

EnGenius®



EIR900

Wireless-N Dual Band Media Router with Security VPN Support
V1.0

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Conventions

The following conventions are used to give the user additional information about specific procedures or content. It is important to pay attention to these conventions as they provide information to prevent damage to equipment or personal injury.

General Conventions

The following general conventions are used in this document.



CAUTION!

CAUTIONS APPEAR BEFORE THE TEXT IT REFERENCES. CAUTIONS APPEAR IN CAPITAL LETTERS TO EMPHASIZE THAT THE MESSAGE CONTAINS VITAL HEALTH AND SAFETY INFORMATION.



WARNING!

Warning information appears before the text it references to emphasize that the content may prevent damage to the device or equipment.



Important:

Indicates information that is important to know for the proper completion of a procedure, choice of an option, or completing a task.

**Note:**

Indicates additional information that is relevant to the current process or procedure.

**Example:**

Indicates information used to demonstrate or explain an associated concept.

N/A:

Indicates that a component or a procedure is not applicable to this model.

Prerequisite:

Indicates a requirement that must be addressed before proceeding with the current function or procedure.

Typographical Conventions

The following typographical conventions are used in this document:

Italics

Indicates book titles, directory names, file names, path names, and program/process names.

`Constant width`

Indicates computer output shown on a computer screen, including menus, prompts, responses to input, and error messages.

`Constant width bold`

Indicates commands lines as entered on the computer. Variables contained within user input are shown in angle brackets (< >).

Bold

Indicates keyboard keys that are pressed by the user.

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Product Overview

1.1 Product Overview

The EIR900 combines wired and wireless network access with switching capabilities in a single, affordable device to help enable employees of small businesses like yours safely connect to the resources they need to be productive. It delivers highly secure broadband connectivity, high-speed wire-less networking, and remote access for multiple offices and remote workers.

Built for maximum flexibility, it delivers a comprehensive combination of business-class features and ease of use in a scalable solution that is priced for small businesses.

Virtual Private Network (VPN) and Enhanced Firewall Protection

Strong security features include a proven firewall with intrusion prevention, virtual private network (VPN) capabilities, and an optional service that helps block malicious websites and control web access to protect your business.

Unlike standard firewalls, which block incoming streams based only on the source or type of data, the intrusion prevention system scans deep, enabling it to detect and block most worms, Trojan horses, and denial-of-service attacks to help keep your business assets safe.

IP Security (IPsec) VPN capabilities built into the EIR900 enable your remote employees, whether working from home or on the road, to connect to your office network using nearly any VPN client to access files and transfer data as securely as if they were in the office.

Simultaneous Dual-Band with Advanced Wireless LAN Technology

Built for speed, the EIR900 delivers double the bandwidth so you can enjoy the wireless more smoothly, with less lag. Flexible, built-in support for up to 4 multiple service set identifiers (SSIDs) enables the creation separate virtual networks to allow secure guest access and improve traffic flow.

Sophisticated QoS prioritizes network traffic for demanding voice, video, and data applications. Wi-Fi Protected Setup™ helps make wireless configuration secure and simple

Built in Centralized FTP and SAMBA Services

EIR900 armed with two USB2.0 port to support SAMBA and FTP File Sharing Services. SAMBA service allows share files with multiple users within office networks without having any technology background, and sharing files by using FTP service with outbound colleagues anytime.

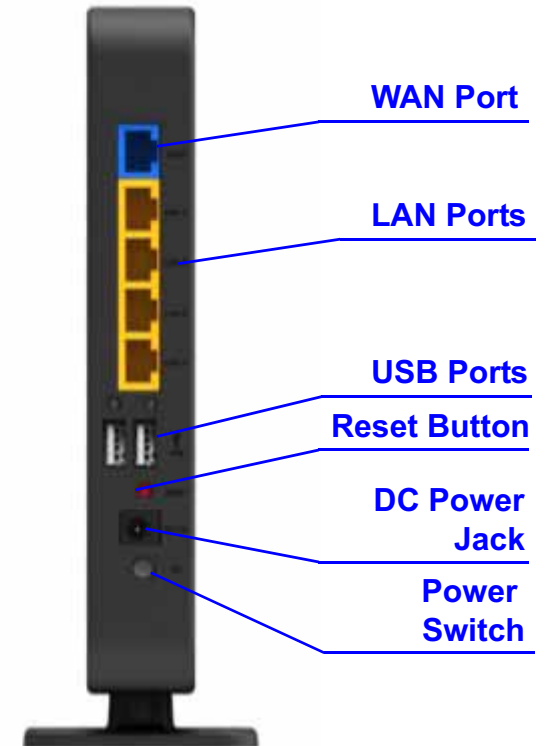
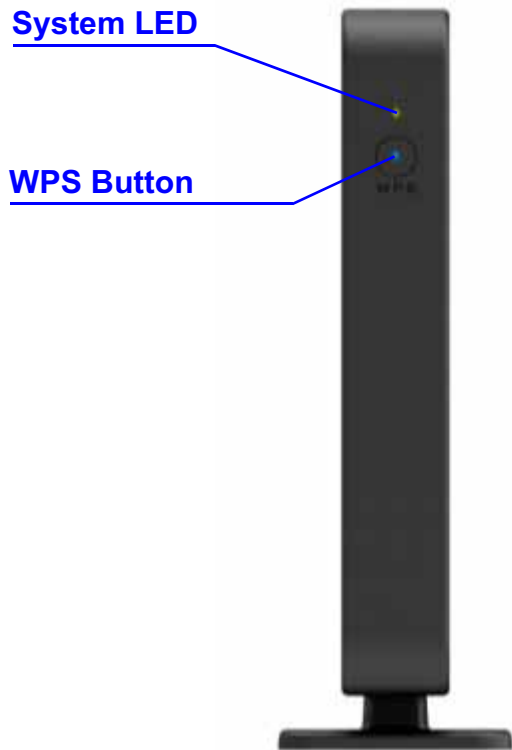
Features

- Dual Band Concurrent support 2.4GHz and 5GHz simultaneously.
- Gigabit Ethernet connections enable rapid transfer of large files.
- IPv6 support lets you employ future networking applications and operating systems without costly upgrades.
- Reliable business-class multifunction router that evolves with your business needs.
- Secure, high-speed wireless network access for small business.
- Built-in Storage Link and Media Servers, such as FTP/SAMBA/DLNA/iTunes.

1.2 Package Contents

| ITEM | QUANTITY |
|--------------------------|----------|
| EIR900 | 1 |
| 12V 3.3A Power Adapter | 1 |
| Quick Installation Guide | 1 |
| CD Manual | 1 |
| RJ-45 Ethernet Cable | 1 |
| Device Stand | 1 |
| Technical Support Guide | 1 |
| Rubber Feet | 4 |

1.3 Product Layout



| FRONT PANEL COMPONENTS | DESCRIPTION |
|------------------------|---|
| WPS Button | WiFi Protected Setup button To activate WPS, press button for at least 5 seconds. |
| System LED | Power status LED. |
| Power Switch | Turns the router on or off. |
| DC Power Jack | Connects the router to a DC power adapter source. |
| LAN Ports (1 – 4) | Connects up to four computers (4) to a local area network (LAN) using Ethernet cable. |
| WAN Port | Provides PPPoE, PPTP/L2TP, DHCP/Static IP connectivity to the router from a cable or DSL modem using an Ethernet cable. |
| USB Ports | Provides SAMBA/FTP/DLNA/iTunes on connected USB storage. |

Installation

2.1 System Requirements

To install the EIR900, you need the following:

- Computer (Windows, Linux and MAC OS X Operating Systems)
- Web Browser (Internet Explorer, FireFox, Chrome, Safari)
- Network Interface Card with an open RJ-45 Ethernet Port
- Wi-Fi Card or USB Wi-Fi Dongle (802.11 B/G/N)*
- External xDSL (ADSL) or Cable Modem with an open RJ-45 Ethernet Port
- RJ45 Ethernet Cables



Note:

*Optional

EnGenius Quick Start

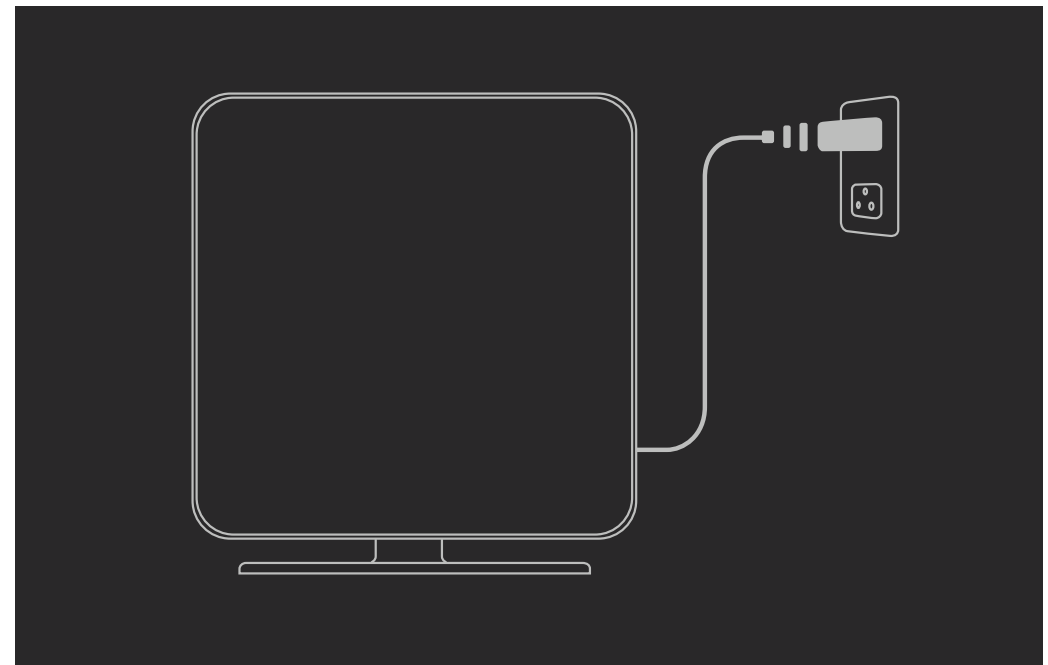
3.1 Connecting Network Cables



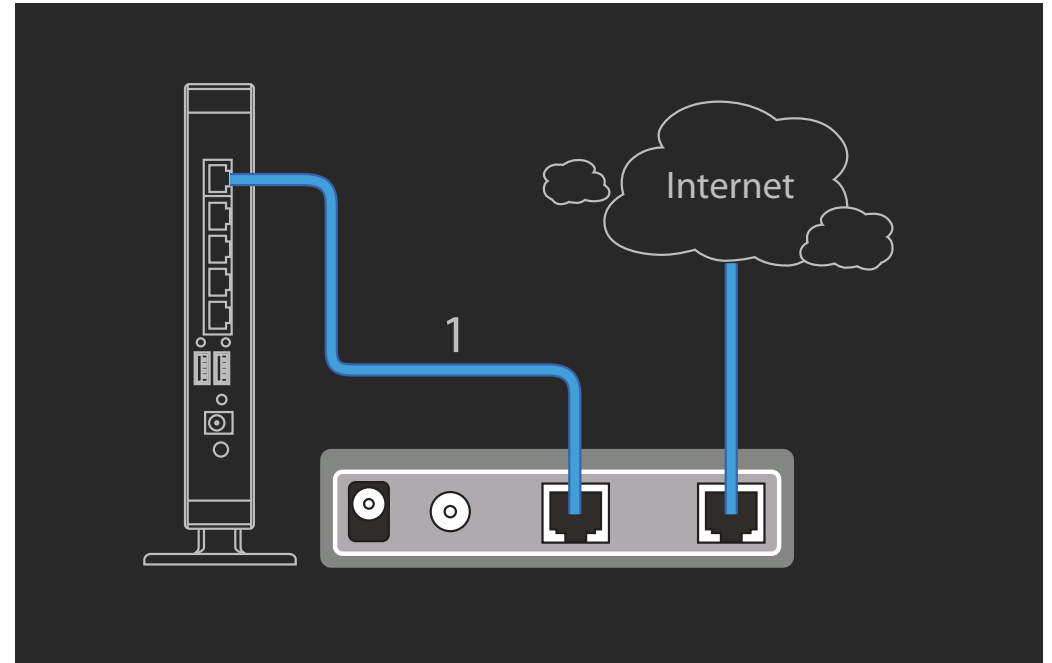
CAUTION!

UNPLUG ALL PERIPHERALS AND THE ROUTER'S ADAPTER BEFORE STARTING WITH THIS PROCEDURE.

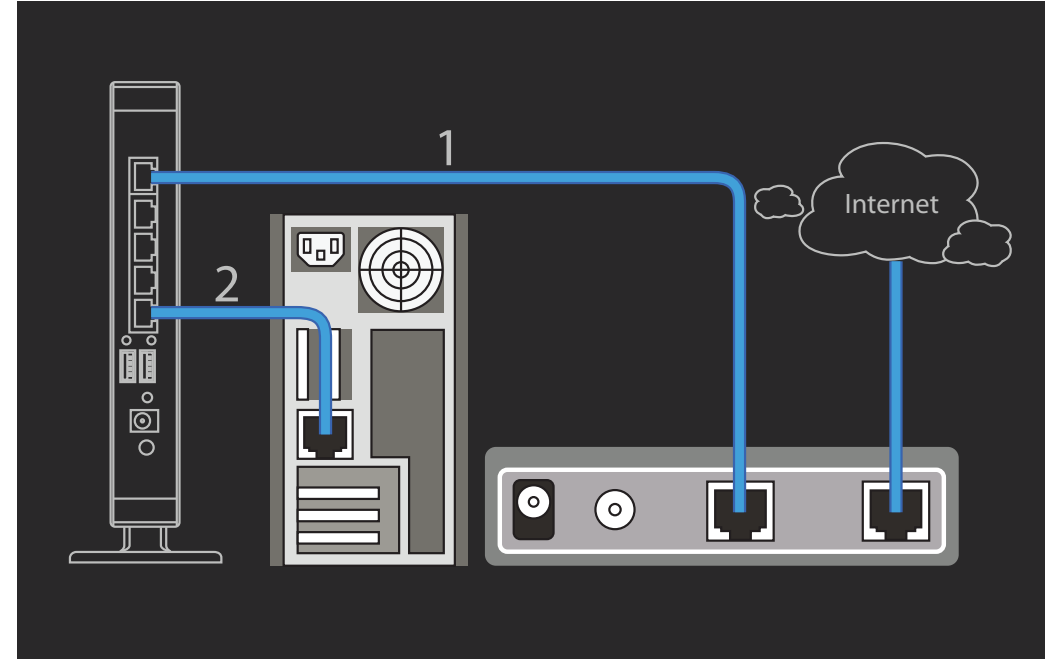
1. Connect the adapter cable to an electrical outlet.



2. Plug one end of the Ethernet cable (1) into the WAN port on the back panel of the router. Plug the other end of the cable into the cable or DSL modem.



3. Plug one end of an Ethernet cable (2) into the LAN port on the back panel of the router. Plug the other end of the cable into the Ethernet port of the computer.
4. Click **Next** to display the login screen. See *Logging In* for more details.

**Note:**

If the browser does not show the login screen, enter the default router IP address, `192.168.0.1`.

**Note:**

Make sure the network cable and power adapter are firmly connected.

3.2 Getting Started

**Note:**

Before getting started power off the cable or DSL modem.

Setup Notes

When considering the placement of the EIR900 remember the following:

- It must be located close to a DSL or Cable modem.
- It must be close to an electrical outlet.
- Upon first setup, it must be close to the computer that is used to set up and configure the router.
- For optimal wireless access place the router in the center of the room, at a high altitude and with an unobstructed view of the other wireless devices.
- Other electronic devices can interfere with the wireless frequency of the router and reduce the wireless access range.

Accessing the Firmware

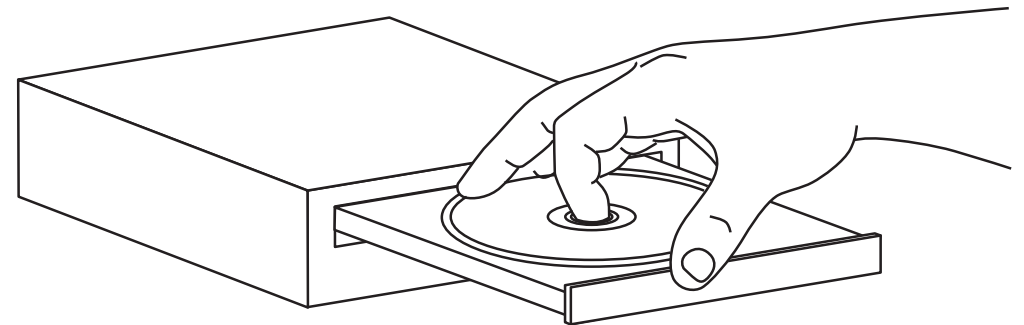
There are two ways to access the EIR900 configuration firmware: from a CD-ROM or a web browser.

Accessing the Firmware from a CD-ROM

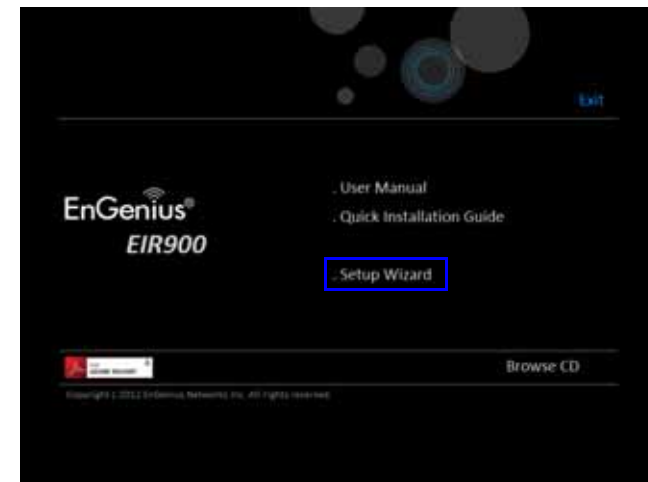
**Note:**

If the instructions do not automatically start, open a file manager and browse the root folder of the CD-ROM. Look for the file named *index.html* and open it.

1. Insert the EIR900 setup CD into the CD-ROM drive.



2. Click Setup Wizard. The wizard will guide you through setting up your EIR900.



Accessing the Firmware from a Web Browser

1. Open a web browser.
2. Enter `192.168.0.1` in a web browser URL bar to access the default login screen.



Logging In

Note:

The default user name is `admin` and the default password is `admin`.

1. At the login screen enter a user name and a password.
2. Click `Login` to continue.

If the login is successful, the main screen, or dashboard, is displayed. See *Viewing the Dash Board* for a detailed explanation of the main screen.



Web Configuration

4.1 Viewing the Dash Board

The main screen, or dashboard, provides access to the router's main services.

The screenshot shows the EnGenius router dashboard. The top navigation bar includes icons for Home, Logout, Language, and Network Settings. The main content area is divided into three columns: a left column with system information, a middle 'Status' column with WAN and Wireless status, and a right 'Device List' column. A bottom navigation bar contains 'Map', 'Wizard', and 'Parental Control' buttons. Callouts with blue lines point from text labels to these specific elements.

| | |
|---------------------|--------------------|
| Application Version | 1.0.0 |
| Hardware Version | 1.0.0 |
| Serial Number | 000000486 |
| MAC Address | 00:02:6F:C7:EB:91 |
| Attain IP Protocol | Dynamic IP Address |
| IP Address | --- |
| Subnet Mask | --- |
| Default Gateway | --- |
| Wireless 2.4GHz : | |
| SSID_1 | EnGeniusC7EB8F |
| Security Type | Disable |
| Wireless 5GHz : | |
| SSID_1 | EnGeniusC7EB80 |
| Security Type | Disable |

Home
Setup Wizard
Logout
Language
Network Settings
Map
Wizard
Parental Control

Start the setup wizard.
View router information and connection status
Set parental control settings.

Services

The `Home`, `Setup Wizard`, `Network Settings`, `Language` and `Logout` links are the main service areas.

Home

The `Home` link displays the dashboard screen.

Setup Wizard

The `Setup Wizard` link starts the wizard that automatically configures the router. See *Detecting the Internet Connection Type*.

Network Settings

The `Network Settings` link displays the menus to manually configure the router. See *Web Menus Overview*.

Language

The `Language` link displays the menu to set the OSD language. See *Configuring Languages*.

Logout

The `Logout` link closes the router configuration software.

4.2 Web Menus Overview

System

View and edit settings that affect system functionality.

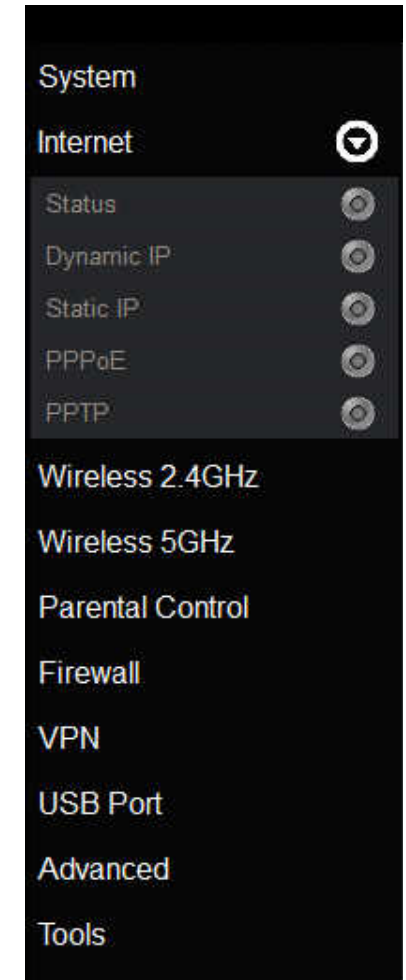
- **Status** Display the summary of the current system status.
- **LAN** Configure the wired network.
- **DHCP** Configure dynamically allocated IP addresses.
- **Log** View recorded system operations and network activity events.
- **Monitor** View the current network traffic bandwidth usage.
- **Language** Configure the application menu and GUI language.



Internet

View and edit settings that affect network connectivity.

- **Status** Display the summary of the Internet status and type of connection.
- **Dynamic IP** Setup a dynamic IP connection to an Internet service provider (ISP).
- **Static IP** Setup a static IP connection to an ISP.
- **PPPoE** Setup a PPPoE connection to an ISP.
- **PPTP** Setup a PPTP connection to an ISP.



Wireless 2.4GHz

View and edit settings for 2.4GHz wireless network connectivity.

- **Basic** Configure the minimum settings required to setup a wireless network connection.
- **Advanced** Configure the advanced network settings.
- **Security** Configure the wireless network security settings.
- **Filter** Configure a list of clients that are allowed to wirelessly connect to the network.
- **WPS** Automate the connection between the a wireless device and the router using an 8-digit PIN.
- **Client List** View the 2.4GHz wireless devices currently connected to the network.



Wireless 5GHz

View and edit settings for 5GHz wireless network connectivity.

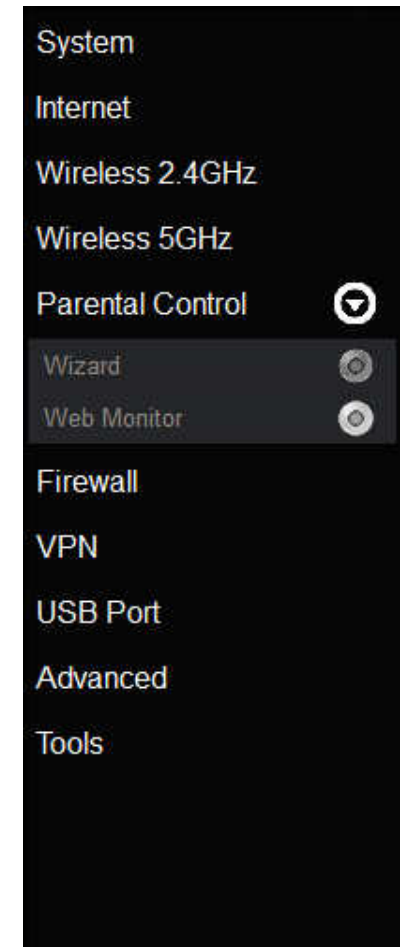
- **Basic** Configure the minimum settings required to setup a wireless network connection.
- **Advanced** Configure the advanced network settings.
- **Security** Configure the wireless network security settings.
- **Filter** Configure a list of clients that are allowed to wirelessly connect to the network.
- **WPS** Automate the connection between the a wireless device and the router using an 8-digit PIN.
- **Client List** View the 5GHz wireless devices currently connected to the network.



Parental Control

View and configure settings for parental control policies.

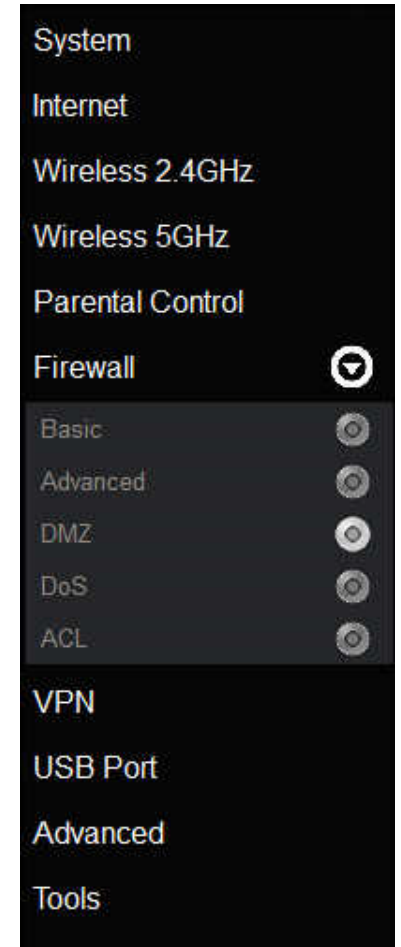
- **Wizard** Automatically configure access to the LAN and WAN.
- **Web Monitor** Monitor and filter access to specified URLs.



Firewall

View and configure settings for firewall rule sets.

- **Basic** Enable or disable the network firewall.
- **Advanced** Configure virtual private network (VPN) packets.
- **DMZ** Redirect packets from the WAN port IP address to a particular IP address on the LAN.
- **DoS** Enable or disable blocking of denial of service (DoS) attacks.
- **ACL** Create access control lists to specified URLs.



Virtual Private Network

View and configure settings for VPN tunnelling.

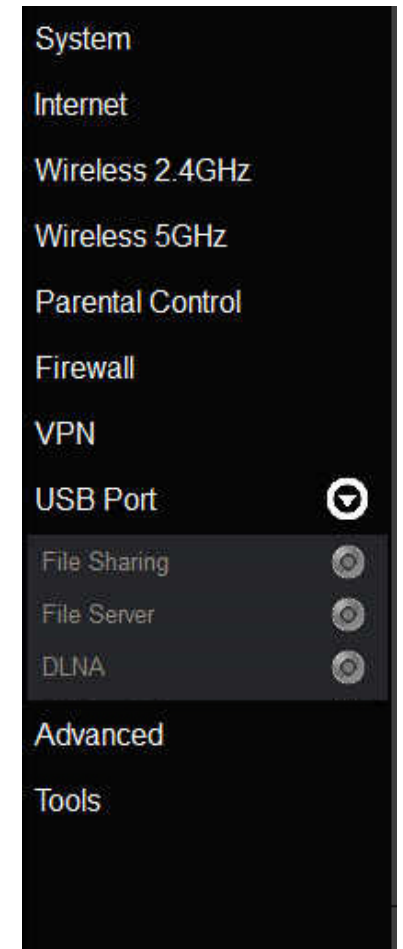
- **Status** View the status of current VPN tunnels.
- **Profile Setting** Manually configure VPN tunnels.
- **User Setting** Configure users, user ID and password combinations, and assign access to specific VPN tunnels.
- **Wizard** Automatically configure VPN tunnels with guidance from the software.



USB Port

View and configure settings for USB ports.

- **File Sharing** Enable or disable the file sharing service.
- **File Server** Enable and configure an FTP server.
- **DLNA** Enable and configure a DLNA media server.



Advanced

View and configure advanced system and network settings.

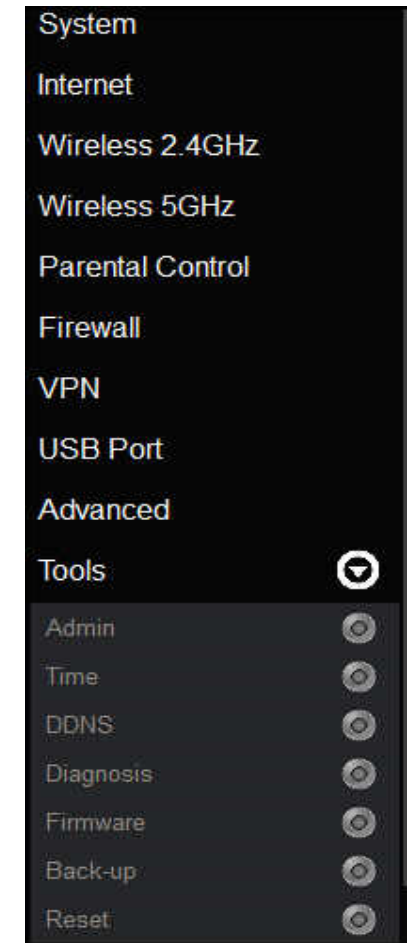
- **NAT** Enable or disable Network Address Translation (NAT).
- **Port Mapping** Re-direct a range of service port numbers to a specified LAN IP address.
- **Port Forwarding** Configure server applications to send and receive data from specific ports on the network.
- **Port Triggering** Configure applications that require multiple connections and different inbound and outbound connections.
- **ALG** Configure the application layer gateway (ALG).
- **UPnP** Enable or disable Universal Plug and Play (UPnP) functionality.
- **IGMP** Enable or disable the Internet Group Multicast Protocol (IGMP).
- **QoS** Configure the network quality of service (QoS) setting by prioritizing the uplink and downlink bandwidth.
- **Routing** Configure static routing.
- **WOL** Configure wake on LAN (WOL) to turn on a computer over the network.



Tools

View and configure system and network tools settings.

- **Admin** Configure the administrator password used to login to the router.
- **Time** Configure the system time on the router.
- **DDNS** Map a static domain name to a dynamic IP address.
- **Diagnosis** Check if a specific computer is connected to the LAN.
- **Firmware** Update the router's firmware.
- **Backup** Load or save configuration settings from a backup file or restore the factory default settings.
- **Reset** Manually reset the router.



Installation Setup Wizard

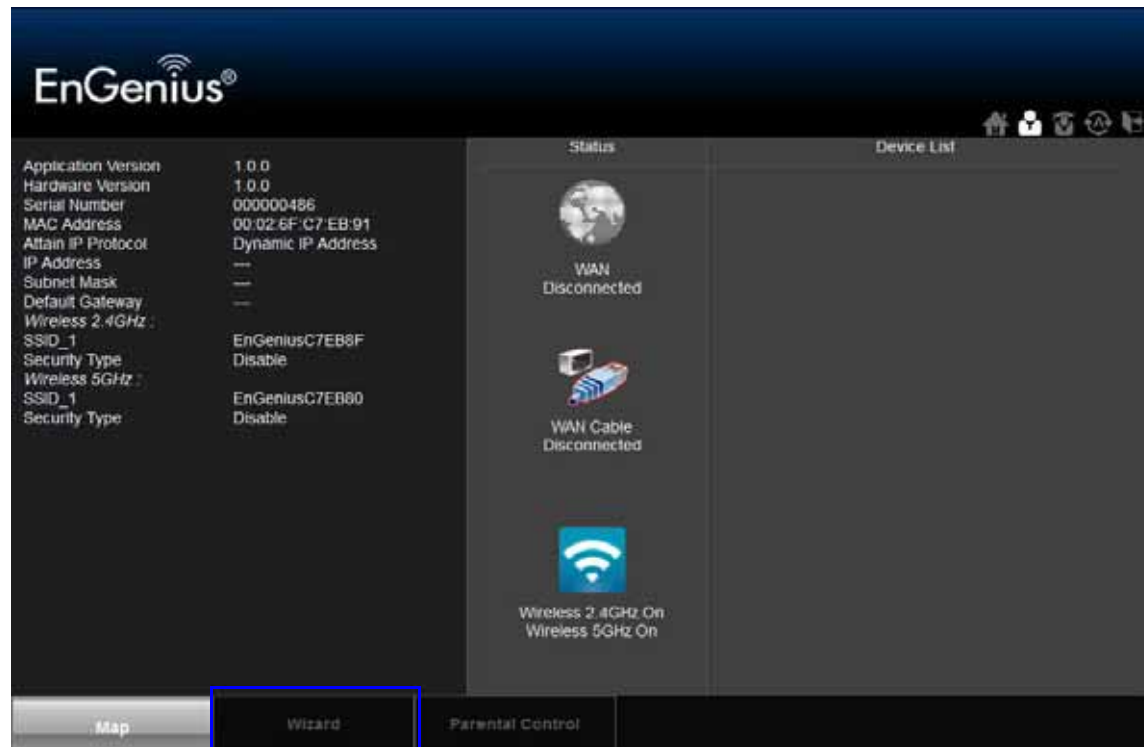
5.1 Detecting the Internet Connection Type

Use the Wizard to automatically detect the type of Internet connection.

**Note:**

See *Logging In* for details on how to view the dashboard.

1. Click `Wizard` to start the detection process.



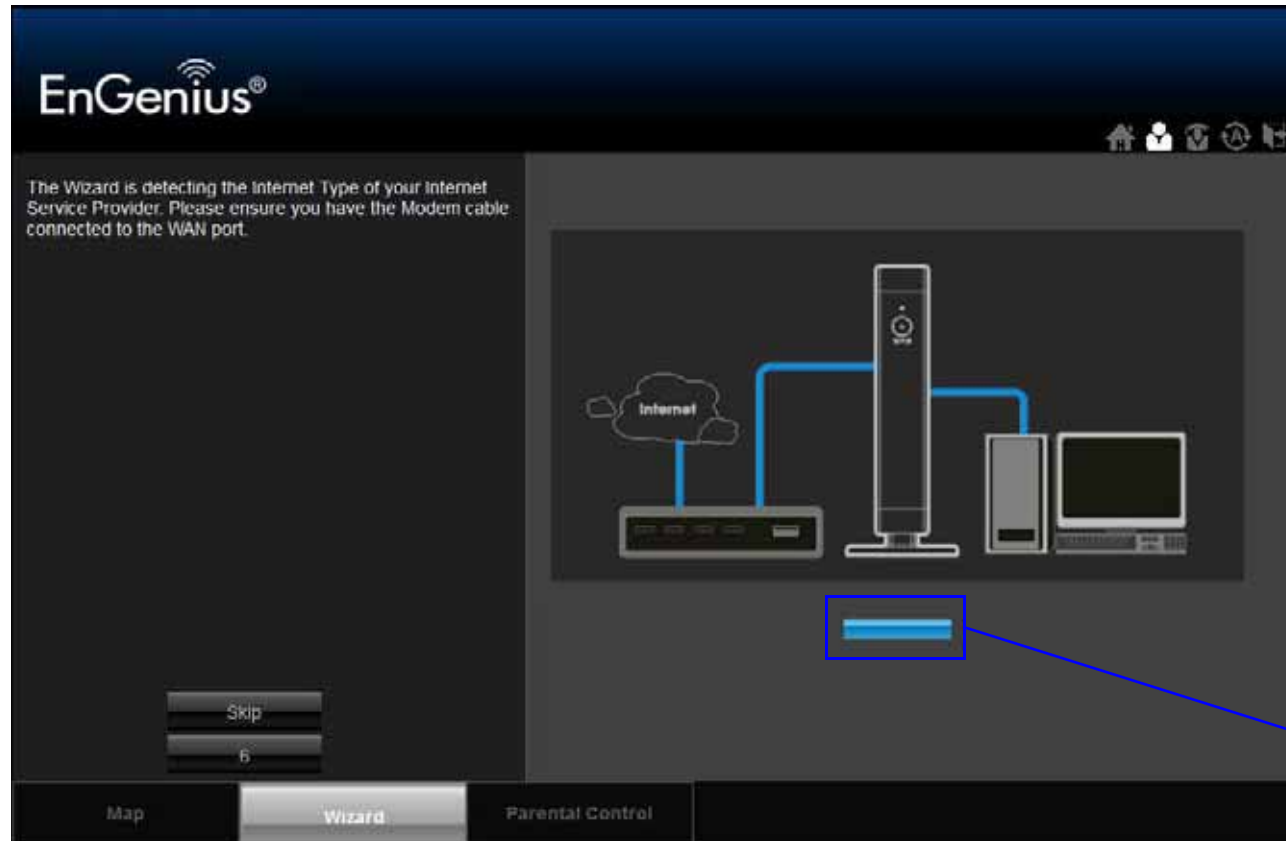
2. Click **Next** to continue or **Cancel** to cancel the wizard.



3. The Wizard displays a progress bar while detecting the type of Internet connection.

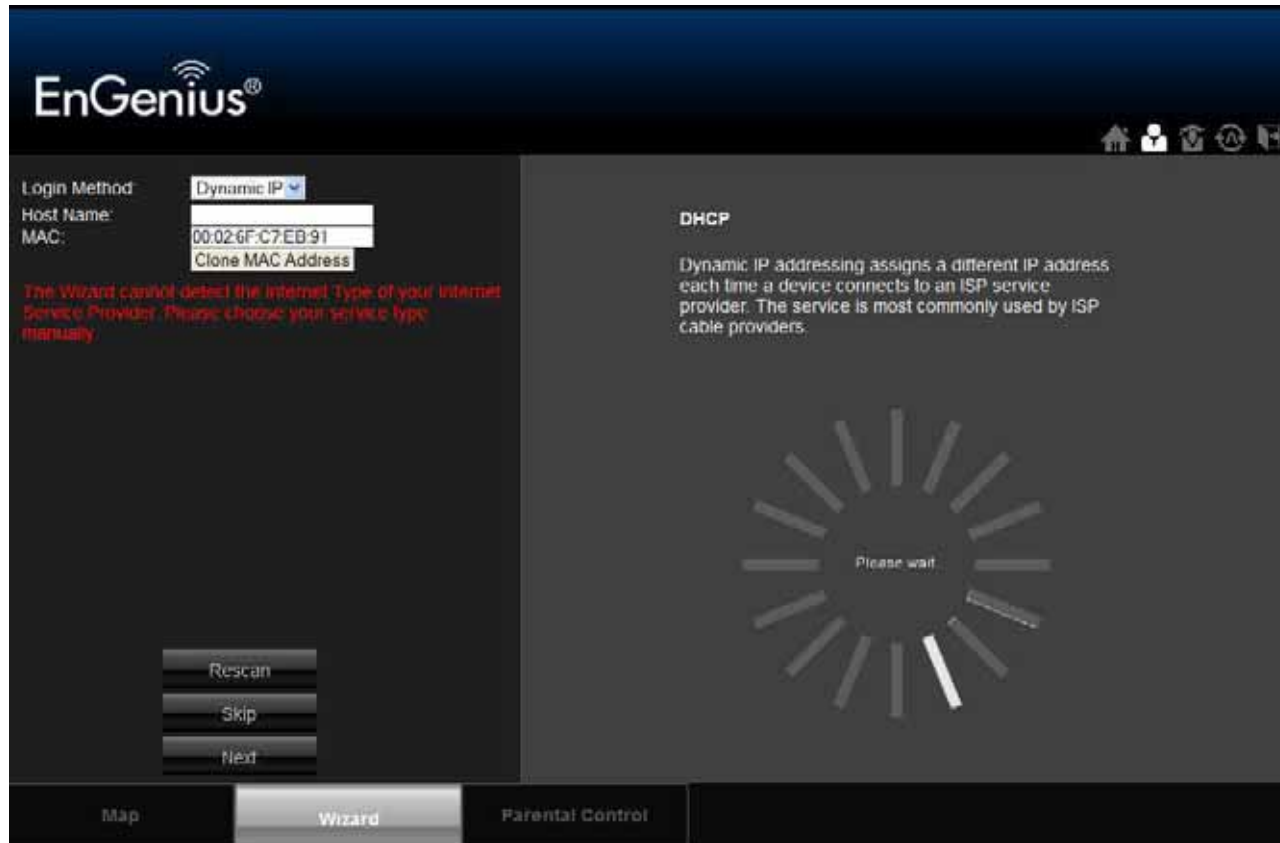
**Note:**

This process may take several seconds.



Progress Bar

4. If the EIR900 can not detect the type of Internet connection, the following screen is displayed.



5. Select a login method from the dropdown list.

6. Fill in the required information.



Note:

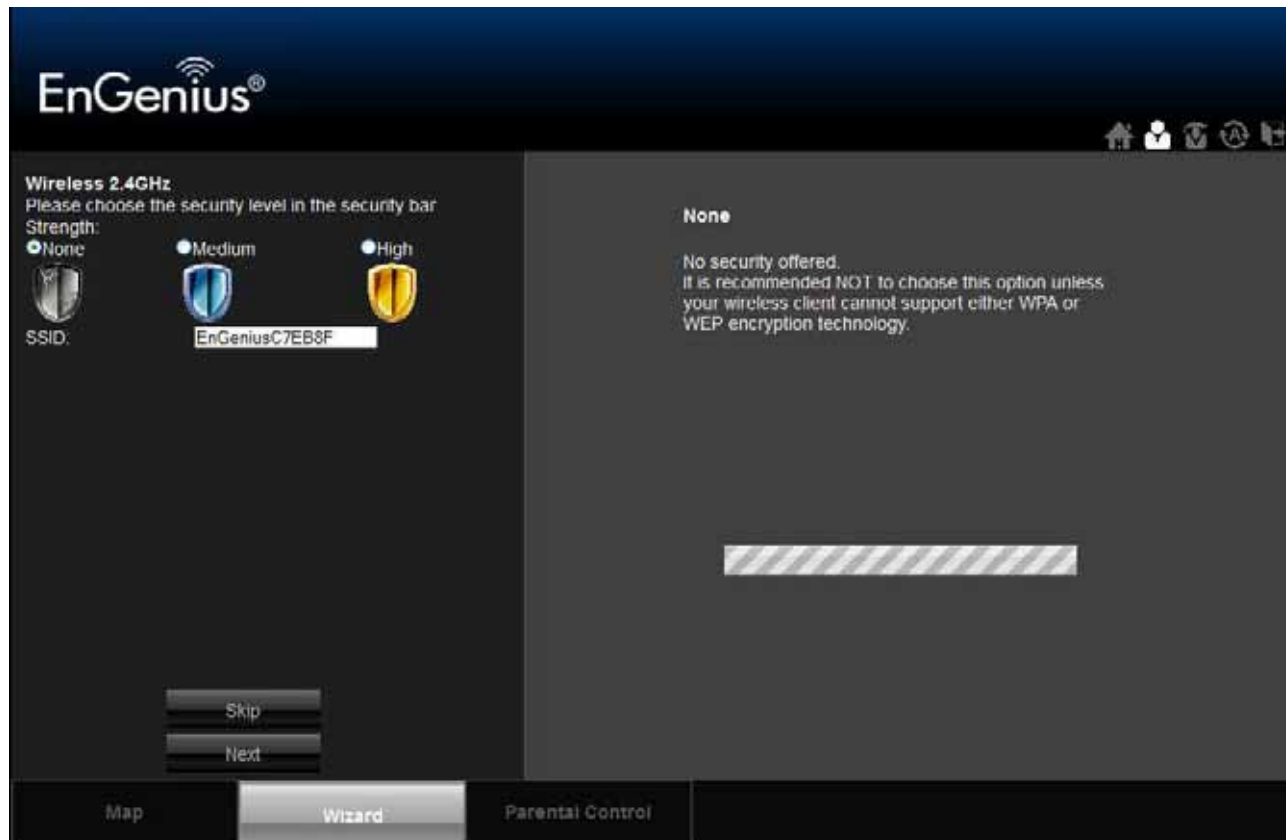
There are four methods available to connect to the Internet: DHCP, Static IP, PPPoE and PPTP. For a description of each method, refer to *Link Layers*. For configuration instructions, refer to *Configuring Dynamic IP*, *Configuring Static IP*, *Configuring PPPoE* or *Configuring PPTP*.

7. Click `Next` to save these settings and continue to the next step; click `Rescan` to detect the Internet connection method; click `Skip` to discard changes and continue to the next step.

- For the Wireless 2.4GHz connection, in the SSID text field enter a router name and in the Key text field enter a password.

**WARNING!**

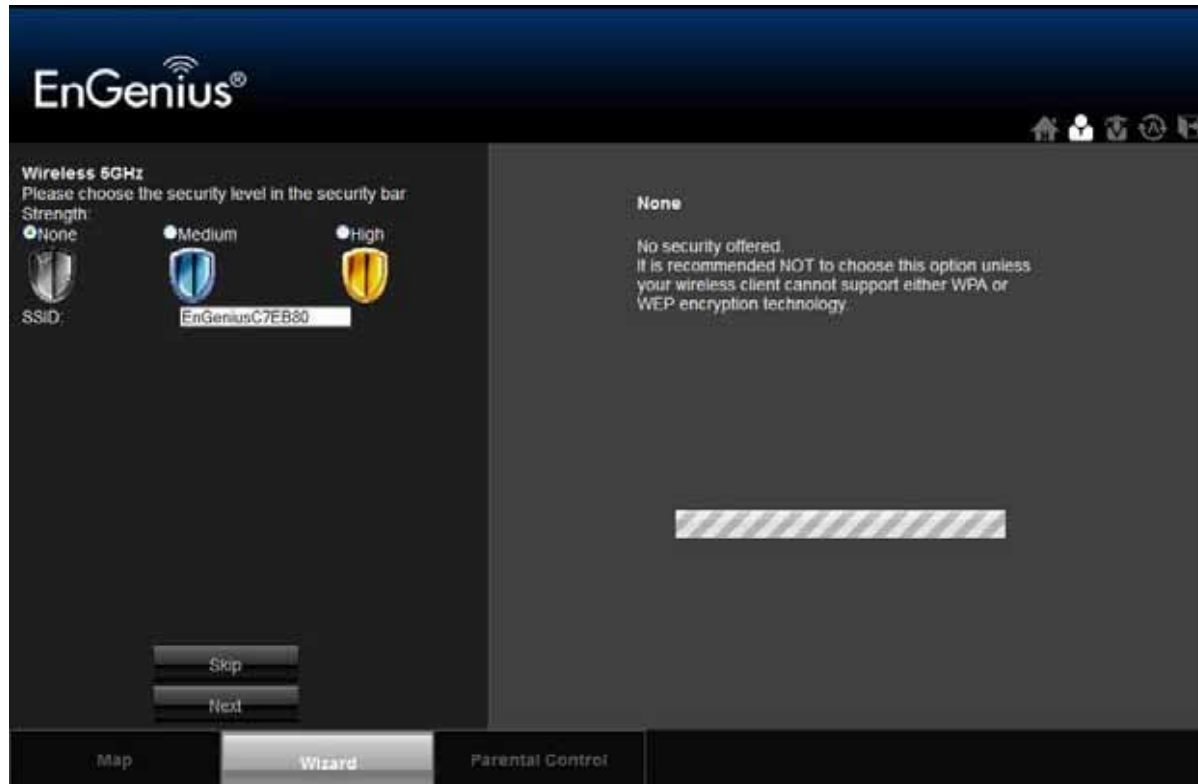
Select **High** as the security level to best secure the wireless network.



9. For the Wireless 5GHz connection, in the SSID text field enter a router name and in the Key text field enter a password.

**WARNING!**

Select `High` as the security level to best secure the wireless network.



10. Click `Next` to save these settings or click `Skip` to discard changes and continue to the next step.

11. Review the settings.



12. Click `Apply` to save the information entered in the previous steps.

The EIR900 setup is complete.

Basic Network Settings

6.1 System Setup

6.1.1 Viewing System Status

The status page shows the summary of the current system status including system (hardware/software version, date/time), Internet connection (WAN), wired network (LAN) and wireless network (WLAN) information.

System

- **Model** The model name of the EIR900.
- **Mode** The router's operating mode (AP / Router / WDS).
- **Uptime** The amount of time the device has been active.
- **Current Date/Time** The current system date and time.
- **Hardware Version** The hardware version number of the EIR900.
- **Serial Number** The serial number of the EIR900. The serial number is required for customer service or support.
- **Application Version** The firmware version number of the EIR900.

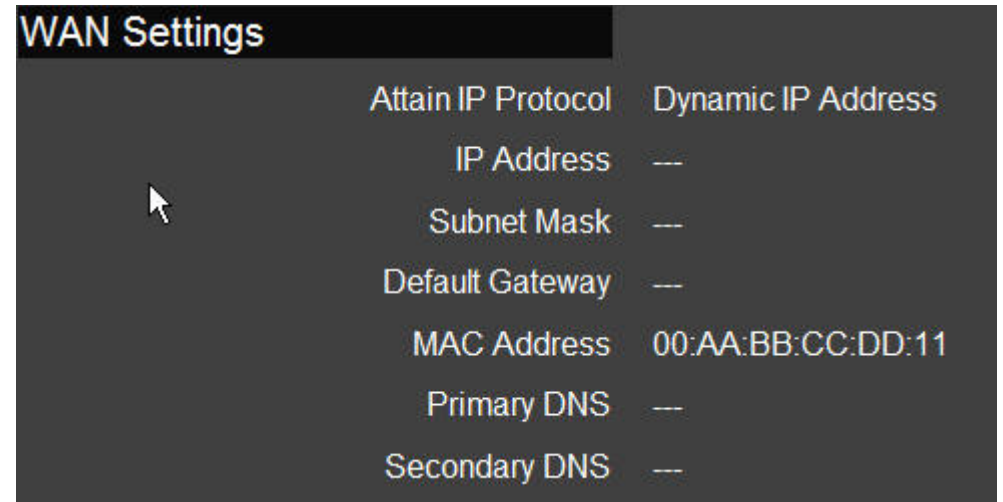
Note:

To update the firmware visit www.engeniusnetworks.com.

| System | |
|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| Model | Wireless Gigabit Dualband Router |
| Mode | AP Router |
| Uptime | 17 min 22 sec |
| Current Date/Time | 2011/01/01 00:18:19 |
| Hardware Version | 1.0.0 |
| Serial Number | 000000001 |
| Application Version | 1.0.0 |

WAN Settings

- **Attain IP Protocol** Displays the IP protocol in use for the EIR900. It can be a dynamic or static IP address.
- **IP Address** The router's IP address as designated by an ISP provider.
- **Subnet Mask** The router's WAN subnet mask as designated by an ISP provider.
- **Default Gateway** The router's gateway address as designated by an ISP provider.
- **MAC Address** The router's WAN MAC address. The router's MAC address is located on the label on the back side of the router.
- **Primary DNS** The primary DNS of an ISP provider.
- **Secondary DNS** The secondary DNS of an ISP provider.

A screenshot of a router's configuration interface showing the 'WAN Settings' menu. The menu is dark grey with white text. A mouse cursor is pointing at the 'Attain IP Protocol' option. The settings are as follows:

| WAN Settings | |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| Attain IP Protocol | Dynamic IP Address |
| IP Address | --- |
| Subnet Mask | --- |
| Default Gateway | --- |
| MAC Address | 00:AA:BB:CC:DD:11 |
| Primary DNS | --- |
| Secondary DNS | --- |

LAN Settings

- **IP Address** The router's local IP address. The default LAN IP address is **192.168.0.1**.
- **Subnet Mask** The router's local subnet mask.
- **DHCP Server:** The DHCP setting status (Default: **Enabled**).
- **MAC Address** The router's LAN MAC address.

| LAN Settings | | |
|--------------|--|-------------------|
| IP Address | | 192.168.1.220 |
| Subnet Mask | | 255.255.255.0 |
| DHCP Server | | Enabled |
| MAC Address | | 00:00:00:9A:C0:64 |

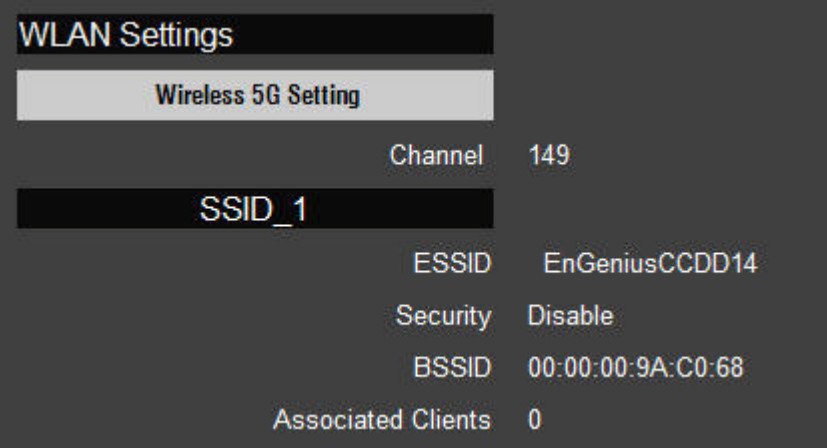
Wireless 2.4GHz Setting

- **Channel** The communications channel used by all stations, or computing devices, on the network.
- **ESSID** The ID value of a set of one or more interconnected basic service sets (BSSs).
- **Security** The security setting status (Default: **Disabled**).
- **BSSID** The unique ID of the BSS using the above channel value on this router. The ID is the MAC address of the BSSs access point.
- **Associated Clients** The number of clients associated with this SSID.

| WLAN Settings | | |
|-----------------------|--|-------------------|
| Wireless 2.4G Setting | | |
| Channel | | 11 |
| SSID_1 | | |
| ESSID | | EnGeniusCCDD10 |
| Security | | Disable |
| BSSID | | 00:00:00:9A:C0:64 |
| Associated Clients | | 0 |

Wireless 5GHz Setting

- **Channel** The communications channel used by all stations, or computing devices, on the network.
- **ESSID** The ID value of a set of one or more interconnected basic service sets (BSSs).
- **Security** The security setting status (Default: **Disabled**).
- **BSSID** The unique ID of the BSS using the above channel value on this router. The ID is the MAC address of the BSSs access point.
- **Associated Clients** The number of clients associated with this SSID.



The screenshot displays the 'WLAN Settings' interface. Under the 'Wireless 5G Setting' section, the SSID is 'SSID_1'. The settings for this SSID are as follows:

| | |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| Channel | 149 |
| ESSID | EnGeniusCCDD14 |
| Security | Disable |
| BSSID | 00:00:00:9A:C0:68 |
| Associated Clients | 0 |

6.1.2 Configuring LAN

Configure the wired network settings in the LAN section. The router's IP is defined in the `IP Address` field. The default setting of the DHCP server is set to enabled so that network clients can be automatically assigned a virtual IP addresses. Advanced users may configure DNS server settings to meet specific requirements. Changing the settings in this section are not necessary for most situations.

**Note:**

Keep the default values if you are uncertain of the settings values.

LAN IP

IP Address Configure the router's LAN IP address.

IP Subnet Mask Configure the router's LAN Subnet Mask

802.1d Spanning Tree The 802.1d Spanning Tree settings is disabled by default. When enabled, the spanning tree protocol is applied to prevent network loops (transmissions won't pass the same node twice to reach the destination).

| LAN IP | |
|----------------------|--|
| IP Address | <input type="text" value="192.168.1.220"/> |
| IP Subnet Mask | <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/> |
| 802.1d Spanning Tree | <input type="text" value="Disabled"/> ▾ |

DHCP Server

The DHCP server assigns IP addresses to the devices on the LAN.

DHCP Server Enable or disable the DHCP server (Default: **Enabled**).

Lease Time Configure the amount of time each allocated IP address can be used by a client.

Start IP The first IP address in the range of addresses assigned by the router.

End IP The last IP address in the range of addresses assigned by the router.

Domain Name: The domain name of the router.

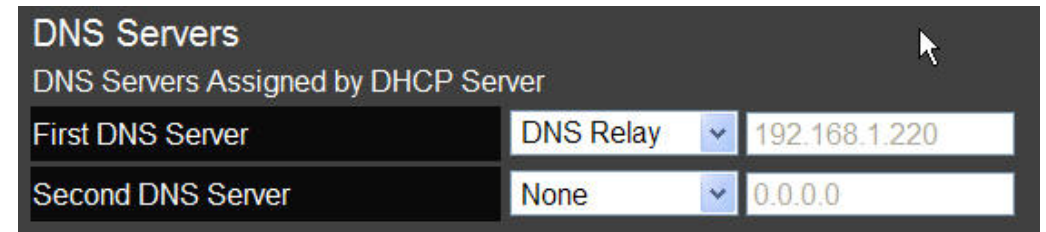
| DHCP Server | |
|-------------|--|
| DHCP Server | Enabled <input type="button" value="v"/> |
| Lease Time | Forever <input type="button" value="v"/> |
| Start IP | 192.168.1.100 |
| End IP | 192.168.1.200 |
| Domain Name | esr-750h |

DNS Server

The domain name system (DNS) server translates a domain or website name into a uniform resource locator (URL), or Internet address. There are four options to choose from: From ISP, User-Defined, DNS Relay or None. Select `From ISP` to retrieve the DNS address value from the ISP; select `User-Defined` to assign a custom DNS server address; select `DNS Relay` to forward all queries to a relay, which in turn sends them to an ISP's DNS server; select `None` to assign no server.

First DNS Server Configure the first, or primary, DNS server. (Default = **DNS Relay**)

Second DNS Server Configure the second, or secondary, DNS server. (Default = **None**)



The screenshot shows a window titled "DNS Servers" with the subtitle "DNS Servers Assigned by DHCP Server". It contains two rows of configuration:

| Server | Option | Address |
|-------------------|-----------|---------------|
| First DNS Server | DNS Relay | 192.168.1.220 |
| Second DNS Server | None | 0.0.0.0 |

Click `Apply` to save the settings.



6.1.3 Configuring DHCP

View active dynamically allocated IP (DHCP) addresses and configure and view static DHCP IP addresses.

**WARNING!**

Do not modify the settings in this section without a thorough understanding of the parameters.

DHCP Client Table

Displays the connected DHCP clients whose IP addresses are assigned by the DHCP server on the LAN.

Click `Refresh` to update the table.

| DHCP Client Table | | |
|-------------------|-------------|-----------------|
| IP Address | MAC Address | Expiration Time |
| No DHCP. | | |

Refresh

Enable Static DHCP IP

Click `Enable Static DHCP IP` to add more static DHCP IP addresses.

Click `Reset` to return the table to its previous state.

| IP Address | MAC Address |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> |

Buttons: Add, Reset

Current Static DHCP Table

Active static DHCP addresses are listed along with the associated MAC addresses.

Click `Delete Selected` to remove a selected address.

Click `Delete All` to remove all addresses from the table.

Click `Reset` to return the table to its previous state.

Click `Apply` to save the settings.

| No. | IP Address | MAC Address | Select |
|-----|------------|-------------|--------|
|-----|------------|-------------|--------|

Buttons: Delete Selected, Delete All, Reset, Apply, Cancel

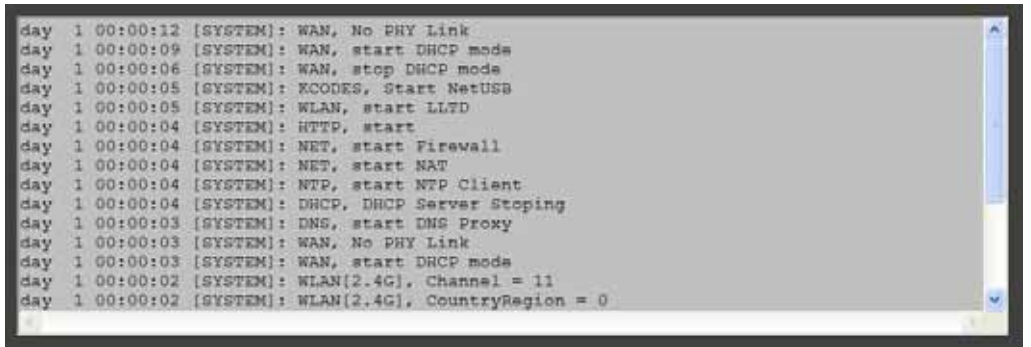
Buttons: Apply, Cancel

6.1.4 Configuring Logging

The logging service records and displays important system information and activity on the network. The events are stored in a memory buffer with older data overwritten by newer when the buffer is full.

Log Message List

Shows the current system operations and network activity.



```
day 1 00:00:12 [SYSTEM]: WAN, No PHY Link
day 1 00:00:09 [SYSTEM]: WAN, start DHCP mode
day 1 00:00:06 [SYSTEM]: WAN, stop DHCP mode
day 1 00:00:05 [SYSTEM]: KCODES, Start NetUSB
day 1 00:00:05 [SYSTEM]: WLAN, start LLTD
day 1 00:00:04 [SYSTEM]: HTTP, start
day 1 00:00:04 [SYSTEM]: NET, start Firewall
day 1 00:00:04 [SYSTEM]: NET, start NAT
day 1 00:00:04 [SYSTEM]: NTP, start NTP Client
day 1 00:00:04 [SYSTEM]: DHCP, DHCP Server Stopping
day 1 00:00:03 [SYSTEM]: DNS, start DNS Proxy
day 1 00:00:03 [SYSTEM]: WAN, No PHY Link
day 1 00:00:03 [SYSTEM]: WAN, start DRCP mode
day 1 00:00:02 [SYSTEM]: WLAN[2.4G], Channel = 11
day 1 00:00:02 [SYSTEM]: WLAN[2.4G], CountryRegion = 0
```

Click **Save** to store data to a log file.

Click **Clear** to empty the log file.

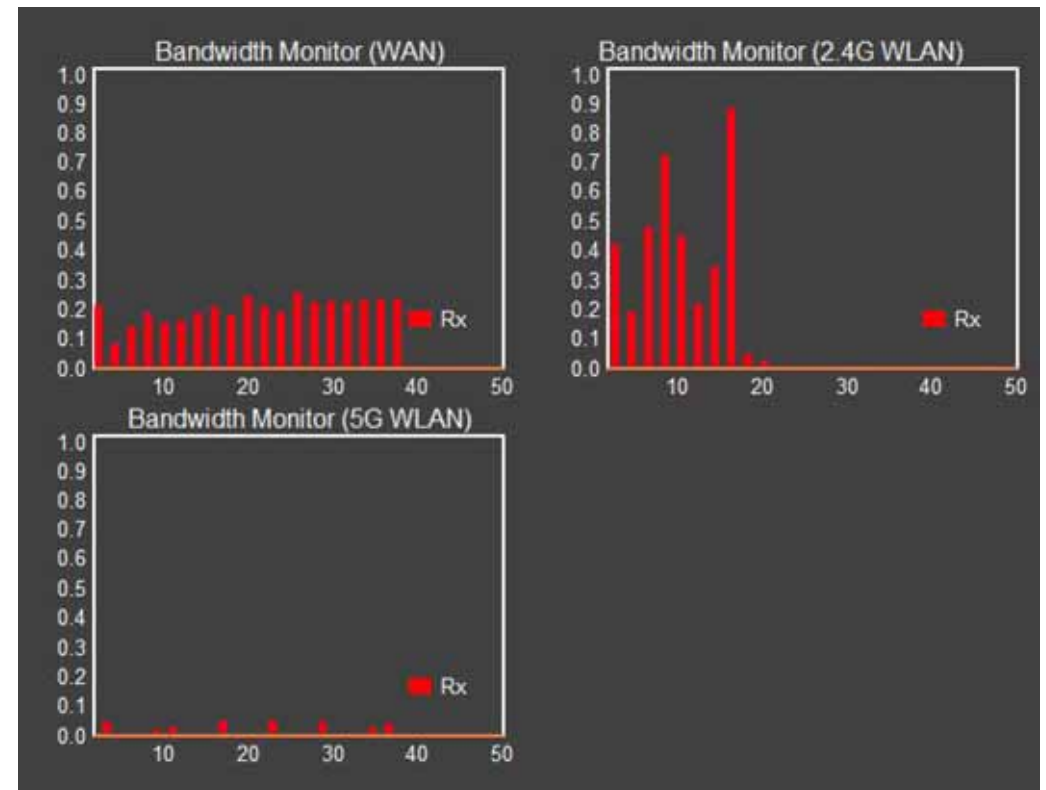
Click **Refresh** to empty the log file and begin updating it with new data.



6.1.5 Monitoring Bandwidth Usage

View bandwidth usage for LAN and WLAN traffic.

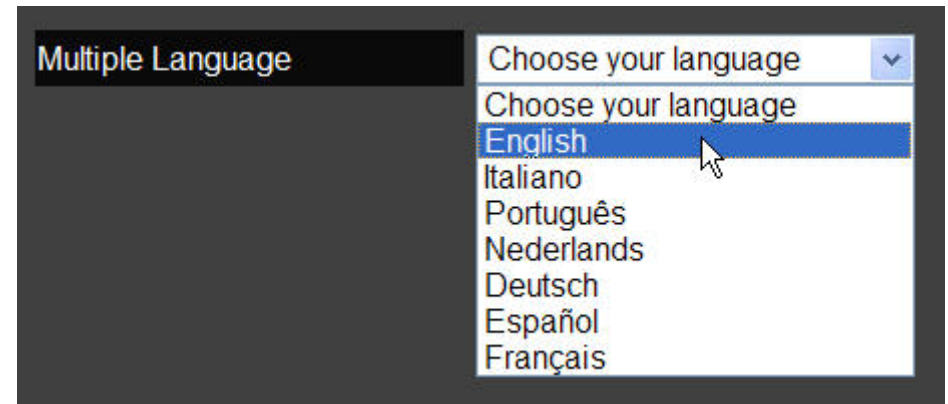
Displays the bandwidth usage for the WLAN and LAN networks.



6.1.6 Configuring Languages

The router supports multiple languages for using the graphical user interface (GUI).

Select the language to use from the dropdown list.



6.2 Configuring WAN Settings

6.2.1 View WAN Status

The WAN Settings, or Internet Status, page shows a summary of the current Internet connection information. This section is also shown on the System Status page.

WAN Settings

- **Attain IP Protocol** Display the IP Protocol type used for the EIR900 (**Dynamic IP Address** or **Static IP Address**).
- **IP Address** The router's WAN IP address.
- **Subnet Mask** The router's WAN subnet mask.
- **Default Gateway** The ISP's gateway IP address.
- **MAC Address** The router's WAN MAC address. The router's MAC address is located on the label on the back side of the router.
- **Primary DNS** The primary DNS address of an ISP provider.
- **Secondary DNS:** The secondary DNS address of an ISP provider.

| WAN Settings | |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| Attain IP Protocol | Dynamic IP Address |
| IP Address | --- |
| Subnet Mask | --- |
| Default Gateway | --- |
| MAC Address | 00:AA:BB:CC:DD:11 |
| Primary DNS | --- |
| Secondary DNS | --- |

6.2.2 Configuring Dynamic IP

Dynamic IP addressing assigns a different IP address each time a device connects to an ISP service provider. The service is most commonly used by ISP cable providers.

Dynamic IP

- **Host name** Assign a name for the internet connection type. This field can be blank.
- **MTU** Configure the maximum transmission unit (MTU). The MTU specifies the largest packet size permitted for an internet transmission. The factory default MTU size for Dynamic IP (DHCP) is 1500. The MTU size can be set between 512 and 1500.
- **Clone MAC** Enter the MAC address of the devices' network interface card (NIC) in the MAC address field and click `Clone MAC`.

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Hostname | <input type="text"/> |
| MTU | <input type="text" value="1500"/> (512<=MTU Value <=1500) |
| MAC Address | <input type="text" value="00:00:00:00:00:00"/> <input type="button" value="Clone MAC"/> |

Note:

Some ISP providers require registering the MAC address of the network interface card (NIC) connected directly to the cable or DSL modem. Clone MAC masks the router's MAC address with the MAC address of the device's NIC.

DNS Servers

The DNS server translates a domain or website name into a uniform resource locator (URL), or Internet address. There are two options to choose from: From ISP or User-Defined. Select `From ISP` to retrieve the DNS address value from the ISP; select `User-Defined` to assign a custom DNS server address.

- **DNS Server** Configure the type of DNS server. (Default = **From ISP**)
- **First DNS Server** Configure the first, or primary, DNS server.
- **Second DNS Server:** Configure the second, or secondary, DNS server.

Click `Apply` to save the settings.



| DNS Servers | |
|-------------------|----------|
| DNS Servers Type | From ISP |
| First DNS Server | 0.0.0.0 |
| Second DNS Server | 0.0.0.0 |



| | |
|-------|--------|
| Apply | Cancel |
|-------|--------|

6.2.3 Configuring Static IP

Setting a static IP address allows an administrator to set a specific IP address for the router and guarantees that it can not be assigned a different address.

Static IP

- **IP Address** The router's WAN IP address.
- **Subnet Mask** The router's WAN subnet mask.
- **Default Gateway** The router's gateway address.
- **Primary DNS** The primary DNS server address.
- **Secondary DNS** The secondary DNS server address.
- **MTU** The maximum transmission unit (MTU) specifies the largest packet size permitted for an internet transmission. The factory default MTU size for static IP is 1500. The MTU size can be set between 512 and 1500.

Click `Apply` to save the settings.

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| IP Address | <input type="text" value="172.1.1.1"/> |
| IP Subnet Mask | <input type="text" value="255.255.0.0"/> |
| Default Gateway | <input type="text" value="172.1.1.254"/> |
| Primary DNS | <input type="text"/> |
| Secondary DNS | <input type="text"/> |
| MTU | <input type="text" value="1500"/> (512<=MTU Value <=1500) |

| | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <input type="button" value="Apply"/> | <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|

6.2.4 Configuring PPPoE

Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) is used mainly by ISPs that provide DSL modems to connect to the Internet.

- **Login** Enter the username assigned by an ISP.
- **Password** Enter the password assigned by an ISP.
- **Service Name** Enter the service name of an ISP (optional).
- **MTU** Enter the maximum transmission unit (MTU). The MTU specifies the largest packet size permitted for an internet transmission (PPPoE default: 1492). The MTU size can be set between 512 and 1492.
- **Authentication Type** Select the type of authentication provided by the ISP: `Auto`, `PAP`, or `CHAP`. If unsure of the best setting, select `Auto`.

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Username | <input type="text"/> |
| Password | <input type="password"/> |
| Service Name | <input type="text"/> |
| MTU | <input type="text" value="1492"/> (512<=MTU Value <=1492) |
| Authentication Type | Auto <input type="button" value="v"/> |

- **Type** Configure the connection type between the router and the ISP. Choose between `Keep Connection`, `Automatic Connection` or `Manual Connection`.
- **Idle Timeout** Configure the maximum idle time (1 to 1,000 minutes) allowed for an inactive connection.
- **Clone MAC** Enter the MAC address of the devices' network interface card (NIC) in the MAC address field and click `Clone MAC`.

Note:

Some ISP providers require registering the MAC address of the network interface card (NIC) connected directly to the cable or DSL modem. Clone MAC masks the router's MAC address with the MAC address of the device's NIC.

Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard the changes.

| | |
|--------------|---|
| Type | <input type="text" value="Keep Connection"/> |
| Idle Timeout | <input type="text" value="10"/> (1-1000 Minutes) |
| MAC Address | <input type="text" value="00:00:00:00:00:00"/> <input type="button" value="Clone MAC"/> |

| | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <input type="button" value="Apply"/> | <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|

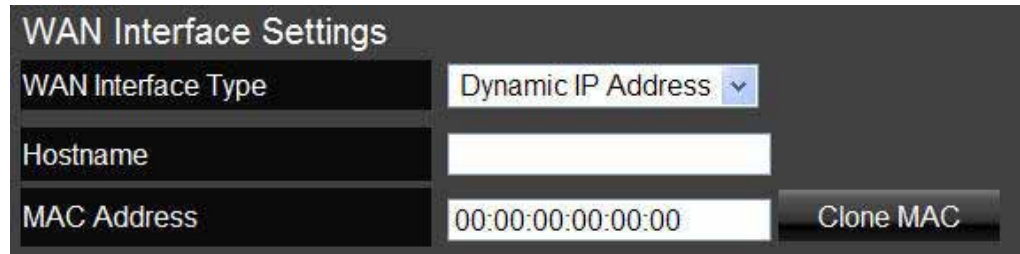
6.2.5 Configuring PPTP

The point-to-point tunnelling protocol (PPTP) is used in association with virtual private networks (VPNs). There are two parts to a PPTP connection: the WAN interface settings and the PPTP settings.

WAN Interface Settings

Dynamic IP Address

- **WAN Interface Type** Select `Dynamic IP Address` to assign an IP address provided by an ISP.
- **Hostname** Enter a host name of an ISP. (optional).
- **Clone MAC** Enter the MAC address of the device's network interface card (NIC) in the MAC address field and click `Clone MAC`.



The screenshot shows a configuration window titled "WAN Interface Settings". It contains three rows of settings:

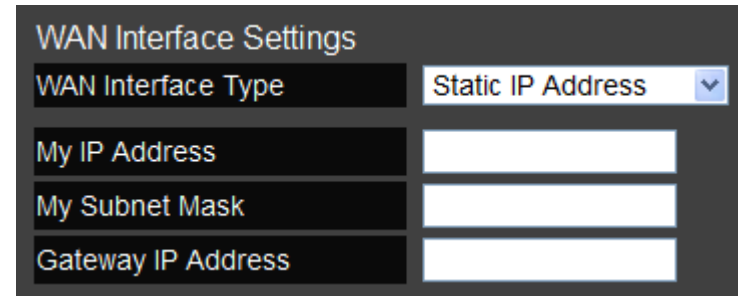
| WAN Interface Settings | |
|------------------------|--|
| WAN Interface Type | Dynamic IP Address <input type="button" value="v"/> |
| Hostname | <input type="text"/> |
| MAC Address | 00:00:00:00:00:00 <input type="button" value="Clone MAC"/> |

Note:

Some ISP providers require registering the MAC address of the network interface card (NIC) connected directly to the cable or DSL modem. Clone MAC masks the router's MAC address with the MAC address of the device's NIC.

Static IP Address

- **WAN Interface Type** Select `Static IP Address` to assign a specific IP address for the router.
- **My IP Address** Enter the custom IP address.
- **My Subnet Mask** Enter the custom subnet mask.
- **Gateway IP Address** Enter the custom gateway IP address.



The image shows a screenshot of a network configuration interface titled "WAN Interface Settings". It contains four rows of settings:

| WAN Interface Settings | |
|------------------------|--|
| WAN Interface Type | Static IP Address <input type="button" value="v"/> |
| My IP Address | <input type="text"/> |
| My Subnet Mask | <input type="text"/> |
| Gateway IP Address | <input type="text"/> |

PPTP Settings

- **User Name** Enter the username assigned by your ISP.
- **Password:** Enter the password assigned by your ISP.
- **Service IP Address:** Enter the PPTP server IP address provided by your ISP.
- **Connection ID:** Enter the connection ID provided by your ISP (optional).
- **MTU** Enter the maximum transmission unit (MTU). The MTU specifies the largest packet size (Default: 1462) permitted for an internet transmission. The MTU size can be set between 512 and 1492.
- **Type** Configure the connection type between the router and the ISP. Choose between `Keep Connection`, `Automatic Connection` or `Manual Connection`.
- **Idle Timeout** Configure the maximum amount of time, in minutes, allowed for inactive Internet connection. The Internet connection will be dropped when the maximum idle time is reached. Valid values are between one and one thousand.

Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard the changes.

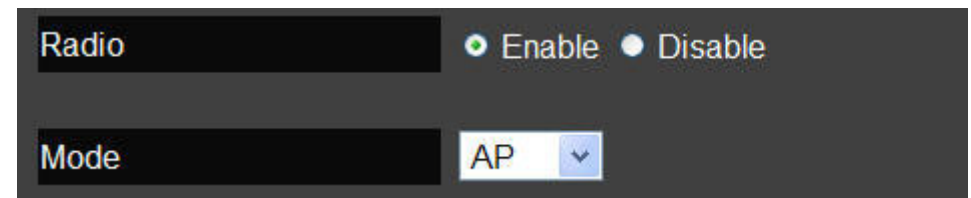
| PPTP Settings | |
|--------------------|---|
| Username | <input type="text"/> |
| Password | <input type="password"/> |
| Service IP Address | <input type="text"/> |
| Connection ID | <input type="text" value="0"/> (Optional) |
| MTU | <input type="text" value="1462"/> (512<=MTU Value <=1492) |
| Type | <input type="text" value="Keep Connection"/> ▾ |
| Idle Timeout | <input type="text" value="10"/> (1-1000 Minutes) |

| | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <input type="button" value="Apply"/> | <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|

6.3 Wireless 2.4GHz LAN Setup

6.3.1 Configuring Basic Settings

- **Radio** Enable or disable the wireless radio. If the wireless radio is disabled, wireless access points are not available.
- **Mode** Select the wireless operating mode for the router. Two modes are available: Access Point or Wireless Distribution System (WDS) mode.
 - **AP** Provides a connection access point for wireless devices.
 - **WDS** Allows the wireless network to be expanded using multiple access points without wired connections.



The screenshot shows a dark-themed configuration interface. The 'Radio' section has two radio buttons: 'Enable' (selected) and 'Disable'. The 'Mode' section has a dropdown menu currently set to 'AP'.

Access Point Mode

Configure the wireless settings of the router in access point mode.

- **Band:** Select a wireless standard for the network from the following options:
 - 2.4 GHz (B)
 - 2.4 GHz (G)
 - 2.4 GHz (N)
 - 2.4 GHz (B+G)
 - 2.4 GHz (B+G+N)
- **Enable SSID#** Select the number of wireless groups, between one and four, available on the network.
- **SSID[#]** Enter the name of the wireless network(s).
- **Auto Channel** Enable or disable having the router automatically select a channel for the wireless network. Auto channel is enabled by default. Select disable to manually assign a specific channel. (Default = **Disable**)
- **Check Channel Time** When auto channel is enabled, select time period that the system checks the appropriate channel for the router.

| | |
|--------------|-------------------------|
| Band | 2.4 GHz (802.11b/g/n) ▼ |
| Enable SSID# | 1 ▼ |
| SSID1 | EnGeniusCCDD10 |

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| Auto Channel | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable |
| Check Channel Time | Half Day ▼ |

- **Channel** When auto channel is disabled, select a channel to assign to the wireless network. Valid value are from one to eleven in the US and one to thirteen in the EU.

| | |
|--------------|---|
| Auto Channel | <input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable |
| Channel | 11 ▼ |

Wireless Distribution System Mode

Configure the router's wireless settings in WDS mode.

- **Channel** Select a channel to assign to the wireless network. Valid value are from one to eleven in the US and one to thirteen in the EU.
- **MAC Address [#]** Enter the MAC address(es) for the wireless access point(s) that are part of the WDS.
- **WDS Data Rate** Select the data rate for the WDS.
- **Set Security** Click `Set Security` to display the WDS security settings screen. For security configuration settings, refer to “WDS Security Settings Screen” on page 6-25..

| | |
|---------------|--------------|
| Channel | 11 ▼ |
| MAC Address 1 | 000000000000 |
| MAC Address 2 | 000000000000 |
| MAC Address 3 | 000000000000 |
| MAC Address 4 | 000000000000 |
| WDS Data Rate | 300M ▼ |
| Set Security | Set Security |

Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard changes.

| | |
|-------|--------|
| Apply | Cancel |
|-------|--------|

WDS Security Settings Screen

Select the type of WDS encryption (Disable, WEP or WPA Pre-Shared Key) for the wireless network.

Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP)

- **Key Length** Select between 64-bit and 128-encryption.
- **Key Format** Select the type of characters used for the WEP Key: ASCII (5 characters) or Hexadecimal (10 characters).
- **Default Key** Select the default encryption key for wireless transactions.
- **Encryption Key [#]** Enter the encryption key(s) used to encrypt the data packets during data transmission.

Click **Apply** to save the settings or **Cancel** to discard changes.

This page allows you setup the WDS security. The value depends on your AP Security settings.

| | |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| Encryption : | WEP |
| Key Length : | 64-bit |
| Key Format : | ASCII (5 characters) |
| Default key : | Key 1 |
| Encryption Key 1 : | <input type="text"/> |
| Encryption Key 2 : | <input type="text"/> |
| Encryption Key 3 : | <input type="text"/> |
| Encryption Key 4 : | <input type="text"/> |

Apply **Cancel**

Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA) Pre-Shared Key

- **WPA Type** Select the type of WPA.
 - **WPA Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP)** Generates a 128-bit key for each packet.
 - **WPA2 Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)** Government standard packet encryption which is stronger than TKIP.
 - **WPA2 Mixed** Mixed mode allows device to try WPA2 first, and if that fails selects WPA type.
- **Pre-Shared Key Type** Select the type of pre-shared key as `Passphrase` (ASCII) or `Hexadecimal`.
- **Pre-Shared Key** Enter the pre-shared Key value.

Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard changes.

This page allows you setup the WDS security. The value depends on your AP Security settings.

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Encryption : | WPA Pre-Shared key ▾ |
| WPA Type : | <input checked="" type="radio"/> WPA(TKIP) <input type="radio"/> WPA2(AES) |
| Pre-Shared Key Format : | Passphrase ▾ |
| Pre-Shared Key : | <input type="text"/> |

`Apply` `Cancel`

6.3.2 Configuring Advanced Settings

Advanced settings parameters available on the router.



WARNING!

Incorrectly changing these settings may cause the device to stop functioning. Do not modify the settings in this section without a thorough understanding of the parameters.

- **Fragment Threshold** Enter the maximum size of a packet during data transmission. A value too low could lead to low performance.
- **RTS Threshold** Enter the RTS threshold. If the packet size is smaller than the RTS threshold, the EIR900 does not use RTS/CTS to send the data packet.
- **Beacon Interval** Enter the beacon interval. This is the amount of time that the EIR900 sets to synchronize the network.
- **Delivery Traffic Indication Message (DTIM) Period** Enter the DTIM period. The DTIM is a countdown period informing clients of the next point of broadcast and multi-cast of messages over the network. Valid values are between 1 and 255.

| | | |
|--------------------|------|--------------|
| Fragment Threshold | 2346 | (256–2346) |
| RTS Threshold | 2347 | (1-2347) |
| Beacon Interval | 100 | (20-1024 ms) |
| DTIM Period | 1 | (1-255) |

- **N Data Rate** Select the N data rate. This is the rate in which the EIR900 will transmit data packets to wireless N compatible devices.
- **Channel Bandwidth** Select the channel bandwidth. The factory default is `Auto 20/40MHz`. The default setting provides the best performance by auto selecting channel bandwidth.
- **Preamble Type** Select the preamble type. `Long Preamble` provides better LAN compatibility and `Short Preamble` provides better wireless performance.
- **CTS Protection** Select the type of CTS protection. Using CTS Protection can lower the data collisions between Wireless B and Wireless G devices and lower data throughput.

Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard changes.

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| N Data Rate | Auto |
| Channel Bandwidth | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Auto 20/40 MHz <input type="radio"/> 20 MHz |
| Preamble Type | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Long Preamble <input type="radio"/> Short Preamble |
| CTS Protection | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Auto <input type="radio"/> Always <input type="radio"/> None |

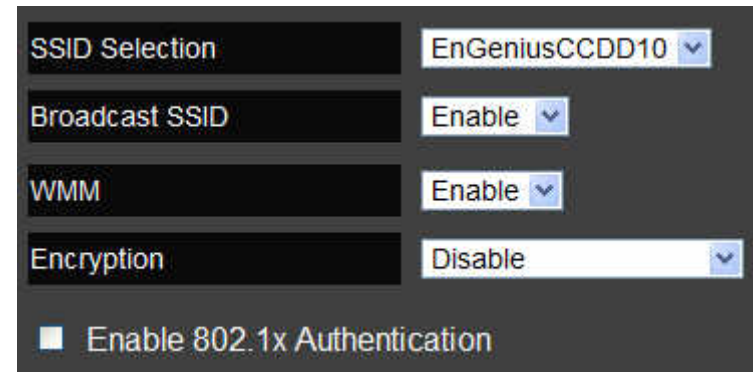
| | |
|-------|--------|
| Apply | Cancel |
|-------|--------|

6.3.3 Configuring Security

Enable security options on the wireless network to prevent intrusions to systems on the wireless network.

- **SSID Selection** Select the wireless network group to change the wireless security settings for.
- **Broadcast SSID** Enable or disable broadcast SSID. Choose whether or not the wireless group is visible to other members.
- **Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM)** Enable or disable quality of service (QoS) to optimize the streaming for bandwidth sensitive data such as HDTV video streaming, online gaming, VoIP, videoconferencing, and etc.
- **Encryption** Select the encrypt type for the router.

Click `Apply` to save the settings.



The screenshot shows a configuration window with the following settings:

| | |
|----------------|----------------|
| SSID Selection | EnGeniusCCDD10 |
| Broadcast SSID | Enable |
| WMM | Enable |
| Encryption | Disable |

Enable 802.1x Authentication



Apply Cancel

Encryption Type

Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP)



WARNING!

The IEEE802.11n standard prohibits using High Throughput with WEP or WPA-TKIP as the unicast cipher. If you use these encryption methods, your data rate will drop to 802.11g 54Mbps connection.

- **Authentication Type** Select the type of authentication.
 - **Open System** Wireless stations can associate with the EIR900 without WEP encryption
 - **Shared Key** Devices must provide the corresponding WEP key(s) when connecting to the EIR900.
 - **Auto**
- **Key Length** Select between 64-bit and 128-encryption.
- **Key Type** Select the type of characters used for the WEP Key: ASCII (5 characters) or Hexadecimal (10 characters).
- **Encryption Key [#]** Enter the encryption key(s) used to encrypt the data packets during data transmission.

Click `Apply` to save the settings.

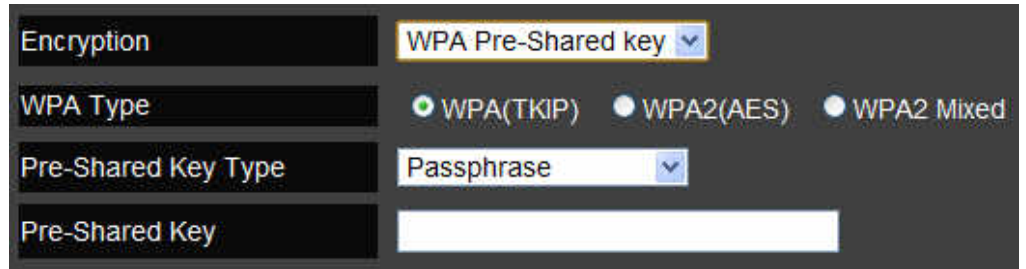
| | |
|---|--|
| Encryption | WEP |
| Authentication Type | <input type="radio"/> Open System <input type="radio"/> Shared Key <input checked="" type="radio"/> Auto |
| Key Length | 64-bit |
| Key Type | ASCII (5 characters) |
| Default key | Key 1 |
| Encryption Key 1 | ***** |
| Encryption Key 2 | ***** |
| Encryption Key 3 | ***** |
| Encryption Key 4 | ***** |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Enable 802.1x Authentication | |

`Apply` `Cancel`

Encryption: Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA) Pre-Shared Key

- **WPA Type** Select the type of WPA.
 - **WPA Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP)** Generates a 128-bit key for each packet.
 - **WPA2 Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)** Government standard packet encryption which is stronger than TKIP.
 - **WPA2 Mixed** Mixed mode allows device to try WPA2 first, and if that fails selects WPA type.
- **Pre-Shared Key Type** Select the type of pre-shared key as `Passphrase` (ASCII) or `Hexadecimal`.
- **Pre-Shared Key** Enter the pre-shared Key value.

Click `Apply` to save the settings.



The screenshot shows a settings window for WPA Pre-Shared Key encryption. It features four rows of controls: 'Encryption' is set to 'WPA Pre-Shared key'; 'WPA Type' has three radio buttons, with 'WPA(TKIP)' selected; 'Pre-Shared Key Type' is set to 'Passphrase'; and 'Pre-Shared Key' is an empty text input field.



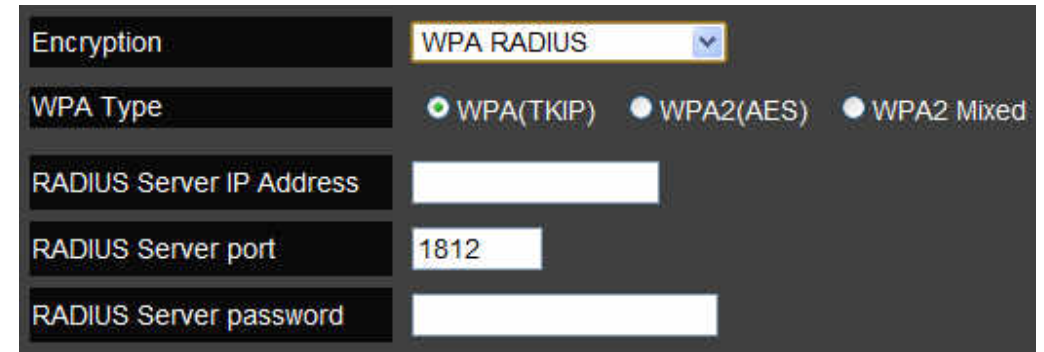
Two buttons are shown: 'Apply' and 'Cancel'.

Encryption: WPA RADIUS

Use a RADIUS server to authenticate wireless stations and provide a session key to encrypt data during communications.

- **WPA Type** Select the type of Wireless Protected Access (WPA).
 - **WPA Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP)** Generates a 128-bit key for each packet.
 - **WPA2 Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)** Protects unauthorized access by verifying network users (encryption is stronger than TKIP).
 - **WPA2 Mixed** Mixed mode allows device to try WPA2 first, and if that fails selects WPA type.
- **RADIUS Server IP Address:** Enter the IP address of the server.
- **RADIUS Server Port:** Enter the port number of the server.
- **RADIUS Server Password:** Enter the password of the server.

Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard changes.



The screenshot shows a configuration window for WPA RADIUS encryption. It features a dark background with light-colored text and input fields. The 'Encryption' dropdown is set to 'WPA RADIUS'. Under 'WPA Type', three radio buttons are visible: 'WPA(TKIP)' (selected), 'WPA2(AES)', and 'WPA2 Mixed'. Below these are four input fields: 'RADIUS Server IP Address' (empty), 'RADIUS Server port' (containing '1812'), and 'RADIUS Server password' (empty).



The screenshot shows two buttons: 'Apply' and 'Cancel', both in a dark grey style with white text.

6.3.4 Configuring Filter



WARNING!

Incorrectly changing these settings may cause the device to stop functioning. Do not modify the settings in this section without a thorough understanding of the parameters.

When `Enable Wireless Access Control` is selected, only wireless clients with MAC addresses listed in the table are allowed to connect to the wireless network.

Enable Wireless Access Control

- **Description** Enter a description of the device allowed to connect to the network.
- **MAC Address** Enter the MAC address of the wireless device.

| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable Wireless Access Control | |
|--|----------------------|
| Description | MAC Address |
| <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> |

Click `Add` to append a new device to the list or `Reset` to discard changes.

MAC Address Filtering Table

- **No.** The sequence number of the device.
- **Description** The description of the device.
- **MAC Address** The MAC address of the device.
- **Select** Indicates the device(s) that can have actions performed on them.

Click `Delete Selected` to remove selected devices from the list.

Click `Delete All` to remove all devices from the list.

Click `Reset` to discard changes.

Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard changes.



| MAC Address Filtering Table | | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|--------|
| No. | Description | MAC Address | Select |
| <code>Delete Selected</code> <code>Delete All</code> <code>Reset</code> | | | |



6.3.5 Configuring Wi-Fi Protected Setup

Wi-Fi protected setup (WPS) is an easy way to allow wireless clients to connect to the EIR900. Automate the connection between the device and the EIR900 using a button or a PIN.

- **WPS** Enable or disable WPS.
- **WPS Current Status** A notification of whether or not wireless security is configured.
- **Self Pin Code** An 8-digit PIN which is required when configuring the router for the first time in Windows 7 or Vista.
- **SSID** The name of the wireless network.
- **Authentication Mode** The current security settings for the corresponding SSID.
- **Passphrase Key** A randomly generated key created by the EIR900 during WPS.
- **WPS via Push Button** Click `Start to Process` to activate WPS.
- **WPS via PIN** Enter the PIN of a wireless device click `Start to Process` to activate WPS.

The screenshot displays a configuration window for WPS. At the top, there is a 'WPS' section with a checked 'Enable' checkbox. Below this is the 'Wi-Fi Protected Setup Information' section, which contains several rows of settings:

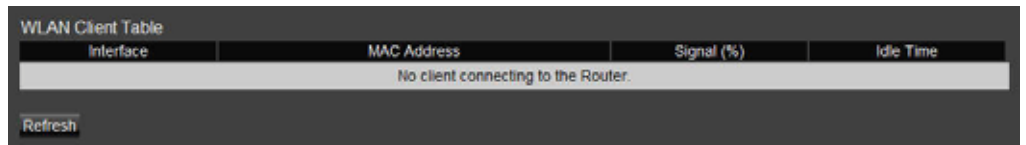
| | | |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| WPS Current Status | Configured | <code>Release Configuration</code> |
| Self Pin Code | 34259368 | |
| SSID | EnGeniusCCDD10 | |
| Authentication Mode | Disable | |
| Passphrase Key | <input type="text"/> | |
| WPS Via Push Button | <code>Start to Process</code> | |
| WPS via PIN | <input type="text"/> | <code>Start to Process</code> |

6.3.6 Configuring Client List

View the 2.4GHz wireless devices currently connected to the EIR900.

- **Interface** The type of network connected to the device.
- **MAC Address** The MAC address of device connected to network.
- **Signal** The signal strength of the device connected to the network.
- **Idle Time** The amount of time the connected device has not been active on the network.

Click `Refresh` to refill the list with currently connected devices.



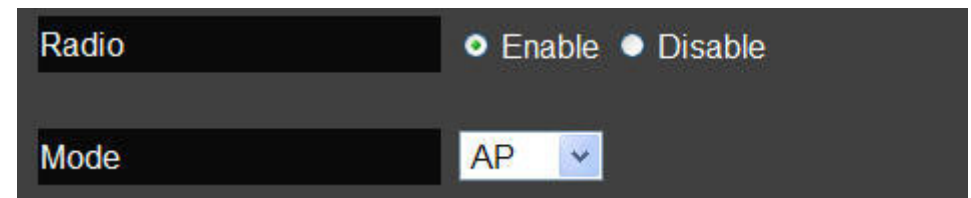
| Interface | MAC Address | Signal (%) | Idle Time |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|------------|-----------|
| No client connecting to the Router. | | | |

Refresh

6.4 Wireless LAN 5GHz Setup

6.4.1 Configuring Basic Settings

- **Radio** Enable or disable the wireless radio. If the wireless radio is disabled, wireless access points are not available.
- **Mode** Select the wireless operating mode for the router. Two modes are available: Access Point or Wireless Distribution System (WDS) mode.
 - **AP** Provides an access point for wireless devices to connect to.
 - **WDS** Access points expand the wireless coverage area by connecting to each other and acting as one.



The screenshot shows a configuration interface with two settings:

- Radio**: A radio button control where the **Enable** option is selected (indicated by a green dot) and the **Disable** option is unselected (indicated by a grey dot).
- Mode**: A dropdown menu currently displaying **AP** with a downward arrow icon to its right.

Access Point Mode

Configure the wireless settings of the router in access point mode.

- **Band:** Select a wireless standard for the network from the following options:
 - 5 GHz (802.11 a)
 - 5 GHz (802.11 n)
 - 5 GHz (802.11 a/n)
- **Enable SSID#** Select the number of wireless groups, between one and four, available on the network.
- **SSID[#]** Enter the name of the wireless network(s).
- **Auto Channel** Enable or disable having the router automatically select a channel for the wireless network. Auto channel is enabled by default. Select disable to manually assign a specific channel. (Default = **Disable**)
 - **Check Channel Time** When auto channel is enabled, select time period that the system checks the appropriate channel for the router.
 - **Channel** When auto channel is disabled, select a channel to assign to the wireless network.

| | |
|---------------|---------------------|
| Band | 5 GHz (802.11a/n) ▼ |
| Enabled SSID# | 1 ▼ |
| SSID1 | EnGeniusCCDD14 |

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| Auto Channel | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable |
| Check Channel Time | Half Day ▼ |

| | |
|--------------|---|
| Auto Channel | <input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable |
| Channel | 149 5.745 GHz ▼ |

Wireless Distribution System Mode

Configure the wireless settings of the router in WDS mode.

- **Channel** Select a channel to assign to the wireless network.
- **MAC Address [#]** Enter the MAC address(es) for the wireless access point(s) that are part of the WDS.
- **WDS Data Rate** Select the data rate for the WDS.
- **Set Security** Click `Set Security` to display the WDS security settings screen. For security configuration settings, refer to “WDS Security Settings Screen” on page 6-40.

Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard changes.

| | |
|---------------|-----------------|
| Channel | 149 5.745 GHz ▾ |
| MAC Address 1 | 000000000000 |
| MAC Address 2 | 000000000000 |
| MAC Address 3 | 000000000000 |
| MAC Address 4 | 000000000000 |
| Set Security | Set Security |

| | |
|-------|--------|
| Apply | Cancel |
|-------|--------|

WDS Security Settings Screen

Select the type of WDS encryption (Disable, WEP or WPA Pre-Shared Key) for the wireless network.

Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP)

- **Key Length** Select between 64-bit and 128-encryption.
- **Key Format** Select the type of characters used for the WEP Key: ASCII (5 characters) or Hexadecimal (10 characters).
- **Default Key** Select the default encryption key for wireless transactions.
- **Encryption Key [#]** Enter the encryption key(s) used to encrypt the data packets during data transmission.

Click **Apply** to save the settings or **Cancel** to discard changes.

This page allows you setup the WDS security. The value depends on your AP Security settings.

| | |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| Encryption : | WEP |
| Key Length : | 64-bit |
| Key Format : | ASCII (5 characters) |
| Default key : | Key 1 |
| Encryption Key 1 : | <input type="text"/> |
| Encryption Key 2 : | <input type="text"/> |
| Encryption Key 3 : | <input type="text"/> |
| Encryption Key 4 : | <input type="text"/> |

Apply **Cancel**

Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA) Pre-Shared Key

- **WPA Type** Select the type of WPA.
 - **WPA Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP)** Generates a 128-bit key for each packet.
 - **WPA2 Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)** Government standard packet encryption which is stronger than TKIP.
 - **WPA2 Mixed** Mixed mode allows device to try WPA2 first, and if that fails selects WPA type.
- **Pre-Shared Key Type** Select the type of pre-shared key as `Passphrase` (ASCII) or `Hexadecimal`.
- **Pre-Shared Key** Enter the pre-shared Key value.

Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard changes.

This page allows you setup the WDS security. The value depends on your AP Security settings.

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Encryption : | WPA Pre-Shared key ▾ |
| WPA Type : | <input checked="" type="radio"/> WPA(TKIP) <input type="radio"/> WPA2(AES) |
| Pre-Shared Key Format : | Passphrase ▾ |
| Pre-Shared Key : | <input type="text"/> |

`Apply` `Cancel`

6.4.2 Configuring Advanced Settings

Advanced settings parameters available on the router.



WARNING!

Incorrectly changing these settings may cause the device to stop functioning. Do not modify the settings in this section without a thorough understanding of the parameters.

- **Fragment Threshold** Enter the maximum size of a packet during data transmission. A value too low could lead to low performance.
- **RTS Threshold** Enter the RTS threshold. If the packet size is smaller than the RTS threshold, the EIR900 will not use RTS/CTS to send the data packet.
- **Beacon Interval** Enter the beacon interval. This is the amount of time that the EIR900 will synchronize the network.
- **Delivery Traffic Indication Message (DTIM) Period** Enter the DTIM period. The DTIM is a countdown period informing clients of the next point of broadcast and multi-cast of messages over the network. Valid values are between 1 and 255.

| | | |
|--------------------|------|--------------|
| Fragment Threshold | 2346 | (256-2346) |
| RTS Threshold | 2347 | (1-2347) |
| Beacon Interval | 100 | (20-1024 ms) |
| DTIM Period | 1 | (1-255) |

- **Data Rate:** Select the data rate. This is the rate in which the EIR900 will transmit data packets to wireless devices.
- **N Data Rate** Select the N data rate. This is the rate in which the EIR900 will transmit data packets to wireless N compatible devices.
- **Channel Bandwidth** Select the channel bandwidth. The factory default is `Auto 20/40MHz`. The default setting provides the best performance by auto selecting channel bandwidth.
- **Preamble Type** Select the preamble type. `Long Preamble` provides better LAN compatibility and `Short Preamble` provides better wireless performance.

Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard changes.

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Data Rate | Auto ▾ |
| N Data Rate | Auto ▾ |
| Channel Bandwidth | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Auto 20/40 MHz <input type="radio"/> 20 MHz |
| Preamble Type | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Long Preamble <input type="radio"/> Short Preamble |

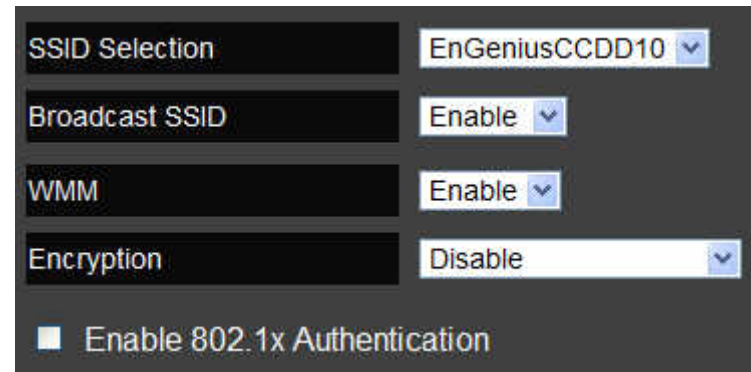
| | |
|-------|--------|
| Apply | Cancel |
|-------|--------|

6.4.3 Configuring Security

Enable security options on the wireless network to prevent intrusions to systems on the wireless network.

- **SSID Selection** Select the wireless network group to change the wireless security settings for.
- **Broadcast SSID** Enable or disable broadcast SSID. Choose whether or not the wireless group is visible to other members.
- **Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM)** Enable or disable quality of service (QoS) to optimize the streaming for bandwidth sensitive data such as HDTV video streaming, online gaming, VoIP, videoconferencing, and etc.
- **Encryption** Select the encrypt type for the router.

Click `Apply` to save the settings.



The screenshot shows a configuration window with the following settings:

| | |
|----------------|----------------|
| SSID Selection | EnGeniusCCDD10 |
| Broadcast SSID | Enable |
| WMM | Enable |
| Encryption | Disable |

Enable 802.1x Authentication



Apply Cancel

Encryption Type

Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP)



WARNING!

The IEEE802.11n standard prohibits using High Throughput with WEP or WPA-TKIP as the unicast cipher. If you use these encryption methods, your data rate will drop to 802.11g 54Mbps connection.

- **Authentication Type** Select the type of authentication.
 - **Open System** Wireless stations can associate with the EIR900 without WEP encryption
 - **Shared Key** Devices must provide the corresponding WEP key [up to 4] when connecting to the EIR900.
 - **Auto** The EIR900 automatically generates a pass-phrase.
- **Key Length** Select between 64-bit and 128-encryption.
- **Key Type** Select the type of characters used for the WEP Key: ASCII (5 characters) or Hexadecimal (10 characters).
- **Encryption Key [#]** Enter the encryption key(s) used to encrypt the data packets during data transmission.

| | |
|---|--|
| Encryption | WEP |
| Authentication Type | <input type="radio"/> Open System <input type="radio"/> Shared Key <input checked="" type="radio"/> Auto |
| Key Length | 64-bit |
| Key Type | ASCII (5 characters) |
| Default key | Key 1 |
| Encryption Key 1 | ***** |
| Encryption Key 2 | ***** |
| Encryption Key 3 | ***** |
| Encryption Key 4 | ***** |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Enable 802.1x Authentication | |

Click `Apply` to save the settings.

Note:

Do not use WEP type unless your device can not be upgraded to support WPA. Newer encryption types use stronger encryption than WEP.



Encryption: Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA) Pre-Shared Key

- **WPA Type** Select the type of WPA.
 - **WPA Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP)** Generates a 128-bit key for each packet.
 - **WPA2 Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)** Government standard packet encryption which is stronger than TKIP.
 - **WPA2 Mixed** Mixed mode allows device to try WPA2 first, and if that fails selects WPA type.
- **Pre-Shared Key Type** Select the type of pre-shared key as `Passphrase` (ASCII) or `Hexadecimal`.
- **Pre-Shared Key** Enter the pre-shared Key value.

Click `Apply` to save the settings.

 A screenshot of the WPA Pre-Shared Key settings interface. It shows four rows of settings:

- Encryption:** A dropdown menu set to 'WPA Pre-Shared key'.
- WPA Type:** Three radio buttons: 'WPA(TKIP)' (selected), 'WPA2(AES)', and 'WPA2 Mixed'.
- Pre-Shared Key Type:** A dropdown menu set to 'Passphrase'.
- Pre-Shared Key:** An empty text input field.

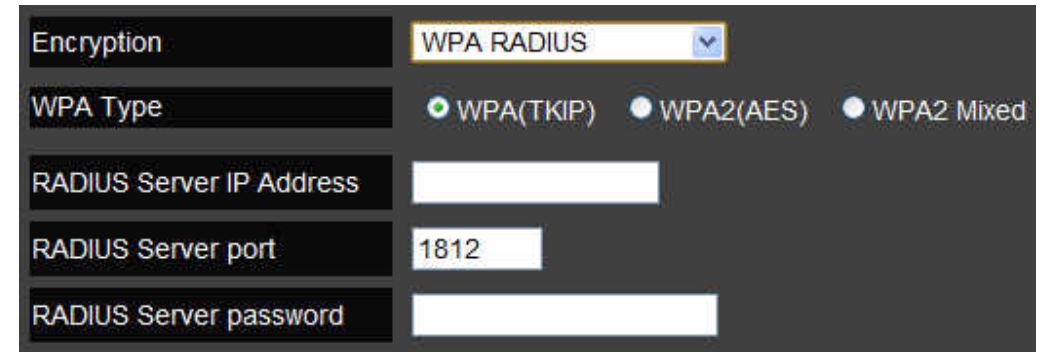


Encryption: WPA RADIUS

Use a RADIUS server to authenticate wireless stations and provide a session key to encrypt data during communications.

- **WPA Type** Select the type of Wireless Protected Access (WPA).
 - **WPA Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP)** Generates a 128-bit key for each packet.
 - **WPA2 Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)** Protects unauthorized access by verifying network users (encryption is stronger than TKIP).
 - **WPA2 Mixed** Mixed mode allows device to try WPA2 first, and if that fails selects WPA type.
- **RADIUS Server IP Address:** Enter the IP address of the server.
- **RADIUS Server Port:** Enter the port number of the server.
- **RADIUS Server Password:** Enter the password of the server.

Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard changes.



The screenshot shows a configuration window for WPA RADIUS encryption. It features a dark background with light-colored text and input fields. The 'Encryption' dropdown is set to 'WPA RADIUS'. Under 'WPA Type', three radio buttons are visible: 'WPA(TKIP)' (selected), 'WPA2(AES)', and 'WPA2 Mixed'. Below these are four input fields: 'RADIUS Server IP Address' (empty), 'RADIUS Server port' (containing '1812'), and 'RADIUS Server password' (empty).



Two buttons are shown: 'Apply' and 'Cancel', both in a dark grey style with white text.

6.4.4 Configuring Filters



WARNING!

Incorrectly changing these settings may cause the device to stop functioning. Do not modify the settings in this section without a thorough understanding of the parameters.

When `Enable Wireless Access Control` is selected, only wireless clients with MAC addresses listed in the table are allowed to connect to the wireless network.

Enable Wireless Access Control

- **Description** Enter a description of the device allowed to connect to the network.
- **MAC Address** Enter the MAC address of the wireless device.

| Description | MAC Address |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> |

Enable Wireless Access Control

Add Reset

Click `Add` to append a new device to the list or `Reset` to discard changes.

MAC Address Filtering Table

- **No.** The sequence number of the device.
- **Description** The description of the device.
- **MAC Address** The MAC address of the device.
- **Select** Indicates the device(s) that can have actions performed on them.

Click `Delete Selected` to remove selected devices from the list.

Click `Delete All` to remove all devices from the list.

Click `Reset` to discard changes.

Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard changes.



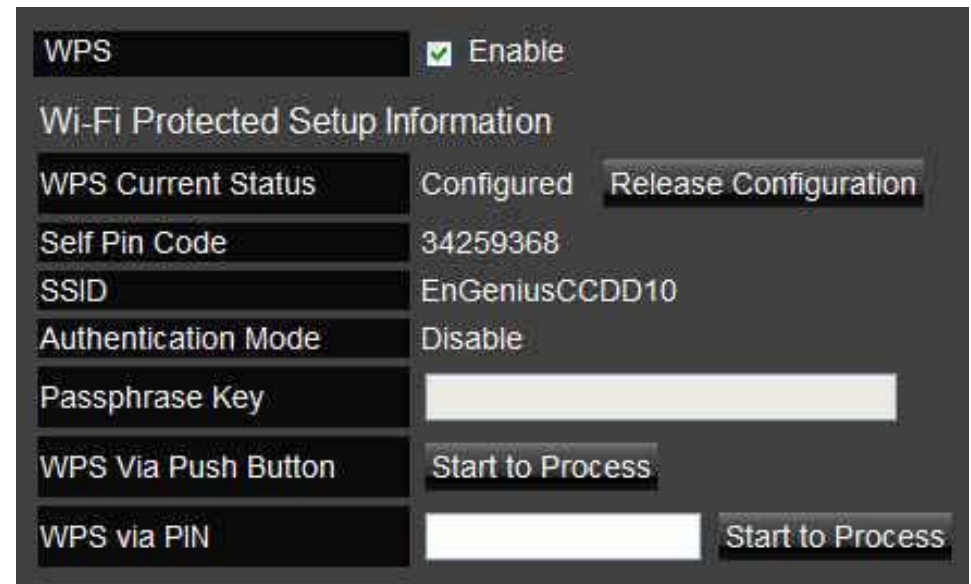
| MAC Address Filtering Table | | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|--------|
| No. | Description | MAC Address | Select |
| <code>Delete Selected</code> <code>Delete All</code> <code>Reset</code> | | | |



6.4.5 Configuring Wi-Fi Protected Setup

Wi-Fi protected setup (WPS) is an easy way to allow wireless clients to connect to the EIR900. Automate the connection between the device and the EIR900 using a button or a PIN.

- **WPS** Enable or disable WPS.
- **WPS Current Status** A notification of whether or not wireless security is configured.
- **Self Pin Code** An 8-digit PIN which is required when configuring the router for the first time in Windows 7 or Vista.
- **SSID** The name of the wireless network.
- **Authentication Mode** The current security settings for the corresponding SSID.
- **Passphrase Key** A randomly generated key created by the EIR900 during WPS.
- **WPS via Push Button** Click `Start to Process` to activate WPS.
- **WPS via PIN** Enter the PIN of a wireless device click `Start to Process` to activate WPS.



The screenshot displays the WPS configuration interface. At the top, the 'WPS' section is checked and labeled 'Enable'. Below this is the 'Wi-Fi Protected Setup Information' section, which includes the following fields and buttons:

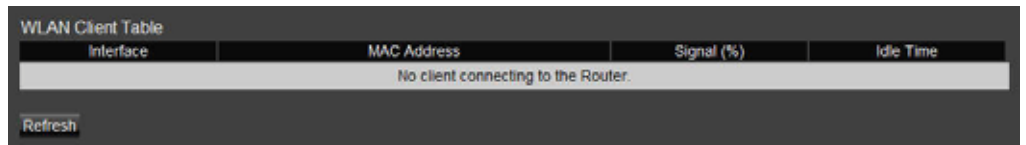
| | | |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| WPS Current Status | Configured | <code>Release Configuration</code> |
| Self Pin Code | 34259368 | |
| SSID | EnGeniusCCDD10 | |
| Authentication Mode | Disable | |
| Passphrase Key | <input type="text"/> | |
| WPS Via Push Button | <code>Start to Process</code> | |
| WPS via PIN | <input type="text"/> | <code>Start to Process</code> |

6.4.6 Configuring Client List

View the 5GHz wireless devices currently connected to the EIR900.

- **Interface** The type of network connected to the device.
- **MAC Address** The MAC address of device connected to network.
- **Signal** The signal strength of the device connected to the network.
- **Idle Time** The amount of time the connected device has not been active on the network.

Click `Refresh` to refill the list with currently connected devices.



| Interface | MAC Address | Signal (%) | Idle Time |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|------------|-----------|
| No client connecting to the Router. | | | |

Refresh

6.5 Parental Control Setup

6.5.1 Configuring the Wizard

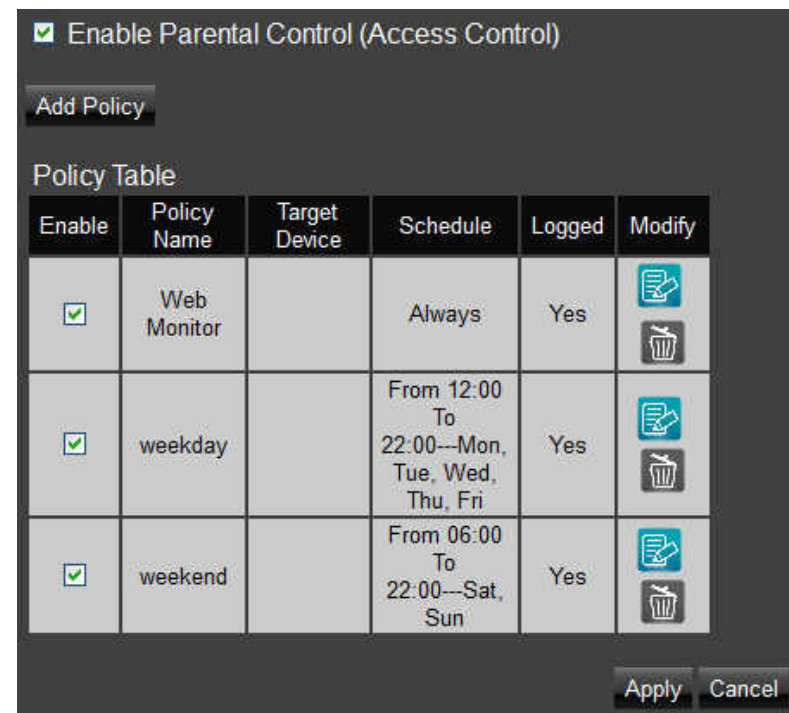
Parental Control is a feature that allows parents to filter out and control the Internet access. By adding keywords, the parental control engine checks web content and makes sure it does not contain specified content. Parents can also limit Internet access within a specified time period.

- **Add Policy** Create a rule profile which describes the keyword filter and Internet access schedule. Policy rules can be applied to multiple users, which are known as the policy members. The parental control engine screens policy members based on the applied policy.
- **Policy Table** Enable and disable a list of policy rules.

Click `Apply` to save the settings and continue.

Click `Cancel` to stop the setup.

To use the Wizard to create a policy rule, click `Add Policy` and perform the instructions on the following screens.



6.5.2 Configuring the Web Monitor

Monitor URLs that are accessed by PCs on the LAN.

- **Block** Block or unblock a specified URL.
- **Time** The time that a specified URL was accessed.
- **URL** The URL that was accessed.
- **PC** The PC that accessed the URL.



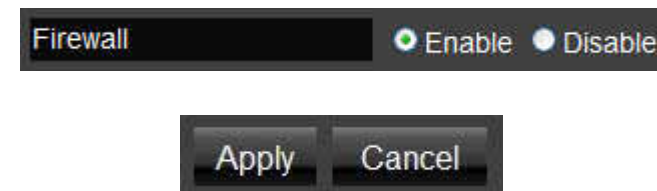
6.6 Firewall Setup

6.6.1 Configure Basic Settings

The EIR900 firewall automatically detects and blocks Denial of Service (DoS) attacks. URL blocking, packet filtering and stateful packet inspection (SPI) are also supported. The details of the attack and the timestamp are recorded in the security log.

Firewall Enable or disable the firewall of the EIR900.

Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard changes.



6.6.2 Configuring Advanced Settings

The router supports VPN pass-through which allows virtual private networking (VPN) packets to pass through the firewall.

- **VPN Pass-through** Click `Select` to allow VPN packets to pass through the firewall.
- **VPN L2TP Pass-through** Click `Select` to allow an L2TP connection method over a VPN.
- **VPN PPTP Pass-through** Click `Select` to allow a PPTP connection method over a VPN.
- **VPN IPsec Pass-through** Click `Select` to allow an IPsec connection method over a VPN.

Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard changes.

| Description | Select |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| VPN L2TP Pass-Through | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| VPN PPTP Pass-Through | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| VPN IPsec Pass-Through | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| IPv6 Pass-Through | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| PPPoE Pass-Through | <input type="checkbox"/> |

**Note:**

VPN L2TP Pass-through, VPN PPTP Pass-through, and VPN IPsec Pass-through are enabled by factory default.

6.6.3 Configuring Demilitarized Zone

Configuring a device on the LAN as a demilitarized zone (DMZ) host allows unrestricted two-way Internet access for Internet applications, such as online video games, to run from behind the NAT firewall. The DMZ function allows the router to redirect all packets going to the WAN port IP address to a particular IP address on the LAN. The difference between the virtual server and the DMZ function is that a virtual server redirects a particular service or Internet application, such as FTP, to a particular LAN client or server, whereas a DMZ redirects all packets, regardless of the service, going to the WAN IP address to a particular LAN client or server.

A DMZ host allows a computer to have all its connections and ports completely open during data transmission.



WARNING!

The PC defined as a DMZ host is not protected by the firewall and is vulnerable to malicious network attacks. Do not store or manage sensitive information on the DMZ host.

- **Enable DMZ** Click `Enable DMZ` to activate DMZ functionality.
- **Local IP Address** Enter an IP address of a device on the LAN.

Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard changes.

Enable DMZ

Local IP Address ▼ Please select a PC. ▼

Apply Cancel

6.6.4 Configuring Denial of Service

To enable blocking of denial of service (DoS) attacks, select the DoS option in the Firewall section.

DoS attacks can flood the internet connection with the continuous transmission of data. Blocking these attacks ensures that the internet connection is always available.

WAN Settings

Block DoS Enable or disable blocking DoS attacks.

Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard changes.



6.6.5 Configuring Access Control Lists







Parental Control is a feature that allows parents to filter out and control the Internet access. By adding keywords, the parental control engine checks web content and makes sure it does not contain specified content. Parents can also limit Internet access within a specified time period.

- **Add Policy** Create a rule profile which describes the keyword filter and Internet access schedule. Policy rules can be applied to multiple users, which are known as the policy members. The parental control engine screens policy members based on the applied policy.
- **Policy Table** Enable and disable a list of policy rules.

Enable Parental Control (Access Control)

Add Policy

Policy Table

| Enable | Policy Name | Target Device | Schedule | Logged | Modify |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|--|--------|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Web Monitor | | Always | Yes |   |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | weekday | | From 12:00 To 22:00--Mon, Tue, Wed, Thu, Fri | Yes |   |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | weekend | | From 06:00 To 22:00--Sat, Sun | Yes |   |

Apply Cancel

- **Policy Name** The name of the policy rule.
- **Filtering Type** The type of policy filter: MAC address or IP address.

Member List

A list of devices that are members on the network.

- **Device Name** The name of a member device.
- **MAC Address/IP Address** The MAC or IP address of the member device.

The screenshot shows a configuration interface with a dark background. At the top, there is a label 'Policy Name' followed by a white text input field. Below this is a label 'Filtering Type' followed by two radio buttons: 'MAC' (which is selected, indicated by a green dot) and 'IP' (which is unselected, indicated by a grey dot). Below the filtering options is a section titled 'Member List'. This section contains a table with two columns: 'Device Name' and 'MAC Address'. The table has a header row and one empty data row. To the right of the table is a button labeled 'Add'.

- **Schedule** Deny or allow a schedule for the policy.
- **Days** The frequency of the schedule in days.
- **Time of Day** Set when the schedule occurs within a 24-hour period.

The screenshot shows a configuration interface with a dark background. On the left side, there are three labels: 'Schedule', 'Days', and 'Time of day'. To the right of these labels are the corresponding configuration options. For 'Schedule', there are two radio buttons: 'Deny' (unselected) and 'Allow' (selected, indicated by a green dot). For 'Days', there are several options: 'Every Day' (unselected), and checkboxes for 'Mon', 'Tue', 'Wed', 'Thu', 'Fri', 'Sat', and 'Sun' (all unselected). For 'Time of day', there is an option 'All Day (use 24-hour clock)' (unselected) and a time range selector. The time range selector consists of 'From' followed by two input fields for hours and minutes (both set to '0'), 'To' followed by two input fields for hours and minutes (both set to '0').

- **Enable URL Filter** Enable or disable URL filters.
- **Enable Application Filters** Enable or disable application filters.
- **Enable Web Access Log** Enable or disable the web access log.

- Enable URL Filter
- Enable Application filter
- Enable Web Access Log

6.7 Virtual Private Network Setup

A Virtual Private Network (VPN) provides a secure connection between two remote locations or two users over the Internet. It provides authentication to securely encrypt data communicated between the two remote endpoints. The EIR900 supports up to 5 VPN tunnels, making it ideal for small-office and home-office (SOHO) users.



Note:

It is highly recommended to start with the Wizard to establish VPN tunnels. If you are an advanced user and would like to manually configure VPN Settings, select Profile Setting for advanced VPN setting.

6.7.1 Viewing Status

View the status of currently configured VPN tunnels.

- **No.** The sequence number of the VPN tunnel.
- **Name** The name of the VPN tunnel.
- **Type** The type of VPN tunnel.
- **Gateway/Peer IP Address** The VPN gateway or peer IP address.

| No. | Name | Type | Gateway/Peer IP address | Transmit Packets | Received Packets | Uptime | Select |
|--|------|---|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|--------|--------|
| <input type="button" value="Connect"/> | | <input type="button" value="Disconnect"/> | | | | | |

- **Transmit Packets** The number of packets transmitted.
- **Received Packets** The number of packets received.
- **Uptime** The amount of time the VPN has been active.
- **Select** Indicates the device(s) that can have actions performed on them.

6.7.2 Configuring a VPN Tunnel Profile

Manually configure a VPN tunnel profile.

Click **Add** to begin creating a new VPN tunnel profile.

| No. | Enable | Name | Type | Local Address | Remote Address | Crypto-suite | Gateway | Select |
|------------|-------------|------------------------|------|-------------------|----------------|--------------|---------|--------|
| Add | Edit | Delete Selected | | Delete All | | | | |

PPTP

On the General tab, enter the following information:

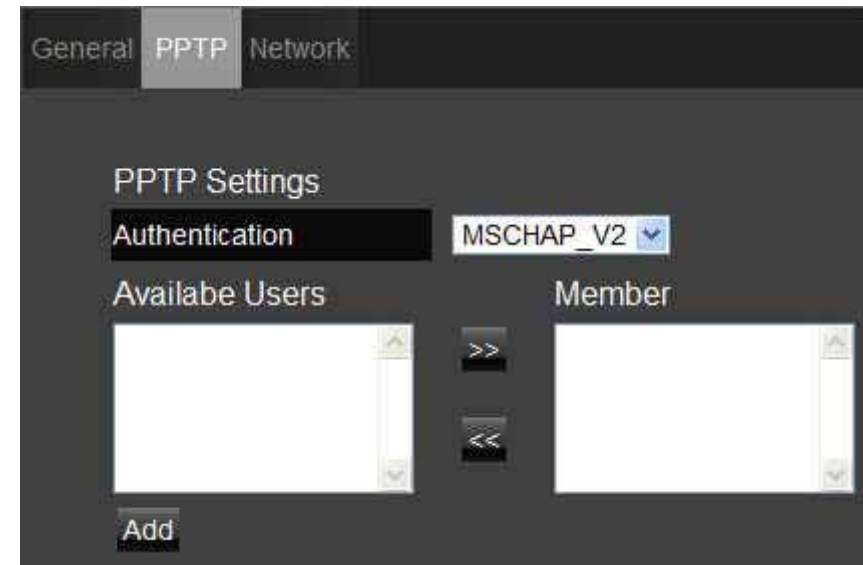
- **Name** The name of the VPN tunnel profile.
- **Connection Type:** Select a connection type.

| General | PPTP | Network |
|-----------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| Name | <input type="text"/> | |
| Connection Type | PPTP | <input type="button" value="v"/> |

On the PPTP tab, enter the following information:

- **Authentication** There are three authentication algorithms: Select CHAP, PAP, or MSCHAP_V2.
- **Available Users/Member** Displays created users from the User Settings available to connect to PPTP server. Select the users in the list to include in the VPN tunnel, then click >> to add users to the Member field. Click << if you want to remove users from the Member box.

Click **Add** to manually add available users.



On the Network tab, enter the following information:

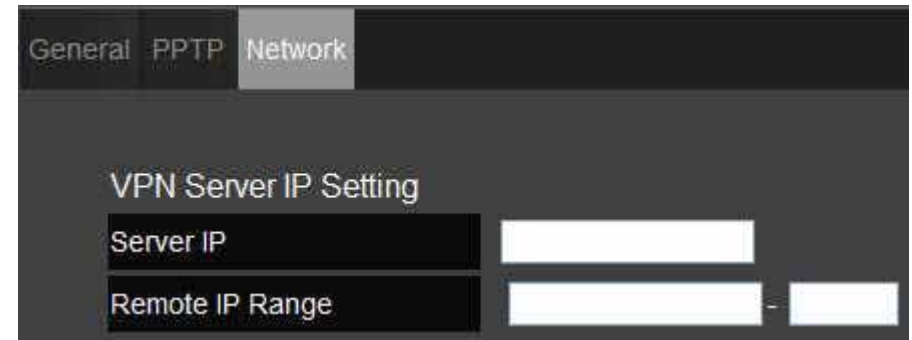
VPN Server IP Setting

- **Server IP** Enter an IP address which is different from the router's LAN IP address.
For example: the default LAN IP of the EIR900 is 192.168.0.1. set the server IP address as 10.2.2.1.
- **Remote IP Range** Enter an IP range under the same subnet of the above server IP.
For example: if the server IP address is 10.2.2.1, create a remote IP range of 10.2.2.10 – 20.
Remote IP range is 10.0.174.66 – 100

IMPORTANT:

The remote IP range should not include the server IP address to avoid a network conflict.

Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard changes.



The screenshot shows a configuration window with three tabs: 'General', 'PPTP', and 'Network'. The 'Network' tab is selected. The window title is 'VPN Server IP Setting'. It contains two input fields: 'Server IP' and 'Remote IP Range'. The 'Server IP' field is a single text box. The 'Remote IP Range' field is a text box with a hyphen separator and a second text box for the range end.

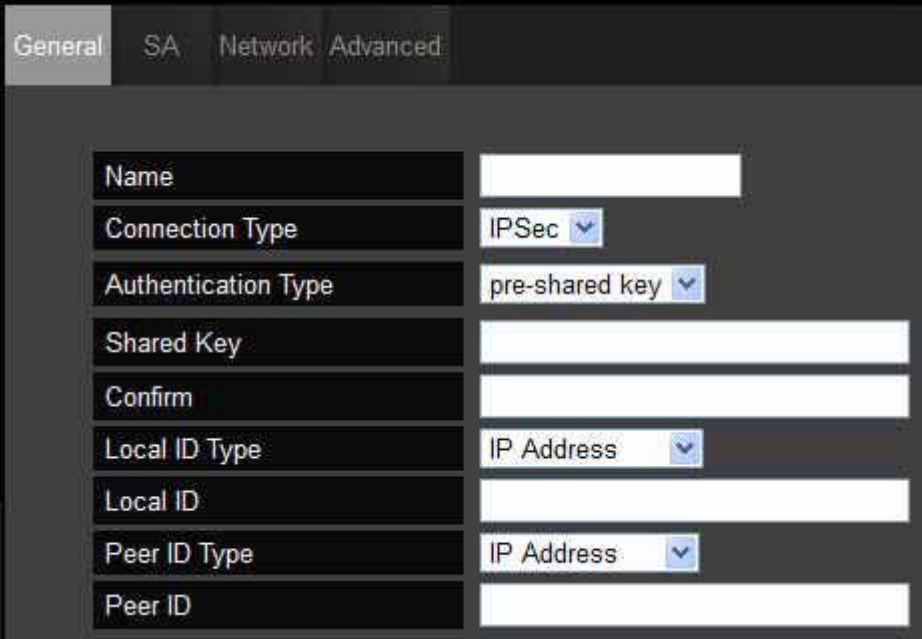


The screenshot shows two buttons: 'Apply' and 'Cancel'.

IPSec

On the General tab, enter the following information:

- **Name** The name of the VPN tunnel profile.
- **Connection Type** The type of network connection.
- **Authentication Type** The type of authentication.
- **Shared Key** The ID of the shared key.
- **Confirm**
- **Local ID Type** The type of the local ID: IP address, domain name or email address.
- **Local ID** The value of the local ID.
- **Peer ID Type** The type of the peer ID: IP address, domain name or email address.
- **Peer ID** The value of the peer ID.



The screenshot displays the configuration interface for an IPSec tunnel profile. The 'General' tab is selected, and the following fields are visible:

| Field | Value |
|---------------------|------------------|
| Name | [Empty text box] |
| Connection Type | IPSec |
| Authentication Type | pre-shared key |
| Shared Key | [Empty text box] |
| Confirm | [Empty text box] |
| Local ID Type | IP Address |
| Local ID | [Empty text box] |
| Peer ID Type | IP Address |
| Peer ID | [Empty text box] |

On the SA tab, enter the following information:

IKE (Phase 1) Proposal

- **Exchange** The exchange type: Main Mode or Agressive Mode.
- **DH Group** The DH groups: group 1, group 2, group 5 or group 14.
- **Encryption** The data encryption type: DES, 3DES, AES 128, AES 192 and AES 256
- **Authentication Type** The authentication type: MD5 or SHA1.
- **Life Time** The connection life time.

IPSec (Phase 2) Proposal

- **Protocol** The protocol type: ESP or AH.
- **Encryption** The data encryption type: DES, 3DES, AES 128, AES 192 and AES 256
- **Authentication Type** The authentication type: MD5 or SHA1.
- **Perfect Forward Secrecy** Enable or disable perfect forward secrecy.
- **DH Group** The DH groups: group 1, group 2, group 5 or group 14.
- **Life Time** The connection life time.

The screenshot shows the configuration interface for IPSEC, specifically the SA tab. It is divided into two sections: IKE(Phase 1)Proposal and IPSec(Phase 2)Proposal. The IKE section includes fields for Exchange (Main Mode), DH Group (Group 2), Encryption (3DES), Authentication (SHA1), and Life Time (28800). The IPSec section includes fields for Protocol (ESP), Encryption (3DES), Authentication (SHA1), Perfect Forward Secrecy (Disable), DH Group (Group 2), and Life Time (28800).

| Section | Field | Value |
|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| IKE(Phase 1)Proposal | Exchange | Main Mode |
| | DH Group | Group 2 |
| | Encryption | 3DES |
| | Authentication | SHA1 |
| | Life Time | 28800 (1080-86400 Secs) |
| IPSec(Phase 2)Proposal | Protocol | ESP |
| | Encryption | 3DES |
| | Authentication | SHA1 |
| | Perfect Forward Secrecy | Disable |
| | DH Group | Group 2 |
| | Life Time | 28800 (1080-86400 Secs) |

On the `Network` tab, enter the following information:

- **Security Gateway Type** The type of security gateway: IP address or domain name.
- **Security Gateway** The security gateway ID

Local Network

- **Local Address** Your router's LAN IP address.
- **Local Netmask** The subnet IP address of your LAN.

Remote Network

- **Remote Address:** An IP address which is different from your router's LAN IP address.
- **Remote Netmask** An IP range under the same subnet of the above server IP.

General SA **Network** Advanced

Security Gateway Type IP Address

Security Gateway

Local Network

Local Address

Local Netmask

Remote Network

Remote Address

Remote Netmask

On the `Advanced` tab, enter the following information:

- **NAT Traversal** Enable or disable NAT traversal.
- **Dead Peer Detection** Enable or disable dead peer detection.

General SA Network **Advanced**

NAT Traversal Enable Disable

Dead Peer Detection Enable Disable

Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard changes.

Apply Cancel

6.7.3 Configuring a User Profile

To manually setup a VPN tunnel, create a user profile and then a VPN profile.

Creating a User Profile

- **Name** Enter the name to connect to an PPTP VPN tunnel.
- **Password** Enter the password to connect to an PPTP VPN tunnel.
- **Confirm** Enter the password again to confirm the password entered above.

Click **Add** to add a user to the VPN user table or **Reset** to discard changes.

Table of Current VPN Users

Click **Delete Selected** to remove selected devices from the list.

Click **Delete All** to remove all devices from the list.

Click **Reset** to discard changes.

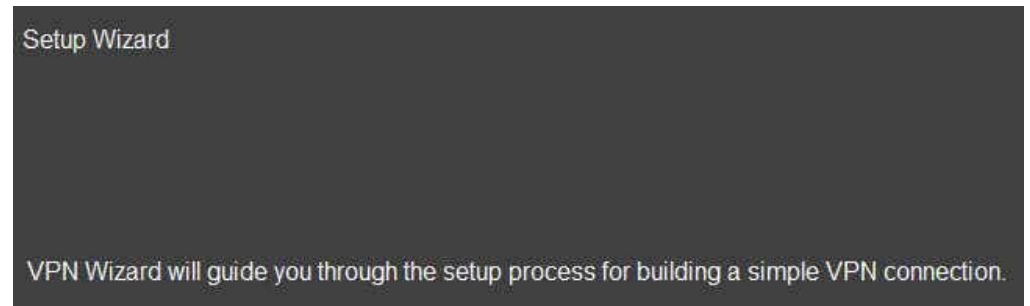
Click **Apply** to save the settings or **Cancel** to discard changes.

| Current VPN User Table | | |
|--|-----------|--------|
| No. | User Name | Select |
| <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> Delete Selected Delete All Reset </div> | | |

6.7.4 Using the Virtual Private Network Wizard

The virtual private network (VPN) wizard guides the administrator through setting up a VPN over four different connection methods.

The VPN setup wizard introduction screen.

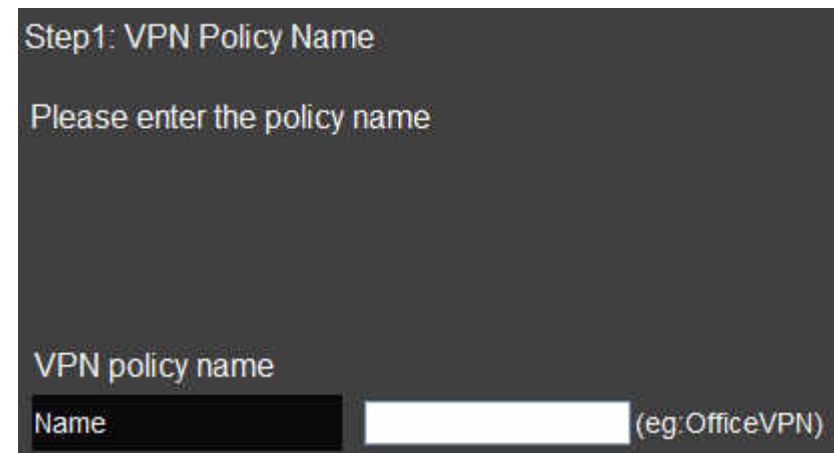


Click **Next** to continue.



Step 1

Create a name for the VPN tunnel in the Name field.



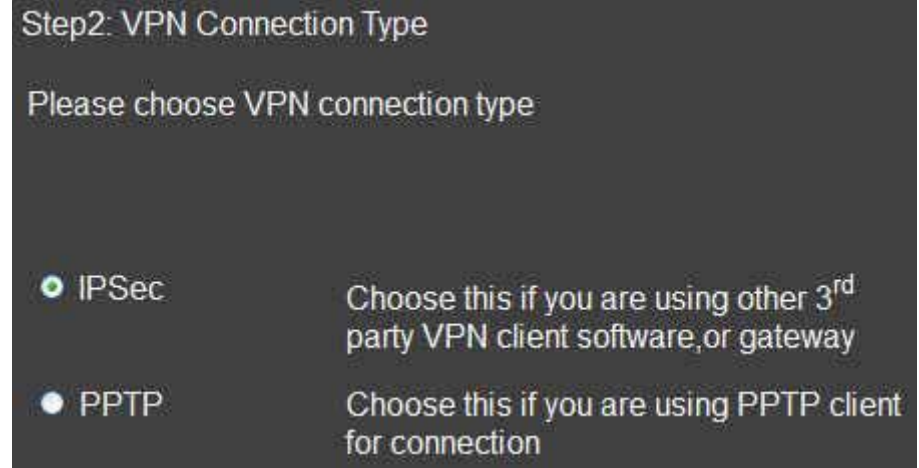
Click **Back** to return to the previous step;

Click **Next** to continue with the setup;

Click **Cancel** to stop the setup.

Step 2

Select the type of VPN connection method to setup.



IPSec

Step 3

- **Client to Site** To setup a Telwork or home to office connection.
- **Site to Site** To setup a VPN connection between two dedicated VPN servers.

Click `Back` to return to the previous step.

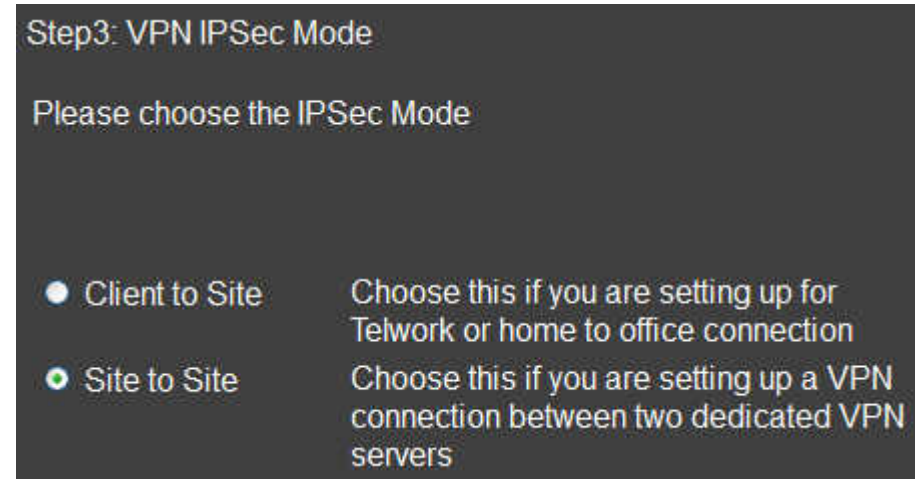
Click `Next` to continue with the setup.

Click `Cancel` to stop the setup.

Note:

If `Site to Site` is selected, proceed with steps four (4) and five (5).

If `Client to Site` is selected, proceed directly to step five (5).



Step 4

- **Security Gateway Type** The type of the security gateway: IP Address or Domain Name.
- **Security Gateway** The IP address or domain name of the security gateway.
- **Remote Address** The remote IP address for the VPN tunnel.
- **Remote Netmask** The remote netmask for the VPN tunnel.

Step 5

- **SA**
- **Shared Key** The shared key for the VPN connection.
- **Local ID Type** The type of the local ID for the VPN connection: IP Address or Domain Name.
- **Local ID** The local ID for the VPN connection.

Step4: VPN Network

Please enter the IPsec gateway or the destination network for this VPN tunnel

| | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|---|
| Security Gateway Type | IP Address | |
| Security Gateway | <input type="text"/> | (eg: 69.100.100.100 or www.google.com.tw) |
| Remote Network | | |
| Remote Address | <input type="text"/> | (eg: 192.168.2.0) |
| Remote Netmask | <input type="text"/> | (eg: 255.255.255.0) |

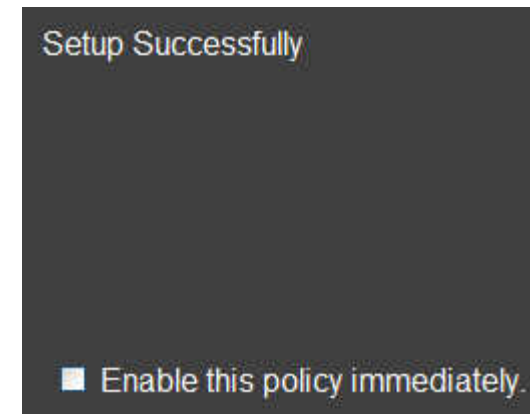
Step5: Shared Key

Please enter the shared key for the VPN

| | |
|-----------------|----------------------|
| SA | ESP-3DES-SHA1 |
| Shared Key | <input type="text"/> |
| | (eg: apple123) |
| Local ID Type : | Domain Name |
| Local ID : | undefined |

If the setup is successful, the following screen is displayed.
To enable the VPN policy immediately, click the check box.

Click `Back` to return to the previous step.
Click `Apply` to save the settings and continue.
Click `Cancel` to stop the setup.



PPTP

- **User Name** Enter the user name used to connect to the PPTP server.
- **Password:** Enter the password used to connect to the PPTP server.

VPN Server IP Settings

- **Server IP:** Enter an IP address which is different from the router's LAN IP address.
For example:
EIR900 default IP: 192.168.0.1
Configure the IP address as 10.0.174.45
- **Remote IP Range:** Enter an IP range under the same subnet as the above server IP.
For example:
Server IP address is 10.0.174.45
Remote IP range is 10.0.174.66 – 100

IMPORTANT:

The remote IP range should not include the server IP address to avoid a network conflict.

Click `Back` to return to the previous step.

Click `Next` to continue with the setup.

Click `Cancel` to stop the setup.

Step4: VPN PPTP Setting

Please enter the setting of PPTP

PPTP Settings

| | | |
|----------------|-----------|--------------|
| Authentication | MSCHAP_V2 | |
| User Name | admin | (eg: guest) |
| Password | | (eg: nk9543) |

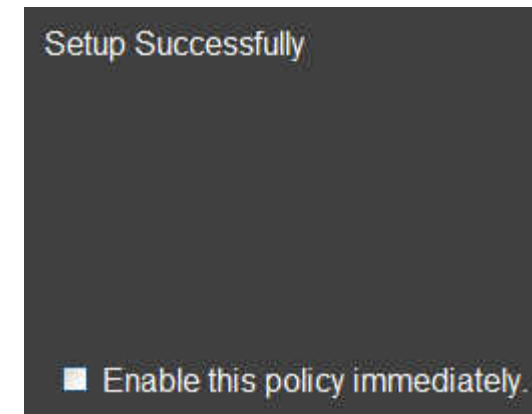
VPN Server IP Setting

| | | |
|-----------------|--|------------------------------|
| Server IP | | (eg: 10.0.174.45) |
| Remote IP Range | | - [] (eg: 10.0.174.66 -100) |

Back Next Cancel

If the setup is successful, the following screen is displayed.
To enable the VPN policy immediately, click the check box.

Click `Back` to return to the previous step.
Click `Apply` to save the settings and continue.
Click `Cancel` to stop the setup.



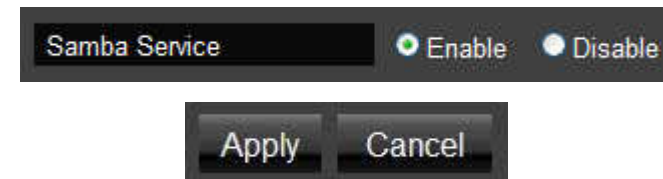
6.8 USB Port Setup

The USB Port feature allows the router to be used as a file server, DLNA media server or a virtual USB port on a local device.

6.8.1 Configuring File Sharing

Samba Service Enable or disable the file sharing service

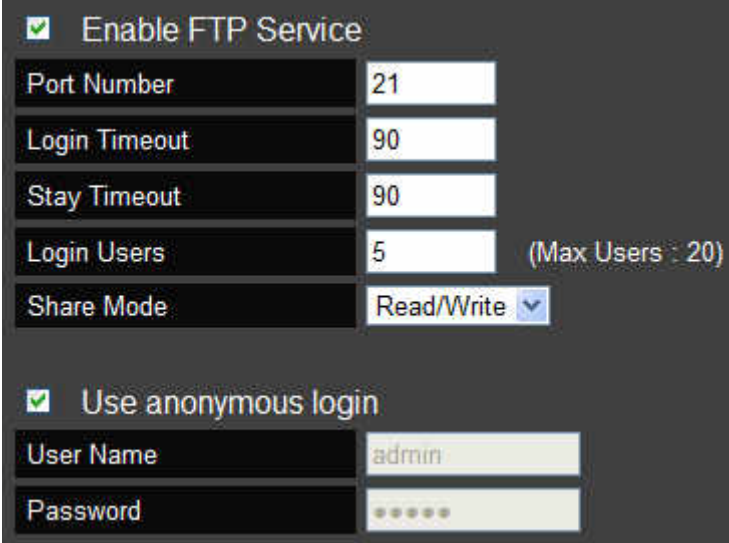
Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard changes.



6.8.2 Configuring a File Server

User can use FTP server to share USB storage's files in the networks.

- **Port Number** The port number of the FTP service.
- **Login Timeout** The number of seconds to try to login before indicating a failure.
- **Stay Timeout** The number of seconds to wait until a login is attempted again.
- **Login Users** The number of users allowed to login to the service at one time.
- **Share Mode** The type of access users have to work with files on the service: `Read/Write` or `Read Only`
- **Use Anonymous Login** Enable or disable anonymous logins.
- **User Name** User name of the anonymous login.
- **Password** Password of the anonymous login.



The screenshot shows a configuration window for an FTP service. It features a dark background with white text and input fields. At the top, there is a checked checkbox labeled 'Enable FTP Service'. Below this, several settings are listed in a table-like format:


| | |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Port Number | 21 |
| Login Timeout | 90 |
| Stay Timeout | 90 |
| Login Users | 5 (Max Users : 20) |
| Share Mode | Read/Write (dropdown menu) |

Below the table, there is another checked checkbox labeled 'Use anonymous login'. Underneath it, there are two input fields: 'User Name' with the value 'admin' and 'Password' with a masked password represented by six dots.

6.8.3 Configuring a DLNA Media Server

A Digital Living Network Alliance (DLNA) media server allows user sharing multi media files on local networks.

- **Enable DLNA Media Server** Enable or disable the DLNA media service.
- **Share Folder Name** The folder name containing media files to access with the service.



The screenshot shows a configuration interface for a DLNA Media Server. It features a dark background with white text. At the top, there is a checked checkbox followed by the text "Enable DLNA Media Server". Below this, there is a label "Share Folder Name" followed by a text input field containing the word "video".

6.9 Advanced Network Settings

6.9.1 NAT Setup

Network address translation (NAT) allows users on the LAN to access the Internet through a single Public IP Address or multiple Public IP Addresses. NAT provides firewall protection from hacker attacks and allows for mapping LAN IP addresses to WAN IP addresses with key services such as websites, FTP, video game servers, etc.

Click `Enable` or `Disable` to activate or deactivate the NAT.



Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard changes.

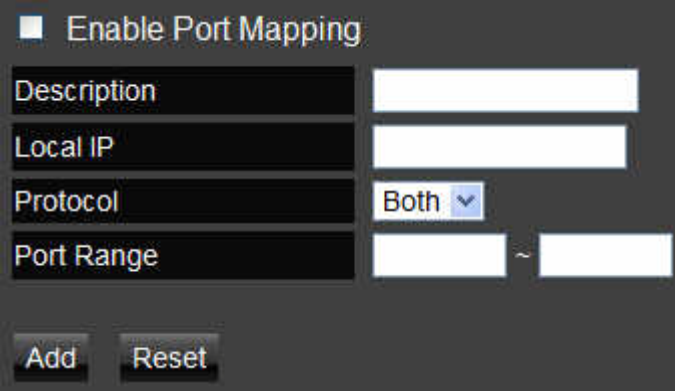


6.9.2 Port Mapping Setup

Port Mapping allows you to redirect a particular range of service port numbers from the WAN to a particular LAN IP address.

- **Enable Port Mapping** Click `Enable Port Mapping` to activate port mapping.
- **Description** Enter notes or details about the mapped port range configuration.
- **Local IP** Enter the local IP address of the server behind the NAT firewall.
- **Protocol** Select the protocol to use for mapping from the following: `TCP`, `UDP` or `Both`.
- **Port Range** Enter the range of ports to be forwarded.

Click `Add` to append a new device to the list or `Reset` to discard changes.



The screenshot displays a configuration panel for port mapping. At the top, there is a checkbox labeled "Enable Port Mapping". Below this, there are four input fields: "Description" (a text box), "Local IP" (a text box), "Protocol" (a dropdown menu currently set to "Both"), and "Port Range" (two text boxes separated by a tilde symbol). At the bottom of the panel, there are two buttons: "Add" and "Reset".

Current Port Mapping Table

Displays a list of mapped port ranges in use on the network.

- **No.** The sequence number of the mapped port range.
- **Description** Notes or details about the mapped port range.
- **Local IP** IP address of the server for the mapped port range.
- **Type** The protocol used to communicate with the WAN ports and LAN server.
- **Port Range** The range of mapped ports.
- **Select** Indicates the device(s) that can have actions performed on them.

Click `Delete Selected` to remove selected devices from the list.

Click `Delete All` to remove all devices from the list.

Click `Reset` to discard changes.

Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard changes.

| Current Port Mapping Table | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------|------------|------|------------|--------|
| No. | Description | Local IP | Type | Port Range | Select |
| Delete Selected | | Delete All | | Reset | |

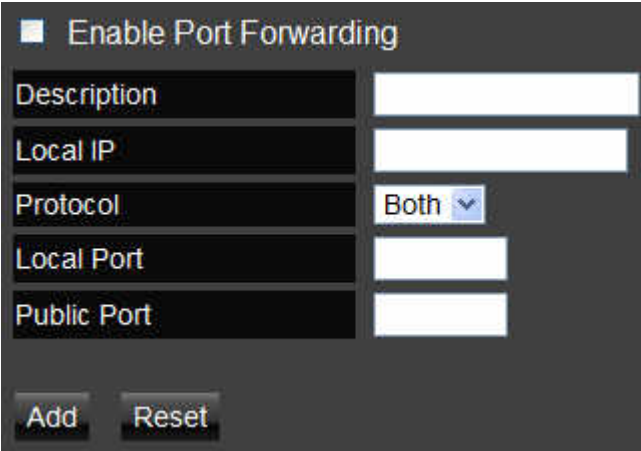


6.9.3 Port Forwarding Setup

Port forwarding enables multiple server applications on a LAN to serve clients on a WAN over a single WAN IP address. The router accepts incoming client packets, filters them based on the destination WAN, or public, port and protocol and forwards the packets to the appropriate LAN, or local, port. Unlike the DMZ feature, port forwarding protects LAN devices behind the firewall.

- **Enable Port Forwarding** Click `Enable Port Forwarding` to active port forwarding.
- **Description** Enter notes or details about the forwarded port configuration.
- **Local IP** Enter the local IP address of the server behind the NAT firewall.
- **Protocol** Select the protocol to use for mapping from the following: `TCP`, `UDP` or `Both`.
- **Local Port** Enter the LAN port number that WAN client packets will be forward to.
- **Public Port** Enter the WAN port number that clients will send their packets to.

Click `Add` to append a new configuration to the table or `Reset` to discard changes.



| | |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable Port Forwarding | |
| Description | <input type="text"/> |
| Local IP | <input type="text"/> |
| Protocol | Both ▾ |
| Local Port | <input type="text"/> |
| Public Port | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="button" value="Add"/> | <input type="button" value="Reset"/> |

Current Port Forwarding Table

The table of current port forwarding configurations.

Click `Delete Selected` to remove selected devices from the list.

Click `Delete All` to remove all devices from the list.

Click `Reset` to discard changes.

Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard changes.



| No. | Description | Local IP | Local Port | Type | Public Port | Select |
|-----|-------------|----------|------------|------|-------------|--------|
|-----|-------------|----------|------------|------|-------------|--------|

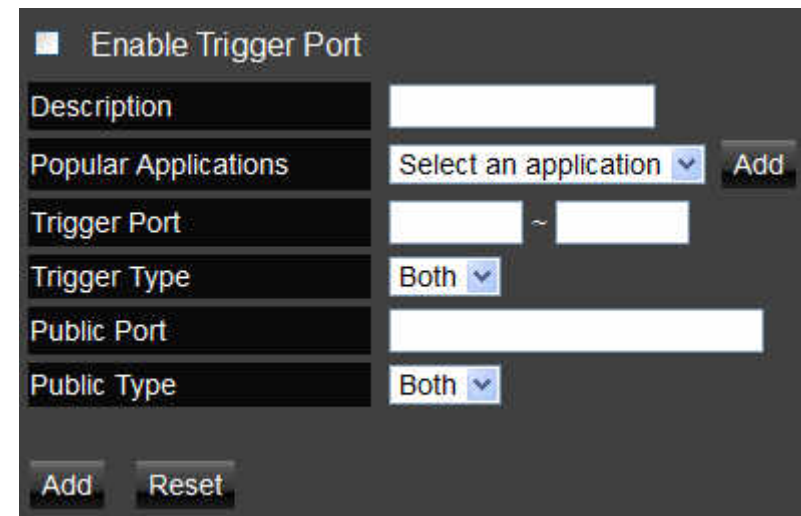
`Delete Selected` `Delete All` `Reset`



6.9.4 Port Triggering Setup

Some applications, such as online games, videoconferencing and VoIP telephony, require multiple ports for inbound and outbound traffic. If an application requires both an incoming and an outgoing port simultaneously, it is possible to configure static port forwarding to handle the packets. That is not an optimal solution because a static IP address must be configured for each device. With port triggering an application, local port or range of ports and a communication protocol can be mapped to a specific public port. Sending packets out over the local port triggers the router to open an incoming local port that is mapped to the same public port and application as the outgoing local port(s). The local application can communicate over the incoming and outgoing ports without the need for creating a fixed address.

- **Enable Port Triggering** Click `Enable Trigger Port` to activate port triggering.
- **Description** Enter notes or details about the port triggered configuration.
- **Popular Applications** Select a default application or add a new one.
- **Trigger Port** Enter the application's outbound port number(s).



| | |
|---|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable Trigger Port | |
| Description | <input type="text"/> |
| Popular Applications | Select an application <input type="button" value="Add"/> |
| Trigger Port | <input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/> |
| Trigger Type | Both <input type="button" value="v"/> |
| Public Port | <input type="text"/> |
| Public Type | Both <input type="button" value="v"/> |
| <input type="button" value="Add"/> <input type="button" value="Reset"/> | |

- **Trigger Type** Select the protocol to use for port triggering from the following: TCP, UDP or Both.
- **Public Port** Enter the inbound port(s) for the application in the following format: 2300-2400 or 47624.
- **Public Type** Select the protocol to use for the inbound port from the following: TCP, UDP or Both.

Click **Add** to append a new configuration to the table or **Reset** to discard changes.

Current Port Triggering Table

The list of current port triggering configurations.

Click **Delete Selected** to remove selected devices from the list.

Click **Delete All** to remove all devices from the list.

Click **Reset** to discard changes.

Click **Apply** to save the settings or **Cancel** to discard changes.

| Current Trigger-Port Table | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|------|--------|
| No. | Trigger Port | Trigger Type | Public Port | Public Type | Name | Select |
| <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> Delete Selected Delete All Reset </div> | | | | | | |



6.9.5 Application Layer Gateway Setup

The ALG (Application Layer Gateway) serves as a window between correspondent application processes so that they may exchange information on an open environment.

Select the listed applications that need ALG support and then the router will authorize them to pass through the NAT gateway.

| Description | Select |
|-------------|--------------------------|
| H323 | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| MMS | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| TFTP | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Egg | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| IRC | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Amanda | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Quake3 | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Talk | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| IPsec | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| FTP | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| SIP | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| RTSP | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard changes.

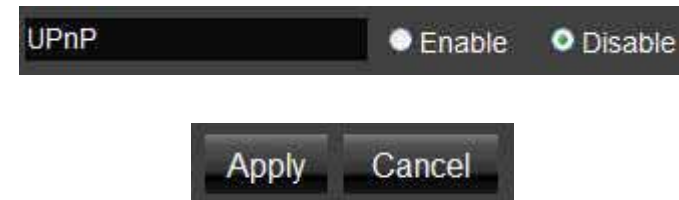


6.9.6 Universal Plug and Play Setup

UPnP helps internet devices, such as gaming and videoconferencing, to access the network and connect to other registered UPnP devices.

Click `Enable` or `Disable` to activate or deactivate UPnP.

Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard changes.

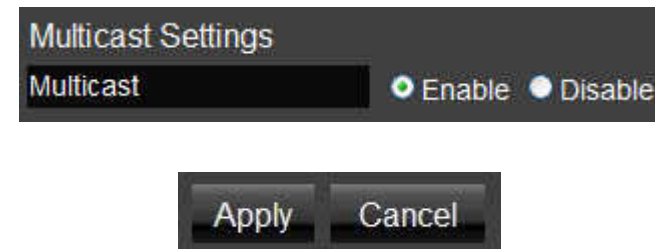


6.9.7 Internet Group Multicast Protocol Setup

Internet Group Multicast Protocol (IGMP) is a network-layer protocol used to establish membership in a multicast group.

Click `Enable` or `Disable` to activate or deactivate IGMP.

Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard changes.



6.9.8 Quality of Service Setup

QoS can prioritize bandwidth use such as video streaming, online gaming, VoIP telephony and videoconferencing to ensure stable and efficient network performance.

Total Bandwidth Settings

Uplink Select the maximum bandwidth speed for outbound traffic.

Downlink Select the maximum bandwidth speed for inbound traffic.

Note:

Click `Disabled` if you do not want to prioritize any data or protocol.



The screenshot shows a dark-themed configuration window titled "Total Bandwidth Settings". It contains two rows: "Uplink" and "Downlink", each with a dropdown menu set to "Full". Below these is a "QoS" section with three radio button options: "Priority Queue", "Bandwidth Allocation", and "Disabled". The "Disabled" option is selected, indicated by a green dot.

Priority Queue

Set network resource usage based on specific protocols or port ranges. Incoming packets are processed based on the protocols' position within the queue.

Unlimited Priority Queue

- **Local IP Address** Enter the local IP address of a device on the network. This device's activity is not restricted by the QoS feature.
- **High/Low Priority Queue:** Specify the priority for different protocols. Additional protocols and port ranges can be added.

QoS Priority Queue Bandwidth Allocation Disabled

Unlimited Priority Queue

| Local IP Address | Description |
|----------------------|--|
| <input type="text"/> | The IP address will not be bounded in the QoS limitation |

High/Low Priority Queue

| Protocol | High Priority | Low Priority | Specific Port |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| FTP | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | 20,21 |
| HTTP | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | 80 |
| TELNET | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | 23 |
| SMTP | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | 25 |
| POP3 | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | 110 |
| Name <input type="text"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | Both <input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/> |
| Name <input type="text"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | Both <input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/> |
| Name <input type="text"/> | <input type="radio"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> | Both <input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/> |

Bandwidth Allocation

Set network resource usage, for inbound and outbound traffic, based on local IP and port ranges.

- **Type** Select `Download` or `Upload` to specific the direction of packet traffic.
- **Local IP Range** Enter the local IP range of the current configuration.
- **Protocol** Select the protocol to manage for the current configuration.
- **Port Range** Enter the local port range of the current configuration.
- **Policy** Select `Min` or `Max` to specify the type of configuration policy.
- **Rate (bps):** Select the bandwidth rate, in bits per second (bps), of the current configuration.

Click `Add` to save the settings and list the configuration in the Current QoS table or `Reset` the discard changes.

Priority Queue
 Bandwidth Allocation
 Disabled

Type Download ▾

Local IP range _____ ~ _____

Protocol ALL ▾

Port Range 1 _____ ~ 65535

Policy Min ▾

Rate(bps) Full ▾

Current QoS Table

| No. | Type | Local IP range | Protocol | Port Range | Policy | Rate(bps) | Select |
|-----|------|----------------|----------|------------|--------|-----------|--------|
| | | | | | | | |

Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard changes.



6.9.9 Routing Setup

Typically static routing does not need to be setup because the EIR900 has adequate routing information after it has been configured for Internet access. Static routing is only necessary if the router is connected to network under a different subnets.

**Note:**

To enable a static routing, NAT must be disabled.

NAT Disabled

Click `Enable` or `Disable` to activate or deactivate Static Routing.



NAT Enabled

If the router is connected with a network under the different subnet, the routing setup allows the network connection within two different subnets.

- **Enable Static Routing** Click `Enable Static Routing` to activate the feature.
- **Destination LAN IP** Enter the LAN IP address of the destination device.
- **Subnet Mask** Enter the Subnet Mask of the destination device.
- **Default Gateway** Enter the default gateway IP address for the destination device.
- **Hops** Enter the maximum number of hops within the static routing that a packet is allowed to travel.

Click `Add` to save the settings and list the configuration in the Current Static Routing table or `Reset` the discard changes.

Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard changes.

If you would like to enable Static Routing, please disable NAT function. Thus the packets can be forwarded based upon your routing policies.

Enable Static Routing

Destination LAN IP

Subnet Mask

Default Gateway

Hops

Interface LAN ▾

`Add` `Reset`

Current Static Routing Table

| No. | Destination LAN IP | Subnet Mask | Default Gateway | Hops | Interface | Select |
|---|--------------------|-------------|-----------------|------|-----------|--------|
| <code>Delete Selected</code> <code>Delete All</code> <code>Reset</code> | | | | | | |

`Apply` `Cancel`

`Apply` `Cancel`

6.9.10 Wake on LAN Setup

Wake on LAN setup (WOL) allows the administrator to activate a computer over the network.

Enable WOL over WAN Click `Enable WOL over WAN` to activate the feature.

Server Port Enter the server port of the device to activate.

Wake MAC Address Enter the MAC address of the device to activate. Click `Start` to activate the device.

Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard changes.



The screenshot shows a dark-themed dialog box for Wake on LAN Setup. At the top, there is a checkbox labeled "Enable WOL over WAN" which is checked. Below this is a "Server Port" label followed by a text input field containing the number "9". Further down, the text "Wake On LAN" is displayed. Below that is a "Wake MAC Address" label followed by an empty text input field. To the right of the MAC address field is a "Start" button.



The screenshot shows two buttons: "Apply" and "Cancel".

6.10 Tools Setup

6.10.1 Configuring the Administrator Account

Change the router's system password as well as setup a device to remotely configure the settings.

- **Old Password:** Enter the existing administrator password.
- **New Password:** Enter the new administrator password.
- **Repeat New Password:** Re-type the new administrator password.

Remote Management

- **Host Address:** Enter the designated host IP Address.
- **Port:** Enter the port number (Default: **8080**) for remote accessing management web interface.
- **Enable:** Select to enable remote management.

Click `Apply` to save the settings or `Cancel` to discard changes.

You can change the password that you use to access the router, this is not your ISP account password.

| | |
|---------------------|----------------------|
| Old Password | <input type="text"/> |
| New Password | <input type="text"/> |
| Repeat New Password | <input type="text"/> |

| Host Address | port | Enable |
|----------------------|------|--------------------------|
| <input type="text"/> | 8080 | <input type="checkbox"/> |

`Apply` `Cancel`

`Apply` `Cancel`



Note:

To access the settings of the EIR900 remotely, enter the router's WAN IP address and port number.

6.10.2 Configuring the Router's Time

Change the system time of the EIR900 and setup automatic updates through a network time protocol server (NTP).

- **Time Setup** Select how the router obtains the current time.
- **Time Zone** Select the time zone for the router.
- **NTP Time Server** Enter the domain name or IP address of an NTP server.
- **Enable Daylight Saving** Click to enable or disable daylight savings time.
- **Start Time** Select the date and time when daylight savings time starts.
- **End Time** Select the date and time when daylight savings time ends.




The screenshot shows the 'Time Setup' configuration page on a router. The page has a dark background with white text and form elements. The 'Time Setup' section is set to 'Synchronize with the NTP Server'. The 'Time Zone' is set to '(GMT+01:00)Amsterdam, Berlin, Bern, Rome, Stockholm, Vienna'. The 'NTP Time Server' is set to 'europe.pool.ntp.org'. There is a checkbox for 'Enable Daylight Saving' which is currently unchecked. The 'Start Time' is set to 'January 1st Sun 12 am' and the 'End Time' is set to 'January 1st Sun 12 am'.

| | | | | |
|---|---|-----|-----|-------|
| Time Setup | Synchronize with the NTP Server | | | |
| Time Zone | (GMT+01:00)Amsterdam, Berlin, Bern, Rome, Stockholm, Vienna | | | |
| NTP Time Server | europe.pool.ntp.org | | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Enable Daylight Saving | | | | |
| Start Time | January | 1st | Sun | 12 am |
| End Time | January | 1st | Sun | 12 am |

6.10.3 Configuring Dynamic Domain Name Service

Dynamic domain name service (DDNS) allows the administrator to map a static domain name to a dynamic IP address. A DDNS service provider, such as DynDNS, ZoneEdit or CyberGate, must provide an account, password, and static domain name to use this feature. DDNS particularly benefits end users that have their own websites or FTP sites.

- **Dynamic DNS** Enable or Disable DDNS.
- **Server Address** Select the DDNS Server Address.
- **Host Name** Enter the DDNS provider static domain name.
- **Username** Enter the username given by the DDNS provider.
- **Password** Enter the password given by the DDNS provider.



The screenshot shows a configuration panel for Dynamic DNS. It features a dark background with light-colored text and input fields. At the top, there is a section labeled 'Dynamic DNS' with two radio buttons: 'Enable' (selected) and 'Disable'. Below this, there are four rows of configuration options: 'Server Address' with a dropdown menu showing '3322(qdns)', 'Host Name' with an empty text input field, 'Username' with an empty text input field, and 'Password' with an empty text input field.

6.10.4 Diagnosing a Network Connection

The diagnosis feature allow the administrator to verify that another device is available on the network and is accepting request packets. If the ping result returns `alive`, it means a device is on line. This feature does not work if the target device is behind a firewall or has security software installed.

- **Address to Ping** Enter IP address of the device to ping.
- **Ping Result** View the result message from the ping test.



The image shows a dark-themed user interface for a network diagnostic tool. It features two input fields on the left, one labeled 'Address to Ping' and one labeled 'Ping Result'. To the right of these fields is a 'Start' button. The fields are currently empty.

6.10.5 Upgrading Firmware

Firmware is system software that operates and allows the administrator to interact with the router.



WARNING!

Upgrading firmware through a wireless connection is not recommended. Firmware upgrading must be performed while connected to an Ethernet (LAN port) with all other clients disconnected.

To update the firmware version, follow these steps:

1. Download the appropriate firmware approved by EnGenius Networks from an approved web site.
2. Click `Choose File`.
3. Browse the file system and select the firmware file.
4. Click `Apply`.

You can upgrade the firmware of the router in this page. Ensure, the firmware you want to use is on the local hard drive of your computer. Click on `Browse` to browse and locate the firmware to be used for your update.

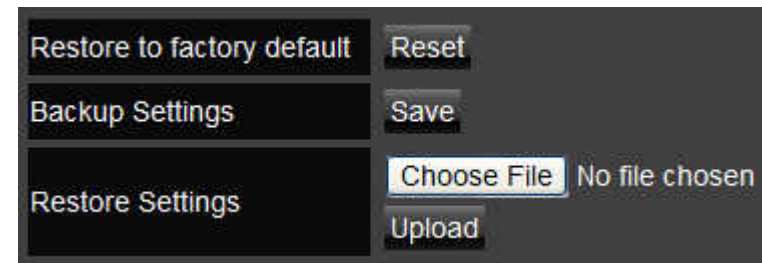
`Choose File` No file chosen

`Apply` `Cancel`

6.10.6 Backing Up Settings

Store multiple settings versions by saving the settings to a configuration file on the device.

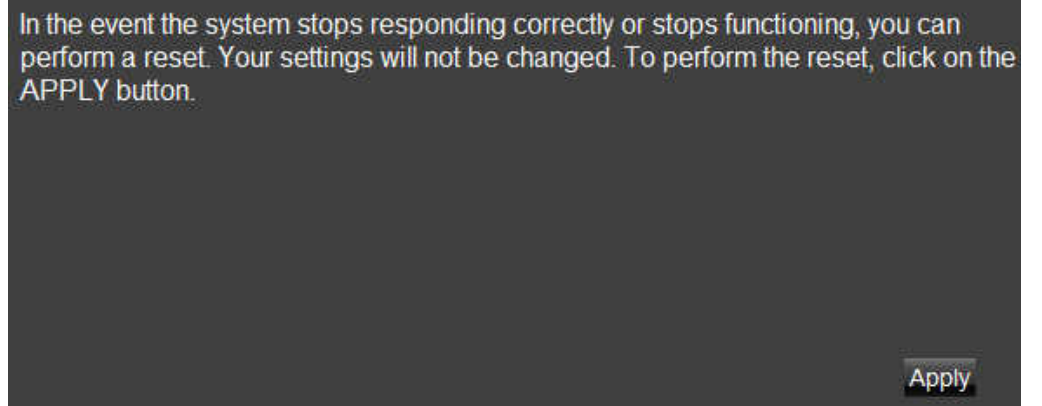
- **Restore to factory default** Click `Reset` to restore the EIR900 to factory defaults.
- **Backup Settings** Click `Save` to save the current configuration on the EIR900 to a *.dlf file.
- **Restore Settings** To restore saved settings, do the following:
 - a. Click `Choose File`.
 - b. Browse the file system for location of the settings file (*.dlf).
 - c. Click `Upload`.



6.10.7 Rebooting the Device

This feature allows the administrator to reboot the router in the event of a system hang up.

Click `Apply` to reset the device.



In the event the system stops responding correctly or stops functioning, you can perform a reset. Your settings will not be changed. To perform the reset, click on the APPLY button.

Apply

Appendix A

Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

**WARNING!**

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement

**Important:**

This equipment complies with IC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 23cm between the radiator and your body.

Operations in the 5.15-5.25GHz band are restricted to indoor usage only.

Appendix B

Industry Canada Statement

This device complies with RSS-210 of the Industry Canada Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Ce dispositif est conforme à la norme CNR-210 d'Industrie Canada applicable aux appareils radio exempts de licence. Son fonctionnement est sujet aux deux conditions suivantes: (1) le dispositif ne doit pas produire de brouillage préjudiciable, et (2) ce dispositif doit accepter tout brouillage reçu, y compris un brouillage susceptible de provoquer un fonctionnement indésirable.

Radiation Exposure Statement

**Important:**

This equipment complies with IC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 23cm between the radiator and your body.

Operations in the 5.15-5.25GHz band are restricted to indoor usage only.

Déclaration d'exposition aux radiations



Importante:

Cet équipement est conforme aux limites d'exposition aux rayonnements IC établies pour un environnement non contrôlé. Cet équipement doit être installé et utilisé avec un minimum de 23 cm de distance entre la source de rayonnement et votre corps.

Operations in the 5.15-5.25GHz band are restricted to indoor usage only.

This device has been designed to operate with a dipole antenna have a maximum gain of 2dBi for 2.4GHz and 3.1 dBi for 5GHz. Antenna having a higher gain is strictly prohibited per regulations of Industry Canada. The required antenna impedance is 50 ohms.

Under Industry Canada regulations, this radio transmitter may only operate using an antenna of a type and maximum (or lesser) gain approved for the transmitter by Industry Canada. To reduce potential radio interference to other users, the antenna type and its gain should be so chosen that the equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) is not more than that necessary for successful communication.

This radio transmitter (IC: 10103A-EIR900 / Model: EIR900) has been approved by Industry Canada to operate with the antenna type, maximum permissible gain and required antenna impedance for each antenna type indicated. Antenna types not included in this user's manual, having a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for that type, are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Ce dispositif a été conçu pour fonctionner avec une antenne ayant un gain maximal de diop le antenne de 2dBi pour 2,4 GHz et 5 GHz pour 3.1dBi. Une antenne à gain plus élevé est strictement interdite par les règlements d'Industrie Canada. L'impédance d'antenne requise est de 50 ohms.

Conformément à la réglementation d'Industrie Canada, le présent émetteur radio peut fonctionner avec une antenne d'un type et d'un gain maximal (ou inférieur) approuvé pour l'émetteur par Industrie Canada. Dans le but de réduire les risques de

brouillage radioélectrique à l'intention des autres utilisateurs, il faut choisir le type d'antenne et son gain de sorte que la puissance isotrope rayonnée équivalente (p.i.r.e.) ne dépasse pas l'intensité nécessaire à l'établissement d'une communication satisfaisante.

Le présent émetteur radio (IC: 10103A-EIR900 / Model: EIR900) a été approuvé par Industrie Canada pour fonctionner avec les types d'antenne énumérés ci-dessous et ayant un gain admissible maximal et l'impédance requise pour chaque type d'antenne. Les types d'antenne non inclus dans cette liste, ou dont le gain est supérieur au gain maximal indiqué, sont strictement interdits pour l'exploitation de l'émetteur.

Appendix C

European (CE) Declaration of Conformity

This product has been tested in accordance too, and complies with the Low Voltage Directive (73/23/EEC) and EMC Directive (89/336/EEC). The product has been marked with the CE Mark to illustrate its compliance.

Appendix D

Link Layers

There are different ways of connecting your personal computer (PC) or mobile computing device to the Internet. Here are four of the most common ways and how to connect to the Internet using them.

Dynamic IP Address (DHCP)

A DHCP of connection is where your internet connection is usually always on and your internet service provider automatically provides you with an IP address. A DHCP connection is usually from a Cable internet service.

Static IP

To set up a Static IP connection, enter the following: IP Address of the Internet Connection, Subnet Mask, Default Gateway, and both DNS Servers. This information can be obtained by either your Internet Service provider or Network Administrator. If your internet service provider requires a username and password to connect, you will then be prompted to enter the correct information.

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit. It specifies the largest packet size permitted for internet transmission. The factory default MTU size of Static IP is 1500. If you wish to manually change the MTU size, set it between 512 and 1500.

Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE)

Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE): To set up a PPPoE connection, enter the Username, Password, and Service (name) of the internet connection provided by your ISP. Click Next and the ESR300H should connect to the internet successfully. A PPPoE connection is usually from a DSL internet service.

1. Login: The username or e-mail address that the internet connection uses to access internet connectivity.
2. Password: The password that corresponds to the username or e-mail address used to connect to the internet in the PPPoE.
3. Service Name: The Service Name is optional. This is to signify the name of the Internet Service Provider.
4. MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit. It specifies the largest packet size permitted for internet transmission. The factory default MTU size of Static IP is 1500. If you wish to manually change the MTU size, set it between 512 and 1500.
5. Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP)

To set up a PPTP connection, enter the type of WAN connection (Static IP or DHCP). After, depending on the type of WAN, follow the instructions of DHCP or Static IP to fill out the corresponding information. Then, proceed to enter the Username, Password, Service, and Connection ID of the PPTP internet connection. Once completed, click Next. Once configured, the internet connection will successfully connect.

Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)

To set up an L2TP connection, enter the type of WAN connection (Static IP or DHCP). After, depending on the type of WAN, follow the instructions of DHCP or Static IP to fill out the corresponding information. Then, proceed to enter the Username, Password, and Service. Click next when completed. Once configured, the internet connection will successfully connect.

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit. It specifies the largest packet size permitted for internet transmission. The factory default MTU size of Static IP is 1500. If you wish to manually change the MTU size, set it between 512 and 1500.

Appendix E

Worldwide Technical Support

| REGION/COUNTRY OF PURCHASE | SERVICE CENTRE | SERVICE INFORMATION | |
|----------------------------|----------------|---------------------|--|
| Canada | CANADA | web site | www.engeniuscanada.com |
| | | email | rma@engeniuscanada.com |
| | | contact numbers | Toll Free: (+1) 888-397-2788 Local: (+1) 905-940-8181 |
| | | hours of operation | Monday - Friday 9:00AM to 5:30PM PST (GMT-5) |

| REGION/COUNTRY OF PURCHASE | SERVICE CENTRE | SERVICE INFORMATION | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|---|--|
| USA | LOS ANGELES, USA | web site email forum contact numbers hours of operation | www.engeniustech.com support@engeniustech.com www.engeniusforum.com Toll Free: (+1) 888-735-7888 Local: (+1) 714-432-8668 Monday - Friday 8:00 AM to 5:30 PM PST (GMT-8) |
| Mexico, Central and Southern America | MIAMI, USA | web site email contact numbers hours of operation | [ES] es.engeniustech.com [PT] pg.engeniustech.com support@engeniustech.com Miami: (+1) 305-887-7378 Sao Paulo, Brazil: (+55) 11-3957-0303 D.F., Mexico:(+52) 55-1163-8894 Monday - Friday 8:00 AM to 5:30PM EST (GMT-5) |

| REGION/COUNTRY OF PURCHASE | SERVICE CENTRE | | SERVICE INFORMATION |
|--|----------------|--------------------|--|
| Europe | NETHERLANDS | web site | www.engeniusnetworks.eu |
| | | email | support@engeniusnetworks.eu |
| | | contact numbers | (+31) 40-8200-887 |
| | | hours of operation | Monday - Friday 9:00 AM - 5:00 PM (GMT+1) |
| Africa Middle East Russia CIS / Armenia, Azerbaijan, Balerus, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Moldova, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, Uzbekistan Turkey Afghanistan Pakistan Bangladesh, Maldives, Nepal, Bhutan, Sri Lanka | DUBAI, UAE | web site | www.engenius-me.com |
| | | email | support@engenius-me.com |
| | | contact numbers | Toll Free: U.A.E.: 800-EnGenius 800-364-364-87 General: (+971) 4357-5599 |
| | | hours of operation | Sunday - Thursday 9:00 AM - 6:00 PM (GMT+4) |

| REGION/COUNTRY OF PURCHASE | SERVICE CENTRE | | SERVICE INFORMATION |
|--|----------------|--------------------|---|
| Singapore, Cambodia, Indonesia, Malaysia, Thailand, Philippines, Vietnam China, Hong Kong, Korea India South Africa Oceania | SINGAPORE | web site | www.engeniustech.com.sg/ e_warranty_form |
| | | email | techsupport@engeniustech.com.sg |
| | | contact numbers | Toll Free: Singapore: 1800-364-3648 |
| | | hours of operation | Monday - Friday 9:00 AM - 6:00 PM (GMT+8) |
| Others | TAIWAN, R.O.C. | web site | www.engeniusnetworks.com |
| | | email | technology@senao.com |

Note:

* Service hours are based on the local time of the service center.

* Please visit the website for the latest information about customer service.