

Gaw9.5Z97-4

User Manual

Contents

1	Introduction.....	1
1.1	Safety Precautions.....	1
1.2	LEDs and Interfaces.....	2
1.3	System Requirements.....	4
1.4	Features.....	4
1.5	Supported Protocols.....	5
2	Hardware Installation.....	6
3	About the Web Configuration.....	9
3.1	How to Access the Router.....	9
3.2	Wizard.....	10
3.3	Status.....	19
3.3.1	System.....	19
3.3.2	LAN.....	20
3.3.3	WLAN.....	20
3.3.4	WAN.....	21
3.3.5	Port Mapping.....	22
3.3.6	Statistics.....	22
3.3.7	ARP Table.....	24
3.4	Network.....	24
3.4.1	LAN.....	25
3.4.2	WAN.....	30
3.4.3	WLAN.....	36
3.5	Service.....	45
3.5.1	DNS.....	45
3.5.2	Firewall.....	47
3.5.3	UPNP.....	53
3.5.4	IGMP Proxy.....	54
3.5.5	TR069.....	54
3.5.6	ACL.....	57
3.6	Advance.....	58
3.6.1	Bridge Setting.....	58
3.6.2	Routing.....	59
3.6.3	Port Mapping.....	62

3.6.4	QoS.....	64
3.6.5	SNMP.....	65
3.6.6	Others.....	66
3.7	Admin.....	67
3.7.1	Commit/Reboot.....	67
3.7.2	Upgrade.....	68
3.7.3	System Log.....	69
3.7.4	Password.....	70
3.7.5	Time Zone	71
3.8	Diagnostic	72
3.8.1	Ping.....	72
3.8.2	ATM Loopback.....	73
3.8.3	ADSL.....	73
4	Statement	75
4.1	Europe - EU Declaration of Conformity Statement.....	75
4.2	Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement	77
4.3	Part 68 statement.....	79

1 Introduction

The ADSL Router supports multiple line modes. It provides four 10/100 base-T Ethernet interfaces at the user end. The device provides high-speed ADSL broadband connection to the Internet or Intranet for high-end users, such as net bars and office users. The device provides high performance access to the Internet, downlink up to 24 Mbps and uplink up to 1 Mbps.

The device supports WLAN access, as WLAN AP or WLAN router, to the Internet. It complies with IEEE 802.11, 802.11b/g specifications, and WEP, WPA and WPA2 security specifications.

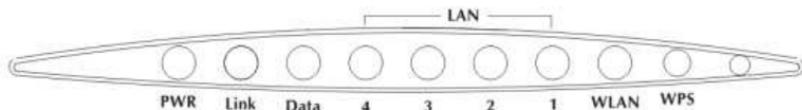
1.1 Safety Precautions

Follow the following instructions to prevent the device from risks and damage caused by fire or electric power:

- Use volume labels to mark the type of power.
- Use the power adapter packed within the device package.
- Pay attention to the power load of the outlet or prolonged lines. An overburden power outlet or damaged lines and plugs may cause electric shock or fire accident. Check the power cords regularly. If you find any damage, replace it at once.
- Proper space left for heat dissipation is necessary to avoid damage caused by overheating to the device. The long and thin holes on the device are designed for heat dissipation to ensure that the device works normally. Do not cover these heat dissipation holes.
- Do not put this device close to a place where a heat source exists or high temperature occurs. Avoid the device from direct sunshine.
- Do not put this device close to a place where it is over damp or watery. Do not spill any fluid on this device.
- Do not connect this device to any PCs or electronic products, unless our customer engineer or your broadband provider instructs you to do this, because any wrong connection may cause power or fire risk.
- Do not place this device on an unstable surface or support.

1.2 LEDs and Interfaces

Front Panel

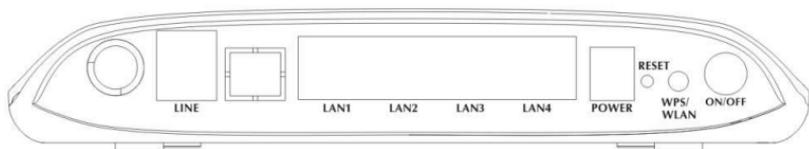


The following table describes the LEDs of the device:

LEDs	Color	Status	Description
PWR	Green	On	The device is powered on.
		Off	The device is powered off.
Link	Green	On	The device has established connection with the office physical layer.
		Blinks (fast)	The device is handshaking with the office physical layer.
		Blinks (slow)	The device does not detect the signals.
Data	Green	On	The device has a successful Internet connection in the routing mode, and no data is being transmitted.
		Blinks	Data is being transmitted on the Internet in the routing mode.
		Off	The device is in bridge mode.
	Red	On	After the successful synchronous in the routing mode, the Internet connection is failed.
LAN4-1	Green	On	The device has successful LAN connection.
		Blinks	Data is being transmitted on LAN or data is being transmitted on the Internet in the bridge mode.
		Off	The LAN connection is failed.

LEDs	Color	Status	Description
WLAN	Green	On	The device has successful WLAN connection.
		Blinks	Data is being transmitted on WLAN.
		Off	The WLAN connection is failed.
WPS	Green	Off	WPS is disabled.
		Blinks	WPS is enabled, and is waiting for client to negotiate.

Rear Panel



The following table describes the interfaces of the device:

Interface	Description
	Wireless antenna.
Line	RJ-11 interface, for connecting to the ADSL interface or a splitter through a telephone cable.
LAN1/LAN2/ LAN3/LAN4	RJ-45 interface, for connecting to the Ethernet interface of the PC or the Ethernet devices through an Ethernet cable.
Power	Power interface, for connecting to the power adapter of 12 V DC, 1 A.
Reset	Reset to the factory defaults. To restore factory defaults, keep the device powered on and push a paper clip into the hole. Press down the button 3 seconds and then release.
WPS/WLAN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Press the button silently less than 1 second to enable WLAN function. ● Press the button for more than 3 seconds (include 3 seconds) to enable to enable WPS function. ● If you press the button between 1 second and 3 seconds, no function takes effective.

Interface	Description
ON/OFF	Power switch, power on or power off the router.

1.3 System Requirements

Recommended system requirements are as follows:

- A 10/100 base-T Ethernet card is installed on your PC
- A hub or Switch. (attached to several PCs through one of Ethernet interfaces on the device)
- Operating system: Windows 98SE, Windows 2000, Windows ME, Windows XP or Windows Vista
- Internet Explorer V5.0 or higher, Netscape V4.0 or higher, or firefox 1.5 or higher

1.4 Features

The device supports the following features:

- Various line modes (line auto-negotiation)
- External PPPoE dial-up access
- Internal PPPoE/PPPoA dial-up access
- Zero installation PPP bridge mode (ZIPB)
- 1483B/1483R/MER access
- Multiple PVCs (eight at most)
- A single PVC with multiple sessions
- Multiple PVCs with multiple sessions
- DHCP server
- NAT/NAPT
- Static route
- Firmware upgrading through Web, TFTP, or FTP
- Rsetting to the factory defaults through Reset button or Web
- DNS relay
- Virtual server
- Web interface
- Telnet CLI
- System status display

- PPP session PAP/CHAP
- IP/Port, MAC, URL filter
- Remote access control
- Line connection status test
- Remote access control
- Backup and restoration of configuration file
- IP quality of service (QoS)
- Universal plug and play (UPnP)
- WLAN with high-speed data transmission rate, up to 54 Mbps, compatible with IEEE 802.11b/g, 2.4 GHz compliant equipment

1.5 Supported Protocols

The device supports the following protocols:

- ITU G.992.1 (G.DMT) Annex A
- ITU G.992.2 (G.LITE)
- ANSI T1.413 Issue 2
- ITU G.992.3 (ADSL2)
- ITU G.992.5 (ADSL2+)
- Annex L
- Annex M

2 Hardware Installation

Step 1 Connect the **Line** interface of the device and the **Modem** interface of the splitter through a telephone cable. Connect the phone to the **Phone** interface of the splitter through a cable. Connect the incoming line to the **Line** interface of the splitter.

The splitter has three interfaces:

- **Line:** Connect to a wall phone jack (RJ-11 jack)
- **Modem:** Connect to the ADSL jack of the device
- **Phone:** Connect to a telephone set.

Step 2 Connect the Ethernet interface of the device to the network card of the PC through an Ethernet cable (MDI/MDIX).



Note:

Use twisted-pair cables to connect with the hub or switch.

Step 3 Plug one end of the power adapter to the wall outlet and connect the other end to the **Power** interface of the device.

Connection 1

錯誤! 找不到參照來源。 displays the application diagram for the connection of the router, PC, splitter and the telephone sets, when no telephone set is placed before the splitter.

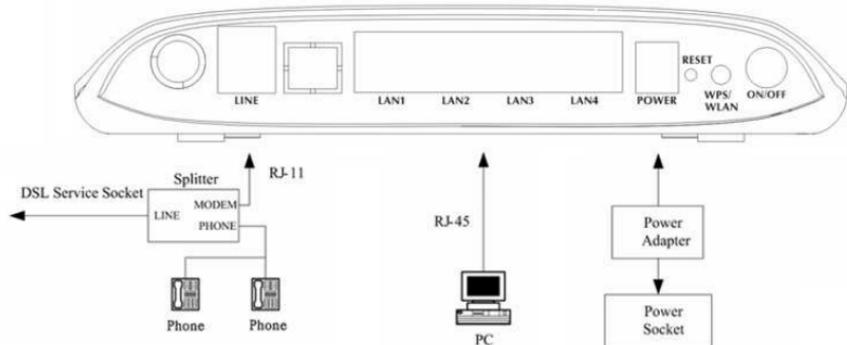


Figure 1 Connection diagram (Without connecting telephone sets before the splitter)

Connection 2

Figure 2 shows the connection when the splitter is installed close to the router.

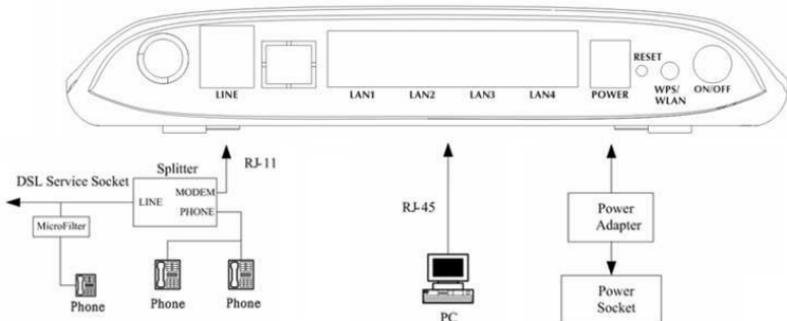


Figure 2 Connection diagram (Connecting a telephone set before the splitter)



Note:

When connection 2 is used, the filter must be installed close to the telephone cable. See Figure2. Do not use the splitter to replace the filter.

Installing a telephone directly before the splitter may lead to failure of connection between the device and the central office, or failure of Internet access, or slow connection speed. If you really need to add a telephone set before the splitter,

you must add a microfilter before a telephone set. Do not connect several telephones before the splitter or connect several telephones with the microfilter.

Wall Mount Diagram

The device can be mounted on the wall. Figure 3 shows the wall mount diagram.

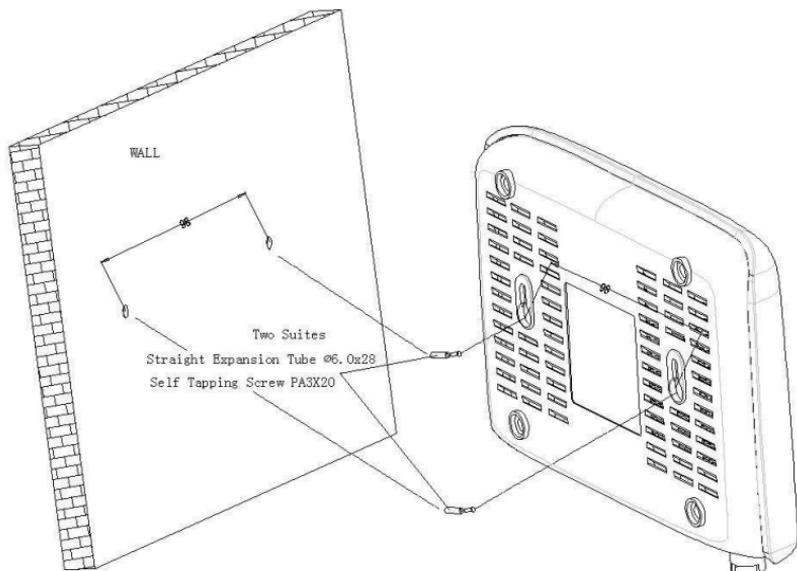


Figure 3 Wall mount diagram

3 About the Web Configuration

This chapter describes how to configure the router by using the Web-based configuration utility.

3.1 How to Access the Router

The following is the detailed description of accessing the router for the first time.

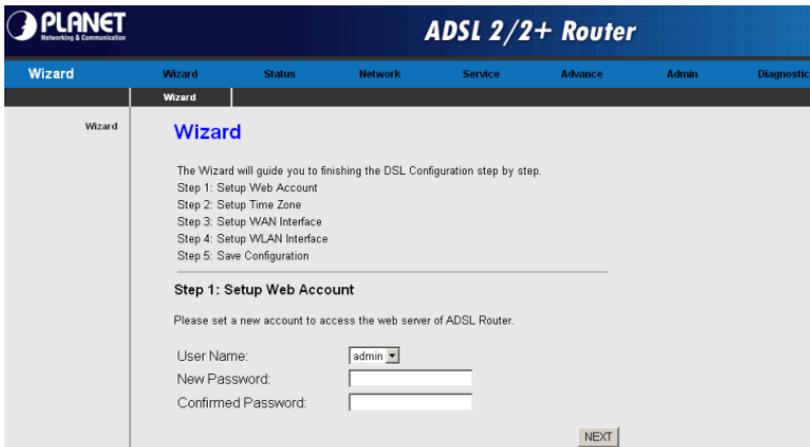
Step 1 Open the Internet Explorer (IE) browser and enter <http://192.168.1.1>.

Step 2 In the **LOGIN** page that is displayed, enter the username and password.

- The username and password of the super user are **admin** and **admin** respectively.
- The user name and password of the common user are **user** and **user** respectively.



If you log in as the super user, the page shown in the following figure appears.



If you log in as a common user, you can check the status of the router, but can not configure the most of the settings.

3.2 Wizard

When subscribing to a broadband service, you should be aware of the method by which you are connected to the Internet. Your physical WAN device can be either PPP, ADSL, or both. The technical information about the properties of your Internet connection is provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP). For example, your ISP should inform you whether you are connected to the Internet using a static or dynamic IP address, and the protocol that you use to communicate on the Internet.

In the navigation bar, choose **Wizard**. The page shown in the following figure appears. The **Wizard** page guides fast and accurate configuration of the Internet connection and other important parameters. The following sections describe these various configuration parameters. Whether you configure these parameters or use the default ones, click **NEXT** to enable your Internet connection.

PLANET
Networking & Communication

ADSL 2/2+ Router

Wizard Wizard Status Network Service Advance Admin Diagnostic

Wizard

Wizard

The Wizard will guide you to finishing the DSL Configuration step by step.
 Step 1: Setup Web Account
 Step 2: Setup Time Zone
 Step 3: Setup WAN Interface
 Step 4: Setup WLAN Interface
 Step 5: Save Configuration

Step 1: Setup Web Account

Please set a new account to access the web server of ADSL Router.

User Name:

New Password:

Confirmed Password:

Enter the correct password and then click **NEXT**. The page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can set the system time and Network Time Protocol (NTP) server.

PLANET
Networking & Communication

ADSL 2/2+ Router

Wizard Wizard Status Network Service Advance Admin Diagnostic

Wizard

Step 2: Setup Time Zone

Please setup the system time and the Network Time Protocol(NTP) server.

NTP Configuration:

State: Disable Enable

Server IP:

Interval: Every hours

Time Zone:

GMT time: Thu Jan 1 1:11:17 1970

The following table describes the parameters of this page:

Field	Description
State	You can disable or enable NTP function. You have to enable it if you want to configure the parameters in this page.
Server IP	Enter the IP address of the specified time server manually.

Field	Description
Interval	Set the interval that the router obtains the time from the time server. That is, the interval that the router verifies the time with the server.
Time Zone	Choose the time zone of your country.
GMT time	It displays the Greenwich mean time.

After finishing the configuration, click **NEXT**. The page shown in the following figure appears.

Wizard

Step 3: Setup WAN Interface

Please setup the Channel Mode of WAN Interface.

PVC Setting: VPI: (0-255) VCI: (32-65535)

Encapsulation: LLC/SNAP VC-Mux

Channel Mode: 1483 Bridged
 1483 MER
 PPP over Ethernet(PPPoE)
 PPP over ATM(PPPoA)
 1483 Routed

PPP Settings: User Name: Password:

Default Route: Enable Disable

DNS Settings: Obtain DNS Automatically
 Use the following DNS server address:
 Primary DNS Server:
 Secondary DNS Server:

The following table describes the parameters of this page:

Field	Description
PVC Settings	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The virtual path between two points in an ATM network, and its valid value is from 0 to 255. The virtual channel between two points in an ATM network, ranging from 32 to 65535 (0 to 31 is reserved for local management of ATM traffic).
Encapsulation	Select the method of encapsulation provided by your

Field	Description
	ISP. You can select LLC/SNAP or VC-Mux .
Channel Mode	Select the WAN connection type. You can select 1483 Bridged , 1483 MER , PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE) , PPP over ATM (PPPoA) , or 1483 Routed .
PPP Settings	The username and password apply to PPPoE and PPPoA encapsulation only. Ensure that you enter the correct username and password.
Default Route	You can select Enable or Disable .
DNS Settings	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Obtain DNS Automatically: Obtain the DNS server assigned by the uplink equipment, such as BAS. ● Use the following DNS server address: If you want to enter the DNS server address by yourself, select it and enter the related data.

After finishing the configuration, click **NEXT**. The page shown in the following figure appears.

Wizard

Step 4: Setup WLAN Interface

Please setup the parameters for WLAN Interface.

WLAN Interface: Enable Disable

Band:

SSID:

Encryption:

The following table describes the parameters of this page:

Field	Description
WLAN Interface	<p>You can choose Enable or Disable. By default, WAN interface is enabled.</p> <p>You need to enable WAN interface, and then you can</p>

Field	Description
	set the parameters in this page.
Band	Choose the working mode of the router. You can choose 2.4 GHz (B) , 2.4 GHz (G) , or 2.4 GHz (B + G) . By default, the band is 2.4 GHz (B + G) .
SSID	The service set identification (SSID) is a unique name to identify the router in the wireless LAN. Wireless stations associating to the router must have the same SSID. Enter a descriptive name that is used when the wireless client connecting to the router.
Encryption	Configure the wireless encryption mode. You can choose None , WEP , WPA (TKIP) , WPA (AES) , WPA2 (AES) , WPA2 (TKIP) , or WPA2 Mixed . <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Wired equivalent privacy (WEP) encrypts data frames before transmitting over the wireless network. ● Wi-Fi protected access (WPA) is a subset of the IEEE802.11i security specification draft. ● WPA2 Mixed is the collection of WPA and WPA2 encryption modes. The wireless client establishes the connection between the router through WPA or WPA2. Key differences between WPA and WEP are user authentication and improved data encryption.

After finishing the configuration, click **NEXT**. The page shown in the following figure appears.

Wizard

Step 5: Save Configuration

Click "FINISH" to save these settings. Click "BACK" to make any modifications. Click "RESET" to drop these settings.

The parameters you set:

User Name: admin
Password: admin
NTP State: Disable
VPI: 0
VCI: 35
Encapsulation: LLC/SNAP
Channel Mode: pppoe
ppp User Name: planet
ppp Password: planet
DNS Settings: Obtain DNS Automatically
WLAN Interface: Enable

BACK

FINISH

RESET

1483 Bridged

Wizard

Step 3: Setup WAN Interface

Please setup the Channel Mode of WAN Interface.

PVC Setting: VPI: (0-255) VCI: (32-65535)

Encapsulation: LLC/SNAP VC-Mux

Channel Mode: 1483 Bridged
 1483 MER
 PPP over Ethernet(PPPoE)
 PPP over ATM(PPPoA)
 1483 Routed

BACK

NEXT

In the **Setup WAN Interface** page, set the channel mode to **1483 Bridged**

1483 MER

Wizard

Step 3: Setup WAN Interface

Please setup the Channel Mode of WAN Interface.

PVC Setting: VPI: (0-255) VCI: (32-65535)

Encapsulation: LLC/SNAP VC-Mux

Channel Mode: 1483 Bridged
 1483 MER
 PPP over Ethernet(PPPoE)
 PPP over ATM(PPPoA)
 1483 Routed

WAN IP Settings: Obtain an IP address automatically
 Use the following IP address:

WAN IP:

Netmask:

Gateway:

Default Route: Enable Disable

DNS Settings: Obtain DNS Automatically
 Use the following DNS server address:

Primary DNS Server:

Secondary DNS Server:

In the **Setup WAN Interface** page, set the channel mode to **1483 MER PPPoE**

Wizard

Step 3: Setup WAN Interface

Please setup the Channel Mode of WAN Interface.

PVC Setting: VPI: (0-255) VCI: (32-65535)

Encapsulation: LLC/SNAP VC-Mux

Channel Mode: 1483 Bridged
 1483 MER
 PPP over Ethernet(PPPoE)
 PPP over ATM(PPPoA)
 1483 Routed

PPP Settings: User Name: Password:

Default Route: Enable Disable

DNS Settings: Obtain DNS Automatically
 Use the following DNS server address:
Primary DNS Server:
Secondary DNS Server:

In the **Setup WAN Interface** page, set the channel mode to **PPPoE**

PPPoA

Wizard

Step 3: Setup WAN Interface

Please setup the Channel Mode of WAN Interface.

PVC Setting: VPI: (0-255) VCI: (32-65535)

Encapsulation: LLC/SNAP VC-Mux

Channel Mode: 1483 Bridged
 1483 MER
 PPP over Ethernet(PPPoE)
 PPP over ATM(PPPoA)
 1483 Routed

PPP Settings: User Name: Password:

Default Route: Enable Disable

DNS Settings: Obtain DNS Automatically
 Use the following DNS server address:
Primary DNS Server:
Secondary DNS Server:

In the **Setup WAN Interface** page, set the channel mode to **PPPoA**

1483 Routed

Wizard

Step 3: Setup WAN Interface

Please setup the Channel Mode of WAN Interface.

PVC Setting: VPI: (0-255) VCI: (32-65535)

Encapsulation: LLC/SNAP VC-Mux

Channel Mode: 1483 Bridged
 1483 MER
 PPP over Ethernet(PPPoE)
 PPP over ATM(PPPoA)
 1483 Routed

WAN IP Settings: Obtain an IP address automatically
 Use the following IP address:
WAN IP:
Netmask:
Gateway:

Default Route: Enable Disable

DNS Settings: Obtain DNS Automatically
 Use the following DNS server address:
Primary DNS Server:
Secondary DNS Server:

In the **Setup WAN Interface** page, set the channel mode to **1483 Routed**

3.3 Status

In the navigation bar, choose **Status**. In the **Status** page that is displayed contains: **System**, **LAN**, **WLAN**, **WAN**, **Port Mapping**, **Statistic**, and **ARP Table**.

3.3.1 System

Choose **Status** > **System**. The page that is displayed shows the current status and some basic settings of the router, such as software version, DSP version, uptime, upstream speed, and downstream speed.

PLANET Networking & Communications **ADSL 2/2+ Router**

Status Wizard **Status** Network Service Advance Admin Diagnostic

System System LAN WLAN WAN Port Mapping Statistics ARP Table

System **System Status**

This page shows the current status and some basic settings of the device.

System	
Alias Name	ADW-4401
Uptime(hh:mm:ss)	01:20:10
Software Version	V2.1.1
DSP Version	2.9.0.5a
DSL	
Operational Status	G992.5 ADSL2+
DSL Up Time(hh:mm:ss)	00:35:32
Upstream Speed	945 kbps
Downstream Speed	17860 kbps

3.3.2 LAN

Choose **Status** > **LAN**. The page that is displayed shows some basic LAN settings of the router. In this page, you can view the LAN IP address, DHCP server status, MAC address, and DHCP client table. If you want to configure the LAN network, refer to chapter 3.4.1.1 LAN IP.

PLANET Networking & Communications **ADSL 2/2+ Router**

LAN Wizard **Status** Network Service Advance Admin Diagnostic

System LAN WLAN WAN Port Mapping Statistics ARP Table

LAN **LAN Status**

This page shows some basic LAN settings.

LAN Configuration	
IP Address	192.168.1.1
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
DHCP Server	Enable
MAC Address	00:EO:4C:86:70:14

DHCP Client Table				
Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Expiry(s)	Type

3.3.3 WLAN

Choose **Status** > **WLAN**. The page that is displayed shows some basic WLAN settings of the router. In this page, you can view basic status of WAN and DNS server. If you want to configure the WAN network, refer to chapter 3.4.3 .

WLAN	Wizard	Status	Network	Service	Advance	Admin	Diagnostic
	System	LAN	WLAN	WAN	Port Mapping	Statistics	ARP Table

WLAN Status

This page shows some basic status of wireless lan.

Wireless Configuration	
Wireless	Enabled
Band	2.4 GHz (B+G)
Mode	AP
Broadcast SSID	Enabled
root	
Status	Enabled
SSID	ADD-GWAR3550
Authentication Mode	Auto
Encrypt Mode	None
Vap0	
Status	Disabled
Vap1	
Status	Disabled
Vap2	
Status	Disabled
Vap3	
Status	Disabled

Wireless Client List					
MAC Address	Tx Packet	Rx Packet	Tx Rate (Mbps)	Power Saving	Expired Time (s)
None	---	---	---	---	---

Current Access Control List	
Mode	Disabled

3.3.4 WAN

Choose **Status** > **WAN**. The page that is displayed shows some basic WAN settings of the router. In this page, you can view basic status of WAN and DNS server. If you want to configure the WAN network, refer to chapter 3.4.2.1 WAN.

WAN	Wizard	Status	Network	Service	Advance	Admin	Diagnostic
	System	LAN	WLAN	WAN	Port Mapping	Statistics	ARP Table

WAN Status

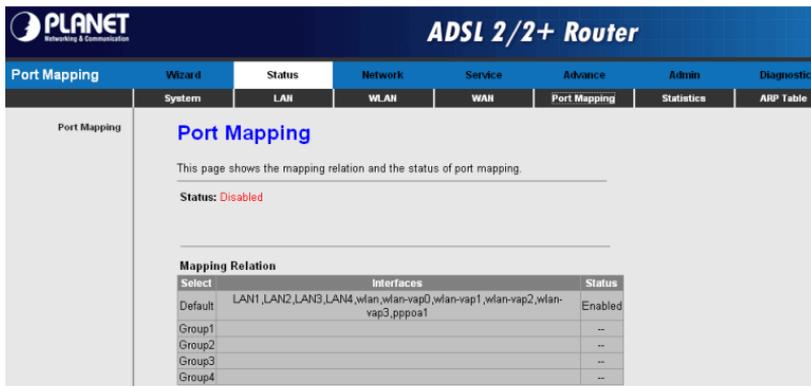
This page shows some basic WAN settings.

Interface	VPI/VCI	Encap	Route	Protocol	IP Address	Gateway	Status
ppp0a1	0/38	VCMUX	On	PPPoA	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	down 00:00:00 / 00:00:00 connect

DNS Servers

3.3.5 Port Mapping

Choose **Status > Port Mapping**. In this page, you can view the mapping relation and the status of port mapping.



The screenshot shows the Planet ADSL 2/2+ Router web interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Port Mapping', 'Wizard', 'Status', 'Network', 'Service', 'Advance', 'Admin', and 'Diagnostic'. The 'Status' section is active, showing 'Port Mapping' as the selected option. The main content area displays the 'Port Mapping' page, which indicates that the port mapping is currently 'Disabled'. Below this, a table titled 'Mapping Relation' provides details on the mapping between interfaces and their status.

Select	Interfaces	Status
Default	LAN1_LAN2_LAN3_LAN4_wlan_wlan-vap0_wlan-vap1_wlan-vap2_wlan-vap3_pppoa1	Enabled
Group1		--
Group2		--
Group3		--
Group4		--

3.3.6 Statistics

Choose **Status > Statistics**. The **Statistics** page that is displayed contains **Traffic Statistic** and **DSL Statistic**.

3.3.6.1 Traffic Statistic

Click **Traffic Statistic** in the left pane. The page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can view the statistics of each network port.

Statistics	Wizard	Status	Network	Service	Advance	Admin	Diagnostic
Traffic Statistic DSL Statistic	System	LAN	WLAN	WAN	Port Mapping	Statistics	ARP Table

Statistics

This page shows the packet statistics for transmission and reception regarding to network interface.

Interface	Rx pkt	Rx err	Rx drop	Tx pkt	Tx err	Tx drop
e1	312	0	0	304	0	0
a0	0	0	0	0	0	0
a1	0	0	0	773	0	0
a2	0	0	0	0	0	0
a3	0	0	0	0	0	0
a4	0	0	0	0	0	0
a5	0	0	0	0	0	0
a6	0	0	0	0	0	0
a7	0	0	0	0	0	0
w1	237264	0	0	0	0	11831
w2	0	0	0	0	0	0
w3	0	0	0	0	0	0
w4	0	0	0	0	0	0
w5	0	0	0	0	0	0

3.3.6.2 DSL Statistic

Click **DSL Statistic** in the left pane. The page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can view the ADSL line status, upstream rate, downstream rate, and other information.

DSL Statistic	Wizard	Status	Network	Service	Advance	Admin	Diagnostic
	System	LAN	WLAN	WAN	Port Mapping	Statistics	ARP Table

Traffic Statistic
 DSL Statistic

ADSL Configuration

This page shows the setting of the ADSL Router.

Adsl Line Status	SHOWTIME.L0
Adsl Mode	G992.5 ADSL2+
Up Stream	945 kbps
Down Stream	17660 kbps
Attenuation Down Stream(db)	2
Attenuation Up Stream(db)	3
SNR Margin Down Stream(db)	10.0
SNR Margin Up Stream(db)	13.0
Vendor ID	RETK
DSP Version	2.9.0.5a
CRC Errors	13
Up Stream BER	1e-7
Down Stream BER	0e-7
Up Output Power	5
Down Output Power	6
ES	2
SES	0
UAS	0

Adsl Retrain:

3.3.7 ARP Table

Choose **Status > ARP Table**. In the **ARP Table** page, you can view the table that shows a list of learned MAC addresses.

ARP Table	Wizard	Status	Network	Service	Advance	Admin	Diagnostic
	System	LAN	WLAN	WAN	Port Mapping	Statistics	ARP Table

ARP Table

Arp tables

The page show MAC address tables.

IP address	Mac address
192.168.1.25	00:1D:9F:19:91:C1
192.168.1.1	00:E0:4C:86:70:14

3.4 Network

In the navigation bar, choose **Network**. The **Network** page that is displayed contains **LAN**, **WAN**, and **WLAN**.

3.4.1 LAN

Choose **Network > LAN**. The **LAN** page that is displayed contains **LAN IP**, **DHCP**, and **DHCP Static IP**.

3.4.1.1 LAN IP

Click **LAN IP** in the left pane. The page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can change IP address of the router. The default IP address is 192.168.1.1. This is the private IP address of the router. This is the address under which the router can be reached in the local network. It can be freely assigned from the block of available addresses.

The screenshot shows the PLANET ADSL 2/2+ Router web interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Network', 'Wizard', 'Status', 'Network' (selected), 'Service', 'Advance', 'Admin', and 'Diagnostic'. Below this, there are sub-tabs for 'LAN', 'WAN', and 'WLAN'. The main content area is titled 'LAN Interface Setup' and contains the following configuration options:

- Interface Name: e1
- IP Address: 192.168.1.1
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Secondary IP
- IGMP Snooping: Disable Enable
- Apply Changes button

The following table describes the parameters and button of this page:

Field	Description
IP Address	Enter the IP of LAN interface. It is recommended to use an address from a block that is reserved for private use. This address block is 192.168.1.1-192.168.255.254.
Subnet Mask	Enter the subnet mask of LAN interface. The range of subnet mask is from 255.255.0.0-255.255.255.254.
Secondary IP	Select it to enable the secondary LAN IP. The two LAN IP addresses must be in the different network.
IGMP Snooping	You can disable or enable IGMP Snooping.
Apply Changes	Click it to save the settings of this page.

3.4.1.2 DHCP

Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) allows the individual PC to obtain the TCP/IP configuration from the centralized DHCP server. You can configure this router as a DHCP server or disable it. The DHCP server can assign IP address, IP default gateway, and DNS server to DHCP clients. This router can also act as a surrogate DHCP server (DHCP proxy) where it relays IP address assignment from an actual real DHCP server to clients. You can enable or disable DHCP server or DHCP proxy.

Click **DHCP** in the left pane. The page shown in the following figure appears.

PLANET
Networking & Communication

ADSL 2/2+ Router

DHCP Wizard Status **Network** Service Advance Admin Diagnostic

LAN IP DHCP DHCP Static IP

DHCP Mode

LAN IP Address: 192.168.1.1 **Subnet Mask:** 255.255.255.0

This page can be used to config the DHCP mode:None,DHCP Relay or DHCP Server.
(1)Enable the DHCP Server if you are using this device as a DHCP server. This page lists the IP address pools available to hosts on your LAN. The device distributes numbers in the pool to hosts on your network as they request Internet access.
(2)Enable the DHCP Relay if you are using the other DHCP server to assign IP address to your hosts on the LAN. You can set the DHCP server ip address.
(3)If you choose "None", then the modem will do nothing when the hosts request a IP address.

DHCP Mode:

IP Pool Range: -

Default Gateway:

Max Lease Time:

Domain Name:

The following table describes the parameters in this page:

Field	Description
DHCP Mode	If set to DHCP Server , the router can assign IP addresses, IP default gateway and DNS Servers to Windows95, Windows NT and other systems that support the DHCP client.
IP Pool Range	It specifies the first and the last of contiguous IP address of the IP address pool.

Field	Description
Show Client	Click it, the Active DHCP Client Table page appears. It shows the assigned IP address of the clients.
Default Gateway	Enter the IP default gateway of the IP address pool.
Max Lease Time	The lease time determines the period that the PCs retain the assigned IP addresses before the IP addresses change.
Domain Name	Enter the domain name if you know. If you leave this blank, the domain name obtained by DHCP from the ISP is used. You must enter host name (system name) on each individual PC. The domain name can be assigned from the router through the DHCP server.
Set VendorClass IP Range	Click it, the Device IP Range Table page appears. You can configure the IP address range based on device type.

Click **Show Client** in the **DHCP Settings** page. The page shown in the following figure appears. You can view the IP address assigned to each DHCP client.

Active DHCP Client Table

This table shows the assigned IP address, MAC address and time expired for each DHCP leased client.

Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Expiry(s)	Type
<input type="button" value="Refresh"/> <input type="button" value="Close"/>				

The following table describes the parameters and buttons in this page:

Field	Description
IP Address	It displays the IP address relative to the MAC address.
MAC Address	It displays the MAC address of the PC. Each Ethernet device has a unique MAC address. The MAC address is assigned at the factory and it consists of six pairs of hexadecimal character, for

Field	Description
	example, 00-A0-C5-00-02-12.
Expired (s)	It displays the lease time. The lease time determines the period that the PCs retain the assigned IP addresses before the IP addresses change.
Refresh	Click it to refresh this page.
Close	Click it to close this page.

Click **Set VendorClass IP Range** in the **DHCP Settings** page. The page shown in the following figure appears. You can configure the IP address range based on device type.

Device IP Range Table

This page is used to configure the IP address range based on device type.

device name:

start address:

end address:

router address:

option60

IP Range Table:

Select	device name	start address	end address	default gateway	option60
--------	-------------	---------------	-------------	-----------------	----------

Choose **None** in the **DHCP Settings** page. The page shown in the following figure appears.

LAN IP
DHCP
DHCP Static IP

DHCP Mode

LAN IP Address: 192.168.1.1 **Subnet Mask:** 255.255.255.0

This page can be used to config the DHCP mode:None,DHCP Relay or DHCP Server.
 (1)Enable the DHCP Server if you are using this device as a DHCP server. This page lists the IP address pools available to hosts on your LAN. The device distributes numbers in the pool to hosts on your network as they request Internet access.
 (2)Enable the DHCP Relay if you are using the other DHCP server to assign IP address to your hosts on the LAN. You can set the DHCP server ip address.
 (3)If you choose "None", then the modem will do nothing when the hosts request a IP address.

DHCP Mode:

Choose **DHCP Relay** in the **DHCP Mode** page. The page shown in the following figure appears.

LAN IP
DHCP
DHCP Static IP

DHCP Mode

LAN IP Address: 192.168.1.1 **Subnet Mask:** 255.255.255.0

This page can be used to config the DHCP mode:None,DHCP Relay or DHCP Server.
 (1)Enable the DHCP Server if you are using this device as a DHCP server. This page lists the IP address pools available to hosts on your LAN. The device distributes numbers in the pool to hosts on your network as they request Internet access.
 (2)Enable the DHCP Relay if you are using the other DHCP server to assign IP address to your hosts on the LAN. You can set the DHCP server ip address.
 (3)If you choose "None", then the modem will do nothing when the hosts request a IP address.

DHCP Mode:

Relay Server:

The following table describes the parameters of this page:

Field	Description
DHCP Mode	If set to DHCP Relay , the router acts a surrogate DHCP Server and relays the DHCP requests and reponses between the remote server and the client.
Relay Server	Enter the DHCP server address provided by your ISP.

3.4.1.3 DHCP Static IP

Click **DHCP Static IP** in the left pane. The page shown in the following figure appears. You can assign the IP addresses on the LAN to the specific individual PCs based on their MAC address.

PLANET
Networking & Communication

ADSL 2/2+ Router

DHCP Static IP Wizard Status Network Service Advance Admin Diagnostic

LAN WAN WLAN

LAN IP
DHCP
DHCP Static IP

DHCP Static IP Configuration

This page lists the fixed IP/MAC address on your LAN. The device distributes the number configured to hosts on your network as they request Internet access.

IP Address:

Mac Address: (ex. 00034F710502)

DHCP Static IP Table:

Select	IP Address	MAC Address
--------	------------	-------------

The following table describes the parameters and buttons of this page:

Field	Description
IP Address	It specifies the IP address of the IP address pool.
Mac Address	Enter the MAC address of a PC on the LAN.
Add	After entering the IP address and MAC address, click it. A row will be added in the DHCP Static IP Table .
Delete Selected	Select a row in the DHCP Static IP Table , then click it, this row is deleted.
Undo	Click it to refresh this page.
DHCP Static IP Table	It shows the assigned IP address based on the MAC address.

3.4.2 WAN

Choose **Network > WAN**. The **WAN** page that is displayed contains **WAN**, **ATM Setting**, and **ADSL Setting**.

3.4.2.1 WAN

Click **WAN** in the left pane. The page shown in the following figure appears.

In this page, you can configure WAN interface of your router.

Channel Configuration

This page is used to configure the parameters for the channel operation modes of your ADSL Modem/Router. Note : When connect type of PPPoE and PPPoA only is "Manual", the "Connect" and "Disconnect" button will be enable.

Default Route Selection: Auto Specified

VPI: VCI: Encapsulation: LLC VC-Mux

Channel Mode: Enable NAPT:

Enable IGMP:

PPP Settings: User Name: Password:
 Type: Idle Time (min):

WAN IP Settings: Type: Fixed IP DHCP
 Local IP Address: Remote IP Address:
 Netmask:

Default Route: Disable Enable Auto
 Unnumbered

Current ATM VC Table:

Select	Inf	Mode	VPI	VCI	Encap	NAPT	IGMP	DRoute	IP Addr	Remote IP	NetMask	User Name	Unnumber	Status	Edit
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	pppoa1	PPPoA	0	38	VC-MUX	On	Off	On	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255			down	

The following table describes the parameters of this page:

Field	Description
Default Route Selection	You can choose Auto or Specified .
VPI	The virtual path between two points in an ATM network, ranging from 0 to 255.
VCI	The virtual channel between two points in an ATM network, ranging from 32 to 65535 (1 to 31 are reserved for known protocols)
Encapsulation	You can choose LLC and VC-Mux .
Channel Mode	You can choose 1483 Bridged , 1483 MER , PPPoE , PPPoA , or 1483 Routed .
Enable NAPT	Select it to enable the NAPT function of the router. If you do not select it and you want to access the Internet normally, you must add a route on the uplink equipment. Otherwise, the access to the Internet fails. Normally, it is required to enable NAPT.
Enabel IGMP	You can enable or disable IGMP function.

Field	Description
PPP Settings	
User Name	The correct user name that your ISP has provided to you.
Password	The correct password that your ISP has provided to you.
Type	You can choose Continuous , Connect on Demand , or Manual .
Idle Time (min)	If select connect on demand, you need to enter the idle timeout time. Within the preset minutes, if the router does not detect the flow of the user continuously, the router automatically disconnects the PPPoE connection.
WAN IP Settings	
Type	You can choose Fixed IP or DHCP . If select fixed IP, you should enter the local IP address, remote IP address and subnet mask. If set to use DHCP, the router is a DHCP client, the WAN IP address is assigned by the remote DHCP server.
Local IP Address	It is the IP address of WAN interface that is provided by your ISP.
Remote IP Address	This is the gateway IP address that is provided by your ISP.
Netmask	It is the subnet mask of the local IP address.
Unnumbered	Select this checkbox to enable IP Unnumbered function.
Add	After configuring the parameters of this page, click it to add a new PVC into the current ATM VC table.
Modify	Select a PVC in the current ATM VC table, then modify the parameters of this PVC. After finishing, click it to apply the change of this PVC.

Field	Description
Current ATM VC Table	This table shows the existed PVCs. It shows the Interface name, channel mode, VPI/VCI, encapsulation mode, local IP address, remote IP address and other information. The maximum item of this table is eight.
	Click it, the PPP Interface-Modify page appears. You can modify the PVCs' parameters.

Click  in the **PPPoE** mode. The page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can configure parameters of this PPPoE PVC.

Protocol:	PPPoE
ATM VCC:	0/32
Login Name:	<input type="text" value="admin1@9803.com"/>
Password:	<input type="password" value="•••••"/>
Authentication Method:	<input type="text" value="AUTO"/>
Connection Type:	<input type="text" value="Continuous"/>
Idle Time(s):	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Bridge:	<input type="radio"/> Bridged Ethernet (Transparent Bridging) <input type="radio"/> Bridged PPPoE (implies Bridged Ethernet) <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable Bridge
AC-Name:	<input type="text"/>
Service-Name:	<input type="text"/>
802.1q:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable VLAN ID(0-4095): <input type="text" value="0"/>
MTU:	<input type="text" value="1492"/>
Static IP:	<input type="text"/>
<input type="button" value="Apply Changes"/> <input type="button" value="Return"/> <input type="button" value="Undo"/>	

The following table describes the parameters and buttons of this page:

Field	Description
Protocol	The protocol type used for this WAN connection.
ATM VCC	The ATM virtual circuit connection assigned for

Field	Description
	this PPP interface (VPI/VCI).
Login Name	The login name provided by your ISP.
Password	The password provided by your ISP.
Authentication Method	You can choose AUTO , CHAP , or PAP .
Connection Type	You can choose Continuous , Connect on Demand , or Manual .
Idle Time (s)	If choose Connect on Demand , you need to enter the idle timeout time. Within the preset minutes, if the router does not detect the flow of the user continuously, the router automatically disconnects the PPPoE connection.
Bridge	You can choose Bridged Ethernet , Bridged PPPoE , or Disable Bridge .
AC-Name	The accessed equipment type.
Service-Name	The service name.
Apply Changes	Click it to save the settings of this page.
Return	Click it to return to the WAN Interface page.
Undo	Click it to refresh this page.

3.4.2.2 ATM Setting

Click **ATM Setting** in the left pane. The page shown in the following figure appears.

In this page, you can configure the parameters of the ATM, including QoS, PCR, CDVT, SCR, and MBS

PLANET
Networking & Communication

ADSL 2/2+ Router

ATM Setting Wizard Status **Network** Service Advance Admin Diagnostic

LAN WAN **WLAN**

ATM Settings

This page is used to configure the parameters for the ATM of your ADSL Router. Here you may change the setting for VPI, VCI, QoS etc ...

VPI: VCI: QoS:

PCR: CDVT: SCR: MBS:

Current ATM VC Table:

Select	VPI	VCI	QoS	PCR	CDVT	SCR	MBS
<input type="checkbox"/>	0	38	UBR	6144	0	---	---

The following table describes the parameters and buttons of this page:

Field	Description
VPI	The virtual path identifier of the ATM PVC.
VCI	The virtual channel identifier of the ATM PVC.
QoS	The QoS category of the PVC. You can choose UBR , CBR , rt-VBR , or nrt-VBR .
PCR	The maximum rate at which cells can be transported along a connection in the ATM network.
CDVT	The amount of delay permitted between ATM cells (expressed in microseconds).
SCR	The maximum rate that traffic can pass over a PVC without the risk of cell loss.
MBS	The maximum number of cells that can be transmitted at the PCR.
Apply Changes	Click it to save the settings of this page.
Undo	Click it to refresh this page.

3.4.2.3 ADSL Setting

Click **ADSL Setting** in the left pane. The page shown in the following figure appears.

In this page, you can select the DSL modulation. Mostly, you need to remain this factory default settings. The router supports these modulations: **G.lite**, **G.Dmt**, **T1.413**, **ADSL2**, **ADSL2+**, **AnnexL**, and **AnnexM**. The router negotiates the modulation modes with the DSLAM.

The screenshot shows the PLANET ADSL 2/2+ Router configuration interface. The top navigation bar includes 'ADSL Setting', 'Wizard', 'Status', 'Network', 'Service', 'Advance', 'Admin', and 'Diagnostic'. The 'Network' tab is active, and the 'WLAN' sub-tab is selected. The left sidebar shows 'WAN', 'ATM Setting', and 'ADSL Setting' (highlighted). The main content area is titled 'ADSL Settings' and contains the following configuration options:

- ADSL modulation:**
 - G.Lite
 - G.Dmt
 - T1.413
 - ADSL2
 - ADSL2+
- AnnexL Option:**
 - Enabled
- AnnexM Option:**
 - Enabled
- ADSL Capability:**
 - Bitswap Enable
 - SRA Enable

An 'Apply Changes' button is located at the bottom of the configuration area.

3.4.3 WLAN

Choose **Network > WLAN**. In the **WLAN** page that is displayed contains **Basic Setting**, **Security**, **Access Control**, **multi-SSID**, **Advance Setting**, and **WPS**.

3.4.3.1 Basic Setting

Click **Basic Setting** in the left pane. The page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can configure the parameters for wireless LAN clients that may connect to the router.

Basic Setting	Wizard	Status	Network	Service	Advance	Admin	Diagnostic
	LAN	WAN	WLAN				

Basic Setting

Security

Access Control

multi-SSID

Advance Setting

WPS

Wireless Basic Settings

This page is used to configure the parameters for wireless LAN clients which may connect to your Access Point. Here you may change wireless encryption settings as well as wireless network parameters.

Disable Wireless LAN Interface

Band:

Mode:

SSID:

Channel:

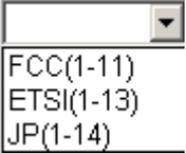
Channel Number: Current Channel: 6

Radio Power (Percent):

Associated Clients:

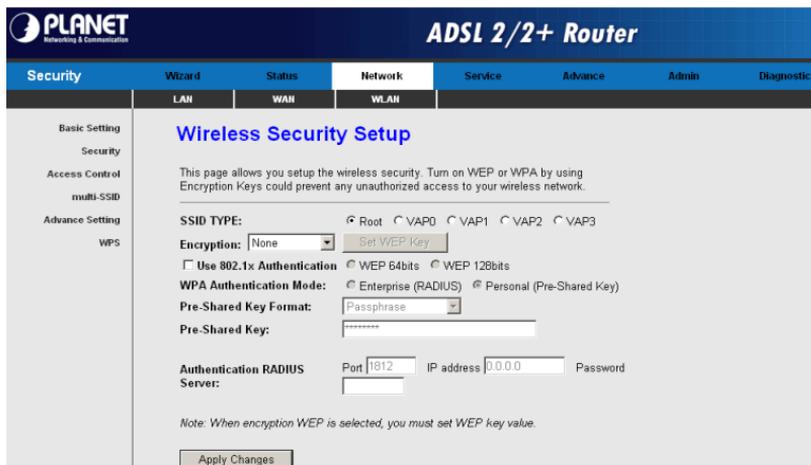
The following table describes the parameters and buttons of this page:

Field	Description
Band	Choose the working mode of the router. You can choose 2.4 GHz (B) , 2.4 GHz (G) , or 2.4 GHz (B + G) . By default, the band is 2.4 GHz (B + G) .
Mode	Choose the network mode of the router, which is varied according to the software. By default, the network model of the router is AP .
SSID	The service set identification (SSID) is a unique name to identify the router in the wireless LAN. Wireless stations associating to the router must have the same SSID. Enter a descriptive name that is used when the wireless client connecting to the router.
Channel Number	A channel is the radio frequency used by 802.11b/g wireless devices. You may have a choice of channels (for your region) and you should use a different channel from an adjacent AP to reduce the interference. Interference and degrading performance occurs when radio signal from different APs overlap.

Field	Description
	Choose a channel from the drop-down list box. 
Radio Power (Percent)	You can choose the transmission power of the radio signal. It is recommended to choose the default value 100% .
Show Active Clients	Click it to view the information of the wireless clients that are connected to the router.
Apply Changes	Click it to save the settings of this page.

3.4.3.2 Security

Click **Security** in the left pane. The page shown in the following figure appears.



The following table describes the parameters of this page:

Field	Description
Encryption	Configure the wireless encryption mode. You can

Field	Description
	<p>choose None, WEP, WPA (TKIP), WPA (AES), WPA2 (AES), WPA2 (TKIP), or WPA2 Mixed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Wired equivalent privacy (WEP) encrypts data frames before transmitting over the wireless network. ● Wi-Fi protected access (WPA) is a subset of the IEEE802.11i security specification draft. ● WPA2 Mixed is the collection of WPA and WPA2 encryption modes. The wireless client establishes the connection between the router through WPA or WPA2. <p>Key differences between WPA and WEP are user authentication and improved data encryption.</p>
Set WEP Key	<p>It is available when you set the encryption mode to WEP. Click it, the Wireless WEP Key Setup page appears.</p>
WPA Authentication Mode	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Select Personal (Pre-Shared Key), enter the pre-shared key in the Pre-Shared Key field. ● Select Enterprise (RADIUS), enter the port, IP address, and password of the Radius server. You need to enter the username and password provided by the Radius server when the wireless client connects the router. <p>If the encryption is set to WEP, the router uses 802.1 X authentication, which is Radius authentication.</p>

Click **Set WEP Key**, and the following page appears.

Wireless WEP Key Setup

This page allows you setup the WEP key value. You could choose use 64-bit or 128-bit as the encryption key, and select ASCII or Hex as the format of input value.

SSID TYPE: Root VAP0 VAP1 VAP2 VAP3

Key Length: ▾

Key Format: ▾

Default Tx Key: ▾

Encryption Key 1:

Encryption Key 2:

Encryption Key 3:

Encryption Key 4:

Apply Changes

Close

Reset

The following describes the parameters and button of this page:

Field	Description
Key Length	Choose the WEP key length. You can Choose 64-bit or 128-bit .
Key Format	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● If you choose 64-bit, you can choose ASCII (5 characters) or Hex (10 characters).● If you choose 128-bit, you can choose ASCII (13 characters) or Hex (26 characters).
Default Tx Key	Choose the index of WEP Key. You can choose Key 1 , Key 2 , Key 3 , or Key 4 .
Encryption Key 1 to 4	The Encryption keys are used to encrypt the data. Both the router and wireless stations must use the same encryption key for data transmission. <ul style="list-style-type: none">● If you choose 64-bit and ASCII (5 characters), enter any 5 ASCII characters.● If you choose 64-bit and Hex (10 characters), enter any 10 hexadecimal characters.

Field	Description
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● If you choose 128-bit and ASCII (13 characters), enter any 13 ASCII characters. ● If you choose 128-bit and Hex (26 characters), enter any 26 hexadecimal characters.
Apply Changes	Click it to save the settings of this page.

3.4.3.3 Access Control

Click **Advanced Setting** in the left pane. The page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can configure the access control of the wireless clients.

The screenshot shows the configuration interface for the Planet ADSL 2/2+ Router. The top navigation bar includes 'Access Control', 'Wizard', 'Status', 'Network', 'Service', 'Advance', 'Admin', and 'Diagnostic'. The 'Access Control' section is active, showing a left-hand menu with 'Basic Setting', 'Security', 'Access Control', 'Multi-SSID', 'Advance Setting', and 'WPS'. The main content area is titled 'Wireless Access Control' and contains the following elements:

- A note: "If you choose 'Allowed Listed', only those clients whose wireless MAC addresses are in the access control list will be able to connect to your Access Point. When 'Deny Listed' is selected, these wireless clients on the list will not be able to connect the Access Point."
- A dropdown menu for 'Wireless Access Control Mode' with 'Disable' selected. An 'Apply Changes' button is to its right.
- A text input field for 'MAC Address:' with the example '(ex. 00034F710502)'. Below it are 'Add' and 'Reset' buttons.
- A section titled 'Current Access Control List:' containing a table with columns for 'MAC Address' and 'Select'. Below the table are 'Delete Selected' and 'Delete All' buttons.

Choose **Allow Listed** in the **Wireless Access Control Mode** field to enable white list function. Only the devices whose MAC addresses are listed in the **Current Access Control List** can access the router.

Choose **Deny Listed** in the **Wireless Access Control Mode** field to enable black list function. The devices whose MAC addresses are listed in the **Current Access Control List** are denied to access the router.

3.4.3.4 multi-SSID

Click **multi-SSID** in the left pane. The page shown in the following figure appears.

Wireless Multiple BSSID Setup

This page allows you to set virtual access points(VAP). Here you can enable/disable virtual AP, and set its SSID and authentication type. click "Apply Changes" to take it effect.

Enable Vap0
SSID:
broadcast SSID: Enable Disable
Authentication Type: Open System Shared Key Auto

Enable Vap1
SSID:
Broadcast SSID: Enable Disable
Authentication Type: Open System Shared Key Auto

Enable Vap2
SSID:
Broadcast SSID: Enable Disable
Authentication Type: Open System Shared Key Auto

Enable Vap3
SSID:
Broadcast SSID: Enable Disable
Authentication Type: Open System Shared Key Auto

The following table describes parameter and button of this page:

Field	Description
SSID	The service set identification (SSID) is a unique name to identify the router in the wireless LAN.
Apply Changes	Click it to save the settings of this page.

3.4.3.5 Advance Setting

Click **Advance Setting** in the left pane. The page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can configure the wireless advanced parameters. It is recommended to use the default parameters.



Note:

The parameters in the **Wireless Advanced Settings** page are modified by the professional personnel, it is recommended to keep the default values.

Basic Setting

Security

Access Control

multi-SSID

Advance Setting

WPS

Wireless Advanced Settings

These settings are only for more technically advanced users who have a sufficient knowledge about wireless LAN. These settings should not be changed unless you know what effect the changes will have on your Access Point.

Authentication Type: Open System Shared Key Auto

Fragment Threshold: (256-2346)

RTS Threshold: (0-2347)

Beacon Interval: (20-1024 ms)

DTIM Interval:

Data Rate:

Preamble Type: Long Preamble Short Preamble

Broadcast SSID: Enabled Disabled

Relay Blocking: Enabled Disabled

Ethernet to Wireless Blocking: Enabled Disabled

Wifi Multicast to Unicast: Enabled Disabled

WMM: Enabled Disabled

The following table describes the parameters and button of this page:

Field	Description
Authentication	Select the router operating in the open system or encryption authentication. You can choose Open System , Shared Key , or Auto . <ul style="list-style-type: none">● In the open system, the wireless client can directly connect to the device

Field	Description
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In the encryption authentication, the wireless client connects to the router through the shared key.
Data Rate	Choose the transmission rate of the wireless data. You can choose Auto , 1 M , 2 M , 5.5 M , 11 M , 6 M , 9 M , 12 M , 18 M , 24 M , 36 M , 48 M , or 54 M .
Broadcast SSID	Select whether the router broadcasts SSID or not. You can select Enable or Disable . <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Select Enable, the wireless client searches the router through broadcasting SSID. Select Disable to hide SSID, the wireless clients can not search the SSID.
Relay Blocking	Wireless isolation. Select Enable , the wireless clients that are connected to the router can not intercommunication.
Ethernet to Wireless Blocking	Whether the wireless network can communicate with the Ethernet network or not.
Apply Changes	Click it to save the settings of this page.

3.4.3.6 WPS

Click **WPS** in the left pane. The page shown in the following figure appears.

Basic Setting

Security

Access Control

multi-SSID

Advance Setting

WPS

Wi-Fi Protected Setup

This page allows you to change the setting for WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup). Using this feature could let your wireless client automatically synchronize its setting and connect to the Access Point in a minute without any hassle.

Disable WPS

WPS Status: Configured UnConfigured

Self-PIN Number:

Push Button Configuration:

Client PIN Number:

WPS Authentication: The WPS service is enabled by default.

There are three methods used in the Wi-Fi Protected Setup. In order to use WPS authentication, you can select one method from the following three methods.

- Press the WPS button on the rear panel for more than 3 seconds.
- The router generates PIN, see the above figure. Click **Regenerate PIN** to generate a new PIN, then click **Start PCB**, press WPS button on the wireless client simultaneously. The wireless client automatically establishes the connection with the router through the encryption mode, and you need not to enter the key.
- The wireless client generates PIN. In the above figure, enter PIN of the wireless client in the **Client PIN Number** field, then click **Start PIN** to establish the connection.



Note:

The wireless client establishes the connection with the router through WPS negotiation. The wireless client must support WPS.

3.5 Service

In the navigation bar, choose **Service**. The **Service** page that is displayed contains **DNS**, **Firewall**, **UPNP**, **IGMP Proxy**, **TR069**, and **ACL**.

3.5.1 DNS

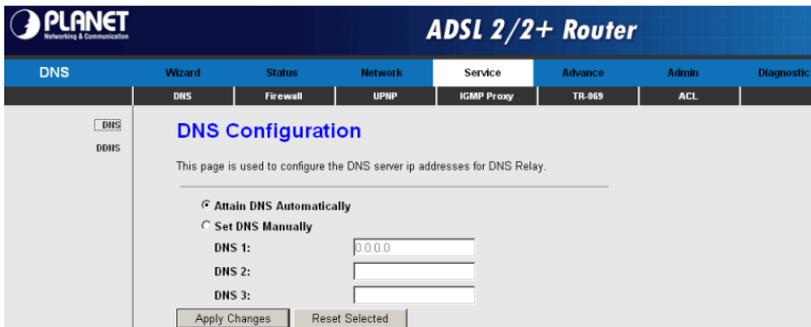
Choose **Service** > **DNS**. The **DNS** page that is displayed contains **DNS** and **DDNS**.

3.5.1.1 DNS

Click **DNS** in the left pane. The page shown in the following figure appears.

Domain name system (DNS) is an Internet service that translates the domain name into IP address. Because the domain name is alphabetic, it is easier to remember. The Internet, however, is based on IP addresses. Every time you use a domain name, a DNS service translates the name into the corresponding IP address. For example, the domain name www.example.com might translate to 198.105.232.4. The DNS system has its own network. If one DNS server does

not know how to translate a particular domain name, it asks another one, and so on, until the correct IP address is returned.



The following table describes the parameters and buttons of this page:

Field	Description
Attain DNS Automatically	Select it, the router accepts the first received DNS assignment from one of the PPPoA, PPPoE or MER enabled PVC(s) during the connection establishment.
Set DNS Manually	Select it, enter the primary and optional secondary DNS server IP addresses.
Apply Changes	Click it to save the settings of this page.
Reset Selected	Click it to refresh this page.

3.5.1.2 DDNS

Click **DDNS** in the left pane. The page shown in the following figure appears.

DDNS	Wizard	Status	Network	Service	Advance	Admin	Diagnostic
	DNS	Firewall	UPnP	ICMP Proxy	TR-069	ACL	

Dynamic DNS Configuration

This page is used to configure the Dynamic DNS address from DynDNS.org or TZO. Here you can Add/Remove to configure Dynamic DNS.

DDNS provider:
Hostname:
Interface:
Enable:
DynDns Settings:
Username:
Password:
TZO Settings:
Email:
Key:

Dynamic DDNS Table:

Select	State	Service	Hostname	Username	Interface
--------	-------	---------	----------	----------	-----------

The following table describes the parameters of this page:

Field	Description
DDNS provider	Choose the DDNS provider name.
Hostname	The DDNS identifier.
Interface	The WAN interface of the router.
Enable	Enable or disable DDNS function.
Username	The name provided by DDNS provider.
Password	The password provided by DDNS provider.
Email	The email provided by DDNS provider.
Key	The key provided by DDNS provider.

3.5.2 Firewall

Choose **Service > Firewall**. The **Firewall** page that is displayed contains **IPPort Filter, MAC Filter, URL Blocking, Virtual Server, DMZ Setting, ALG Setting, and DoS Setting**.

3.5.2.1 IPPort Filter

Click **IPPort Filter** in the left pane. The page shown in the following figure appears. Entries in this table are used to restrict certain types of data packets through the gateway. These filters are helpful in securing or restricting your local network.

IP/Port Filtering

Entries in this table are used to restrict certain types of data packets from your local network to Internet through the Gateway. Use of such filters can be helpful in securing or restricting your local network.

Outgoing Default Action: Permit Deny
Incoming Default Action: Permit Deny

Apply Changes Reset

Rule Action: Permit Deny

Protocol: IP **Direction:** Outgoing

Source IP Address: **Mask Address:** 255.255.255.255

Dest IP Address: **Mask Address:** 255.255.255.255

SPort: - **DPort:** -

Enable:

Apply Changes Reset

Current Filter Table:

Rule	Protocol	Source IP/Mask	SPort	Dest IP/Mask	DPort	State	Direction	Action
------	----------	----------------	-------	--------------	-------	-------	-----------	--------

Click **Apply Changes** to save the settings of this page.

Click **Add** to add a new rule of the IP/Port filter.

3.5.2.2 MAC Filter

Click **MAC Filter** in the left pane. The page shown in the following figure appears. Entries in this table are used to restrict certain types of data packets from your local network to Internet through the gateway. These filters are helpful in securing or restricting your local network.

MAC Filtering

Entries in this table are used to restrict certain types of data packets from your local network to Internet through the Gateway. Use of such filters can be helpful in securing or restricting your local network.

Outgoing Default Policy Deny Allow

Incoming Default Policy Deny Allow

Direction:

Action: Deny Allow

Source MAC: (ex. 00034F710502)

Destination MAC: (ex. 00034F710502)

Current MAC Filter Table:

Select	Direction	Source MAC	Destination MAC	Action
<input type="button" value="Delete"/>				<input type="button" value="Delete All"/>

Click **Apply Changes** to save the settings of this page.

Click **Add** to add a new rule of the MAC filter.

3.5.2.3 URL Blocking

Click **URL Blocking** in the left pane. The page shown in the following figure appears. This page is used to block a fully qualified domain name (FQDN), such as tw.yahoo.com and filtered keyword. You can add or delete FQDN and filtered keyword.

IPPort Filter

MAC Filter

URL Blocking

Virtual Server

DMZ Setting

DoS Setting

URL Blocking Configuration

This page is used to configure the filtered keyword. Here you can add/delete filtered keyword.

URL Blocking Capability: Disable Enable

Keyword:

URL Blocking Table:

Select	Filtered Keyword
--------	------------------

The following table describes the parameters and buttons of this page:

Field	Description
URL Blocking Capability	You can choose Disable or Enable . <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Choose Disabled to turn off URL blocking and keyword filtering. ● Choose Enable to block access to the URLs and keywords specified in the URL Blocking Table and Keyword Filtering Table.
Apply Changes	Click it to save the settings of this page.
Keyword	The keyword to block.
Add Keyword	Click it to add the keyword to the keyword filtering table.
Delete Selected Keyword	Select a row in the Keyword Filtering Table and click it to delete the row.
URL Blocking Table	A list of the URL (s) to which access is blocked.

3.5.2.4 Virtual Server

Click **Virtual Server** in the left pane. The page shown in the following figure appears.

IPPort Filter
MAC Filter
URL Blocking
Virtual Server
DMZ Setting
DoS Setting

Virtual Server

The page allow you to config virtual server,so others can access the server through the Gateway.

Service Type:
 Usual Service Name: AUTH
 User-defined Service Name:

Protocol: TCP
 WAN Setting: Interface
 WAN Interface: pppoa1
 WAN Port: 113 (ex. 5001:5010)
 LAN Open Port: 113
 LAN Ip Address:

Apply Changes

Current Virtual Server Forwarding Table:

ServerName	Protocol	Local IP Address	Local Port	WAN IP Address	WAN Port	State	Action
------------	----------	------------------	------------	----------------	----------	-------	--------

The following table describes the parameters of this page:

Field	Description
Service Type	<p>You can choose the common service type, such as AUTH, DNS, or FTP. You can also define a service name.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If you choose the common service type, the corresponding WAN communication port/service host communication port has the default settings. If you define service type, you need to enter the corresponding port.
Protocol	Choose the transport layer protocol that the service type uses. You can choose TCP or UDP .
WAN Setting	You can choose Interface or Ip Address .
WAN Interface	Choose the router port that uses virtual server.
WAN Port	Enter the access port on the WAN.
LAN Open Port	Enter the port number of the specified service type.
LAN Ip Address	Enter the IP address of the virtual server. It is in the same network segment with LAN IP address of the router.

3.5.2.5 DMZ Setting

Click **DMZ Setting** in the left pane. The page shown in the following figure appears. A demilitarized zone is used to provide Internet services without sacrificing unauthorized access to its local private network. Typically, the DMZ host contains services accessible to Internet traffic, such as web (HTTP) servers, FTP servers, SMTP (e-mail) servers and DNS servers.

DMZ

A Demilitarized Zone is used to provide Internet services without sacrificing unauthorized access to its local private network. Typically, the DMZ host contains devices accessible to Internet traffic, such as Web (HTTP) servers, FTP servers, SMTP (e-mail) servers and DNS servers.

Enable DMZ

DMZ Host IP Address:

Step 1 Select **Enable DMZ** to enable this function.

Step 2 Enter an IP address of the DMZ host.

Step 3 Click **Apply Changes** to save the settings of this page.

3.5.2.6 DoS Setting

Click **DoS Setting** in the left pane. The page shown in the following figure appears. Denial-of-service attack (DoS Attack) is a type of attack on a network that is designed to bring the network to its knees by flooding it with useless traffic. In this page, you can prevent DoS attacks.

DoS Setting

A "denial-of-service" (DoS) attack is characterized by an explicit attempt by hackers to prevent legitimate users of a service from using that service.

Enable DoS Prevention

- Whole System Flood: SYN Packets/Second
- Whole System Flood: FIN Packets/Second
- Whole System Flood: UDP Packets/Second
- Whole System Flood: ICMP Packets/Second
- Per-Source IP Flood: SYN Packets/Second
- Per-Source IP Flood: FIN Packets/Second
- Per-Source IP Flood: UDP Packets/Second
- Per-Source IP Flood: ICMP Packets/Second
- TCP/UDP PortScan Sensitivity
- ICMP Smurf
- IP Land
- IP Spoof
- IP TearDrop
- PingOfDeath
- TCP Scan
- TCP SynWithData
- UDP Bomb
- UDP EchoChargen

Enable Source IP Blocking Block time (sec)

3.5.3 UPNP

Choose **Service > UPNP**. The page shown in the following figure appears. This page is used to configure UPnP. The system acts as a daemon after you enable it.

PLANET Networking & Communication **ADSL 2/2+ Router**

UPNP Wizard Status Network **Service** Advance Admin Diagnostic

DNS Firewall UPnP IGMP Proxy TR-069 ACL

UPnP **UPnP Configuration**

This page is used to configure UPnP. The system acts as a daemon when you enable UPnP.

UPnP: Disable Enable

WAN Interface:

Apply Changes

3.5.4 IGMP Proxy

Choose **Service > IGMP Proxy** in the left pane. The page shown in the following figure appears. IGMP proxy enables the system to issue IGMP host messages on behalf of hosts that the system discovered through standard IGMP interfaces. The system acts as a proxy for its hosts after you enable it.

PLANET Networking & Communication **ADSL 2/2+ Router**

IGMP Proxy Wizard Status Network **Service** Advance Admin Diagnostic

DNS Firewall UPnP **IGMP Proxy** TR-069 ACL

IGMP Proxy **IGMP Proxy Configuration**

IGMP proxy enables the system to issue IGMP host messages on behalf of hosts that the system discovered through standard IGMP interfaces. The system acts as a proxy for its hosts when you enable it by doing the follows:
 . Enable IGMP proxy on WAN interface (upstream), which connects to a router running IGMP.
 . Enable IGMP on LAN interface (downstream), which connects to its hosts.

IGMP Proxy: Disable Enable

Multicast Allowed: Disable Enable

Robust Count:

Last Member Query Count:

Query Interval: (seconds)

Query Response Interval: (~100ms)

Group Leave Delay: (ms)

Apply Changes Undo

3.5.5 TR069

Choose **Service > TR069**. The page shown in the following page appears. In this page, you can configure the TR-069 of the router.

TR-069 Configuration

This page is used to configure the TR-069 CPE. Here you may change the setting for the ACS's parameters.

ACS:

Enable:
URL:
User Name:
Password:
Periodic Inform Enable: Disable Enable
Periodic Inform Interval:

Connection Request:

User Name:
Password:
Path:
Port:

Debug:

ACS Certificates CPE: No Yes
Show Message: Disable Enable
CPE Sends GetRPC: Disable Enable
Skip MReboot: Disable Enable
Delay: Disable Enable
Auto-Execution: Disable Enable

Certificate Management:

CPE Certificate Password:

CPE Certificate:

The following table describes the parameters and buttons of this page.

Field	Description
ACS	

Field	Description
URL	The URL of the auto-configuration server to connect to.
User Name	The user name for logging in to the ACS.
Password	The password for logging in to the ACS.
Periodic Inform Enable	Select Enable to periodically connect to the ACS to check for configuration updates.
Periodic Inform Interval	Specify the amount of time between connections to ACS.
Connection Request	
User Name	The username to connect the router from the ACS.
Password	The password to connect the router from the ACS.
Debug	
ACS Certificates CPE	Specify whether to check the ACS certification of the router.
Show Message	Select Enable to display ACS SOAP messages on the serial console.
CPE Sends GetRPC	Select Enable , the CPE contact the ACS to obtain configuration updates.
Skip MReboot	Specify whether to send an MReboot event code in the inform message.
Delay	Specify whether to start the TR-069 program after a short delay.
Auto-Execution	Specify whether to automatically start the TR-069 after the router is powered on.
CT Inform Extension	Specify whether to support China Telecom extension inform type.
Apply Changes	Save the settings in this page.
Undo	Refresh this page.
Certificate Management	
CPE Certificate Password	The certificate password of the router
Apply	Save the settings of this page.

Field	Description
CPE Certificate	Click it to browse and upload the certificate for the router.
CA Certificate	Click it to browse and upload the CA certificate for the router.

3.5.6 ACL

Choose **Service > ACL**. The page shown in the following figure appears.

ACL

ACL Configuration

You can specify what services are accessible from LAN or WAN parts. Entries in this ACL table are used to permit certain types of data packets from your local network or Internet network to the Gateway. Using of such access control can be helpful in securing or restricting the Gateway management.

Direction Select: LAN WAN

LAN ACL Switch: Enable Disable Apply

IP Address: - (The IP 0.0.0.0 represent any IP)

Services Allowed:

Any

Add Reset

Current ACL Table:

Select	Direction	IP Address/Interface	Service	Port	Action

The following table describes the parameters and buttons of this page:

Field	Description
Direction Select	Select the router interface. You can select LAN or WAN .
LAN ACL Switch	Enable or disable ACL.
IP Address	Enter the IP address of the specified interface. Only the IP address that is in the same network segment with the IP address of the specified interface can access the router.

Field	Description
Services Allowed	You can choose the following services from LAN or WAN: web , telnet , ftp , tftp , snmp , or ping . You can also choose all the services.
Add	After setting the parameters, click it to add the Current ACL Table .
Reset	Click it to refresh this page.

3.6 Advance

In the navigation bar, choose **Advance**. The **Advance** page that is displayed contains **Bridge Setting**, **Routing**, **Port Mapping**, **QoS**, **SNMP**, and **Others**.

3.6.1 Bridge Setting

Choose **Advance** > **Bridge Setting**. The page shown in the following figure appears. This page is used to configure the bridge parameters. In this page, you can change the settings or view some information in the bridge mode and its attached ports.

The following table describes the parameters and buttons of this page:

Field	Description
Aging Time	If the host is idle for 300 seconds (default value), its entry is deleted from the bridge table.
802.1d Spanning Tree	You can select Disable or Enable . Select Enable to provide path redundancy while

Field	Description
	preventing undesirable loops in your network.
Apply Changes	Click it to save the settings of this page.
Undo	Click it to refresh this page.
Show MACs	Click it to show a listing of the learned MAC addresses for the bridge.

Click **Show MACs**. The page shown in the following figure appears. This table shows a list of learned MAC addresses for this bridge.

Forwarding Table

MAC Address	Port	Type	Aging Time
01:80:c2:00:00:00	0	Static	300
01:00:5e:00:00:09	0	Static	300
00:1d:0f:19:91:c1	1	Dynamic	300
00:e0:4c:86:70:14	0	Static	300
ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff	0	Static	300

refresh close

3.6.2 Routing

Choose **Advance > Routing**. The **Routing** page that is displayed contains **Static Route** and **RIP**.

3.6.2.1 Static Route

Click **Static Route** in the left pane. The page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can configure the routing information. You can add or delete IP routes.

Static Route

RIP

Routing Configuration

This page is used to configure the routing information. Here you can add/delete IP routes.

Enable:

Destination:

Subnet Mask:

Next Hop:

Metric:

Interface:

Add Route
Update
Delete Selected
Show Routes

Static Route Table:

Select	State	Destination	Subnet Mask	NextHop	Metric	Intf
--------	-------	-------------	-------------	---------	--------	------

The following table describes the parameters and buttons of this page:

Field	Description
Enable	Select it to use static IP routes.
Destination	Enter the IP address of the destination device.
Subnet Mask	Enter the subnet mask of the destination device.
Next Hop	Enter the IP address of the next hop in the IP route to the destination device.
Metric	The metric cost for the destination.
Interface	The interface for the specified route.
Add Route	Click it to add the new static route to the table.
Update	Select a row in the table to populate the configuration fields with that row's values. Make any necessary changes to those values and click it to save those changes.
Delete Selected	Select a row in the table and click it to delete the row.
Show Routes	Click it, the IP Route Table appears. You can view a list of destination routes commonly accessed by your network.
Static Route Table	A list of the previously configured static IP routes.

Click **Show Routes**. The table shown in the following figure appears. The table shows a list of destination routes commonly accessed by your network.

IP Route Table

This table shows a list of destination routes commonly accessed by your network.

Destination	Subnet Mask	NextHop	iface
239.0.0.0	255.0.0.0	*	e1
192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0	*	e1

Refresh Close

3.6.2.2 RIP

Click **RIP** in the left pane. The page shown in the following figure appears. If you are using this device as a RIP-enabled router to communicate with others who are using the Routing Information Protocol (RIP), enable the RIP. This page is used to select the interfaces on your devices that use RIP, and the version of the protocol used.

Static Route

RIP

RIP Configuration

Enable the RIP if you are using this device as a RIP-enabled router to communicate with others using the Routing Information Protocol.
attention: if you want to enable RIP, please make sure remote control is enabled.

RIP: Off On

interface:

Recv Version:

Send Version:

Rip Config List:

Select	interface	Recv Version	Send Version
--------	-----------	--------------	--------------

The following table describes the parameters and buttons of this page:

Field	Description
RIP	Select On , the router communicates with other RIP-enabled devices.

Field	Description
Apply	Click it to save the settings of this page.
Interface	The router interface that uses RIP.
Recv Version	The interface type to accept RIP messages. You can choose RIP1 , RIP2 , or Both . <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Choose RIP1 indicates the router receives RIP v1 messages. ● Choose RIP2 indicates the router receives RIP v2 messages. ● Choose Both indicates the router receives RIP v1 and RIP v2 messages.
Send Version	The working mode for sending RIP messages. You can choose RIP1 or RIP2 . <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Choose RIP1 indicates the router broadcasts RIP1 messages only. ● Choose RIP2 indicates the router multicasts RIP2 messages only.
Add	Click it to add the RIP interface to the Rip Config Table .
Delete	Select a row in the Rip Config Table and click it to delete the row.
Rip Config Table	A list of the router interfaces that enable RIP.

3.6.3 Port Mapping

Choose **Advance > Port Mapping**. The page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can bind the WAN interface and the LAN interface to the same group.

Port Mapping Configuration

To manipulate a mapping group:

1. Select a group from the table.
2. Select interfaces from the available/grouped interface list and add it to the grouped/available interface list using the arrow buttons to manipulate the required mapping of the ports.
3. Click "Apply Changes" button to save the changes.

Note that the selected interfaces will be removed from their existing groups and added to the new group.

Disable Enable

WAN

Interface group

Add >

< Del

LAN

Select	Interfaces	Status
Default	LAN1,LAN2,LAN3,LAN4,wlan,wlan-vap0,wlan-vap1,wlan-vap2,wlan-vap3,ppoa1	Enabled
Group 1 <input type="radio"/>		--
Group 2 <input type="radio"/>		--
Group 3 <input type="radio"/>		--
Group 4 <input type="radio"/>		--

Apply

The procedure for manipulating a mapping group is as follows:

- Step 1** Select **Enable** to enable this function.
- Step 2** Select a group from the table.
- Step 3** Select interfaces from the WAN and LAN interface list and add them to the grouped interface list using the arrow buttons to manipulate the required mapping of the ports.

Step 4 Click **Apply** to save the changes.

3.6.4 QoS

Choose **Advance > QoS**. The page shown in the following figure appears. Entries in this table are used to assign the precedence for each incoming packet based on physical LAN port, TCP/UDP port number, and source/destination IP address/subnet masks.

IP QoS

IP QoS

Entries in this table are used to assign the precedence for each incoming packet based on specified policy.
 Config Procedure:
 1: set traffic rule.
 2: assign the precedence or add marker for different stream.

IP QoS: disable enable Apply

QoS Policy: stream based

Schedule Mode: strict prior

QoS Rule List:

stream rule						behavior					
src IP	src Port	dest IP	dest Port	proto	phy port	prior	IP Preced	IP ToS	802.1p	wan iff	sel

delete
delete all
add rule

Add QoS Rule

Src IP: 0.0.0.0 Src Mask: 255.255.255.255

Dest IP: Dest Mask:

Src Port: Dest Port:

Protocol: Phy Port:

set priority: p3(Lowest)

insert or modify QoS mark

add rule

The following table describes the parameters and buttons of this page:

Field	Description
IP QoS	You can choose disable or enable . By default, IP QoS

Field	Description
	is disabled. You need to enable IP QoS, and then you can set the parameters in this page.
QoS Policy	You can choose stream based , 802.1p based , or DSCP based .
Schedule Mode	You can choose strict prior or WFQ (4:3:2:1) .
Src IP	The IP address of the source data packet.
Src Mask	The subnet mask of the source IP address.
Src Port	The port of the source data packet.
Dest IP	The IP address of the destination data packet.
Dest Mask	The subnet mask of the destination IP address.
Dest Port	The port of the destination data packet.
Protocol	The protocol responds to the IP QoS rules. You can choose TCP , UDP , or ICMP .
Phy Port	The LAN interface responds to the IP QoS rules, including four LAN interfaces, one AP interface, and four virtual AP interfaces.
Set priority	The priority of the IP QoS rules. P0 is the highest priority and P3 is the lowest.
IP Precedence	You can choose from 0 to 7 define the priority in the ToS of the IP data packet.
IP ToS	The type of IP ToS for classifying the data package You can choose Normal Service , Minimize Cost , Maximize Reliability , Maximize Throughput , or Minimize Delay .
802.1p	You can choose from 0 to 7.
delete	Select a row in the table and click it to delete the row.
delete all	Select all the rows in the table and click it to delete the rows.

3.6.5 SNMP

Choose **Advance** > **SNMP**. The page shown in the following figure appears.

SNMP Protocol Configuration

This page is used to configure the SNMP protocol. Here you may change the setting for system description, trap ip address, community name, etc..

Enable SNMP

System Description	Wireless ADSL 2/2+ Router
System Contact	<input type="text"/>
System Name	<input type="text" value="ADSL"/>
System Location	<input type="text"/>
Trap IP Address	<input type="text"/>
Community name (read-only)	<input type="text" value="public"/>
Community name (read-write)	<input type="text" value="public"/>

The following table describes the parameters and buttons of this page:

Field	Description
Trap IP Address	Enter the IP address of trap host. The trap information is sent to the host.
Community name (read-only)	The common character string that is used for obtaining the device information. It is like password, through which SNMP application entry obtains the device information directly.
Community name (read-write)	Modify the common character string that is configured by the device. It is like password, through which SNMP application entry modifies the device information directly.

3.6.6 Others

Choose **Advance > Others**. The page shown in the following figure appears.

Other

Other Advanced Configuration

Here you can set other miscellaneous advanced settings.

Half Bridge: When enable Half Bridge, that PPPoE(PPPoA)'s connection type will set to Continuous.

Half Bridge: Disable Enable

Interface:

3.7 Admin

In the navigation bar, choose **Admin**. The **Admin** page that is displayed contains **Commit/Reboot, Upgrade, System Log, Password, and Time Zone**.

3.7.1 Commit/Reboot

Choose **Admin > Commit/Reboot**. The page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can set the router reset to the default settings or set the router to commit the current settings.

The screenshot shows the Planet ADSL 2/2+ Router Admin interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Admin', 'Wizard', 'Status', 'Network', 'Service', 'Advance', 'Admin', and 'Diagnostic'. The 'Admin' sub-menu is expanded, showing 'Commit/Reboot', 'Upgrade', 'System Log', 'Password', and 'Time Zone'. The 'Commit/Reboot' page is active, displaying the title 'Commit/Reboot' and a description: 'This page is used to commit changes to system memory and reboot your system with different configurations.' Below this, there is a 'Reboot from:' dropdown menu with 'Save Current Configuration' selected, and a 'Reboot' button.

The following table describes the parameters of this page:

Field	Description
Factory Default Configuration	Select it to reset the router to the default settings.
Save Current Configuration	Select it to save the current settings and reboot the router.

Field	Description
Reboot	Click it to reboot the router.

3.7.2 Upgrade

Choose **Admin > Upgrade**. The **Upgrade** page that is displayed contains **Upgrade Firmware** and **Backup/Restore**.

3.7.2.1 Upgrade Firmware

Click **Upgrade Firmware** in the left pane. The page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can upgrade the firmware of the router.



Note:

Do not turn off your router or press the **Reset** button while this procedure is in progress.

The following table describes the parameters and buttons of this page:

Field	Description
Select File	Click Browse to select the firmware file.
Upload	Select the firmware file and click Upload to begin upgrading the firmware.
Reset	Click it to begin selecting the firmware file.

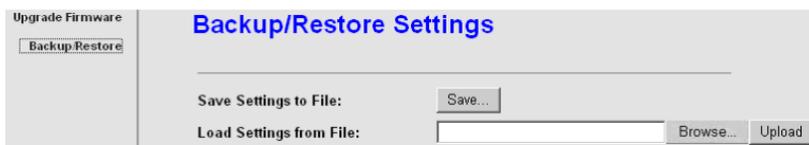
3.7.2.2 Backup/Restore

Click **Backup/Restore**. The page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can backup the current settings to a file and restore the settings from the file which was saved previously.



Note:

Do not turn off your router or press the **Reset** button while these procedures are in progress.



The following table describes the parameters and buttons of this page:

Field	Description
Save Settings to File	Click it and select the path. Then you can save the configuration file of the router.
Load Settings from File	Click Browse to select the configuration file.
Upload	Select the configuration file of the router. Click Upload to begin restoring the router configuration.

3.7.3 System Log

Choose **Admin > System Log**. The page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can view the log information.

Log Setting

This page is used to display the system event log table. By checking Error or Notice (or both) will set the log flag. By clicking the ">>|", it will display the newest log information below.

Error: Notice:

Event log Table:

Old |<< < > >>| New

Time	Index	Type	Log Information
Thu Jan 1 1:52:7 1970	0	system	ppp1: link terminated
Thu Jan 1 1:52:37 1970	1	system	ppp1: link terminated
Thu Jan 1 1:53:7 1970	2	system	ppp1: link terminated
Thu Jan 1 1:53:37 1970	3	system	ppp1: link terminated
Thu Jan 1 1:54:7 1970	4	system	ppp1: link terminated
Thu Jan 1 1:54:37 1970	5	system	ppp1: link terminated
Thu Jan 1 1:55:7 1970	6	system	ppp1: link terminated
Thu Jan 1 1:55:37 1970	7	system	ppp1: link terminated
Thu Jan 1 1:56:7 1970	8	system	ppp1: link terminated
Thu Jan 1 1:56:37 1970	9	system	ppp1: link terminated
Thu Jan 1 1:57:7 1970	10	system	ppp1: link terminated
Thu Jan 1 1:57:37 1970	11	system	ppp1: link terminated
Thu Jan 1 1:58:7 1970	12	system	ppp1: link terminated
Thu Jan 1 1:58:37 1970	13	system	ppp1: link terminated
Thu Jan 1 1:59:7 1970	14	system	ppp1: link terminated
Thu Jan 1 1:59:37 1970	15	system	ppp1: link terminated
Thu Jan 1 2:0:7 1970	16	system	ppp1: link terminated
Thu Jan 1 2:0:37 1970	17	system	ppp1: link terminated
Thu Jan 1 2:1:7 1970	18	system	ppp1: link terminated
Thu Jan 1 2:1:37 1970	19	system	ppp1: link terminated

Page: 1/7

3.7.4 Password

Choose **Admin > Password**. The page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can change the password of the user, including admin and user. By default, the super user name and password are **admin** and **admin**. The common user name and password are **user** and **user**.

Password

Password Setup

This page is used to set the account to access the web server of ADSL Router. Empty user name and password will disable the protection.

User Name:

New Password:

Confirmed Password:

Set to Default Password:

The following table describes the parameters of this page:

Field	Description
User Name	You can choose admin or user .
New Password	Enter the password to which you want to change the old password.
Confirmed Password	Enter the new password again.
Set to Default Password	After selecting it, the password you set does not take effect. It keeps the default password.

3.7.5 Time Zone

Choose **Admin > Time Zone**. The page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can set the system time manually or get the system time from the time server.

Time Zone

System Time Configuration

This page is used to configure the system time and Network Time Protocol(NTP) server. Here you can change the settings or view some information on the system time and NTP parameters.

System Time: year month day hour
min sec

NTP Configuration:

State: Disable Enable

Server:

Server2:

Interval: Every hours

Time Zone:

GMT time: Thu Jan 1 2:55:11 1970

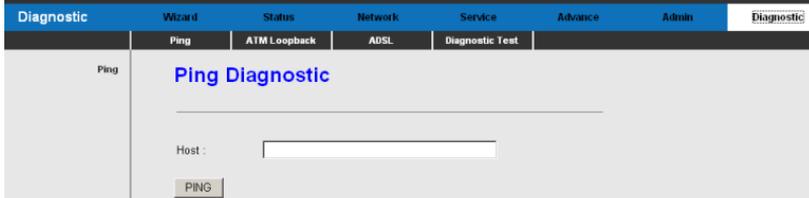
NTP Start:

3.8 Diagnostic

In the navigation bar, choose **Diagnostic**. The **Diagnostic** page that is displayed contains **Ping**, **ATM Loopback**, **ADSL** and **Diagnostic**.

3.8.1 Ping

Choose **Diagnostic > Ping**. The page shown in the following figure appears.

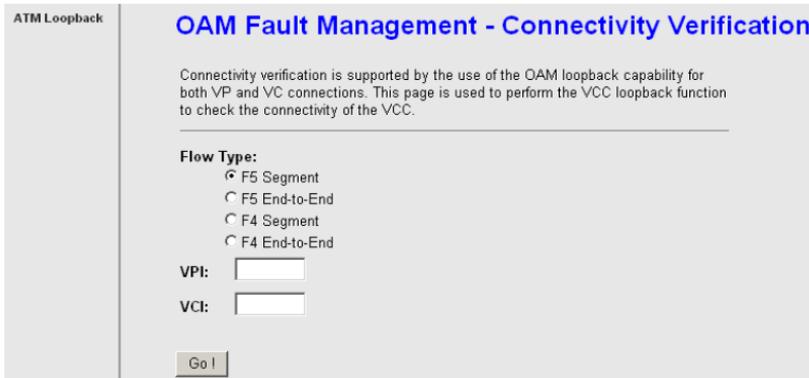


The following table describes the parameters and buttons in this page:

Field	Description
Host	Enter the IP address.
PING	Click it to begin to Ping the host address.

3.8.2 ATM Loopback

Choose **Diagnostic > ATM Loopback**. The page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can use VCC loopback function to check the connectivity of the VCC.



3.8.3 ADSL

Choose **Diagnostic > ADSL**. The page shown in the following figure appears. It is used for ADSL tone diagnostics.

Diagnostic ADSL

Adsl Tone Diagnostic

	Downstream	Upstream
Hlin Scale	29141	0
Loop Attenuation(dB)	2.2	3.1
Signal Attenuation(dB)	2.2	2.8
SNR Margin(dB)	8.4	11.2
Attainable Rate(Kbps)	22680	945
Output Power(dBm)	7.9	5.0

Tone Number	H.Real	H.Image	SNR	QLN	Hlog
0	0.000	0.000	-32.0	-132.5	-96.3
1	0.000	0.000	-32.0	-139.5	-96.3
2	0.000	0.000	-32.0	-139.5	-96.3
3	0.000	0.000	-32.0	-139.5	-96.3
4	0.000	0.000	-32.0	-139.0	-96.3

Click **Start** to begin ADSL tone diagnostics.

3.8.4 Diagnostic Test

Choose **Diagnostic > Diagnostic Test**. The page shown in the following figure appears. In this page, you can test the DSL connection.

Diagnostic Test

The DSL Router is capable of testing your DSL connection. The individual tests are listed below. If a test displays a fail status, click "Run Diagnostic Test" button again to make sure the fail status is consistent.

Select the Internet Connection:

Click **Run Diagnostic Test** to begin testing.

4 Statement

4.1 Europe – EU Declaration of Conformity

This device complies with the essential requirements of the R&TTE Directive 1999/5/EC. The following test methods have been applied in order to prove presumption of conformity with the essential requirements of the R&TTE Directive 1999/5/EC:

- **EN 60950-1: 2001**

Safety of Information Technology Equipment

- **EN50385 : 2002**

Product standard to demonstrate the compliance of radio base stations and fixed terminal stations for wireless telecommunication systems with the basic restrictions or the reference levels related to human exposure to radio frequency electromagnetic fields (110MHz - 40 GHz) - General public

- **EN 300 328 V1.7.1: (2006-10)**

Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Wideband Transmission systems; Data transmission equipment operating in the 2,4 GHz ISM band and using spread spectrum modulation techniques; Harmonized EN covering essential requirements under article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive

- **EN 301 489-1 V1.8.1: (2008-04)**

Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio Spectrum Matters (ERM); ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services; Part 1: Common technical requirements

- **EN 301 489-17 V1.2.1 (2002-08)**

Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services; Part 17: Specific conditions for 2,4 GHz wideband transmission

systems, 5 GHz high performance RLAN equipment and 5,8 GHz Broadband Data Transmitting Systems.

This device is a 2.4 GHz wideband transmission system (transceiver), intended for use in all EU member states and EFTA countries, except in France and Italy where restrictive use applies.

In Italy the end-user should apply for a license at the national spectrum authorities in order to obtain authorization to use the device for setting up outdoor radio links and/or for supplying public access to telecommunications and/or network services.

This device may not be used for setting up outdoor radio links in France and in some areas the RF output power may be limited to 10 mW EIRP in the frequency range of 2454-2483.5 MHz. For detailed information the end-user should contact the national spectrum authority in France.

C € 0560 !

[CZ] Český [Czech]	[Jméno výrobce] tímto prohlašuje, že tento [typ zařízení] je ve shodě se základními požadavky a dalšími příslušnými ustanoveními směrnice 1999/5/ES.
[DA] Dansk [Danish]	Undertegnede [fabrikantens navn] erklærer herved, at følgende udstyr [udstyrets typebetegnelse] overholder de væsentlige krav og øvrige relevante krav i direktiv 1999/5/EF.
[DE] Deutsch [German]	Hiermit erkläre [Name des Herstellers], dass sich das Gerät [Gerätetyp] in Übereinstimmung mit den grundlegenden Anforderungen und den übrigen einschlägigen Bestimmungen der Richtlinie 1999/5/EG befindet.
[ET] Eesti [Estonian]	Käesolevaga kinnitab [tootja nimi = name of manufacturer] seadme [seadme tüüp = type of equipment] vastavust direktiivi 1999/5/EÜ põhinõuetele ja nimetatud direktiivist tulenevatele teistele asjakohastele sätetele.
[EN] English	Hereby, [name of manufacturer], declares that this [type of equipment] is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC.
[ES] Español [Spanish]	Por medio de la presente [nombre del fabricante] declara que el [clase de equipo] cumple con los requisitos esenciales y cualesquiera otras disposiciones aplicables o exigibles de la Directiva 1999/5/CE.
[EL] Ελληνικά [Greek]	ΜΕ ΤΗΝ ΠΑΡΟΥΣΑ [name of manufacturer] ΔΗΛΩΝΕΙ ΟΤΙ [type of equipment] ΣΥΜΜΟΡΦΩΝΕΤΑΙ ΠΡΟΣ ΤΙΣ ΟΥΣΙΩΔΕΙΣ ΑΠΑΙΤΗΣΕΙΣ ΚΑΙ ΤΙΣ ΛΟΙΠΕΣ ΣΧΕΤΙΚΕΣ ΔΙΑΤΑΞΕΙΣ ΤΗΣ ΟΔΗΓΙΑΣ 1999/5/ΕΚ.
[FR] Français [French]	Par la présente [nom du fabricant] déclare que l'appareil [type d'appareil] est conforme aux exigences essentielles et aux autres dispositions pertinentes de la directive 1999/5/CE.
[IT] Italiano [Italian]	Con la presente [nome del costruttore] dichiara che questo [tipo di apparecchio] è conforme ai requisiti essenziali ed alle altre disposizioni pertinenti stabilite dalla direttiva 1999/5/CE.
[LV] Latvīski [Latvian]	Ar šo [name of manufacturer / izgatavotāja nosaukums] deklarē, ka [type of equipment / iekārtas tips] atbilst Direktīvas 1999/5/EK būtiskajām prasībām un citiem ar to saistītajiem noteikumiem.
[LT] Lietuvių [Lithuanian]	Šiuo [manufacturer name] deklaruoją, kad šis [equipment type] atitinka esminius reikalavimus ir kitas 1999/5/EB Direktyvos nuostatas.
[NL] Nederlands [Dutch]	Hierbij verklaart [naam van de fabrikant] dat het toestel [type van toestel] in overeenstemming is met de essentiële eisen en de andere relevante bepalingen van richtlijn 1999/5/EG.
[MT] Malti [Maltese]	Hawnhekk, [isem tal-manifattur], jiddikjara li dan [il-mudeli tal-prodott] jikkonforma mal-htigijiet essenzjali u ma provvediment oħrajn relevanti li hemm fid-Direttiva 1999/5/EC.
[HU] Magyar [Hungarian]	Akülrott, [gyártó neve] nyilatkozik, hogy a [...] típus] megfelel a vonatkozó alapvető követelményeknek és az 1999/5/EC irányelv egyéb előírásainak.
[PL] Polski [Polish]	Niniejszym [nazwa producenta] oświadczam, że [nazwa wyrobu] jest zgodny z zasadniczymi wymogami oraz pozostałymi stosownymi postanowieniami Dyrektywy 1999/5/EC.
[PT] Português [Portuguese]	[Nome do fabricante] declara que este [tipo de equipamento] está conforme com os requisitos essenciais e outras disposições da Directiva 1999/5/CE.
[SL] Slovensko [Slovenian]	[Ime proizvajalca] izjavlja, da je ta [tip opreme] v skladu z bistvenimi zahtevami in ostalimi relevantnimi določili direktive 1999/5/ES.
[SK] Slovenský [Slovak]	[Meno výrobcu] týmto vyhlasuje, že [typ zariadenia] spĺňa základné požiadavky a všetky príslušné ustanovenia Smernice 1999/5/ES.
[FI] Suomi [Finnish]	[Valmistaja = manufacturer] vakuuttaa täten että [type of equipment = laiteen tyyppimerkintä] tyyppinen laite on direktiivin 1999/5/EY oleellisten vaatimusten ja sitä koskevien direktiivin muiden ehtojen mukainen.
[S] Svenska [Swedish]	Härmed intygar [företag] att denna [utrustningstyp] står i överensstämmelse med de väsentliga egenskapskrav och övriga relevanta bestämmelser som framgår av direktiv 1999/5/EG.

4.2 Federal Commission Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this

equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

IMPORTANT NOTE:

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

The availability of some specific channels and/or operational frequency bands are

country dependent and are firmware programmed at the factory to match the intended destination. The firmware setting is not accessible by the end user.

4.3 Part 68 statements

This equipment complies with Part 68 of the FCC rules and the requirements adopted by the ACTA. On the **bass unit** of this equipment is a label that contains, among other information, a product identifier in the format US: [SGEDL01BGAW95Z97](#). If requested, this number must be provided to the telephone company.

The REN is used to determine the number of devices that may be connected to a telephone line. Excessive RENs on a telephone line may result in the devices not ringing in response to an incoming call. In most but not all areas, the sum of RENs should not exceed five (5.0). To be certain of the number of devices that may be connected to a line, as determined by the total RENs, contact the local telephone company. For products approved after July 23, 2001, the REN for this product is part of the product identifier that has the format US: [SGEDL01BGAW95Z97](#). The digits represented by **01** are the REN without a decimal point (e.g., 03 is a REN of 0.3). For earlier products, the REN is separately shown on the label.

If your equipment causes harm to the telephone network, the telephone company may discontinue your service temporarily. If possible, they will notify you in advance. But if advance notice is not practical, you will be notified as soon as possible. You will be informed of your right to file a complaint with the FCC. Your telephone company may make changes in its facilities, equipment, operations or procedures that could affect the proper functioning of your equipment. If they do, you will be notified in advance to give you an opportunity to maintain uninterrupted telephone service.

If you experience trouble with this telephone equipment, please contact the following address and phone number for information on obtaining service or repairs.

The telephone company may ask that you disconnect this equipment from the network until the problem has been corrected or until you are sure that the equipment is not malfunctioning.

This equipment may not be used on coin service provided by the telephone company. Connection to party lines is subject to state tariffs.

Company: *Encore Electronics, Inc.*

Address: *16483 Old Valley Blvd, La Puente, CA 91745*

Tel no.: *626-336-4567*

A plug and jack used to connect this equipment to the premises wiring and telephone network must comply with the applicable FCC Part 68 rules and requirements adopted by the ACTA. A compliant telephone cord and modular plug is provided with this product. It is designed to be connected to a compatible modular jack that is also compliant. See installation instructions for details.