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Package Contents

- DSL-2640U Wireless ADSL Router
- Power Adapter
- CD-ROM with User Manual
- One twisted-pair telephone cable used for ADSL connection
- One straight-through Ethernet cable
- One Quick Installation Guide

Note: Using a power supply with a different voltage rating than the one included with the DSL-2640U will cause damage and void the warranty for this product.



System Requirements

- ADSL Internet service
- Computer with:
 - 200MHz Processor
 - 64MB Memory
 - CD-ROM Drive
 - Ethernet Adapter with TCP/IP Protocol Installed
 - Internet Explorer v6 or later, FireFox v1.5
 - Computer with Windows 2000, Windows XP, or Windows Vista

D-Link DSL-2640U User Manual

6

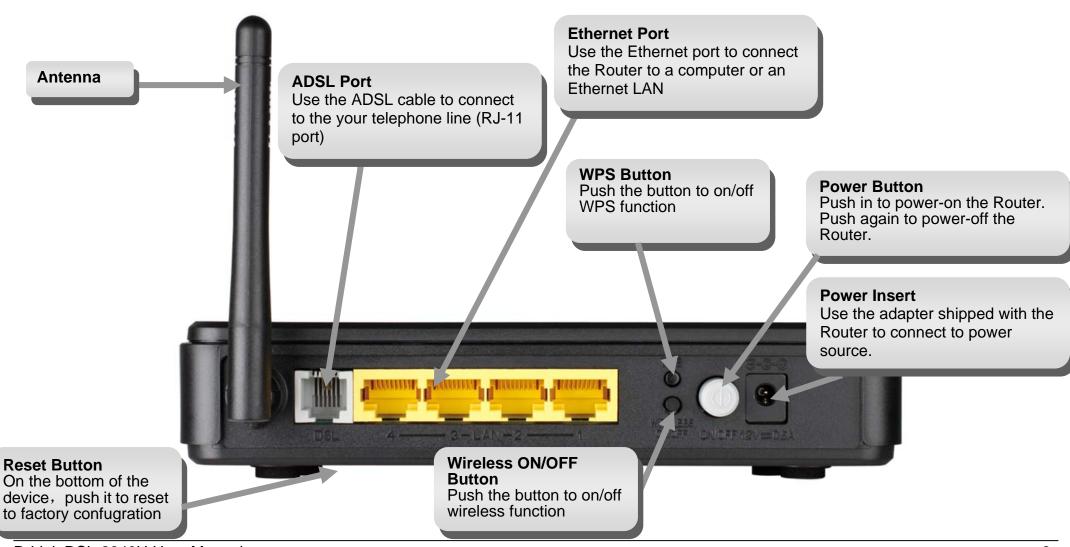
Features

- PPP (Point-to-Point Protocol) Security The DSL-2640U ADSL Router supports PAP (Password Authentication Protocol) and CHAP (Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol) for PPP connections. The Router also supports MSCHAP.
- **DHCP Support** Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol automatically and dynamically assigns all LAN IP settings to each host on your network. This eliminates the need to reconfigure every host whenever changes in network topology occur.
- **Network Address Translation (NAT)** For small office environments, the DSL-2640U allows multiple users on the LAN to access the Internet concurrently through a single Internet account. This provides Internet access to everyone in the office for the price of a single user. NAT improves network security in effect by hiding the private network behind one global and visible IP address. NAT address mapping can also be used to link two IP domains via a LAN-to-LAN connection.
- TCP/IP (Transfer Control Protocol/Internet Protocol) The DSL-2640U supports TCP/IP protocol, the language used for the Internet. It is compatible with access servers manufactured by major vendors.
- RIP-1/RIP-2 The DSL-2640U supports both RIP-1 and RIP-2 exchanges with other routers. Using both versions lets the Router to communicate with all RIP enabled devices.
- Static Routing This allows you to select a data path to a particular network destination that will remain in the routing table and never "age out". If you wish to define a specific route that will always be used for data traffic from your LAN to a specific destination within your LAN (for example to another router or a server) or outside your network (to an ISP defined default gateway for instance).
- **Default Routing** This allows you to choose a default path for incoming data packets for which the destination address is unknown. This is particularly useful when/if the Router functions as the sole connection to the Internet.
- ATM (Asynchronous Transfer Mode) The DSL-2640U supports Bridged Ethernet over ATM (RFC1483), IP over ATM (RFC1577), and PPP over ATM (RFC 2364).
- Precise ATM Traffic Shaping Traffic shaping is a method of controlling the flow rate of ATM data cells. This function helps to establish the
 Quality of Service for ATM data transfer.

Section 1 - Product Overview

- G.hs (Auto-handshake) This allows the Router to automatically choose either the G.lite or G.dmt ADSL connection standards.
- **High Performance** Very high rates of data transfer are possible with the Router. Up to 8 Mbps downstream bit rate using the G.dmt standard.
- Full Network Management The DSL-2640U incorporates SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) support for web-based management and text-based network management via an RS-232 or Telnet connection.
- **Telnet Connection** The Telnet enables a network manager to access the Router's management software remotely.
- Easy Installation The DSL-2640U uses a web-based graphical user interface program for convenient management access and easy set up. Any common web browser software can be used to manage the Router.

Hardware Overview Connections



Hardware Overview LEDs

WLAN

A steady green light indicates a wireless connection. A blinking green light indicates activity on the WLAN interface.

WPS

A blinking green light indicates the device has connected the wireless network card, A blinking green light indicates activity on WPS.

DSL

A steady green light indicates a valid ADSL connection. This will light after the ADSL negotiation process has been settled. A blinking green light indicates that ADLS is attempting to sync.

Power

Ethernet port.

LAN

A steady green light indicates the unit is powered on. When the device is powered off it remains dark. Lights steady green during power on self-test (POST) means the power connection works properly.

A solid green light indicates a valid link on

startup. This light will blink when there is

activity currently passing through the

Internet

A steady green light indicates a valid internet connection.



IT-LAME

Installation

This section will walk you through the installation process. Placement of the Router is very important. Do not place the Router in an enclosed area such as a closet, cabinet, or in the attic or garage.

Before You Begin

Please read and make sure you understand all the prerequisites for proper installation of your new Router. Have all the necessary information and equipment on hand before beginning the installation.

Installation Notes

In order to establish a connection to the Internet it will be necessary to provide information to the Router that will be stored in its memory. For some users, only their account information (Username and Password) is required. For others, various parameters that control and define the Internet connection will be required. You can print out the two pages below and use the tables to list this information. This way you have a hard copy of all the information needed to setup the Router. If it is necessary to reconfigure the device, all the necessary information can be easily accessed. Be sure to keep this information safe and private.

Low Pass Filters

Since ADSL and telephone services share the same copper wiring to carry their respective signals, a filtering mechanism may be necessary to avoid mutual interference. A low pass filter device can be installed for each telephone that shares the line with the ADSL line. These filters are easy to install passive devices that connect to the ADSL device and/or telephone using standard telephone cable. Ask your service provider for more information about the use of low pass filters with your installation.

Operating Systems

The DSL-2640U uses an HTML-based web interface for setup and management. The web configuration manager may be accessed using any operating system capable of running web browser software, including Windows 98 SE, Windows ME, Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Vista.

Web Browser

Any common web browser can be used to configure the Router using the web configuration management software. The program is designed to work best with more recently released browsers such as Opera, Microsoft Internet Explorer® version 6.0, Netscape Navigator® version 6.2.3, or later versions. The web browser must have JavaScript enabled. JavaScript is enabled by default on many browsers. Make sure JavaScript has not been disabled by other software (such as virus protection or web user security packages) that may be running on your computer.

Ethernet Port (NIC Adapter)

Any computer that uses the Router must be able to connect to it through the Ethernet port on the Router. This connection is an Ethernet connection and therefore requires that your computer be equipped with an Ethernet port as well. Most notebook computers are now sold with an Ethernet port already installed. Likewise, most fully assembled desktop computers come with an Ethernet NIC adapter as standard equipment. If your computer does not have an Ethernet port, you must install an Ethernet NIC adapter before you can use the Router. If you must install an adapter, follow the installation instructions that come with the Ethernet NIC adapter.

Additional Software

It may be necessary to install software on your computer that enables the computer to access the Internet. Additional software must be installed if you are using the device a simple bridge. For a bridged connection, the information needed to make and maintain the Internet connection is stored on another computer or gateway device, not in the Router itself.

If your ADSL service is delivered through a PPPoE or PPPoA connection, the information needed to establish and maintain the Internet connection can be stored in the Router. In this case, it is not necessary to install software on your computer. It may however be necessary to change some settings in the device, including account information used to identify and verify the connection.

All connections to the Internet require a unique global IP address. For bridged connections, the global IP settings must reside in a TCP/IP enabled device on the LAN side of the bridge, such as a PC, a server, a gateway device such as a router or similar firewall hardware. The IP address can be assigned in a number of ways. Your network service provider will give you instructions about any additional connection software or NIC configuration that may be required.

Information you will need from your ADSL service provider

Username

This is the Username used to log on to your ADSL service provider's network. Your ADSL service provider uses this to identify your account.

Password

This is the Password used, in conjunction with the Username above, to log on to your ADSL service provider's network. This is used to verify the identity of your account.

WAN Setting / Connection Type

These settings describe the method your ADSL service provider uses to transport data between the Internet and your computer. Most users will use the default settings. You may need to specify one of the following WAN Setting and Connection Type configurations (Connection Type settings listed in parenthesis):

- PPPoE/PPoA (PPPoE LLC, PPPoA LLC or PPPoA VC-Mux)
- Bridge Mode (1483 Bridged IP LLC or 1483 Bridged IP VC Mux)
- IPoA/MER (Static IP Address) (Bridged IP LLC, 1483 Bridged IP VC Mux, 1483 Routed IP LLC, 1483 Routed IP VC-Mux or IPoA)
- MER (Dynamic IP Address) (1483 Bridged IP LLC or 1483 Bridged IP VC-Mux)

Modulation Type

ADSL uses various standardized modulation techniques to transmit data over the allotted signal frequencies. Some users may need to change the type of modulation used for their service. The default DSL modulation (ADSL2+ Multi-Mode) used for the Router automatically detects all types of ADSL, ADSL2, and ADSL2+ modulation.

Security Protocol

This is the method your ADSL service provider will use to verify your Username and Password when you log on to their network. Your Router supports the PAP and CHAP protocols.

Section 2 – Installation

VPI

Most users will not be required to change this setting. The Virtual Path Identifier (VPI) is used in conjunction with the Virtual Channel Identifier (VCI) to identify the data path between your ADSL service provider's network and your computer. If you are setting up the Router for multiple virtual connections, you will need to configure the VPI and VCI as instructed by your ADSL service provider for the additional connections. This setting can be changed in the WAN Settings window of the web management interface.

VCI

Most users will not be required to change this setting. The Virtual Channel Identifier (VCI) used in conjunction with the VPI to identify the data path between your ADSL service provider's network and your computer. If you are setting up the Router for multiple virtual connections, you will need to configure the VPI and VCI as instructed by your ADSL service provider for the additional connections. This setting can be changed in the WAN Settings window of the web management interface.

Information you will need about DSL-2640U

Username

This is the Username needed to access the Router's management interface. When you attempt to connect to the device through a web browser you will be prompted to enter this Username. The default Username for the Router is "admin." The user cannot change this.

Password

This is the Password you will be prompted to enter when you access the Router's management interface. The default Password is "admin." The user may change this.

LAN IP addresses for the DSL-2640U

This is the IP address you will enter into the Address field of your web browser to access the Router's configuration graphical user interface (GUI) using a web browser. The default IP address is 192.168.1.1. This may be changed to suit any IP address scheme the user desires. This address will be the base IP address used for DHCP service on the LAN when DHCP is enabled.

LAN Subnet Mask for the DSL-2640U

This is the subnet mask used by the DSL-2640U, and will be used throughout your LAN. The default subnet mask is 255.255.255.0. This can be changed later.

Information you will need about your LAN or computer:

Ethernet NIC

If your computer has an Ethernet NIC, you can connect the DSL-2640U to this Ethernet port using an Ethernet cable. You can also use the Ethernet ports on the DSL-2640U to connect to other computer or Ethernet devices.

DHCP Client status

Your DSL-2640U ADSL Router is configured, by default, to be a DHCP server. This means that it can assign an IP address, subnet mask, and a default gateway address to computers on your LAN. The default range of IP addresses the DSL-2640U will assign are from 192.168.1.2 to 192.168.1.254. Your computer (or computers) needs to be configured to obtain an IP address automatically (that is, they need to be configured as DHCP clients.)

It is recommended that your collect and record this information here, or in some other secure place, in case you have to re-configure your ADSL connection in the future.

Once you have the above information, you are ready to setup and configure your DSL-2640U ADSL Router.

Device Installation

The DSL-2640U connects two separate physical interfaces, an ADSL (WAN) and an Ethernet (LAN) interface. Place the Router in a location where it can be connected to the various devices as well as to a power source. The Router should not be located where it will be exposed to moisture or excessive heat. Make sure the cables and power cord are placed safely out of the way so they do not create a tripping hazard. As with any electrical appliance, observe common sense safety procedures.

The Router can be placed on a shelf or desktop, ideally you should be able to see the LED indicators on the front if you need to view them for troubleshooting.

Power on Router

The Router must be used with the power adapter included with the device.

- 1. Insert the DC Power Adapter cord into the power receptacle located on the rear panel of the Router and plug the adapter into a suitable nearby power source.
- 2. Depress the Power button into the on position. You should see the Power LED indicator light up and remain lit. The Status LED should light solid green and begin to blink after a few seconds.
- 3. If the Ethernet port is connected to a working device, check the LAN LED indicators to make sure the connection is valid. The Router will attempt to establish the ADSL connection, if the ADSL line is connected and the Router is properly configured this should light up after several seconds. If this is the first time installing the device, some settings may need to be changed before the Router can establish a connection.

Factory Reset Button

The Router may be reset to the original factory default settings by using a ballpoint or paperclip to gently push down the reset button in the following sequence:

- 1. Press and hold the reset button while the device is powered off.
- 2. Turn on the power.
- 3. Wait for 10 seconds and then release the reset button.

Remember that this will wipe out any settings stored in flash memory including user account information and LAN IP settings. The device settings will be restored to the factory default IP address **192.168.1.1** and the subnet mask is **255.255.255.0**, the default management Username is "admin" and the default Password is "admin."

Network Connections

Connect ADSL Line

Use the ADSL cable included with the Router to connect it to a telephone wall socket or receptacle. Plug one end of the cable into the ADSL port (RJ-11 receptacle) on the rear panel of the Router and insert the other end into the RJ-11 wall socket. If you are using a low pass filter device, follow the instructions included with the device or given to you by your service provider. The ADSL connection represents the WAN interface, the connection to the Internet. It is the physical link to the service provider's network backbone and ultimately to the Internet.

Connect Router to Ethernet

The Router may be connected to a single computer or Ethernet device through the 10BASE-TX Ethernet port on the rear panel. Any connection to an Ethernet concentrating device such as a switch or hub must operate at a speed of 10/100 Mbps only. When connecting the Router to any Ethernet device that is capable of operating at speeds higher than 10Mbps, be sure that the device has auto-negotiation (NWay) enabled for the connecting port. Use standard twisted-pair cable with RJ-45 connectors. The RJ-45 port on the Router is a crossed port (MDI-X). Follow standard Ethernet guidelines when deciding what type of cable to use to make this connection. When connecting the Router directly to a PC or server use a normal straight-through cable. You should use a crossed cable when connecting the Router to a normal (MDI-X) port on a switch or hub. Use a normal straight-through cable when connecting it to an uplink (MDI-II) port on a hub or switch. The rules governing Ethernet cable lengths apply to the LAN to Router connection. Be sure that the cable connecting the LAN to the Router does not exceed 100 meters.

Hub or Switch to Router Connection

Connect the Router to an uplink port (MDI-II) on an Ethernet hub or switch with a straight-through cable. If you wish to reserve the uplink port on the switch or hub for another device, connect to any on the other MDI-X ports (1x, 2x, etc.) with a crossed cable.

Computer to Router Connection

You can connect the Router directly to a 10/100BASE-TX Ethernet adapter card (NIC) installed on a PC using the Ethernet cable provided.

Configuration

This section will show you how to configure your new D-Link Router using the web-based configuration utility.

Web-based Configuration Utility

Connect to the Router

The default IP address for ADSL MODEM is: 192.168.1.1; The Subnet Mask is: 255.255.25.0. Users can configure ADSL MODEM through an Internet browser. ADSL MODEM can be used as gateway and DNS server; users need to set the computer's TCP/IP protocol as follow:

- Set the computer IP address at same segment of ADSL MODEM, such as set the IP address of the network card to one of the "192.168.1.2"
 ∼ "192.168.1.254".
- 2. Set the computer's gateway the same IP address as the ADSL Modem's.
- 3. Set computer's DNS server the same as ADSL Modem's IP address or that of an effective DNS server.

To access the configuration utility, open a web-browser such as Internet Explorer and enter the IP address of the router (192.168.1.1).

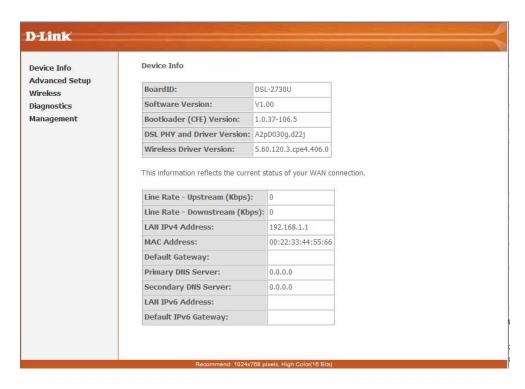
Type "admin" for the User Name and "admin" in the Password field. If you get a Page Cannot be Displayed error, please refer to the Troubleshooting section for assistance.





Device Info

To access the **Device Info** window, click either the **Device Info** or **Summary** button in the **Device Info** directory. The following page opens:



Summary

To access the Router's first **Summary** window, click the **Summary** button in the **Device Info** directory.

This window displays the current status of your DSL connection, including the software version, LAN IP address, and DNS server address.

Device Info

BoardID:	DSL-2730U	
Software Version:	V1.00	
Bootloader (CFE) Version:	1.0.37-106.5	
DSL PHY and Driver Version:	A2pD030g.d22j	
Wireless Driver Version:	5.60.120.3.cpe4.406.0	

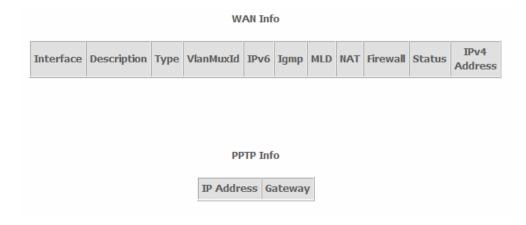
This information reflects the current status of your WAN connection.

Line Rate - Upstream (Kbps):	0
Line Rate - Downstream (Kbps):	0
LAN IPv4 Address:	192.168.1.1
MAC Address:	00:22:33:44:55:66
Default Gateway:	
Primary DNS Server:	0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS Server:	0.0.0.0
LAN IPv6 Address:	
Default IPv6 Gateway:	

WAN

To access the WAN Info window, click the WAN button in the Device Info directory.

This window displays the current status of your WAN connection.



Statistics

To access the Router's first **Statistics** window, click the **Statistics** button in the **Device Info** directory.

This window displays the Router's LAN statistics. Click the **Reset Statistics** button to refresh these statistics.

This window displays the Router's WAN statistics. Click the **Reset Statistics** button to refresh these statistics.

Statistics -- LAN Interface Received Transmitted Bytes Pkts Errs Drops Bytes Pkts Errs Drops eth3 0 0 0 263904 437 65809 532 0 0 0 eth2 0 0 0 0 0 0 eth1 0 0 0 0 0 0 eth0 90 1 0 0 29 162 0 wlo 2781

Reset Statistics

Statistics -- WAN

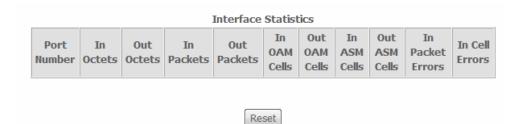
Interface Description Received Transmitted

Bytes Pkts Errs Drops Bytes Pkts Errs Drops

Reset Statistics

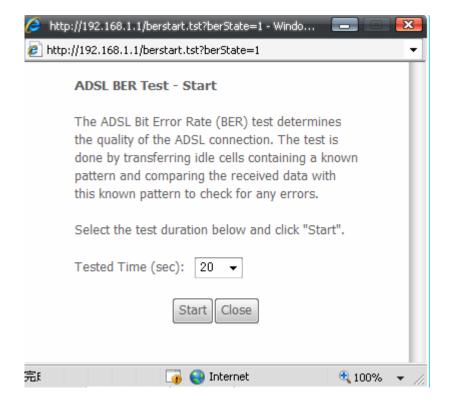
Appendix A - Troubleshooting

This window displays the Router's XTM statistics. Click the **Reset** button to refresh these statistics.



This window displays the Router's xDSL statistics. Click the **Reset Statistics** button to refresh these statistics.

Click the **xDSL BER Test** button to access the ADSL Bit Error Rate Test window displayed below:



Mode: Traffic Type: Status: Disabled Link Power State: Downstream Upstream Line Coding(Trellis): SNR Margin (0.1 dB): Attenuation (0.1 dB): Output Power (0.1 dBm): Attainable Rate (Kbps): Rate (Kbps): Super Frames: Super Frame Errors: RS Words: RS Correctable Errors: RS Uncorrectable Errors: HEC Errors: OCD Errors: LCD Errors: Total Cells: Data Cells: Bit Errors: Total ES: Total SES: Total UAS: xDSL BER Test Reset Statistics

Statistics -- xDSL

Route

To access the **Device Info – Route** window, click the **Route** button in the **Device Info** directory.

This read-only window displays routing info.

Device Info -- Route

Flags: U - up, ! - reject, G - gateway, H - host, R - reinstate D - dynamic (redirect), M - modified (redirect).

Destination	Gateway	Subnet Mask	Flag	Metric	Service	Interface
192.168.1.0	0.0.0.0	255,255,255,0	U	0		br0

ARP

To access the **Device Info – ARP** window, click the **ARP** button in the **Device Info** directory.

This read-only window displays Address Resolution Protocol info.

Device Info -- ARP

IP address	Flags	HW Address	Device
192,168,1,17	Complete	00:1A:A0:22:30:10	br0

DHCP

To access the **Device Info – DHCP Leases** window, click the **DHCP** button in the **Device Info** directory.

This read-only window displays DHCP lease info.

Device Info -- DHCP Leases

Hostname | MAC Address | IP Address | Expires In

Advanced Setup

This chapter include the more advanced features used for network management and security as well as administrative tools to manage the Router, view status and other information used to examine performance and for troubleshooting.

Layer2 Interface

To access the DSL ATM Interface Configuration window, click the ATM Interface button in the Layer2 Interface directory.

This window is used to configure the ATM interface. You can add and delete ATM interface on this window.

If you are setting up the ATM interface for the first time, click the **Add** button.

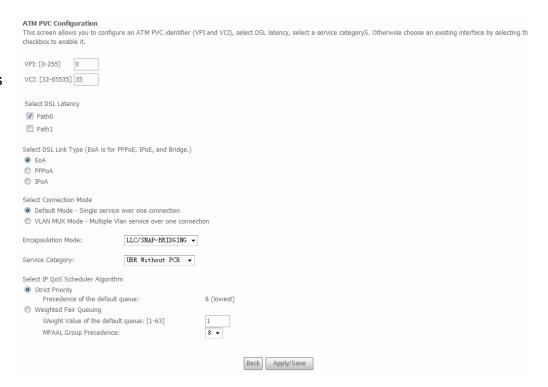


ATM Interface

The **ATM PVC** Configuration window allows you to set up ATM PVC configuration. Enter Virtual Path Identifier, and Virtual Channel Identifier. The VPI and VCI values should be provided by your ISP. This window also allows you to select DSL Link Type, PPPoA \ IpoA and EoA (EoA is for PPPoE, IPoE, and Bridge)

Use the drop-down menu to select the desired Encapsulation Mode..

Click the Apply / Save button to Save.



WAN Service

To access the Wide Area Network (WAN) Service Setup window, click the WAN Service button in the Advanced Setup directory.

This window is used to configure the WAN interface. You can add and delete WAN interface on this window.

If you are setting up the WAN interface for the first time, click the **Add** button.



The **WAN Service Interface Configuration** Configuration window allows select a layer 2 interface for this service. Click the **Next** button to continue.

WAN Service Interface Configuration

Select a layer 2 interface for this service

Note: For ATM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_vpi_vci)

For PTM interface, the descriptor string is (portId_high_low)

Where portId=0 --> DSL Latency PATH0

portId=1 --> DSL Latency PATH1

portId=4 --> DSL Latency PATH0&1

low =0 --> Low PTM Priority not set

low =1 --> Low PTM Priority set

high =0 --> High PTM Priority not set

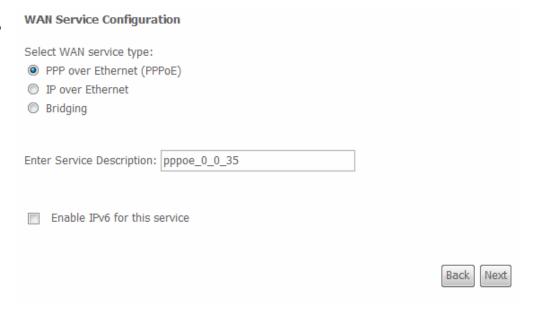
high =1 --> High PTM Priority set

Appendix A - Troubleshooting

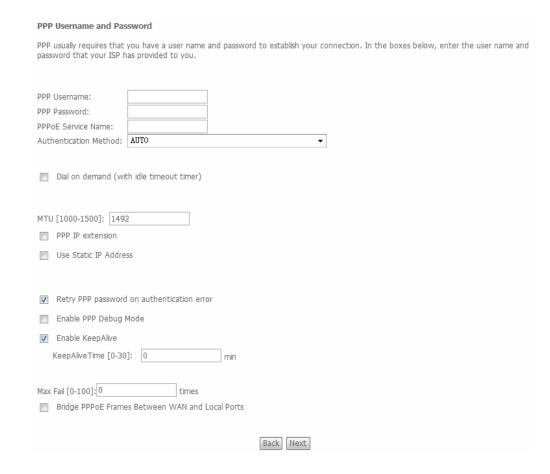
This window allows you to select the appropriate connection type. The choices include PPP over ATM (PPPoA), PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE), IP over Ethernet (IpoE), IP over ATM (IPoA), and Bridging.

WAN Service Configuration – PPPoE

Click the PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE) radio button on this window. This window also allows you to use the drop-down menu to enable IPv6 service. Click the **Next** button to continue.



This window allows you to set the username and the password for your PPP connection. This information is obtained from your ISP. Additional settings on this window will also depend on your ISP. Click the **Next** button to continue.



Default gateway interface list can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system default gateways but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again. Click the **Next** button to continue.

WAN Service Configuration – PPPoE

select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces OR enter static DNS server IP addresses for the system. In ATM mode, if only a single PVC with IPoA or static IPoE protocol is configured, Static DNS server IP addresses must be entered.

DNS Server Interfaces can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system dns servers but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again. Click the **Next** button to continue



This summary window allows you to confirm the settings you have just made. Click the **Apply / Save** button to save your new PPP over Ethernet settings and restart the Router.

WAN Setup - Summary

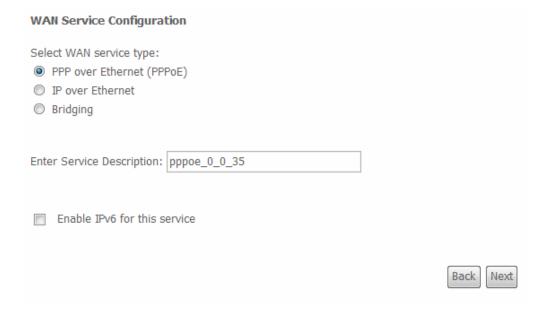
Make sure that the settings below match the settings provided by your ISP.

Connection Type:	PPPoE
NAT:	Enabled
Full Cone NAT:	Disabled
Firewall:	Enabled
IGMP Multicast:	Disabled
Quality Of Service:	Enabled

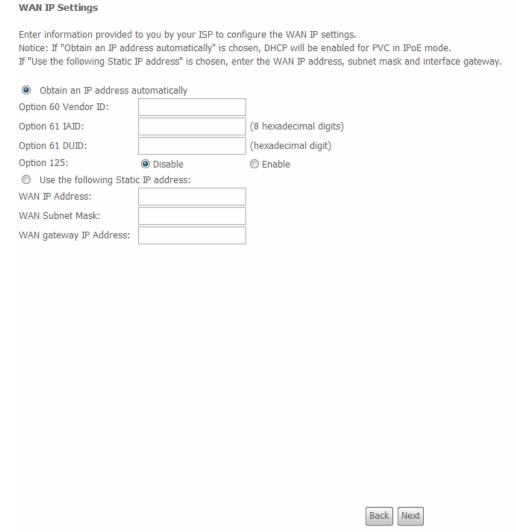
Click "Apply/Save" to have this interface to be effective. Click "Back" to make any modifications.

Back Apply/Save

Click the IP over Ethernet radio button on this window. Click the **Next** button to continue.



This window allows you to configure the WAN IP settings. This information is obtained from your ISP. Click the **Next** button to continue.



This window allows you to enable or disable Network Address Translation and a firewall for your Router. In addition, you can enable or disable IGMP multicasting. Click the **Next** button to continue.

network Address Translation Settings
Network Address Translation (NAT) allows you to share one Wide Area Network (WAN) IP address for multiple computers on your Local Area Network (LAN).
Enable NAT
Enable Firewall
IGMP Multicast
■ Enable IGMP Multicast
Back Next

WAN Service Configuration – IPoE

Default gateway interface list can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system default gateways but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again. Click the **Next** button to continue



Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces OR enter static DNS server IP addresses for the system. In ATM mode, if only a single PVC with IPoA or static IPoE protocol is configured, Static DNS server IP addresses must be entered.

DNS Server Interfaces can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system dns servers but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again. Click the **Next** button to continue

WAN Service Configuration – IPoE

This summary window allows you to confirm the settings you have just made. Click the **Apply / Save** button to save your new IP over Ethernet settings and restart the Router.

Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces OR enter static DNS server IP addresses for the system. In ATM mode, if only a single PVC with IPoA or static IPoE protocol is configured, Static DNS server IP addresses must be entered. DNS Server Interfaces can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system dns servers but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again. Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces: Selected DNS Server Interface from available WAN Interfaces Available WAN Interfaces Outside the following Static DNS IP address: Primary DNS server: Secondary DNS server:

WAN Setup - Summary

DNS Server Configuration

Make sure that the settings below match the settings provided by your ISP.

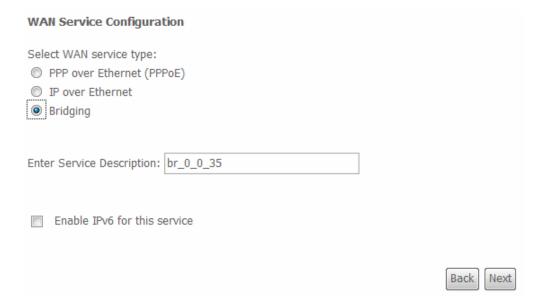
Connection Type:	IPoE
NAT:	Enabled
Full Cone NAT:	Disabled
Firewall:	Enabled
IGMP Multicast:	Disabled
Quality Of Service:	Disabled

Click "Apply/Save" to have this interface to be effective. Click "Back" to make any modifications.



WAN Service Configuration – BRIDGING

Click the Bridge radio button on this window. Click the **Next** button to continue.



WAN Service Configuration – BRIDGING

This summary window allows you to confirm the bridging settings you have just made. Click the Apply /Save button to save your new bridging settings and restart the Router.

WAN Setup - Summary

Make sure that the settings below match the settings provided by your ISP.

Connection Type:	Bridge
NAT:	Disabled
Full Cone NAT:	Disabled
Firewall:	Disabled
IGMP Multicast:	Not Applicable
Quality Of Service:	Enabled

Click "Apply/Save" to have this interface to be effective. Click "Back" to make any modifications.

Apply/Save

WAN Service Configuration – PPPoA

This window allows you to enter service description. Click the **Next** button to continue.

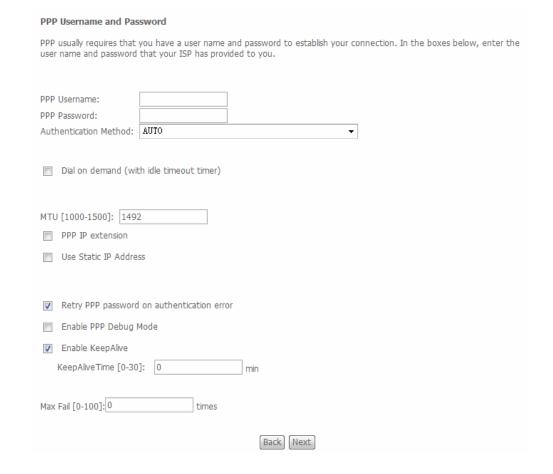
WAN Service Configuration

Enter Service Description: pppoa_0_0_35

Back Next

WAN Service Configuration – PPPoA

This window allows you to set the username and the password for your PPP connection. This information is obtained from your ISP. Additional settings on this window will also depend on your ISP. Click the **Next** button to continue.



WAN Service Configuration –PPPoA

Default gateway interface list can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system default gateways but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again. Click the **Next** button to continue.

Routing -- Default Gateway Default gateway interface list can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system default gateways but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again. Selected Default **Available Routed WAN Gateway Interfaces** Interfaces pppoa0 Back Next **DNS Server Configuration** Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces OR enter static DNS server IP addresses for the system. In ATM mode, if only a single PVC with IPoA or static IPoE protocol is configured. Static DNS server IP addresses must be entered. DNS Server Interfaces can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system dns servers but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces Selected DNS Server Available WAN Interfaces Interfaces pppoaC

WAN Service Configuration – PPPoA

Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces OR enter static DNS server IP addresses for the system. In ATM mode, if only a single PVC with IPoA or static IPoE protocol is configured, Static DNS server IP addresses must be entered.

DNS Server Interfaces can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system dns servers but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again. Click the **Next** button to continue

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Use the following Static DNS IP address:

Primary DNS server: Secondary DNS server

WAN Service Configuration – PPPoA

This summary window allows you to confirm the settings you have just made. Click the **Apply / Save** button to save your new PPP over ATM settings and restart the Router.

WAN Setup - Summary

Make sure that the settings below match the settings provided by your ISP.

Connection Type:	PPPoA
NAT:	Enabled
Full Cone NAT:	Disabled
Firewall:	Enabled
IGMP Multicast:	Disabled
Quality Of Service:	Disabled

Click "Apply/Save" to have this interface to be effective. Click "Back" to make any modifications.

Back Apply/Save

WAN Service Configuration – IPoA

This window allows you to enter service description. Click the **Next** button to continue.

WAN Service Configuration

Enter Service Description: |ipoa_0_0_35



Next

WAN Service Configuration – IPoA

This window allows you to configure the WAN IP settings. This information is obtained from your ISP. Click the **Next** button to continue.

WAN IP Settings

Enter information provided to you by your ISP to configure the WAN IP settings.

WAN IP Address:

192.168.2.5

WAN Subnet Mask:

255.255.255.0





WAN Service Configuration – IPoA

This window allows you to enable or disable Network Address Translation and a firewall for your Router. In addition, you can enable or disable IGMP multicasting. Click the Next button to continue.

Network Address Translation Settings

Network Address Translation (NAT) allows you to share one Wide Area Network (WAN) IP address for multiple computers on your Local Area Network (LAN)

Enable NAT

Enable Firewall

IGMP Multicast

Enable IGMP Multicast

Back Next

WAN Service Configuration – IPoA

Default gateway interface list can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system default gateways but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again. Click the **Next** button to continue.

WAN Service Configuration – IPoA

select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces OR enter static DNS server IP addresses for the system. In ATM mode, if only a single PVC with IPoA or static IPoE protocol is configured, Static DNS server IP addresses must be entered.

DNS Server Interfaces can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system dns servers but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again. Click the **Next** button to continue

Routing -- Default Gateway Default gateway interface list can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system default gateways but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again Selected Default **Available Routed WAN Gateway Interfaces** Interfaces ipoa0 Back Next **DNS Server Configuration** Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces OR enter static DNS server IP addresses for the system. In ATM mode, if only a single PVC with IPoA or static IPOE protocol is configured, Static DNS server IP addresses must be entered. DNS Server Interfaces can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system dns servers but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again. Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces: Available WAN Interfaces Interfaces

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Use the following Static DNS IP address

Primary DNS server: Secondary DNS server.

WAN Service Configuration – IPoA

This summary window allows you to confirm the settings you have just made. Click the **Save/Reboot** button to save your new IP over ATM settings and restart the Router.

WAN Setup - Summary

Make sure that the settings below match the settings provided by your ISP.

Connection Type:	IPoA
NAT:	Enabled
Full Cone NAT:	Disabled
Firewall:	Disabled
IGMP Multicast:	Disabled
Quality Of Service:	Disabled

Click "Apply/Save" to have this interface to be effective. Click "Back" to make any modifications.

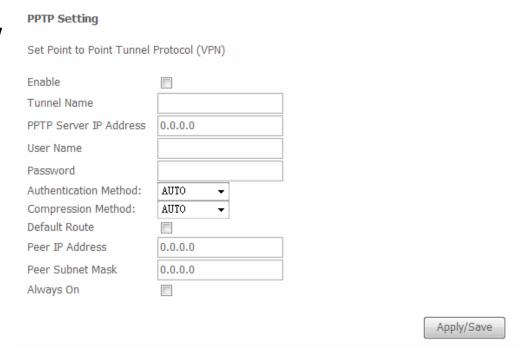
Back Ap

Apply/Save

PPTP

To access the PPTP Setting window, click the PPTP button in the Advanced Setup directory.

To set up Point-to-Point Tunnel Protocol, tick the Enable check box, enter the appropriate information in the fields offered, and then click the **Apply / Save** button when you are finished.

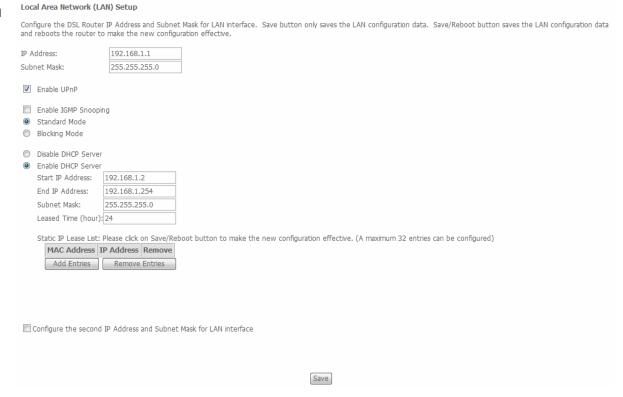


LAN

You can configure the LAN IP address to suit your preference. Many users will find it convenient to use the default settings together with DHCP service to manage the IP settings for their private network. The IP address of the Router is the base address used for DHCP. In order to use the Router for DHCP on your LAN, the IP address pool used for DHCP must be compatible with the IP address of the Router. The IP addresses available in the DHCP IP address pool will change automatically if you change the IP address of the Router.

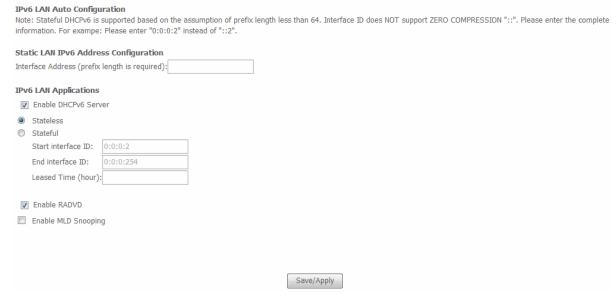
To access the Local Area Network (LAN) Setup window, click the LAN button in the Advanced Setup directory.

This window allows you to set up a LAN interface. When you are finished, click the **Apply / Save** button.



To access the **IPv6 LAN Auto Configuration** window, click the **IPv6 AutoConfig** button in the **LAN** directory.

This window allows you to set up IPv6 LAN Auto Configuration. When you are finished, click the **Apply / Save** button.



NAT

To access the **Network Address Translation (NAT) Setup** window, click the **NAT** button in the **Advanced Setup** directory. The **NAT** button appears when configuring WAN interface in PPPoA, PPPoE, IPoE or IPoA.

Virtual Servers

This window is used to configure virtual server. You can add, delete, and modify virtual server on this window.

If you are setting up the virtual server, click the **Add** button.

NAT -- Virtual Servers Setup

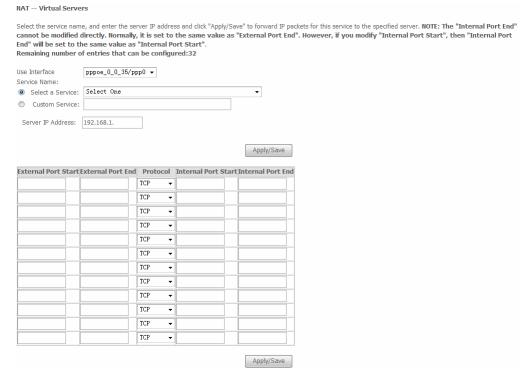
Virtual Server allows you to direct incoming traffic from WAN side (identified by Protocol and External port) to the Internal server with private IP address on the LAN side. The Internal port is required only if the external port needs to be converted to a different port number used by the server on the LAN side, A maximum 32 entries can be configured.



Server External External Protocol Protocol Protocol Port Start Port End Port Start Port End Protocol Protocol Protocol Port Start Port End Port End Protocol	Server Name	External Port Start	External Port End	Protocol	Internal Port Start	Internal Port End	Server IP Address	Remote Host	Remove
--	----------------	------------------------	----------------------	----------	------------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------	--------

You can configure the service settings on this window by clicking the **Select a Service** radio button and then using the drop-down list to choose an existing service, or by clicking the **Custom Server** radio button and entering your own Application Rule in the field provided.

Click **Apply / Save** when you are finished with the virtual server configuration.



Port Triggering

Some applications such as games, video conferencing, remote access applications and others require that specific ports in the Router's firewall be opened for access by the applications. You can configure the port settings from this screen by selecting an existing application or creating your own (Custom application).

Click the Add button to configure port triggering.



Start End

Port Range WAN Interface Remove

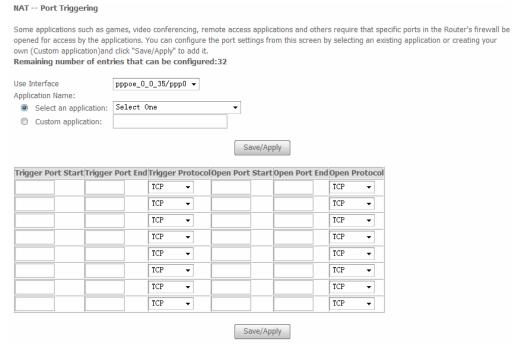
Start End

Application Name

Appendix A - Troubleshooting

You can configure the port settings on this window by clicking the **Select an application** radio button and then using the drop-down list to choose an existing application, or by clicking the **Custom application** radio button and entering your own Application Rule in the field provided.

Click **Save/Apply** when you are finished with the port setting configuration. The new Application Rule will appear in the Port Triggering table.



DMZ Host

Since some applications are not compatible with NAT, the Router supports use of a DMZ IP address for a single host on the LAN. This IP address is not protected by NAT and will therefore be visible to agents on the Internet with the right type of software. Keep in mind that any client PC in the DMZ will be exposed to various types of security risks. If you use the DMZ, take measures (such as client-based virus protection) to protect the remaining client PCs on your LAN from possible contamination through the DMZ.

To designate a DMZ IP address, type in the IP Address of the server or device on your LAN, and click the **Save/Apply** button.

NAT DMZ Host
The Broadband Router will forward IP packets from the WAN that do not belong to any of the applications configured in the Virtual Servers table to the DMZ host computer.
Enter the computer's IP address and click 'Apply' to activate the DMZ host.
Clear the IP address field and click 'Apply' to deactivate the DMZ host.
DMZ Host IP Address:
Save/Apply

Security

To access the **Security** window, click the **Security** button in the **Advanced Setup** directory. The **Security** button appears after configuring WAN interface in PPPoA, PPPoE, IPoE or IPoA.

IP Filtering

The **IP Filtering** button appears when configuring WAN interface in PPPoA, PPPoE, IPoE or IPoA.

IP Filtering - Outgoing

This window allows you to create a filter rule of **Outgoing**.

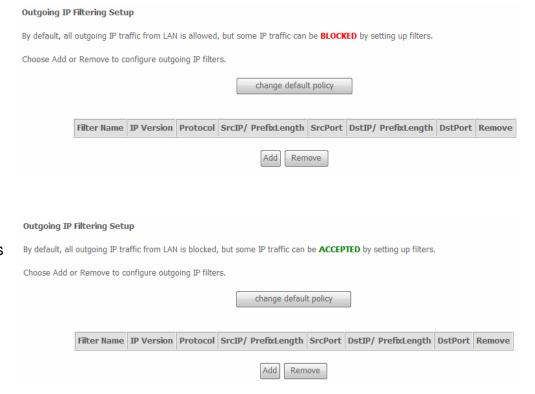
Click change default policy to change the mode of policy.

Now default policy is BLOCK, it means all outgoing IP traffic from LAN is blocked, but some IP traffic can be accepted by setting up filters.

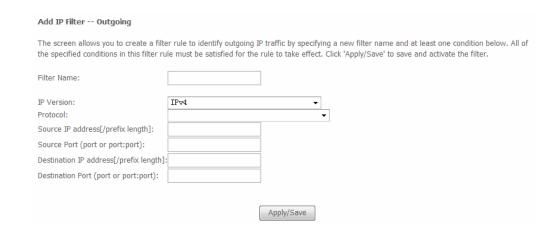
If you are setting up the outgoing IP filtering, click the Add button.

Now default policy is ACCEPT, it means all outgoing IP traffic from LAN is allowed, but some IP traffic can be Blocked by setting up filters.

If you are setting up the outgoing IP filtering, click the Add button.



Enter the information in the section. Explanations of parameters are described below. Click the **Apply / Save** button to add the entry in the Active Outbound IP Filtering table.



Filters Parameter	Description
Filter Name	Enter a name for the new filter.
IP Version	lpv4/lpv6
Protocol	Select the transport protocol (Any, TCP/UDP, TCP, UDP or ICMP) that will be used for the filter rule.
Source IP address[/prefix length]	Enter the start IP address which you are creating the filter rule.
Source Port (port or port:port)	The Source Port is the TCP/UDP port on either the LAN or WAN depending on if you are configuring an Outbound or Inbound Filter rule.
Destination IP address[/prefix length]	Enter the end IP address which you are creating the filter rule.
Destination Port (port or port:port)	The Destination Port is the TCP/UDP port on either the LAN or WAN depending on if you are configuring an Outbound or Inbound Filter rule.

IP Filtering – Incoming

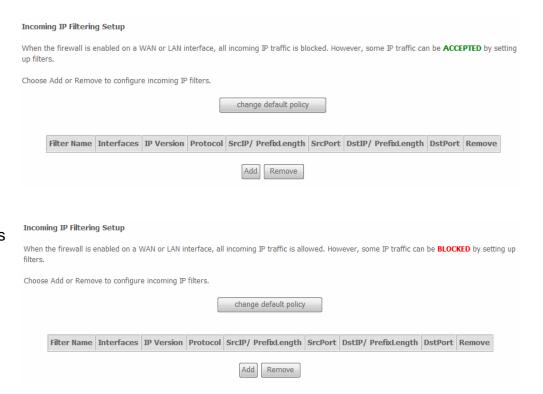
This window allows you to create a filter rule of **Incoming**. Click **change default policy** to change the mode of policy.

Now default policy is **ACCEPT**, it means all incoming IP traffic from WAN is accepted, but some IP traffic can be blocked by setting up filters.

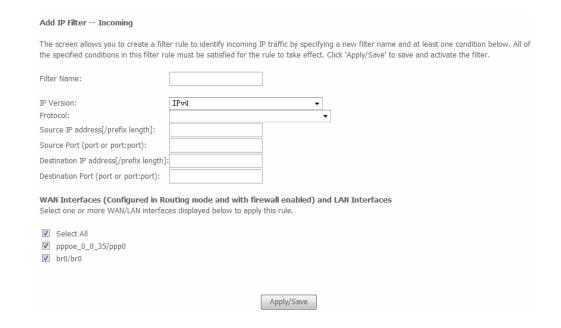
If you are setting up the incoming IP filtering, click the **Add** button.

Now default policy is **BLOCK**, it means all incoming IP traffic from WAN is blocked, but some IP traffic can be accepted by setting up filters.

If you are setting up the incoming IP filtering, click the **Add** button.



Enter the information in the section. Explanations of parameters are described below. Click the **Apply / Save** button to add the entry in the Active Inbound IP Filtering table.



Filters Parameter	Description
Filter Name	Enter a name for the new filter.
IP Version	lpv4/lpv6
Protocol	Select the transport protocol (Any, TCP/UDP, TCP, UDP or ICMP) that will be used for the filter rule.
Source IP address[/prefix length]	Enter the start IP address which you are creating the filter rule.
Source Port (port or port:port)	The Source Port is the TCP/UDP port on either the LAN or WAN depending on if you are configuring an Outbound or Inbound Filter rule.
Destination IP address[/prefix length]	Enter the end IP address which you are creating the filter rule.
Destination Port	The Destination Port is the TCP/UDP port on either the LAN or WAN depending on if you are configuring an Outbound or

(port or port:port)

Inbound Filter rule.

Parental Control

Use this window to deny access to specified MAC address.

If you are setting up the MAC address blocking, click the **Add** button.

Time of Day Restrictions -- A maximum 16 entries can be configured.



MAC address is a specially formatted text string (xx:xx:xx:xx:xx) that uniquely identification of a device. This section will allow users to block devices with certain MAC addresses on the LAN.

To configure for MAC address blocking, enter the username into the **Username** field, click **Browser's MAC Address** to have MAC address of the LAN device, or click **Other MAC Address** and enter a MAC address manually. Tick the checkboxes for the desired individual days of the week and enter desired **Start Blocking Time** and **End Blocking Time**.

Click the **Save/Apply** button to save the configuration

Time of Day Restriction

This page adds time of day restriction to a special LAN device connected to the Router. The 'Browser's MAC Address' automatically displays the MAC address of the LAN device where the browser is running. To restrict other LAN device, click the "Other MAC Address" button and enter the MAC address of the other LAN device. To find out the MAC address of a Windows based PC, go to command window and type "ipconfig /all".

User Name	
Browser's MAC Address Other MAC Address (xx:xx:xx:xx:xx)	00:0C:6E:AA:B9:C0
Days of the week Click to select	Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat Sun
Start Blocking Time (hh:mm) End Blocking Time (hh:mm)	Save/Apply

URL Filter

This window allows you to set up **URL Filter** on the Router.

Choose URL List Type **Exclude** or **Include** first and click **Add** button.



Enter the URL address and port number then click **Apply / Save** to add the entry to the URL filter.

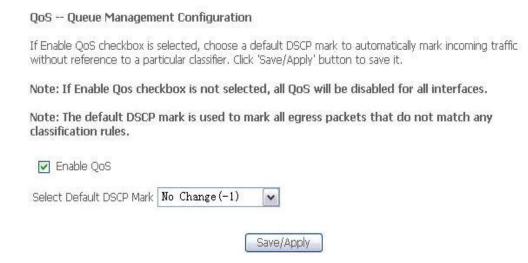
Parental Control URL Filte	er Add
Enter the URL address and por	number then click "Apply/Save" to add the entry to the URL filter.
UDI Address	
URL Address: Port Number:	(Default 80 will be applied if leave blank.)
	Apply/Save

Quality of Service

QoS or Quality of Service allows your Router to help prioritize the data packet flow in your Router and network. This is very important for time sensitive applications such as VoIP where it may help prevent dropped calls. Large amounts of non-critical data can be scaled so as not to affect these prioritized sensitive real-time programs.

To access the QoS – Queue Management Configuration window, click the Quality of Service button in the Advanced Setup directory.

This window allows you to set up QoS on the Router. When you are finished, click on the **Save/Apply** button.

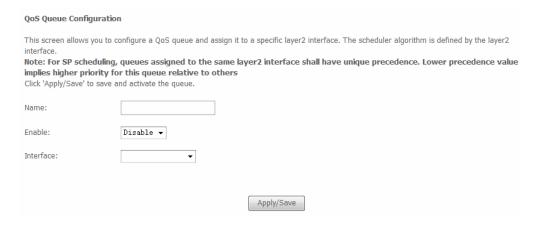


Queue Config

Click the Add button to add a QoS Queue Configuration table entry.

This window allows you to configure a QoS queue entry and assign it a specific network interface.

Click the **Apply / Save** button to save and activate the filter.

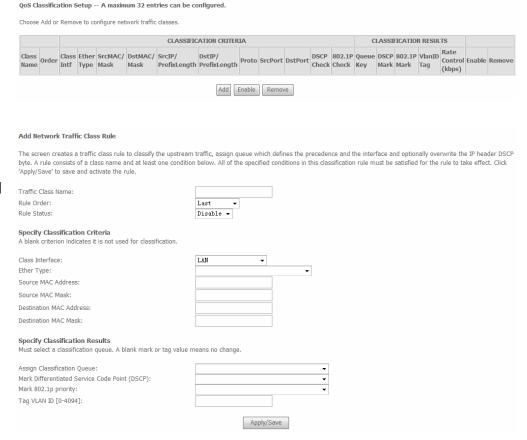


QoS Classification

Choose Add or Remove to configure network traffic classes.

Use this window to create a traffic class rule to classify the upstream traffic, assign a queue that defines the precedence and the interface, and optionally overwrite the IP header DSCP byte. A rule consists of a class name and at least one condition. Please remember that all of the specified conditions on this window must be met for the rule to take effect.

Click the **Apply / Save** button to save and activate this rule.

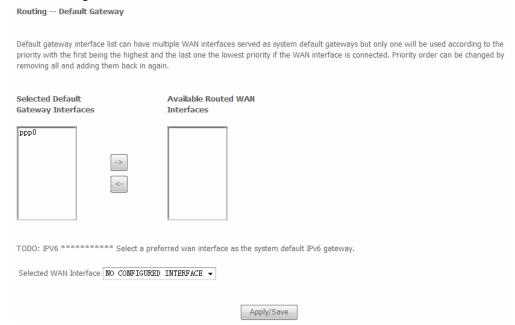


Routing

To access the Routing windows, click the Routing button in the Advanced Setup directory.

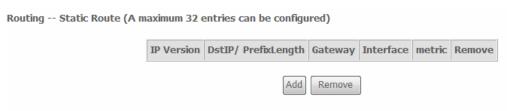
Default Gateway

Default gateway interface list can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system default gateways but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the highest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again. Click the **Apply / Save** button when you are finished.



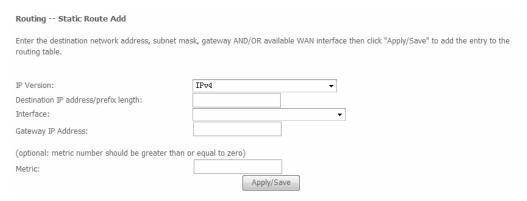
Static Route

Click the **Add** button on the **Routing – Static Route** window to access the following window displayed on the next page.



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Enter the static routing information for an entry to the routing table. Click the **Apply / Save** button when you are finished.

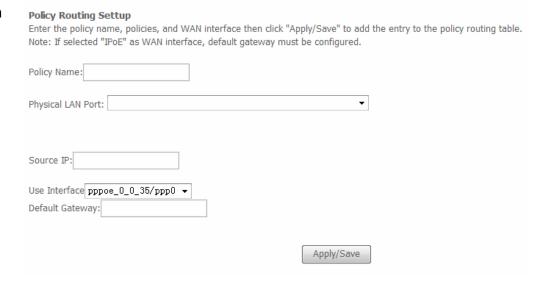


Policy Routing

Click the **Add** button on the **Policy Routing Settup** window to access the following window displayed on the next page.



Enter the Policy Routing information. Click the **Apply / Save** button when you are finished.



RIP

To activate RIP for the device, select the **Enabled** radio button for Global RIP Mode. To configure an individual interface, select the desired RIP version and operation, followed by placing a check in the 'Enabled' checkbox for the interface. Click the **Save/Apply** button to save the configuration, and to start or stop RIP based on the Global RIP mode selected.

Routing -- RIP Configuration

To activate RIP for the device, select the 'Enabled' radio button for Global RIP Mode. To configure an individual interface, select the desired RIP version and operation, followed by placing a check in the 'Enabled' checkbox for the interface. Click the 'Save/Apply' button to save the configuration, and to start or stop RIP based on the Global RIP mode selected.

Global RIP Mode Oisabled Cisabled Cisabled

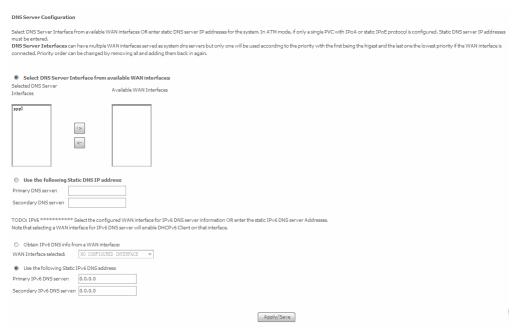
DNS

To access the **DNS** windows, click the **DNS** button in the **Advanced Setup** directory. The **DNS** button appears when configuring WAN interface in PPPoA, PPPoE, MER or IPoA.

DNS Server

Select DNS Server Interface from available WAN interfaces OR enter static DNS server IP addresses for the system. In ATM mode, if only a single PVC with IPoA or static IPoE protocol is configured, Static DNS server IP addresses must be entered.

DNS Server Interfaces can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system dns servers but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the higest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected. Priority order can be changed by removing all and adding them back in again. Click the **Apply / Save** button when you are finished.



Dynamic DNS

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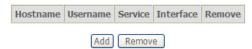
The Router supports Dynamic DNS (Dynamic Domain Name Service). The Dynamic DNS service allows a dynamic public IP address to be associated with a static host name in any of the many domains, allowing access to a specified host from various locations on the Internet. This is enabled to allow remote access to a host by clicking a hyperlinked URL in the form **hostname.dyndns.org**, Many ISPs assign public IP addresses using DHCP, this can make it difficult to locate a specific host on the LAN using standard DNS. If for example you are running a public web server or VPN server on your LAN, this ensures that the host can be located from the Internet if the public IP address changes. DDNS requires that an account be setup with one of the supported DDNS providers.

Click **Add** to see the Add DDNS Settings section.

Dynamic DNS

The Dynamic DNS service allows you to alias a dynamic IP address to a static hostname in any of the many domains, allowing your DSL router to be more easily accessed from various locations on the Internet.

Choose Add or Remove to configure Dynamic DNS.

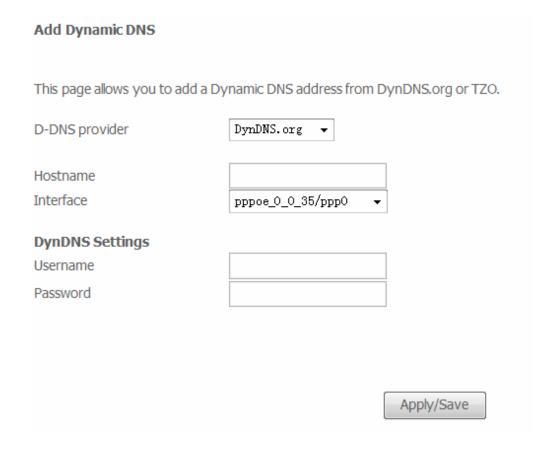


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Enter the required DDNS information, click the **Apply / Save** button to save the information.



DDNS requires that an account be setup with one of the supported DDNS servers prior to engaging it on the Router. This function will not work without an accepted account with a DDNS server.



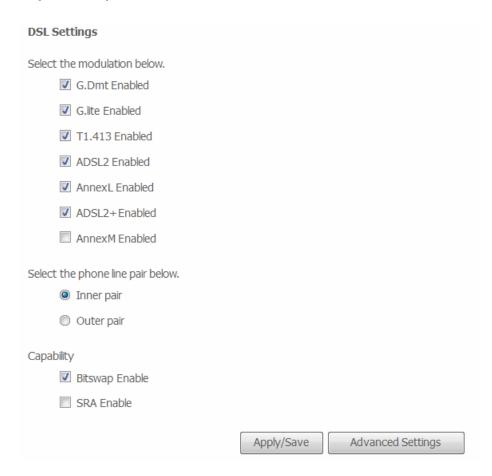
DSL

To access the **DSL Settings** window, click the **DSL** button in the **Advanced Setup** directory.

This window allows you to select the desired modulation, phone line pair, and capability. Click the **Apply / Save** button when you are finished.

Click the **Advanced Settings** button to select a DSL test mode.

Note: Modulation ADSL2 · ADSL2+ and AnnexL should be selected simultaneously

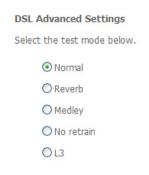


Appendix A – Troubleshooting

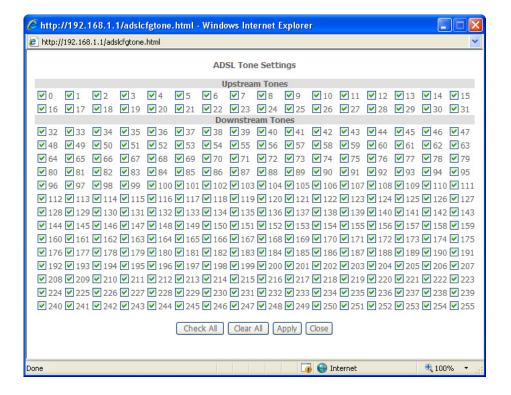
Select the desired DSL test mode and then click the Apply button.

Click the **Tone Selection** button to modify the upstream and downstream tones.

Select the appropriate upstream and downstream tones for your ADSL connection. Click the **Apply** button to let your settings take effect.



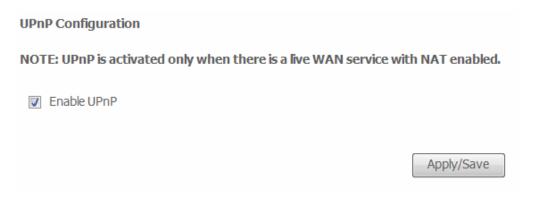
Apply Tone Selection



UPNP

To access the **UPnP Configuration** window, click the **UPnP** button in the **Advanced Setup** directory.

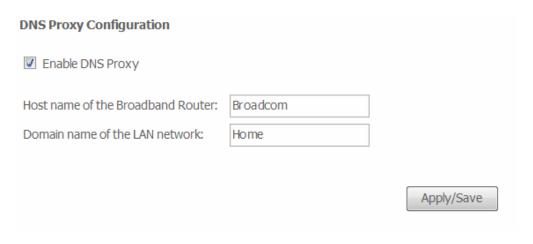
This window allows you to Config UPnP Proxy. Click the **Apply / Save** button when you are finished.



DNS Proxy

To access the DNS Proxy Configuration window, click the DNS Proxy button in the Advanced Setup directory.

This window allows you to Config DNS Proxy. Click the **Apply / Save** button when you are finished.



Interface Group

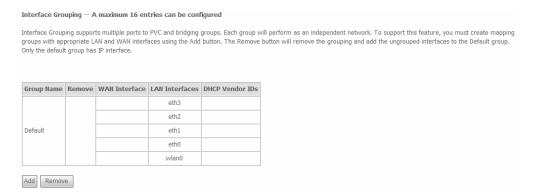
Interface Group supports multiple ports to PVC and bridging groups. Each group will perform as an independent network.

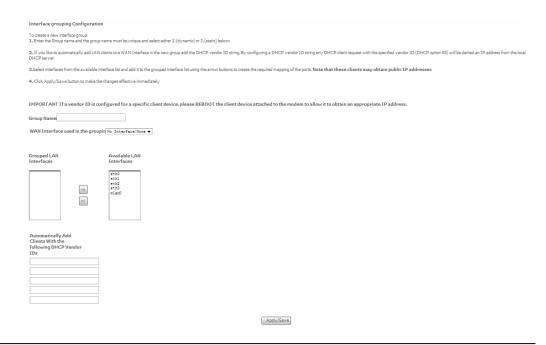
To support this feature, you must create mapping groups with appropriate LAN and WAN interfaces using the Add button. The Remove button will remove the grouping and add the ungrouped interfaces to the Default group. Only the default group has IP interface.

Click Add to do advanced settings.

To create a new mapping group, enter **Group Name**, add interfaces to **Grouped Interfaces**.

Click Apply / Save to save the changes.





IPSec

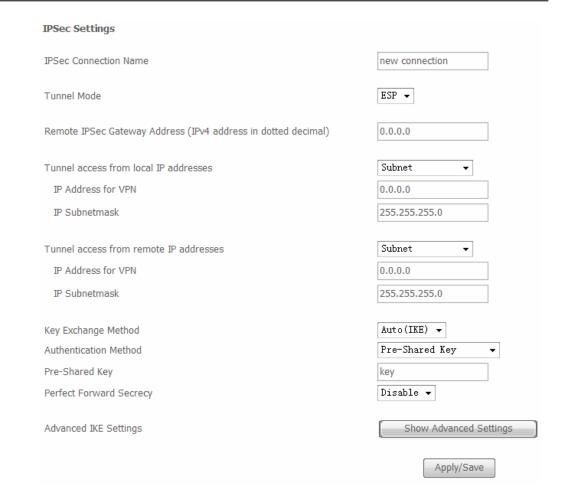
To access the IPSec Tunnel Mode Connections window, click the IPSec button in the Advanced Setup directory.

This window allows you to configure IPSec.

Click **Add New Connection** to edit IPSec tunnel mode connections from this page



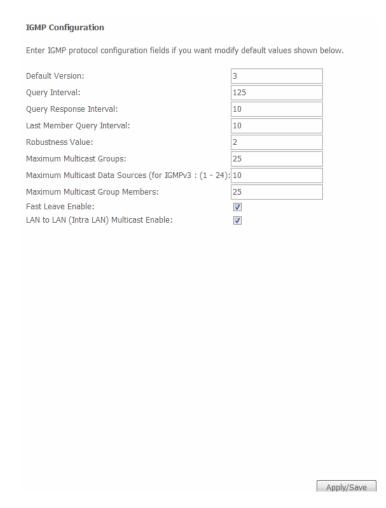
This window allows you to advanced settings.



Multicast

To access the IGMP Configuration window, click the Multicast button in the Advanced Setup directory.

Enter IGMP protocol configuration fields if you want modify default values shown below.

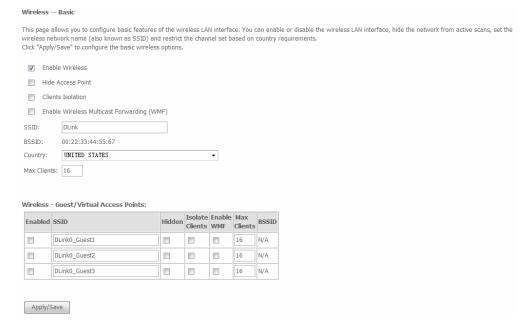


Wireless

Press Wireless in the left menu to enter wireless section. You can select to configure wireless setup, security and management.

Basic

This page allows you to configure basic features of the wireless LAN interface. You can enable or disable the wireless LAN interface, hide the network from active scans, set the wireless network name (also known as SSID) and restrict the channel set based on country requirements. Click "Apply/Save" to configure the basic wireless options.

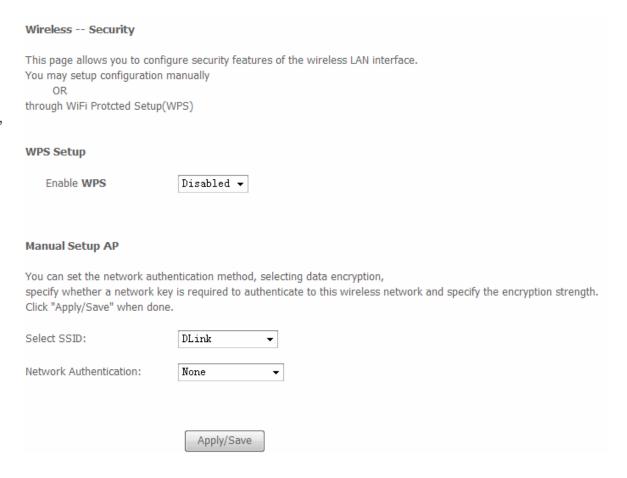


This page allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface.

You may setup configuration manually or through WiFi Proteted Setup(WPS)

You can select to configure WEP encryption, Shared, 802.1x, WPA, and WPA2 authentication.

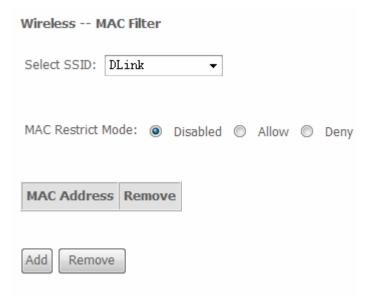
Security



MAC Filter

This page can help you to allow or deny certain MAC addresses to pass through or block out.

Click **Add** to see the following page.



Enter MAC Address and click **Apply / Save** to add the MAC address to MAC filter.

Wireless MAC	Filter
Enter the MAC add	ress and click "Apply/Save" to add the MAC address to the wireless MAC address filters
MAC Address:	
	Apply/Save

Wireless Bridge

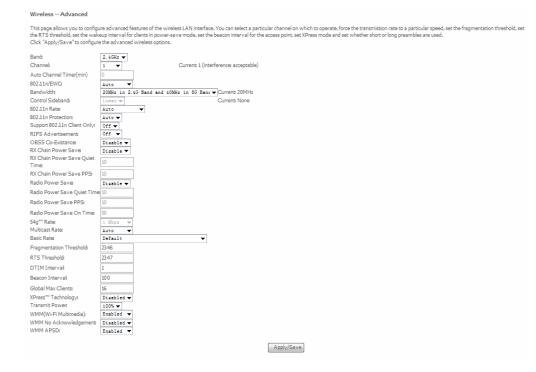
This page allows you to configure bridge features of the wireless LAN.

Click **Refresh** to update the remote bridges. Click **Apply / Save** to save the settings.

Wireless Bridge	
Distribution System) to disable accessill still be available and wireless strestriction. Any wireless bridge will selected in Remote Bridges will be g	e bridges. Wait for few seconds to update.
AP Mode:	Access Point •
Bridge Restrict:	Enabled ▼
Remote Bridges MAC Address:	
	Refresh Apply/Save

Advanced

This page allows you to configure advanced wireless LAN interface. Configuring these settings may increase the performance of your router but if you are not familiar with networking devices and protocols, this section should be left at its default settings. Click **Apply / Save** to save the settings.



Station Info

This page shows the authenticated wireless stations and their status. Click **Refresh** to update the information.

Wireless -- Authenticated Stations

This page shows authenticated wireless stations and their status.

MAC	Associated	SSID	Interface
00:23:4E:CE:EC:44		DLink	wl0

Refresh

Diagnostics

Your modem is capable of testing your DSL connection with access to **Diagnostics**.

This window is used to test connectivity of the Router.

Diagnostics

Your modem is capable of testing your DSL connection. The individual tests are listed below. If a test displays a fail status, click "Rerun Diagnostic Tests" at the bottom of this page to make sure the fail status is consistent. If the test continues to fail, click "Help" and follow the troubleshooting procedures.

Test the connection to your local network

Test your ENET(1-4) Connection:	PASS
Test your Wireless Connection:	PASS

Test the connection to your DSL service provider

Test ADSL Synchronization: FAIL

Rerun Diagnostic Tests

Management

The Management directory features an array of options designed to help you get the most out of your Router.

Settings

To access the **Settings - Backup** window, click the **Settings** button in the **Management** directory.

This window allows you to backup your DSL Router configurations.

Click the **Backup Settings** button to save your Router configurations to a file on your computer.

Settings - Backup

Backup DSL router configurations. You may save your router configurations to a file on your PC.

Backup Settings

This window allows Update DSL router settings. You may update your router settings using your saved files.

Click the **Update Settings** button to update your Router configurations with a file on your computer.

This window allows Restore DSL router settings to the factory defaults.

Click the **Restore DSL Settings** button to restore DSL router settings to the factory defaults.

Tools -- Update Settings

Update DSL router settings. You may update your router settings using your saved files.

Settings File Name: 浏览...

Update Settings

Tools -- Restore Default Settings

Restore DSL router settings to the factory defaults.

Restore Default Settings

System Log

These windows allow you to view the System Log and configure the System Log options. To access the **System Log** window, click the **System Log** button in the **Management** directory.

Click the View System Log button to view the System Log.

Click the **Configure System Log** button to configure the System Log options.



Click on the **Refresh** button to refresh the system log settings.

System Log

Date/Time Facility Severity Message

Refresh Close

System Log - Configuration

Appendix A – Troubleshooting

The system log displays chronological event log data. The event log can be read from local host or sent to a System Log server. The available event severity levels are: **Emergency**, **Alert**, **Critical**, **Error**, **Warning**, **Notice**, **Informational**, and **Debugging**.

This window allows you to log selected events. When you are finished, click the **Apply / Save** button.

System Log -- Configuration

If the log mode is enabled, the system will begin to log all the selected events. For the Log Level, all events above or equal to the selected level will be logged. For the Display Level, all logged events above or equal to the selected level will be displayed. If the selected mode is 'Remote' or 'Both,' events will be sent to the specified IP address and UDP port of the remote syslog server. If the selected mode is 'Local' or 'Both,' events will be recorded in the local memory.

Select the desired values and click 'Apply/Save' to configure the system log options.



SNMP Agent

To access the SNMP - Configuration window, click the SNMP Agent button in the Management directory.

Appendix A - Troubleshooting

Simple Network Management Protocol allows a management application to retrieve statistics and status from the SNMP agent in the Router. When you are finished, click the **Save/Apply** button.

SNMP - Configuration

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) allows a management application to retrieve statistics and status from the SNMP agent in this device.

Select the desired values and click "Apply" to configure the SNMP options.

Read Community: public

Set Community: private

System Name: Broadcom

System Location: unknown

System Contact: unknown

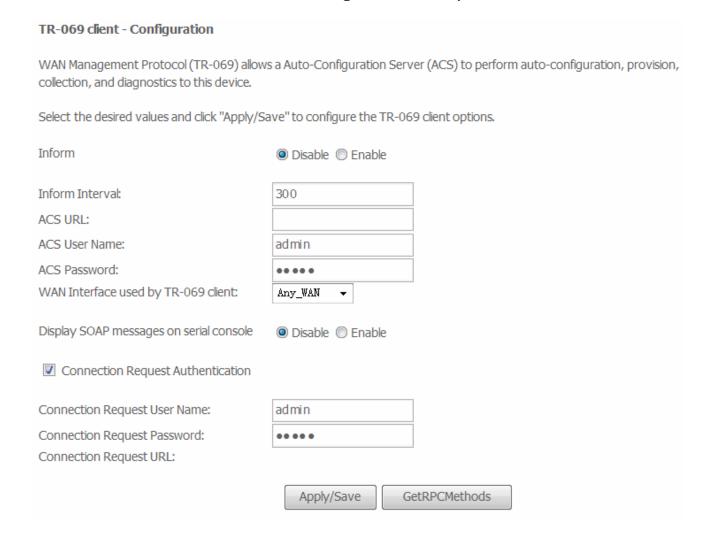
Trap Manager IP: 0.0.0.0

Save/Apply

TR-069 Client

To access the TR-069 Client – Configuration window, click the TR-069 Client button in the Management directory.

Simple Network Management Protocol allows a management application to retrieve statistics and status from the TR-069 client in the Router. When you are finished, click the **Save/Apply** button.



Internet Time

To access the **Time settings** window, click the **Internet Time** button in the **Management** directory.

This window allows you to set the Router's time configuration. When you are finished, click the **Save/Apply** button.

Time settings

This page allows you to the modem's time configuration.

Automatically synchronize with Internet time servers

Save/Apply

Access Control

To access the **Access Control** windows, click the **Access Control** button in the **Management** directory.

This window allows you to change the password on the Router. When you are finished, click the **Save/Apply** button.

Passwords

Access Control Passwords				
Access to your broadband router is controlled through three user accounts: admin, support, and user.				
The user name "admin" has unrestricted access to change and view configuration of your Broadband Router.				
The user name "sup diagnostics.	port" is used to allow an ISF	P technician to access your Broadband Router for maintenance and to run		
The user name "user" can access the Broadband Router, view configuration settings and statistics, as well as, update the router's software.				
Use the fields below to enter up to 16 characters and click "Apply/Save" to change or create passwords. Note: Password cannot contain a space.				
User Name:				
Old Password:				
New Password:				
Confirm Password:				
		Apply/Save		

Update Software

To access the **Tools - Update Software** window, click the **Update Software** button in the **Management** directory.

This window allows you to update the Router's software.

Tools -- Update Software

Tools -- Update Software

Step 1: Obtain an updated software image file from your ISP.

Step 2: Enter the path to the image file location in the box below or click the "Browse" button to locate the image file.

Step 3: Click the "Update Software" button once to upload the new image file.

NOTE: The update process takes about 2 minutes to complete, and your DSL Router will reboot.

Software File Name: Browse...

Update Software

Reboot

To access this window, click the **Reboot** button in the **Management** directory.

To save your settings and reboot the system, click the **Reboot** button.



Troubleshooting

This chapter provides solutions to problems that might occur during the installation and operation of the DSL-2640U. Read the following descriptions if you are having problems. (The examples below are illustrated in Windows® XP. If you have a different operating system, the screenshots on your computer will look similar to the following examples.)

1. How do I configure my DSL-2640U Router without the CD-ROM?

- Connect your PC to the Router using an Ethernet cable.
- Open a web browser and enter the address http://192.168.1.1
- The default username is 'admin' and the default password is 'admin'.
- If you have changed the password and cannot remember it, you will need to reset the Router to the factory default setting (see question 2), which will set the password back to 'admin'.

Note: Please refer to the next section "Networking Basics" to check your PC's IP configuration if you can't see the login windows.

2. How do I reset my Router to the factory default settings?

- Ensure the Router is powered on.
- Press and hold the reset button on the back of the device for approximately 10 seconds.
- This process should take around 30~60 seconds.

3. What can I do if my Router is not working correctly?

There are a few quick steps you can take to try and resolve any issues:

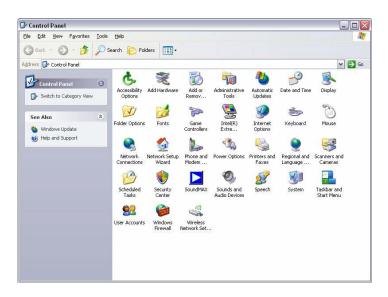
- Follow the directions in Question 2 to reset the Router.
- Check that all the cables are firmly connected at both ends.
- Check the LEDs on the front of the Router. The Power indicator should be on, the Status indicator should flash, and the DSL and LAN indicators should be on as well.
- Please ensure that the settings in the Web-based configuration manager, e.g. ISP username and password, are the same as the settings that have been provided by your ISP.

4. Why can't I get an Internet connection?

For ADSL ISP users, please contact your ISP to make sure the service has been enabled/connected by your ISP and that your ISP username and password are correct.

5. What can I do if my router can't be detected by running installation CD?

- Ensure the Router is powered on.
- Check that all the cables are firmly connected at both ends and all LEDs work correctly.
- Ensure only one network interface card on your PC is activated.
- Click on Start > Control Panel > Security Center to disable the setting of Firewall.





Note: There might be a potential security issue if you disable the setting of Firewall on your PC. Please remember to turn it back on once you have finished the whole installation procedure and can surf on Internet without any problem.

Networking Basics

Check Your IP Address

After you install your new D-Link adapter, by default, the TCP/IP settings should be set to obtain an IP address from a DHCP server (i.e. wireless router) automatically. To verify your IP address, please follow the steps below.

Click on **Start** > **Run**. In the run box type **cmd** and click on the **OK**.

At the prompt, type *ipconfig* and press **Enter**.

This will display the IP address, subnet mask, and the default gateway of your adapter.

If the address is 0.0.0.0, check your adapter installation, security settings, and the settings on your router. Some firewall software programs may block a DHCP request on newly installed adapters.

If you are connecting to a wireless network at a hotspot (e.g. hotel, coffee shop, airport), please contact an employee or administrator to verify their wireless network settings.

Statically Assign an IP Address

If your DHCP is disabled, or you need to assign a static IP address, please follow the steps below:

Step 1

Windows® XP - Click on Start > Control Panel > Network Connections.

Windows® 2000 - From the desktop, right-click on the My Network Places > Properties.

Step 2

Right-click on the Local Area Connection which represents your D-Link network adapter and select Properties.

Step 3

Highlight Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and click on the Properties.

Step 4

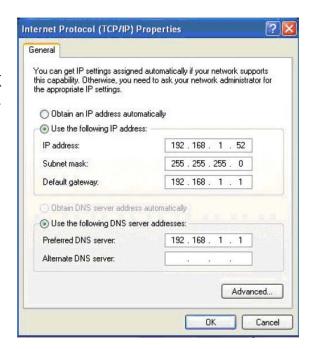
Click on the **Use the following IP address** and enter an IP address that is on the same subnet as your network or the LAN IP address on your router.

Example: If the router's LAN IP address is 192.168.1.1, make your IP address 192.168.1.X where X is a number between 2 and 99. Make sure that the number you choose is not in use on the network. Set Default Gateway the same as the LAN IP address of your router (192.168.1.1).

Set Primary DNS the same as the LAN IP address of your router (192.168.1.1). The Secondary DNS is not needed or you may enter a DNS server from your ISP.

Step 5

Click on the **OK** twice to save your settings.



Technical Specifications

ADSL Standards

- ANSI T1.413 Issue 2
- ITU G.992.1 (G.dmt) AnnexA
- ITU G.992.2 (G.lite) Annex A
- ITU G.994.1 (G.hs)

ADSL2 Standards

- ITU G.992.3 (G.dmt.bis) Annex A
- ITU G.992.4 (G.lite.bis) Annex A

ADSL2+ Standards

ITU G.992.5 Annex A/M

Protocols

- IEEE 802.1d Spanning Tree
- TCP/UDP
- ARP
- RARP
- ICMP
- RFC1058 RIP v1
- RFC1213 SNMP v1 & v2c
- RFC1334 PAP
- RFC1389 RIP v2
- RFC1577 Classical IP over ATM

- RFC1483/2684
 Multiprotocol
 Encapsulation over ATM
 Adaptation Layer 5 (AAL5)
- RFC1661 Point to Point Protocol
- RFC1994 CHAP
- RFC2131 DHCP Client / DHCP Server
- RFC2364 PPP over ATM
- RFC2516 PPP over Ethernet

Data Transfer Rate

- G.dmt full rate downstream: up to 8 Mbps / upstream: up to 1 Mbps
- G.lite: ADSL downstream up to 1.5 Mbps / upstream up to 512 Kbps
- G.dmt.bis full rate downstream: up to 12 Mbps / upstream: up to 1 Mbps
- ADSL full rate downstream: up to 24 Mbps / upstream: up to 1 Mbps

Wireless Transfer Rates

- IEEE 802.11n: 6.5, 13, 19.5, 26, 39, 52, 58.5,65,78,104,117,130 Mbps
- IEEE 802.11b: 11, 5.5, 2, and 1Mbps
- IEEE 802.11g: 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54Mbps

Media Interface

- ADSL interface: RJ-11 connector for connection to 24/26 AWG twisted pair telephone line
- LAN interface: RJ-45 port for 10/100BASE-T Ethernet connection

Certification:

- This device complies with Part15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following conditions:
 - (1) This device may not cause harmful interference.
 - (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Federal Communications Commission Statement

This device complies with FCC Rules Part 15. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- · Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

The use of a shielded-type power cord is required in order to meet FCC emission limits and to prevent interference to the nearby radio and television reception. It is essential that only the supplied power cord be used. Use only shielded cables to connect I/O devices to this equipment. You are cautioned that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void your authority to operate the equipment.

Note:

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the grantee of this device could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

RF exposure warning

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment must be installed and operated in accordance with provided instructions and the antenna(s) used for this transmitter must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20 cm from all persons and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter. End-users and installers must be provided with antenna installation instructions and transmitter operating conditions for satisfying RF exposure compliance.