections Create Shortcut Delete Rename					, ,		21	
Intel(R) PRO/1000 MT Netw Disable Status Diagnose Bridge Connections Create Shortcut Delete Rename			nection					
	Intel(R) PRO/100	00 MT Netw	Status Diagnose Bridge Connectio Create Shortcut Delete Rename	ons			

Figure 3-14

5. Highlight Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IP) and then press Properties button

Intel/R) PRO/1(
	000 MT Network Connec	tion
		Configure
This connection uses	the following items:	
🗹 🏪 Client for Mic	rosoft Networks	
🗹 📮 Qo S Packet		
🗹 🚚 File and Print	er Sharing for Microsoft 1	Vetworks
	col Version 6 (TCP/IPv8	
	col Version 4 (TCP/IPv4	
	pology Discovery Mapp	
	pology Discovery Respo	
Install	Uninstall	Properties
n.iecun		Topolilos
Description		
Transmission Contro	ol Protocol/Internet Proto	
Transmission Contro wide area network	ol Protocol/Internet Proto protocol that provides co connected networks.	



6. Choose Obtain an IP address automatically and Obtain DNS server address automatically, and then press OK to close the Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties window

General	Alternate Configuration				
this cap	n get IP settings assigned auton ability. Otherwise, you need to appropriate IP settings.				
O O	otain an IP address automaticall	y			
- O Us	e the following IP address:				
IP ac	idress:			395	
Subr	et mask:	4	i.	1961	
Defa	ult gateway:		4	Ŧ	
O O	otain DNS server address autom	natically			
O Us	e the following DNS server add	resses:			
Prefe	erred DNS server:		- 5	3	
Alter	nate DNS server:	e.	÷		22.14
				Adv	anced



7. Press OK to close the Local Area Connection Properties window

Connect using:		
Intel(R) PRO/10	100 MT Network Connectior	1
	ſ	Configure
This connection uses t	he following items:	
🗹 🕂 Client for Micr	osoft Networks	
🗹 🚚 Qo S Packet S		
CALL DOT AND AND A CALL OF	er Sharing for Microsoft Netv	vorks
	col Version 6 (TCP/IPv6)	
	col Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	
All the oppose of the second second	pology Discovery Mapper I.	0 Driver
V 📥 Link-Laver To	DOLOGY LAISCOVER RESDORD	
🗹 📥 Link-Layer To	pology Discovery Respond	59. P.
Link-Layer To	pology Discovery Respond	
Link-Layer To	Uninstall	Properties
Install		
Install Description	Uninstall	Properties
Install Description Transmission Contro		Properties The default
Install Description Transmission Contro wide area network p	Uninstall	Properties The default

Figure 3-17

Windows 7

- 1. Please follow the steps blow to setup your computer:
- 2. Go to Start \rightarrow Control Panel \rightarrow Network and Internet.
- 3. Click Network and Sharing Center \rightarrow Change adapter settings.
- 4. Highlight the icon Local Area Connection, right click your mouse, and click Properties. Highlight Internet Protocol version 4 (TCP/IPv4).

Control Panel > Networ	k and Internet 🔸 Network Connect	tions 🕨	✓ ✓ Search Network Co	nnections	
e ▼ Disable this network devic	e Diagnose this connection	Rename this connection	»		(
Local Area Connection Network 2 Intel(R) PRO/1000 MT Network (Image: Status Diagnose Bridge Connections Create Shortcut Delete Rename Properties				

Figure 3-18

General	Alternate Configuration				
this cap	n get IP settings assigned a bability. Otherwise, you nee appropriate IP settings.				
() ()	otain an IP address automa	tically			
_© Us	se the following IP address:				
IP ac	ddress:				
Subr	net mask:		10		
Defa	ult gateway:			<u>.</u>	
() O	btain DNS server address a	utomatically			
- O Us	se the following DNS server	addresses:			
Pref	erred DNS server:			1	
Alter	nate DNS server:		105		
V	alidate settings upon exit			Adva	inced

Figure 3-19

5. Choose Obtain an IP address automatically and Obtain DNS server address automatically,

and then press the OK to close the window.

General	Alternate Configuration				
this cap	n get IP settings assigned auto bability. Otherwise, you need t appropriate IP settings.				
() O	otain an IP address automatica	lly			
- 🔘 Us	e the following IP address:				
IP ac	ldress:				
Subr	iet mask:				
Defa	ult gateway:		4.5	14	
@ O	otain DNS server address auto	matically			
-	e the following DNS server add				
Prefe	erred DNS server:			1	
Alter	nate DNS server:		15		
V	alidate settings upon exit			Adva	anced

Figure 3-20

6. Press OK to close the Local Area Connection Properties window.

MAC OS

Please follow the steps blow to setup your computer:

1. Go to Start \rightarrow System preference Settings \rightarrow Network.

00			System	Preferences		6	
<►	Show All					Q	
Personal							
				0	Ó		
Appearance	Desktop & Screen Saver	Dock	Exposé & Spaces	Language & Text	Security	Spotlight	
Hardware							
6		0					۵
CDs & DVDs	Displays	Energy Saver	Keyboard	Mouse	Trackpad	Print & Fax	Sound
Internet &	Wireless						
		8					
MobileMe	Network	Bluetooth	Sharing				
System							
11		Ť.	(0)	-	2	0	\bigcirc
Accounts	Date & Time	Parental Controls	Software Update	Speech	Startup Disk	Time Machine	Universal

Figure 3-21

2. Click Network, Select Use DHCP at the Configuration bar, the system will get the IP address automatically.

000	Network	
▲ ► Show all		Q
Locat	tion: Auto	\$
● Ethernet 〈···〉	Status:	Connected Ethernet is active , IP address is 192.168.1.2
	Configuration:	Use DHCP
	IP address:	192.168.1.2
	Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0
	Router:	192.168.1.1
	DNS Server:	192.168.245.2
	Search Area:	localdomain
+ - *-		Advance ?
Click on the button to prevent second changes		Guide Rebuild Apply

Figure 3-22

Press Apply to complete this operation and close the window.

Checking Connection with the Router

After configuring the TCP/IP protocol, use the ping command to verify if the computer cancommunicate with the Router. To execute the ping command, open the DOS window andPing the IP address of the 150MbpsWireless-N High Gain Broadband Router at the DOS prompt:

- ▶ For Windows 98/Me: Start -> Run. Type command and click OK.
- ➢ For Windows 2000/XP: Start → Run. Type cmd and click OK.
- For Windows Vista/7:Start \rightarrow Type cmd at the start search bar and press the Enter.
- For MAC OS \rightarrow The system will complete this operation automatically.

At the DOS prompt, type the following command:

If the Command window returns something similar to the following:

C:\Documents and Settings\admin>ping 192.168.1.1

Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=64 Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=64 Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=64

Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=64

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.1:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms

Then the connection between the router and your computer has been successfully established. If the computer fails to connect to the router, the Command window will return the following:

C:\Documents and Settings\admin>ping 192.168.1.1

Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out. Request timed out. Request timed out. Request timed out. Ping statistics for 192.168.1.1: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),

Verify your computer's network settings are correct and check the cable connection between the router and the computer.

In order to make the whole network operate successfully, it is necessary to configure the 150Mbps Wireless-N High Gain Broadband Router through your computer has a WEB browser installed. Please follow up the steps listed below.

Login

> Open a web browser (Safari, Internet Explorer, etc.) on the computer you have just connected to the router, type http://192.168.1.1in the address bar, and press enter



Figure 3-23

> In the pop-up window, enter the user name guest and password guest and then click OK

Connect to 192	2.168.1.1	? 🛛
R		GR
user User name: Password:	1	>
	Remember my p	Cancel

Figure 3-24

 \succ After you have logged in, the router's user interface will be displayed. The left menu shows the main options to configure the system, and the right screen is the summary information for viewing and adjusting the configurations.

WF-2407	
 Status Quick Setup WPS Settings Network 	Connection Type: DHCP (dynamic) •
 Wireless DHCP Forwarding Security Static Routing QOS Settings Dynamic DNS 	Wireless Status: Enable Disable SSID: netis Region: FCC Channel: Auto Authentication Type: None
 System Tools About 	MAC Clone Do not set the same MAC address as the wirless network card at the WISP mode. WAN MAC Address: 00:e0:4c:01:02:c9 Restore Factory MAC Clone MAC address Save

Figure 3-25

Router Setup

Status

This feature provides running status information and detailed information about router.

Version

Show the hardware version and firmware version.

Version	
Hardware Version:	WF-2407
Firmware Version:	test version

Figure 4-1

WAN

This feature provides running status information of the WAN port (the port connect to the Internet)

WAN		
Connection Type:	DHCP	
MAC Address	00:00:22:22:44:91	
IP Address	ress: 192.168.175.101	
Subnet Mask:	: 255.255.255.0	
Default Gateway	<mark>::</mark> 192.168.175.1	
Primary DNS	192.168.2.1	
Secondary DNS	: 202.103.24.68	
Link Status	Connect Disconnect	



- Connection Type: Display router's current connection type, It should be one of "PPPoE", "DHCP", "Static IP", depending on what kind of connection type your ISP provides.
- Physical Address: The physical address of WAN port, this is a unique address assigned by manufacturer.

- IP Address: The IP address you obtained after connect to the Internet, if you haven't connected to the Internet yet, this field is 0.0.0.0.
- Subnet Mask: The Subnet mask you obtained after connect to the Internet, if you haven't connected to Internet yet, this field is 0.0.0.0.
- Default Gateway: The IP address of Default gateway you obtained after connect to the Internet, if you haven't connected to Internet yet, this field is 0.0.0.0.
- Primary DNS: The DNS server translates domain or website names into IP address, input the most common DNS server address you used or provided by your ISP.
- Secondary DNS: Input IP address of a backup DNS server or you can leave this field blank
- Link Status: Show the current status of link information. You can choose connect or disconnect by manually.

LAN

This item provides information about router's LAN port, display LAN port's physical address, IP address and current situation of DHCP server.

LAN		
М	AC Address:	00:e0:4c:00:03:04
	IP Address:	192.168.1.1
S	ubnet Mask:	255.255.255.0
D	HCP Server:	Enable

Figure 4-3

Wireless

This item provides current running information of wireless.

Wireless		
Wireless	Status: Enable	
Nam	e(SSID): netis	
	Mode: AP	
	Channel: AUTO	
MAC	Address: 00:e0:4c:81	:96:c1
WPS	Status: Disabled	
Figure 4	1	

Figure 4-4

- Wireless status: Display wireless interface status is enabled or not
- > Name (SSID): SSID (Service Set Identifier) is your wireless network's name shared

among all points in a wireless network.

- Mode: Current wireless mode of wireless router
- Channel: Display current channel of your wireless router.
- > MAC Address: The MAC address is used for wireless communication
- ▶ WPS Status: Display WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) status is enabled or not.

Router Status

This item provides current running information of System.

Router Status		
	System Uptime:	0 Days 5 hours 48 minutes 19 seconds
	CPU Usage:	1%
	Memory Usage:	5%
	Figuro	A E

Figure 4-5

Traffic Statistics

This item provides statistics information about the bits router sends and received.

Туре	Sending Packets	Receiving Packets	Sending data (KBytes)	Receiving data(KBytes)
LAN	80814	70162	42299	8782
WAN	24309	33908	2518	32401
WLAN	29041	250481	5984	46194

Figure 4-6

Quick Setup

Providing you the convenient and simplest method for configure the router, the purpose of this item is to provide an easy way for you to use it and configure your router to access the Internet quickly; including 'DHCP(dynamic)', 'PPPoE', 'Static'and 'Wireless Configuration'. This is the most convenient tool for you to configure router.

DHCP (dynamic)

After select this item, you will obtain an IP address from your ISP automatically, those ISP who supply Cable modem always use DHCP technology.

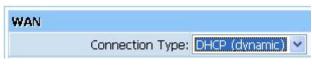


Figure 4-7

PPPoE

WAN		
	Connection Type:	PPPoE 🗸 🗸
	Username:	
	Password:	
	Password.	1

Figure 4-8

If your ISP provides you the PPPoE service (all ISP with DSL transaction will supply this service, such as the most popular ADSL technique), please select this item. In the "Convenient configuration" You can input your PPPoE username and password to access the Internet.

- > PPPoEUsername: Input PPPoE username provided by ISP
- > PPPoE Password: Input PPPoE password provided by ISP.

WAN			
Connection Type:	Static	~	
WAN IP address:	0.0.0.0		
Subnet Mask:	0.0.0.0		
Default Gateway:	0.0.0.0		
Primary DNS:			(Optional)
Secondary DNS:			(Optional)

Static



This item should only be used when users use a static IP address to access Internet, you should input your "WAN IP address", "subnet mask"," default gateway" and "DNS server (domain name server)" according to the information provided by your ISP. And every IP address should be input in appropriate IP field, a IP address only divided into four IP octets by sign"." is acceptable.

- > WAN IP address: The IP address that your Internet access into
- Subnet mask: Specify a Subnet Mask for your WAN segment

- Default gateway: It is provided by your ISP
- Primary DNS: DNS server is used for resolve domain name. Your ISP will provides you with at least one DNS IP address, input IP address of your DNS server in this field
- Secondary DNS: Input IP address of backup DNS server, or you can leave this field blank.

Wireless Configuration

You can choose "Enable" or "Disable" to enable or disable the wireless function. The default setting is "enable". If you chose the "Disable" status, the router will become a wired broadband router without wireless function, so be careful when you choose this status.

Wireless		
Wireless Status:	💿 Enable	🔘 Disable
SSID:	netis	
Region:	FCC	~
Channel:	Channel 4	~
Authentication Type:	None	~



- SSID: SSID (Service Set Identifier) is your wireless network's name shared among all points in a wireless network. The SSID must be identical for all devices in the wireless network. It is case-sensitive and must not exceed 32 characters. Make sure all points in the wireless network have the same SSID. For added security, you should change the default SSID to a unique name.
- Region:Choose a correct region which fit your use environment.
- Channel: Wireless router communicates to wireless cards in a particular channel, which can reduce interference between different channels.
- Authentication Type: Different authentication types use different encryption types, which can encrypt wireless data to protect your wireless communication.

MAC Clone

The WAN port of router has a unique MAC address assigned by manufacturer; it called as "Default MAC". The "Clone MAC" is used for some special situations; For example, ISP only allows certain MAC address to access the Internet, thus you can modify your WAN port's MAC address in accord with the requirement of ISP, avoiding ISP's detection.



Figure 4-11

WPS Settings

Wi-Fi Protect Setup (WPS) function can let you create a safety network easily. You can through 'PIN Input Config (PIN)' or 'Push Button (PBC)'to encrypt your network. This router also provides WPS button, you only need to push the WPS button in this router and the wireless network card that support WPS function, then the router will be encrypted to WPA2-AES mode automatically

Note:

If you have configured encryption mode in your router, then when you use this WPS function, please configure the authentication type to none, and then it will be encrypted to WPA2-AES mode automatically. If you don't want to change your authentication type, then when you use this function, the router will be encrypted to the mode that you have configured.

WPS Settings





- WPS Status: You can use this function to setup the wireless connection between this router and wireless network card. The default is Enable.
- > AP PIN Code: This code can mark a wireless product.
- > Add A New Device: Add a new device by WPS.

Add a New Device



Figure 4-13

- Enter the new device's PIN: This code can mark a wireless product.
- Press the button of the new device in two minutes: New device will send a PIN code to wireless router.

WPS can connect the wireless adapter and the router in a safe way. If you have a wireless network card which has WPS button, you may set up a safe network via the following methods.

Method 1:

- 1. Push the WPS button in the Router until the WPS LED is flashing several times.
- 2. Push the WPS button in the wireless network cardfor about 3-5seconds.
- 3. The safe connection will be established automatically.

Method 2:

1. Input the PIN code of the adapter's WPS page into the router's WPS configure page, then click 'connect'.

Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS)	
An easy and secure setup solution for Wi-Fi network	
Pin Input Config (PIN) After pushing the PIN button.Please enter the PIN code into your AP.	
PIN Code: 35229155	
Figure 4-14	



Figure 4-15

2. Push the 'PIN Input Config (PIN)' in the Wi-Fi protect setup of the adapter



Figure 4-16

3. Select this router in the pop-up window, then click 'Select'

4. The connection between the adapter and the router is be established automatically.

Method 3:

1. Select 'Input PIN from AP' in WI-FI protect setup page, input PIN of the router, then click 'PIN Input Config (PIN)'

2. Select this router in the pop-up window, then click 'Select'

3. The connection between the adapter and the router is be established automatically.

Remark

If there is more than one AP in the PBC mode when you use the method 1, there will be session overlap. Please using method 2/3 or wait for a while push the button again.

WPS Configuration

Display the WPS configuration information.

Security Mode	Authentication Type	Key Format	Key
None			

Figure 4-17

Network

WAN

This item provides two access types for you to configure the WAN parameters. They are wired access and wireless access.

4.4.1.1. Wired Access

Access Types			
	Access types:	wired access	O wireless access
WAN Settings			
	Internet Access Type:	DHCP (dynamic) 🚩	Detect
	IP :	192.168.175.101	
	Subnet Mask:	k: 255.255.255.0	
	Gateway:	ay: 192.168.175.1	
	MTUG	1496	
	Primary DNS:		(Optional)
	Secondary DNS:		(Optional)
	Sa	ave Connectio	on Info

Figure 4-18

- > Internet Access Type: Ask for your ISP to get the correct access type.
- IP: The IP address you obtained after connect to the Internet, if you haven't connected to the Internet yet, this field is 0.0.0.0.
- Subnet Mask: The Subnet mask you obtained after connect to the Internet, if you haven't connected to Internet yet, this field is 0.0.0.0.
- > Gateway: The IP address of Default gateway you obtained after connect to the Internet, if

you haven't connected to Internet yet, this field is 0.0.0.0.

- MTU: The MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) setting specifies the largest packet size permitted for network transmission. Most DSL users should use the value 1492. You can set MTU manually, and you should leave this value in the 1200 to 1500 range. If the value you set is not in accord with the value ISP provide, it may causes some problems, such as fail to send Email, or fail to browse website. So if that happen, you can contact your ISP for more information and correct your router's MTU value.
- Primary DNS:The DNS server translates domain or website names into IP address, input the most common DNS server address you used or provided by your ISP.
- Secondary DNS: Input IP address of a backup DNS server or you can leave this field blank.

Access Types	
Access types: 🥥	wired access 💿 wireless access
Wireless Setup	
SSID:	AP Scan
Authentication Type: No	one 🔹
WAN Settings	
Internet Access Type: D	HCP (dynamic) 💌
IP :0.0).0.0
Subnet Mask: 0.0).0.0
Gateway: 0.0).0.0
MTU: 14	96 (Default value is 1496, do not change if not necessary)
Primary DNS:	(Optional)
Secondary DNS:	(Optional)
Save	Connection Info

4.4.1.2. Wireless Access

Figure 4-19

- SSID: SSID: SSID (Service Set Identifier) is your wireless network's name shared among all points in a wireless network. The SSID must be identical for all devices in the wireless network. It is case-sensitive and must not exceed 32 characters. Make sure all points in the wireless network have the same SSID. For added security, you should change the default SSID to a unique name.
- Authentication Type: "None" means do not encrypt wireless data.
- ➢ Internet Access Type: Ask for your ISP to get the correct access type.
- IP: The IP address you obtained after connect to the Internet, if you haven't connected to the Internet yet, this field is 0.0.0.0.
- Subnet Mask: The Subnet mask you obtained after connect to the Internet, if you haven't connected to Internet yet, this field is 0.0.0.0.
- Gateway: The IP address of Default gateway you obtained after connect to the Internet, if you haven't connected to Internet yet, this field is 0.0.0.0.

- MTU: The MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) setting specifies the largest packet size permitted for network transmission. Most DSL users should use the value 1492.You can set MTU manually, and you should leave this value in the 1200 to 1500 range. If the value you set is not in accord with the value ISP provide, it may causes some problems, such as fail to send Email, or fail to browse website. So if that happen, you can contact your ISP for more information and correct your router's MTU value.
- Primary DNS:The DNS server translates domain or website names into IP address, input the most common DNS server address you used or provided by your ISP.
- Secondary DNS: Input IP address of a backup DNS server or you can leave this field blank.

LAN

The IP address of LAN port is used for access router itself by computers that connect to the router directly; here you can set IP address you need. The IP address format is like ***.***.***, and default IP address is 192.168.1.1, the default subnet mask is 255.255.255.0.

LAN		
	MAC Address:	00:00:22:22:44:90
	IP Address:	192.168.10.1
	Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0 💌
		Save

Figure 4-1

MAC Clone

The WAN port of router has a unique MAC address assigned by manufacturer; it called as "Default MAC". The "Clone MAC" is used for some special situations; For example, ISP only allows certain MAC address to access the Internet, thus you can modify your WAN port's MAC address in accord with the requirement of ISP, avoiding ISP's detection.

MAC Clone				
Do not set the same MAC address as the wirless network card at the WISP mode.				
WAN MAC Address:	00:e0:4c:01:02:c9	Restore Factory MAC	Clone MAC address	
Save				

Figure 4-21

Port Settings

Here you can set the router's WAN and LAN interfaces work at 100M duplex,100M half-duplex,10M duplex and 10M half-duplex communication mode.

WAN Port: Auto 💉
LAN1 Port: Auto 🔷
LAN2 Port: Auto 💉
LAN3 Port: Auto 🔷
LAN4 Port: Auto 💉

Figure 4-22

IGMP Proxy

Here you can set the IGMP Proxy 'Enabled' and 'Disabled'.

IGMP Proxy			
	Status:	🔘 Enable	💿 Disable
1		Save	
	T ' (A A		

Figure 4-23

Wireless

Wireless Settings

Providing basic configuration items for wireless router users, including"wireless network status", "SSID", "Radio Band", "Radio Mode", "MAC", "SSID broadcasting", "Channel width", "Channel sideband", "Region" and "Channel" several basic configuration items.

Wireless Settings	
Wireless Status:	: 💿 Enable 🥥 Disable
SSID:	: netis
Radio Band:	: 802.11b+g+n 💌
Radio Mode:	Access Point
MAC:	: 00:e0:4c:81:96:c1
SSID Broadcast:	💿 Enable 💿 Disable
Channel Width:	: 💿 20MHZ 💿 40MHZ
Control Sideband:	: 💿 Lower 💿 Upper
Region:	FCC -
Channel:	Auto 🔹
	Save

Figure 4-24

- Wireless network status: You can choose "enable" or "disable" to enable or disable the "Wireless Network Status", if what you choose is "Disable", the AP function of wireless router will be turned off.
- SSID: The default is netis.
- Radio band: You can select the wireless standards running on your network, if you have Wireless-N, and Wireless-B/G devices in your network, keep the default setting, 802.11b+g+n
- Radio mode: You can select radio mode of wireless router, it contains Access Point, Client, AP+WDS and WDS. The default setting is AP mode.
- > MAC: Wireless router's physical address.
- SSID Broadcasting: You can select "enable" or "disable" to enable or disable the broadcast SSID function, If the setting of this field is disable, wireless client can't obtain this SSID to login in, then user have to input the SSID value manually.
- Channel width: This switch allows you to set Router's wireless bandwidth.20MHz: In this mode you can get low bandwidth, little interference and slow rate. 40MHz: In this mode you can get high bandwidth, high interference and rapid rate.Use only when you have a pure router,draft 802.11n wireless network.
- Channel sideband: It controls your wireless router use higher or lower channel when working on 40MHz.
- Region: please select the region where you live in.
- Channel: In 20MHz, you can select one channel from 1 to 13 manually, and in 40MHz, you can select one channel from 1 to 9 or 5 to 13, which provides a choice of avoiding interference.

Wireless Security

The item allows you to encrypt your wireless communication, and you can also protect your wireless network from unauthorized user access. It supplies "None", "WEP", "WPA-PSK", "WPA2-PSK" and "WPA/WPA2-PSK" five different encryption modes.

4.5.2.1. None

"None" means do not encrypt wireless data.

Wireless Security			
For the security of your wireless network, we strongly recommend you to use the authentication type of WPA2-PSK, encryption type of AES or authentication type of WPA2-PSK, encryption type of TKIP			
Authentication Type: None			
Save			

Figure 4-25

4.5.2.2. WEP

Wireless Security		
For the security of your wireless network, we strongly recommend you to use the authentication type of WPA2-PSK, encryption type of AES or authentication type of WPA2-PSK, encryption type of TKIP		
Authentication Type:	WEP *	
Key Length:	64 bits	128 bits
Key Mode:	○ HEX	 ASCII
Kev:		(please enter any 5 charcters (ASCII
	charcters:A-Z,a-z,0-9))
Save		

Figure 4-26

- Key Length: There are two basic levels of WEP encryption, 64 bits and 128 bits, the more bits password have, the better security wireless network is, at the same time the speed of wireless is more slower.
- Key Mode: If you select WEP to encrypt your data, choose the bits of password, it should be 64 bits or 128 bits. Then choose the format of password; it should be HEX or ASCII. The valid character for HEX format should be numbers from 0 to 9 and letters from A to F. HEX support mixed letter and number mode. And ASCII supports all characters that in keyboard.
- Key Length description: When you select 64bits, you need to input 10 chars for HEX and 5 chars for ASCII, and when you select 128bits, you need to input 26 chars for HEX and 13 chars for ASCII.

Note: When the WPS is enabled, please not use WEP.

4.5.2.3. WPA-PSK

Wireless Security		
For the security of your wireless network, we strongly recommend you to use the authentication type of WPA2-PSK, encryption type of AES or authentication type of WPA2-PSK, encryption type of TKIP		
Authentication Type:	WPA-PSK 🝷	
Encryption Type:	● TKIP ● AES ● 1	TKIP & AES
Key Mode:	HEX • ASCII	
Key:		(please enter any 8-63 charcters (ASCII
,.	charcters:A-Z,a-z,0-9))
Key Renewal:	86400	seconds(60-86400)
Save		

Figure 4-27

- Encryption type: You can select the algorithm you want to use, TKIP, AES or TKIP&AES. TKIP means "Temporal Key Integrity Protocol", which incorporates Message Integrity Code (MIC) to provide protection against hackers. AES, means "Advanced Encryption System", which utilizes a symmetric 128-Bit block data.
- ▶ Key Renewal: you can configure the renewal time between 60 to 86400 seconds.

Key Length description: you need to input 8 to 63 ASCII characters no matter which type you select.

4.5.2.4. WPA2-PSK

The WPA2-PSK is similar to WPA-PSK and with stronger encryption method than WPA-PSK, using WPA2-PSK; you should input password (leave this value in the range of 8 to 63 characters) and key renewal time (leave this value in the range of 60 to 86400 seconds).

Wireless Security			
For the security of your wireless network, we strongly recommend you to use the authentication type of WPA2-PSK, encryption type of AES or authentication type of WPA2-PSK, encryption type of TKIP			
Authentication Type:	WPA2-PSK 🔻		
Encryption Type:	● TKIP ○ AES ○	TKIP & AES	
Key Mode:	🔘 HEX 💿 ASCII		
Kev:		(please enter any 8-63 charcters (ASCII	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	charcters:A-Z,a-z,0-9))	
Key Renewal:	86400	seconds(60-86400)	
Save			

Figure 4-28

4.5.2.5. WPA/WPA2-PSK

This item mixed WPA-PSK and WPA2-PSK mode, which provides higher security level; you can configure it according with WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK.

Wireless Security				
For the security of your wireless network, we strongly recommend you to use the authentication type of WPA2-PSK, encryption type of AES or authentication type of WPA2-PSK, encryption type of TKIP				
Authentication Type:	WPA/WPA2-PSK			
Encryption Type:	IKIP ○ AES ○	TKIP & AES		
Key Mode:	🔘 HEX 💿 ASCII			
Kev:		(please enter any 8-63 charcters (ASCII		
,	charcters:A-Z,a-z,0-9))		
Key Renewal:	86400	seconds(60-86400)		
	Save			

Figure 4-29

Wireless MAC Filtering

Wireless MAC Address Filterin	g				
Wireless Access Control Status:	🔿 Enable 💿 Disable				
	O Permit wireless connection for MAC address listed (others are Denied)				
Wireless Access Control Rule:	 Deny wireless connection for MAC address listed (others are Permitted) 				
	Save				
Rule Description					
MAC Address					
	Add				
Items show in every single p	page 3 Apply 🧄 🏀 🎲 🔍 Total O Pages				
ID	MAC Address Delete				

Figure 4-30

- MAC Filter Status: the default is disable. You can filter wired users by enabling this function; thus unauthorized users can not access the network.
- > Description: describe MAC Filter list to tell from different MAC Filter lists.
- Rule: you can select permit or deny. The default is permit.
- MAC address: input the MAC address that you want to control. The default format is **-**-**-** (e.g.: 00-22-33-da-cc-bb).

Follow the following steps to set MAC filter:

1. Enable MAC Filter, then select save.

2. Add MAC address you want to control in the "MAC address" field (the format is **-**-**-**), then click "Add" button, and you will see the MAC address has displayed in the MAC list.

3. There are two items supplied, "Permit wireless connection for MAC address listed (others are Denied)" and "Deny wireless connection for MAC address listed (others are Permitted)", Select the item you want, and click "Save" button.

WDS Settings

If you have selected WDS or AP+WDS mode in Wireless Basic-Radio Mode, please do the following configurations.





- WDS Name: Give a description of your wireless bridge to tell apart.
- WDS MAC Address: If the current working mode is "WDS" or "AP+WDS", then you need to configure wireless bridge configuration. Enter MAC address of remote access point, at the same time the remote access point also need to configure to "WDS" or "AP+WDS" mode.
- Current WDS Information: It illustrates basic information of all wireless bridge that in connection status, you may delete unnecessary bridge.

E.g.: If you want setup WDS connection between the AP that the MAC address is 00-22-4f-cc-ae-f5 (we call it AP1) and the AP that the MAC address is 00-22-4f-bc-af-5d (we call it AP2), please follow the next steps:

1. Select radio mode is WDS in wireless management-basic of AP1.

2. Input WDS name (e.g.: default), input MAC address of AP2 (00-22-4f-bc-af-5d), click add, then the record named default will appears in WDS list.

3. We can also select radio mode is WDS in wireless management-basic of AP2.

4. Input WDS name (e.g.: Default), input MAC address of AP1 (00-22-4f-cc-ae-f5), click add, then the record named Default will appears in WDS list.

Note: Before you setup WDS connection, please make sure that AP1 and AP2 is in the same network, that is if the IP address of AP1 is 192.168.1.1, then the IP address of AP2 should be $192.168.1.x (1 \le x \le 255, e.g.: x = 8)$.

Wireless Advanced

These settings are only for more technically advanced users who have a sufficient knowledge about wireless LAN. These settings should not be changed unless you know what effect the change will have on your AP.

Wireless Advanced		
Authentication Type:	Auto	•
Beacon Interval:	100 (8	Extent:20-1000,Default:100)
RTS Threshold:	2347 (8	Extent:256-2347,Default:2347)
Aggregation:	AMPDU+AMSD	J 🔸
Fragmentation Threshold:	2346 (8	Extent:256-2346,Default:2346)
Transmission Rate:	Auto 🔻	
ShortGi:	Enable	 Disable
Protection:	Enable	 Disable
Preamble Type:	Long	Short
WLAN Partition:	Enable	 Disable
IAPP:	Enable	 Disable
RF Output Power:	100%	70% 🔘 50% 🔘 35% 🔘 15%
WMM:	Enable	Disable
High Power:	Enable	 Disable
	Save	

Figure 4-32

- Authentications type: The default is set to "Auto", which allows "Open System" or "Shared Key" authentication to be used. Select "Shared Key" if you only want to use "Shared Key" authentication (the sender and recipient use a WEP key for authentication).
- Beacon Interval: The interval time of this 150Mbps Wireless-N High Gain Broadband Router broadcast a beacon. Beacon is used to synchronize the wireless network. The valid interval is 20-1000, the default is 100.
- RTS Threshold: You can set RTS Threshold value in this field, the valid range should be 256-2347 and default value is 2347. If a network packet is smaller than the preset RTS threshold size, the RTS/CTS mechanism will not be enabled.
- Aggregation: You can accelerate the wireless transmission speed by enabling the aggregation function. The default is AMPDU+AMSDU.
- Fragmentation Threshold: It specifies the maximum size of packet during the fragmentation of data to be transmitted.
- Transmission Rate: Transmit rate indicates the transmission speed of wireless LAN access .The default setting is "Auto" and you can set this value between 1-54Mbps range.
- ShortGi: You can select "Enable" or "disable" for shortgi.
- Protection: Using 802.11b and 802.11g mixed mode may result in poor network performance. By enabling 802.11 protection, it will ameliorate performance of 802.11g devices in your wireless network.
- > Preamble Type: "Short Preamble" is suitable for heavy traffic wireless network. "Long

Preamble" provides much communication reliability; the default setting is "Long Preamble".

High Power :Enhanced signal booster increase coverage up to 4X than standard wireless N router.

Wireless Statistics

Display current status of the wireless client associate with AP.

Wireless Statis	stics							
MAC Address	Mode	Tx Packet	Rx Packet	Tx Rate (Mbps)	Power Saving	Expired Time (s)		
	Refresh							

Figure 4-32

Multiple AP Settings

The default status of secondary AP is disable, you can select enable to enable the secondary AP. Please refer to <u>Quick SetupWireless Security</u> and <u>Wireless Statistics</u>for details.

Multiple AP Wireless Settings				
Multiple AP Wireless Status: 🧼 Enable 💿 Disable				
Save				
Multiple AP Wireless Security				
For the security of your wireless network, we strongly recommend you to use the authentication type of WPA2-PSK, encryption type of AES or authentication type of WPA2-PSK, encryption type of TKIP				
Authentication Type: None				
Save				
Multiple AP Wireless Statistics				
MAC Address Mode Tx Packet Rx Packet Tx Rate (Mbps) Power Saving Expired Time (s)				
Refresh				

Figure 4-33

DHCP

DHCP Settings

DHCP Settings			
	DHCP Server Status:	 Enable 	 Disable
	Start IP Address:	192.168.1.2	
	End IP Address:	192.168.1.63	
	Address Lease Time:	86400	(60-2592000)Seconds
		Save	

Figure 4-34

DHCP Clients List

Display the state of assigned IP by DHCP Server.

DHCP Cli	ents List			
Item	s show in every single page 3	Apply	@ 合 😓 🛛	👂 1 💌 Total 1 Pages
ID	IP Address	MAC Ad	ddress	Status
1	192.168.10.2	00:1c:c0:	a2:d8:e3	Dynamic
2	192.168.10.3	00:e0:4c:	07:79:fd	Dynamic

Figure 4-35

Address Reservation



Figure 4-36

Address Reservation: reserve IP address for designed physical address host. If you want to configure a fixed IP address for some host, please input physical address and IP address, then click add.

Forwarding

Virtual Servers

Virtual Servers	
Description:	
Internal Host IP Address	
Protocol:	ALL
External Port:	
Internal Port:	
	Save
Items show in every single page 3	Apply 🌾 😤 🤩 🔿 🔽 Total O Pages
ID Description Internal Host IP Ac	ddress Protocol External Port Internal Port Del



- > Description: Describe current virtual server item.
- Internal Host IP Address: The "Internal Host IP Address" indicates IP address of the internal host using virtual server.
- Protocol: The protocol item supplies several protocols. For example, if you have web server within LAN, you can select the HTTP template then the router will input port number 80 automatically.
- External Port: Input an extranet port number(the users in Internet can see these ports).
- > Internal Port: Input an intranet port number.

Port Triggering

Port trigger module dynamically registers virtual server rules when any IP host generates the packet from the specified trigger protocol and port.Port trigger module use forward protocol type and port number and use the IPaddress of host that generates the trigger packet when it registers a rule.

Port	t Triggering		
	Predefine	ed Trigger Rules:	Select one of the predefined rules 💌
		Rule Name:	
	1	Trigger Protocol:	TCP 💌
		Trigger Port:	-
	F	orward Protocol:	ТСР 💌
		Forward Port:	
			Save
	Items show in every s	ingle page 3	Apply 🌾 😤 🤩 🔿 🔽 Total O Pages
ID	Rule Name	Trigger	r Condition Forward Condition Del



- > Predefined Trigger Rules: select one of the Predefined Rules.
- > Rule Name: describe one Predefined Trigger that you will configure.
- > Trigger Protocol: you can select TCP/UDP.
- > Trigger Port: you can select a part of ports.
- Forward Protocol: you can select TCP/UDP.
- Forward Port: you can select a part of ports.

DMZ

DMZ opens all the ports of one computer, exposing the computer to the Internet. So it should only be used for some special-purpose, especial for Internet online games. Using this function you can select"DMZ" item and input IP address of DMZ host, then click "Save". For the purpose of security, we suggested that using "Virtual servicer" instead of "DMZ".

DMZ			
DMZ Status	: 🔘 Enable	 Disable 	
DMZ Host IP Address	. 0.0.0.0		
	Save		
Super DMZ			
Super DMZ Status	: 🔘 Enable	💿 Disable	
MAC Address	: 00:e0:4c:07:	79:fd	
	Save		

Figure 4-39

UPnP

The UPnP function supports load Application's port forward record automatically. Select "Enable" to enable this function.

UPnP	
	UPnP Status: 💽 Enable 🔿 Disable
	Save

Figure 4-40

FTP Private Port

Some games, servers, and applications (such as BT, QQ video, Edunkey, Web server) are no longer effect when behind the NAT router, so this item provides function of port mapping from LAN to WAN.

FTP Private Port		
Status:	🔘 Enable	💿 Disable
Port Number:	21]
	Save	9

Figure 4-41

Security

Security Settings

VPN is commonly used for encapsulate and encrypt data across the public network. For VPN tunnel, the router supports IPSEC pass-through, PPTP pass-through and L2TP pass-through.

VPN Security Settings		
PPTP Pass-through:	📀 Enable	O Disable
L2TP Pass-through:	📀 Enable	🔿 Disable
IPSEC Pass-through:	📀 Enable	O Disable
	Save	

Figure 4-42

IP Address Filtering	
Status:	🔘 Enable 💿 Disable
Citatine Pulses	\bigcirc Deny through the router for IP address listed, others are permitted
Filtering Rules:	Permit through the router for IP address listed, others are denied
	Save
IP Filter List Management	
Description:	
Rule:	Permit 💌
Source IP Address:	
Protocol and Port:	All 💌 -
Days To Block:	Everyday Sun Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat
Times To Block:	All Day 00:00 🕶 - 00:00 💌
	Add
Items show in every single p	age 3 🔹 Apply 🥼 🍖 🐣 🔍 🏷 Vital O Pages
ID Description Source IP D	estination Port Protocol Days To Block Times To Block Rule Del
	Del All

IP Address Filtering

Figure 4-43

- Status: the default is disable. The rules of "Internet access control" based on source IP, port number and protocol.
- > Description: describe IP Firewall list to tell from different IP Firewall lists.
- Rule: you can select permit or deny. The default is permit.
- Source IP address: input the source IP address that you want to control. The default format is ***.***.***(e.g: 192.168.2.3).
- Protocol and Port: If the rule has already existed in "Protocol Template". You can select appropriate item and apply it. Or you can input protocol type and port number manually, click "add" button, then the item will displayed in the list.

Follow the following steps to set Internet Access Control:

1. You can select "enable" and click "Save" to enable "IP Firewall" function. This is only the first step; you should continue to create appropriate rules for "IP Firewall".

2. Input description information for current access control rule in the "Description" field. Input IP address of host you want to restrict.

3. There are two items supplied, "Permit through the router for IP address listed, others are denied" and "Denythrough the router for IP address listed, others are permitted", Select the item you want, and click "Save" button.

4. If you want to delete certain item on the list, select appropriate item on the list, click "delete" to delete it.

MAC Filtering				
Status	🔘 Enable	💿 Disable		
Citeria - Dular		ough the router for M	IAC address listed,others	are permitted
Filtering Rules:		rough the router for I	MAC address listed,other	s are denied
		Save		
MAC Filter Management				
Description:				
Rule:	Permit 💌			
MAC Address:				
Days To Block:	Everyday		🗌 Tue 🗌 Fri 🛄 Sat	
Times To Block:	📃 All Day	00:00 💌 - 00:00) 🕶	
		Add		
Items show in every single p	age 3	Apply	🏟 👚 🤑 🏟 🛛 💌	Total O Pages
ID Description MAC /	ddress	Days To Block	Times To Block	Rule Del
		Del All		

MAC Filtering

Figure 4-44

- Status: the default is disable. You can filter wired users by enabling this function; thus unauthorized users can not access the network.
- > Description: describe MAC Filter list to tell from different MAC Filter lists
- Rule: you can select permit or deny. The default is permit
- MAC address: input the MAC address that you want to control. The default format is **-**-**-** (e.g.: 00-22-33-da-cc-bb)

Follow the following steps to set MAC filter:

1. Enable MAC Filter, then select save.

2. Add MAC address you want to control in the "MAC address" field (the format is **-**-**-**), then click "Add" button, and you will see the MAC address has displayed in the MAC list.

3. There are two items supplied, "Permit wireless connection for MAC address listed (others are Denied)" and "Deny wireless connection for MAC address listed (others are Permitted)", Select the item you want, and click "Save" button.

Domain Filtering				
Status:	🔘 Enable	💿 Disable		
Filtevine Dules	Permittee		DNS Key words listed, other:	s are
Filtering Rules:	Permit the Denied	rough the router fo	or DNS Key words listed,othe	ers are
		Save		
DNS Filter List Management				
Rule:	Permit 💌			
DNS Filter Key words:				
Days To Block:	🔲 Everyday	🔲 Sun 📃 Mon	🔲 Tue 1 🔲 Fri 🔲 Sat	
Times To Block:	📃 All Day	00:00 💌 - 00:	00 💌	
		Add		
Items show in every single p	age 3	Apply	🕼 👚 👙 🔿 🔽 т	otal O Pages
ID DNS Filter Key words		Days To Block	Times To Block	Rule Del
		Del All		

Domain Filtering



- Status: the default is disable. "DNS filter" is able to filter certain domain name such as www.sina.com.
- Rule: you can select permit or deny. The default is permit.
- DNS Filter Key words: Input website name or Domain name in the "DNS Key Words" field, such as www.163.com.

Follow these steps to set DNS filter:

1. You can select "enable" and click "Save" to enable "DNS Filter" function. This is only the first step, you should continued to create appropriate rules for "DNS Filter".

2.Input DNS Filter Key words.

3. There are two items supplied, "Permit through the router for DNS Key words listed, others are denied" and "Denythrough the router for DNS Key words listed, others are permitted", Select the item you want, and click "Save" button.

4. If you want to delete certain item on the list, select appropriate item on the list, click "delete" to delete it.

Static Routing

Most of broadband router and wireless router are using NAT mode, so this feature is designed for most common network environment.

Stati	ic Routing				
		Type:	NET 💌		
	Destin	ation Network or IP address:			
		Subnet Mask:			
		Next-Hop IP address:			
			Save		
	Items show in	every single page 3	Apply	🌾 👚 👙 া 🔽 Total () Pages
ID	Туре	Dst IP address	Mask	Next-hop address	Del



- Destination Network or IP Address: Specify a certain destination Network or IP address which static route forward to.
- Subnet Mask: Subnet mask is used for distinguish Network portion and Host portion for an IP address.
- Next-hop IP Address: This is an IP address of the next-hop device (and also is the gateway address for local host) that allows forwarding data between router and remote network or host.
- Routing Table: You can check out all current route items, click "delete" button to delete a route item existed in routing table.

QOS Settings

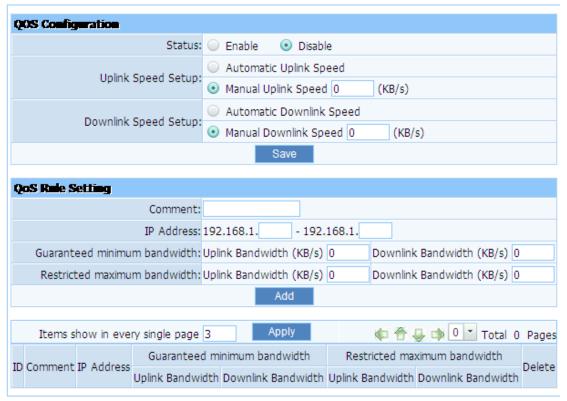


Figure 4-47

- Status: QOS switch.
- > Automatic Uplink Speed: Router adjusts uplink bandwidth automatically.
- Manual Uplink Speed (Kbps): User configures uplink bandwidth manually.
- > IP Address:Set the IP address range for restricted hosts.
- Minimum bandwidth: setup uplink and downlink bandwidth.
- Maximum bandwidth: setup uplink and downlink bandwidth.

Dynamic DNS

The DDNS feature allows you using domain name (not IP address) to access Internet. Before you can use this feature, you need to register an account for DDNS service at DDNS service providers, such as "roay.cn", "TZO.com", "DynDNS". For more information, you can visit http://www.oray.net/Help.

DDNS		
DDNS Status:	🔘 Enable	💿 Disable
DDNS Server Provider:	DynDNS 💌	Go to register
Username:		
Password:		
Dynamic Domain Name:		
Status:		
	Save	Refresh



- > DDNS Status: Current status of DDNS server.
- DDNS Server Provider: For example, if you want to use service of "roay.cn", you have to first register and accounts for it. Other DDNS service providers as the same.
- Username, Password, Dynamic Domain Name: After register an DDNS account from DDNS service providers, you will get "User Name", "Password", "Dynamic Domain Name", Input information in appropriate field.

System Tools

System management includes password setup, web Setup, upgrade, reboot, restore, WOL and System time.

Firmware

Click "Browse..."button and select a File to upgrade, after you have selected the appropriate file, click "Upgrade" button to execute upgrade procedure. Do not cut off the power supply during the process of upgrading.

Version: test version	
	1
Upgrade File:	Browse

Figure 4-49

Time Settings

You can choose the time server and the time zone for the system time.

Time Settings	
Current Time: 01/18/2011 13:40:41	
GMT: (GMT+08:00) Beijing, Hongkong, Singapore, Taipei	-
Save Refresh	

Figure 4-50

Password

The default username/password is guest/guest. To ensure the Router's security, it is suggested that you change the default password to one of your choice, here enter a new password and then Re-enter it again to confirm your new password. Click "Save" button to save settings.

Password	
Old Username:	guest
Old Password:	
New User name:	
New Password:	
Confirm New Password:	
	Save

Figure 4-51

WOL

Input host MAC address, and then click button of "Wake up" to wake up the target host which in the LAN.

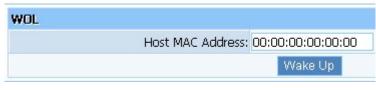


Figure 4-52



Examine system logs. You can configure items shown in one Page, the default is 10.

	Annly	
ingle page 10	Viddo	🜾 🌴 👙 🔿 🚩 Total O Pag
Time		Descript
i	ingle page 10 Time	

Figure 4-53

Remote Management

WEB Management Status: the default is disable. Router can be accessed on the remote site using "Web setup".Check the "Management Port" and enter the port number and then press "save" button to enable web management.

Remote Management	
WEB Management Status:	🔘 Enable 💿 Disable
Management Port:	8080
	Save

Figure 4-54

Factory Defaults

Click "Restore" button, the Router will erase all of your settings and replace them with the factory defaults, make sure you have backup current settings before click this button.

actory Defaults	
	Restore

Figure 4-55

Reboot

Click"Reboot" button to restart the router.

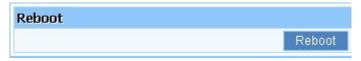


Figure 4-56

About

About

Netis was founded in China in 2000.As a world-known network communications manufacturer, the company is mainly committed to the research, development and production of layer 2 Management Ethernet Switch , Wireless Client Adapter, Wireless LAN AP/router, SOHO Router, Ethernet Switch, Media Converter, Web-Smart Switches and Ethernet NIC. The company grew quickly in the 2000's due to our powerful technical background and our sincerity and trustworthiness when working with customers. With more than 8 years of manufacturing experience, Netis delivers the best-in-class solutions to its worldwide customers. Through continual efforts on technology innovation, customer satisfaction and market development. "Link beyond network" - Netis would like to establish the links for the people, for the world.

Figure 4-57

Thank you for your support.

Troubleshooting

1. I cannot access the Web-based Configuration Utility from the Ethernet computer used to configure the router.

- Check that the LAN LED is on. If the LED is not on, verify that the cable for the LAN connection is firmly connected.
- Check whether the computer resides on the same subnet with the router's LAN IP address.
- If the computer acts as a DHCP client, check whether the computer has been assigned an IP address from the DHCP server. If not, you will need to renew the IP address.
- ▶ Use the ping command to ping the router's LAN IP address to verify the connection.
- Make sure your browser is not configured to use a proxy server.
- Check that the IP address you entered is correct. If the router's LAN IP address has been changed, you should enter the reassigned IP address instead.

2. I forget Password (Reset the Router without Login)

Use a pencil to press the button for about 2-6 seconds when it is working, then leave your hands, it will restore settings to the factory configuration. The default password is guest.

3. I have some problems related to Connection with Cable Modem

Please follow the following steps to check the problems:

- Check whether the DSL modem works well or the signal is stable. Normally there will be some indicator lights on the modem, users can check whether the signal is ok or the modem works well from those lights. If not, please contact the ISP.
- Check the front panel of the Router, there are also some indicator lights there. When the physical connection is correct, the Power light and the CPU light should be solid; the

WAN light should be blinking. If you use your computer, the corresponding LAN port light should be blinking too. If not, please check whether the cables work or not.

> Repeat the steps in **WAN Setup** Connect with Internet through DSL Modem.

4. I can browse the router's Web-based Configuration Utility but cannot access the Internet.

- Check if the WAN LED is ON. If not, verify that the physical connection between the router and the DSL/Cable modem is firmly connected. Also ensure the DSL/Cable modem is working properly.
- If WAN LED is ON, open the System Overview page of the Web configuration utility and check the status group to see if the router's WAN port has successfully obtained an IP address.
- Make sure you are using the correction method (Dynamic IP Address, PPPoE, or Static IP) as required by the ISP. Also ensure you have entered the correct settings provided by the ISP.
- For cable users, if your ISP requires a registered Ethernet card MAC address, make sure you have cloned the network adapter' s MAC address to the WAN port of the router. (See the MAC Address field in WAN Setup.)

5. My wireless client cannot communicate with another Ethernet computer.

- Ensure the wireless adapter functions properly. You may open the Device Manager in Windows to see if the adapter is properly installed.
- Make sure the wireless client uses the same SSID and security settings (if enabled) as the 150Mbps Wireless-N High Gain Broadband Router.
- Ensure that the wireless adapter's TCP/IP settings are correct as required by your network administrator.
- If you are using a 802.11b wireless adapter, and check that the 802.11G Mode item in Wireless Basic Setting page, is not configured to use 802.11G Performance.
- Use the ping command to verify that the wireless client is able to communicate with the router's LAN port and with the remote computer. If the wireless client can successfully ping the router's LAN port but fails to ping the remote computer, then verify the TCP/IP settings of the remote computer.

6.I don't know how to use the router in different modes.

You can select radio mode of wireless routerin "wireless"—"wireless settings", it contains Access Point, WDS, AP+WDS, Client, and Repeater.

AP: The default setting is AP mode, at this point the router can be used as wired and wireless signal converter. In this mode, you can use wireless access instead of cable access.

Most connections utilize a dynamic ip (DHCP) and the default is already set to this .If you

have another connection type (like static User), you will need to click on "Quick Setup" in the menu and input information given you by your service provider and then click save.

WDS: If you are using this router to spread the wireless coverage of another router, or to

spread the coverage to another router, you can use WDS mode.

> You can configure the routerfollowing the steps in 4.5.4.

AP+WDS: You can bridge two LAN or two computers via two AP, the wireless signal

will be amplified and transmitted at the same time.

> You can configure the router following the steps in 4.5.4.

Client: In this mode, the router function is approximately equal to a wireless adapter, you can make a wireless connection to the internet.

- Attach one end of an Ethernet cable to your computer's port, and the other end to one of the LAN ports of your router.
- Configure Your Computer
- Select "wireless"-"wireless settings", select the client mode, click on "AP scan" and you will see a new window options, select the AP you want to connect to, and click the "connect" button below.
- > If your AP is notencrypted, click "save" and reboot the router.
- If your AP is encrypted, select "wireless security" and input the key in this interface, then click on "save" and reboot the router.

Repeater: In this mode, it's an electronic device that amplifies a signal before

transmitting it again; it can be used in computer networks to extend transmitting distances.

- Attach one end of an Ethernet cable to your computer's port, and the other end to one of the LAN ports of your router.
- Configure Your Computer according to the QIG
- Select "wireless"-"wireless settings", select the repeater mode, input the Repeater SSID, then click the "AP Scan" and you will see a new window options, select the AP you want to connect to, and click the "connect" button below.