



User's Manual

EAP110 V1.10

Enterprise Access Point

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1. Before You Start

1.1 Preface

This manual is intended for system integrators, field engineers, and network administrators to set up 4ipnet's EAP110 802.11n/b/g 2.4GHz MIMO Access Point in their network environments. It contains step-by-step procedures and visual examples to guide MIS staff or individuals with basic network system knowledge to complete the installation.

1.2 Document Conventions

	Represents essential steps, actions, or messages that should not be ignored.
» Note:	Contains related information that corresponds to a topic.
	Indicates that clicking this button will save the changes you made, but you must reboot the system upon the completion of all configuration settings for the changes to take effect.
	Indicates that clicking this button will clear what you have set before the settings are applied.

1.3 Package Content

The standard package of EAP110 includes:

- 4ipnet EAP110 x1
- Quick Installation Guide (QIG) x1
- CD-ROM (with User's Manual and QIG) x1
- Power Adapter (DC 5V) x1
- Antenna x2



It is recommended to keep the original packing materials for possible future shipment when repair or maintenance is required. Any returned product should be packed in its original packaging to prevent damage during delivery.

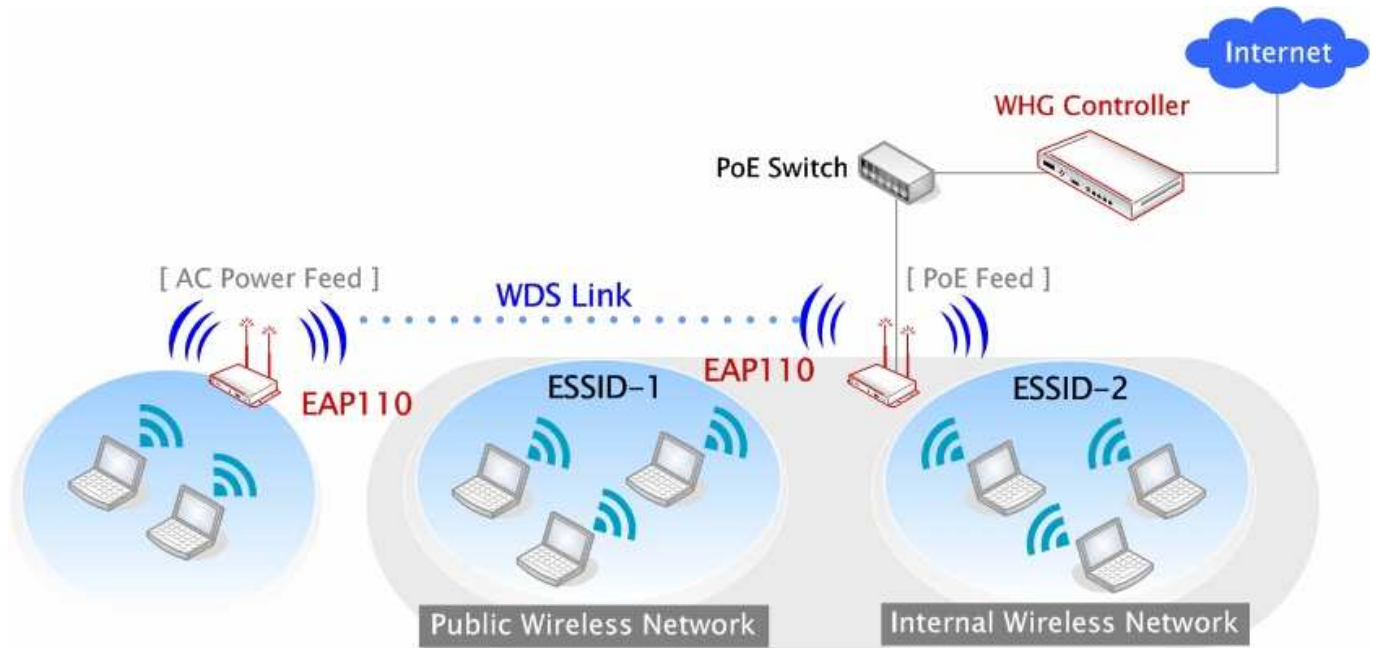
2. System Overview and Getting Started

2.1 Introduction of 4ipnet EAP110

The **4ipnet EAP110 Enterprise Access Point** embedded with 802.11 n/b/g 2.4GHz MIMO radio in dust-proof metal housing is designed for wireless connectivity in enterprise or industrial environments of all dimensions. EAP110 makes the wireless communication fast, secure and easy. It supports business grade security such as 802.1X, and Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA and WPA2).

EAP110 also features multiple ESSIDs with VLAN tags and multiple Virtual APs, great for enterprise applications, such as separating the traffics of different departments using different ESSIDs. The PoE LAN port can receive power from Power over Ethernet (PoE) sourcing device. Its metal case is IP50 anti-dust compliant, which means that EAP110 is well suited to WLAN deployment in industrial environments.

2.2 Deployment Topology



Network Layout with EAP110s

This above deployment scenario illustrates a deployment example using these access points.

- Three EAP110 systems construct a network comprising of wireless segments.
- **AP** plays the role of a wireless bridge.
- All devices share the same DHCP server **192.168.1.1**.

2.3 Hardware Description

This section depicts the hardware information including all panel description.

Connector Panel







EAP110 Connector Panel

1	5V 1A	Attach the power adapter here.												
2	LAN(PoE)	Attach the Ethernet cable here for connecting to wired local network. This port supports PoE as well which can be connected to a PSE (power sourcing equipment) as an alternative power sourcing.												
3	WES	Press to start running WES process.												
		<table border="1"> <tr> <td>WES</td> <td>Master (Press for more than 3 seconds until the WLAN LED blinks twice and then release)</td> <td>Slave (Press once until the WLAN LED starts blinking and then release right away)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>WES Start</td> <td>WLAN LED BLINKING SLOWLY</td> <td>WLAN LED BLINKING QUICKLY</td> </tr> <tr> <td>WES Success</td> <td colspan="2">WLAN LED ON constantly for 5 seconds</td> </tr> <tr> <td>WES Fail</td> <td colspan="2">WLAN LED OFF for 5 seconds</td> </tr> </table>	WES	Master (Press for more than 3 seconds until the WLAN LED blinks twice and then release)	Slave (Press once until the WLAN LED starts blinking and then release right away)	WES Start	WLAN LED BLINKING SLOWLY	WLAN LED BLINKING QUICKLY	WES Success	WLAN LED ON constantly for 5 seconds		WES Fail	WLAN LED OFF for 5 seconds	
		WES	Master (Press for more than 3 seconds until the WLAN LED blinks twice and then release)	Slave (Press once until the WLAN LED starts blinking and then release right away)										
		WES Start	WLAN LED BLINKING SLOWLY	WLAN LED BLINKING QUICKLY										
WES Success	WLAN LED ON constantly for 5 seconds													
WES Fail	WLAN LED OFF for 5 seconds													
3	Reset	Press and hold the button for more than 10 seconds until WLAN LED OFF. WLAN ON while reset is successful.												
4	Antenna Connector	Attach the antennas here. The system supports one RF interface with two SMA connectors.												

LED Panel



EAP110 LED Panel

<p>1 LAN LED</p> 	<p>LED ON indicates LAN cable is connected; OFF indicates no connection; BLINKING indicates transmitting data.</p>														
<p>2 WLAN LED</p> 	<p>LED ON indicates wireless is ready.</p>														
<p>2 WES LED</p> 	<p>To indicate WES status.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="408 1415 1503 1711"> <tr> <td data-bbox="408 1415 619 1527">WES</td> <td data-bbox="622 1415 1056 1527">Master (Press for more than 3 seconds until the WLAN LED blinks twice and then release)</td> <td data-bbox="1059 1415 1503 1527">Slave (Press once until the WLAN LED starts blinking and then release right away)</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="408 1532 619 1608">WES Start</td> <td data-bbox="622 1532 1056 1608">WLAN LED BLINKING SLOWLY</td> <td data-bbox="1059 1532 1503 1608">WLAN LED BLINKING QUICKLY</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="408 1612 619 1662">WES Success</td> <td colspan="2" data-bbox="622 1612 1503 1662">WLAN LED ON constantly for 5 seconds</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="408 1666 619 1711">WES Fail</td> <td colspan="2" data-bbox="622 1666 1503 1711">WLAN LED OFF for 5 seconds</td> </tr> </table>			WES	Master (Press for more than 3 seconds until the WLAN LED blinks twice and then release)	Slave (Press once until the WLAN LED starts blinking and then release right away)	WES Start	WLAN LED BLINKING SLOWLY	WLAN LED BLINKING QUICKLY	WES Success	WLAN LED ON constantly for 5 seconds		WES Fail	WLAN LED OFF for 5 seconds	
WES	Master (Press for more than 3 seconds until the WLAN LED blinks twice and then release)	Slave (Press once until the WLAN LED starts blinking and then release right away)													
WES Start	WLAN LED BLINKING SLOWLY	WLAN LED BLINKING QUICKLY													
WES Success	WLAN LED ON constantly for 5 seconds														
WES Fail	WLAN LED OFF for 5 seconds														
<p>3 Power LED</p> 	<p>LED ON indicates power on; OFF indicates power off.</p>														

2.4 Hardware Installation

Please follow the steps mentioned below to install the hardware of EAP110:

1. Place the EAP110 at the best location.

The best location for EAP110 is usually at the center of your intended wireless network.

2. Connect the EAP110 to your network device.

Connect one end of the Ethernet cable to LAN port of EAP110 and the other end of the cable to a switch, a router, or a hub. EAP110 is then connected to your existing wired LAN network.

3. There are two ways to supply power over to EAP110.

a) Connect the DC power adapter to the EAP110 power socket.

b) EAP110 LAN port is capable of transmitting DC currents. Connect an IEEE 802.3af-compliant PSE device (e.g. a PoE-switch) to the LAN port of EAP110 with the Ethernet cable.

Now, the Hardware Installation is complete.



- *Please only use the power adapter supplied with the EAP110 package. Using a different power adapter may damage this system.*
- *To double verify the wired connection between EAP110 and you switch / router / hub, please also check the LED status indicator of the respective network devices.*

2.5 Access Web Management Interface

4ipnet EAP110 supports web-based configuration. Upon the completion of hardware installation, EAP110 can be configured through a PC by using its web browser such as Mozilla Firefox 2.0 (and higher) or Internet Explorer version 6.0 (and higher).

The default values of the EAP110's LAN IP Address and Subnet Mask are:

IP Address: 192.168.1.1

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0



Example of entering EAP110's default IP Address into a web browser

- To access the web management interface (WMI), connect the administrator PC to the LAN port of EAP110 via an Ethernet cable. Then, set a static IP Address on the same subnet mask as the EAP110 in TCP/IP settings of your PC, such as the following example:

IP Address: 192.168.1.100

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

▶▶ **Note:**

Please note that the IP Address used should not overlap with the IP Addresses of any other device within the same network.

- Launch the web browser on your PC and enter the IP Address of the EAP110 (**192.168.1.1**) at the address field, and then press **Enter**. The following Administrator Login Page will then appear. Enter "admin" for both the **Username** and **Password** fields, and then click **Login**.



Administrator Login Page

- After a successful login into EAP110, a **System Overview** page of the Web Management Interface (WMI) will appear.

Overview Clients Repeater Event Log

Home > Status > System Overview

System Overview

System

System Name	Enterprise Access Point - EA...
Firmware Version	1.10.00
Build Number	1.25-1.4626
Location	
Site	EN-A
Device Time	2000/01/02 06:25:36
System Up Time	0 days, 22:25:36
CAPWAP	Disabled

Radio Status

MAC Address	00:1F:D4:15:16:08
Band	802.11g+n
Channel	1
TX Power	Highest

LAN Interface

MAC Address	00:1F:D4:15:16:00
IP Address	
Subnet Mask	255.255.0.0
Gateway	

AP Status

Profile Name	BSSID	ESSID	Security Type	Online Clients	GRE
VAP-1	00:1F:D4:15:16:08	EAP110-1	None	0	

GRE Tunnel

Status	Disabled
--------	----------

The Web Management Interface - System Overview Page

- To logout, simply click on the **Logout** button at the upper right hand corner of the interface to return to the Administrator Login Page. Click **OK** to logout.



Logout

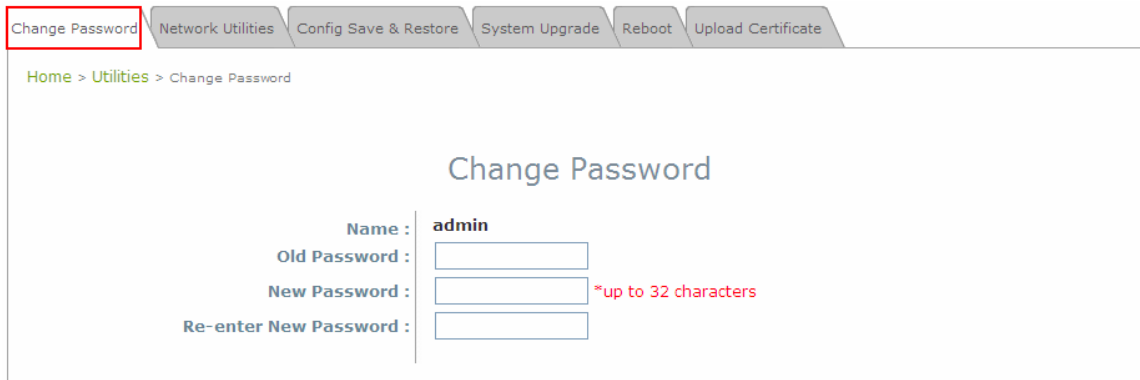


Logout Prompt



For security reasons, it is strongly recommended to change the administrator's password upon the completion of all configuration settings

Please follow the following steps to change the administrator's password:



The screenshot shows the 'Change Password' page in the 4ipnet web interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with tabs: 'Change Password' (highlighted with a red box), 'Network Utilities', 'Config Save & Restore', 'System Upgrade', 'Reboot', and 'Upload Certificate'. Below the navigation bar, the breadcrumb path is 'Home > Utilities > Change Password'. The main content area is titled 'Change Password' and contains the following fields:

- Name :** admin
- Old Password :**
- New Password :** *up to 32 characters
- Re-enter New Password :**

Change Password Page

- Click on the **Utilities** main menu button, and then select the **Change Password** tab.
- Enter the old password and then a new password with a length of up to 32 characters, and retype it in the **Re-enter New Password** field.

Congratulations!

Now, 4ipnet's EAP110 is installed and configured successfully.



- *It is strongly recommended to make a backup copy of configuration settings.*
- *After the EAP110's network configuration is completed, please remember to change the IP Address of your PC Connection Properties back to its original settings in order to ensure that your PC functions properly in its real network environments.*

3. Connect your AP to your Network

The following instructions depict how to establish the wireless coverage of your network. The AP will connect to the network through its LAN port and provide wireless access to your network.

After having prepared the EAP110's hardware for configuration, set the TCP/IP settings of administrator's computer to have a static **IP Address** of 192.168.1.10 and **Subnet Mask** of 255.255.255.0.

Step 1: Configuring the AP's System Information

- Enter the AP's default IP Address (**192.168.1.1**) into the URL of a web browser.
- Login via using **Username: admin** and **Password: admin**.

The WMI appears as shown below.

The screenshot displays the 'System Overview' page of the EAP110 Web Management Interface. The page is divided into several sections:

- System:** A table listing system information:

System Name	Enterprise Access Point - EA...
Firmware Version	
Build Number	
Location	
Site	EN-A
Device Time	2000/01/03 01:04:44
System Up Time	1 days, 17:04:44
CAPWAP	Disabled
- Radio Status:** A table listing radio configuration:

MAC Address	00:1F:D4:15:16:08
Band	802.11g+n
Channel	1
TX Power	Highest
- LAN Interface:** A table listing network interface settings:

MAC Address	00:1F:D4:15:16:00
IP Address	
Subnet Mask	255.255.0.0
Gateway	
- AP Status:** A table listing active profiles:

Profile Name	BSSID	ESSID	Security Type	Online Clients	GRE
VAP-1	00:1F:D4:15:16:08	EAP110-1	None	0	
- GRE Tunnel:** A simple status field:

Status	Disabled
--------	----------

Web Management Interface Main Page (System Overview)

From here, click on the **System** icon to arrive at the following page. On this Page you can make entries to the **Name**, **Description**, and **Location** fields as well as set the device's time.

System Information Page

There are two methods of setting up the time: Manual (indicated by the option **Set Date & Time**) and NTP.

The default is Manual and requires individual setup every time the system starts up. Simply choose a time zone and set the time accordingly. When finished, click **SAVE**.

Manually Time Setup

The alternative is **NTP**. Upon selecting **NTP** under the **Time** field, the configuration changes to allow up to two **NTP** servers. Simply enter a local NTP server's IP Address (if available) or search online for an NTP server nearest you. Set the time zone and click **SAVE**.

NTP Setup

Step 2: Configuring the AP's Network Settings

While still on this Page, click on the **Network Interface** tab to begin configuration of the network settings.

System Information Network Management GRE Tunnel CAPWAP QoS Classification

Home > System > Network Interface

Network Settings

Mode : Static DHCP

IP Address : *

Netmask : *

Default Gateway : *

Primary DNS Server : *

Alternate DNS Server :

Layer2 STP : Disable Enable

Network Settings Page

If the deployment decides the AP will be getting dynamic IP Addresses from the connected network, set **Mode** to *DHCP*; otherwise, set **Mode** to **Static** and fill in the required fields marked with a red asterisk (**IP Address**, **Netmask**, **Gateway**, and **Primary DNS Server**) with the appropriate values for the network. Click **SAVE** when you are finished to save changes that have been made.

Step 3: Configure the AP's Wireless General Settings

Click on the **Wireless** icon followed by the **General** tab. On this page we only need to choose the **Band** and **Channel** that we wish to use.

The screenshot shows the 'General Settings' page for the wireless configuration. The breadcrumb trail is 'Home > Wireless > General'. The settings are as follows:

Band :	802.11g+802.11n	<input type="checkbox"/> Pure 11n
Short Preamble :	<input type="radio"/> Disable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	
Short Guard Interval :	<input type="radio"/> Disable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	
Channel Width :	20 MHz	
Channel :	1	
Max Transmit Rate :	Auto	
Transmit Power :	Highest	
Beacon Interval :	100 *(100 - 500ms)	

Wireless General Settings Page

On this page, select the **Band** with which the AP is to broadcast its signal. The rest of the fields are optional and can be configured at another time. Click **SAVE** if any changes have been made.

Step 4: Configuring Wireless Coverage (VAP-1)

To setup the AP's wireless access, refer to the following VAP-1 configuration (other VAP configuration can refer to the same setup steps as done for VAP-1). Click on the **Overview** tab to proceed.

The screenshot shows the 'VAP Overview' page with a navigation bar at the top containing tabs: VAP Overview, General, VAP Config, Security, Repeater, Advanced, and Access Control. Below the navigation bar is a breadcrumb trail: Home > Wireless > VAP Overview. The main heading is 'VAP Overview'. Below the heading is a table with the following data:

VAP No.	ESSID	State	Security Type	MAC ACL	Advanced Settings
1	EAP110-1	Enabled	None	Disabled	Edit
2	EAP110-2	Disabled	None	Disabled	Edit
3	EAP110-3	Disabled	None	Disabled	Edit
4	EAP110-4	Disabled	None	Disabled	Edit
5	EAP110-5	Disabled	None	Disabled	Edit
6	EAP110-6	Disabled	None	Disabled	Edit
7	EAP110-7	Disabled	None	Disabled	Edit
8	EAP110-8	Disabled	None	Disabled	Edit

Virtual AP Overview Page

On this page click the hyperlink in the row and column that corresponds with VAP-1's State. This will bring up the following page.

The screenshot shows the 'VAP Configuration' page with a navigation bar at the top containing tabs: VAP Overview, General, VAP Config, Security, Repeater, Advanced, and Access Control. Below the navigation bar is a breadcrumb trail: Home > Wireless > VAP Config. The main heading is 'VAP Configuration'. Below the heading are the following configuration fields:

- Profile Name : VAP-1 (dropdown menu)
- VAP : Disable Enable
- Profile Name : VAP-1 (text input)
- ESSID : EAP110-1 (text input)
- VLAN ID : Disable Enable
- VLAN ID : *(1 - 4094) (text input with range restriction)

VAP Configuration Page (VAP-1 shown)

The desired VAP profile can be selected from the drop-down menu of Profile Name and VAP-1 configuration will serve as an example for all other VAPs. Before proceeding further, please make sure that the **VAP** field is **Enable**; afterwards, enter an **ESSID** to represent the WLAN associated with AP's VAP-1. It is suggested that Profile Name is used to describe what this particular VAP will be used for; otherwise, leave it as default. **VLAN ID** can be chosen at another time. Click **SAVE** to save all changes up to this point and **Reboot** the system to apply these revised settings.

Congratulations!

After reboot, the AP can start to work with these revised settings.

4. Adding Virtual Access Points

EAP110 possesses the feature of multi-ESSID; namely, it can behave as multiple virtual access points, providing different levels of services from the same physical AP device.

Please click on the **AP** icon to review the **VAP Overview** page.

VAP No.	ESSID	State	Security Type	MAC ACL	Advanced Settings
1	EAP110-1	Enabled	None	Disabled	Edit
2	EAP110-2	Disabled	None	Disabled	Edit
3	EAP110-3	Disabled	None	Disabled	Edit
4	EAP110-4	Disabled	None	Disabled	Edit
5	EAP110-5	Disabled	None	Disabled	Edit
6	EAP110-6	Disabled	None	Disabled	Edit
7	EAP110-7	Disabled	None	Disabled	Edit
8	EAP110-8	Disabled	None	Disabled	Edit

VAP Overview Page

To proceed with specific VAP configuration, click on the corresponding cell in the **State** column and the row of the VAP; the particular VAP's Configuration page will then appear for further configuration.

Profile Name : VAP-1

VAP : Disable Enable

Profile Name : VAP-1

ESSID : EAP110-1

VLAN ID : Disable Enable

VLAN ID : *(1 - 4094)

VAP Configuration Page (VAP-1 shown)

Please select the desired VAP profile from the drop-down menu of Profile Name. Choose **Enable** for the **VAP** field. Pick a descriptive **Profile Name** and an appropriate **ESSID** for clients to associate to. A **VLAN ID** can be provided to indicate the traffics through this particular VAP. It may allow further management/control (e.g. access rights and Internet usage, etc) of each VAP with a management gateway. Click **SAVE** and then **Reboot** for the changes to take effect.

5. Secure Your AP

Different VAP may require different level of security. These instructions will guide the user through setting up different types of security for a particular VAP. Simply repeat the following steps for other VAP with security requirement.

Step 1: Ensure the intended VAP is Enabled

VAP No.	ESSID	State	Security Type	MAC ACL	Advanced Settings
1	EAP110-1	Enabled	None	Disabled	Edit
2	EAP110-2	Disabled	None	Disabled	Edit
3	EAP110-3	Disabled	None	Disabled	Edit
4	EAP110-4	Disabled	None	Disabled	Edit
5	EAP110-5	Disabled	None	Disabled	Edit
6	EAP110-6	Disabled	None	Disabled	Edit
7	EAP110-7	Disabled	None	Disabled	Edit
8	EAP110-8	Disabled	None	Disabled	Edit

VAP Overview Page

On the **VAP Overview** page, check the table to confirm the VAP State. If it is **Enabled**, skip to **Step 2**. If not, click on to proceed with **VAP Configuration** for that particular VAP.

Home > Wireless > VAP Config

VAP Configuration

Profile Name : VAP-1

VAP : Disable Enable

Profile Name :

ESSID :

VLAN ID : Disable Enable

VLAN ID : *(1 - 4094)

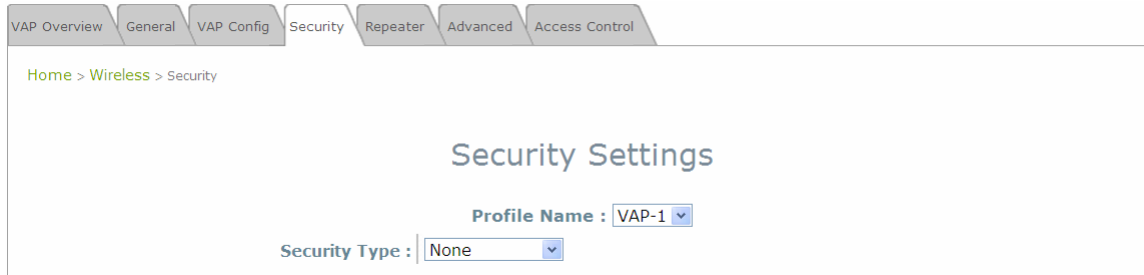
VAP Configuration Page (VAP-1 as shown for example)

Select **Enable** for the **VAP** field, and click **SAVE**. Click the **Overview** tab to return to the previous table to begin the next step.

Step 2: Configure Security Settings for your VAP

The following instructions will guide the user to set up wireless security with a specific VAP. If only restricted access of certain MAC addresses is desired, skip to the Step3. MAC restriction can be coupled with wireless security to provide extra protection.

First, click on the corresponding cell in the column labeled **Security Type**. This hyperlink will direct the user to the following **Security Settings** page.

**Security Settings Page (VAP-1 as shown for example)**

Select the desired **Security Type** from the drop-down menu, which includes **None**, **WEP**, **802.1X**, **WPA-PSK**, and **WPA-RADIUS**.

- **None:** Authentication is not required and data is not encrypted during transmission when this option is selected. This is the default setting as shown in the following figure.

The screenshot shows the 'Security Settings' page for profile 'VAP-1'. The 'Security Type' dropdown menu is set to 'None'. The breadcrumb path is 'Home > Wireless > Security'.

Security Settings: None

- **WEP:** WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) is a data encryption mechanism with key length selected from 64-bit, or 128-bit.

The screenshot shows the 'Security Settings' page for profile 'VAP-1' with 'Security Type' set to 'WEP'. A red note states: 'Note! The WEP keys are global setting for all virtual APs. The key value will apply to all VAPs.' The configuration options are:

- 802.11 Authentication:** Radio buttons for 'Open System' (selected), 'Shared Key', and 'Auto'.
- WEP Key Length:** Radio buttons for '64 bits' (selected) and '128 bits'.
- WEP Key Format:** Radio buttons for 'ASCII' (selected) and 'Hex'.
- WEP Key Index:** A dropdown menu set to '1'.
- WEP Keys:** Four input fields labeled 1, 2, 3, and 4.

Security Settings: WEP

- **802.11 Authentication:** Select from **Open System**, **Shared Key**, or **Auto**.
- **WEP Key Length:** Select from **64-bit**, **128-bit** key length.
- **WEP Key Format:** Select from **ASCII** or **Hex** format for the WEP key.
- **WEP Key Index:** Select a key index from 1 through 4. The WEP key index is a number that specifies which WEP key is used for the encryption of wireless frames during data transmission.
- **WEP Keys:** Provide the pre-defined WEP key value; the system supports up to 4 sets of WEP keys.

- **802.1X:** When **802.1X Authentication** is selected, RADIUS authentication and enhanced dynamic WEP are provided.

The screenshot shows the 'Security Settings' configuration page. At the top, there are navigation tabs: VAP Overview, General, VAP Config, Security (selected), Repeater, Advanced, and Access Control. Below the tabs, the breadcrumb path is 'Home > Wireless > Security'. The main title is 'Security Settings'. The configuration is as follows:

- Profile Name:** VAP-1 (dropdown menu)
- Security Type:** 802.1X (dropdown menu)
- Dynamic WEP:**
 - Disable
 - Enable
- WEP Key Length:** 64 bits 128 bits
- Rekeying Period:** 300 second(s)
- Primary RADIUS Server:**
 - Host:** [] *(Domain Name / IP Address)
 - Authentication Port:** 1812 *
 - Secret Key:** [] *

Security Settings: 802.1X Authentication

➤ Dynamic WEP Settings:

- **Dynamic WEP:** For 802.1X security type, Dynamic WEP is always enabled to automatically generate WEP keys for encryption.
- **WEP Key Length:** Select from **64-bit** or **128-bit** key length.
- **Rekeying Period:** The time interval for the dynamic WEP key to be updated; the time unit is in second.

➤ RADIUS Server Settings:

- **Host:** Enter the IP address or domain name of the RADIUS server.
- **Authentication Port:** The port number used by the RADIUS server. Specify a port number or use the default, 1812.
- **Secret Key:** The secret key for the system to communicate with the RADIUS server.

- **WPA-PSK:** Provide shared key authentication in WPA data encryption.

The screenshot displays the 'Security Settings' page for a VAP profile named 'VAP-1'. The navigation tabs at the top include VAP Overview, General, VAP Config, Security (selected), Repeater, Advanced, and Access Control. The breadcrumb trail is 'Home > Wireless > Security'. The main content area is titled 'Security Settings' and contains the following configuration fields:

- Profile Name: VAP-1 (dropdown menu)
- Security Type: WPA-PSK (dropdown menu)
- Cipher Suite: TKIP (WPA) (dropdown menu)
- Pre-shared Key Type: PSK(Hex)*(64 chars) Passphrase*(8 - 63 chars)
- Pre-shared Key: [Empty text input field]
- Group Key Update Period: 600 [text input] second(s)

Security Settings: WPA-PSK

- **Cipher Suite:** Select an encryption method from **TKIP (WPA)**, **AES (WPA)**, **TKIP (WAP2)**, **AES (WAP2)**, or **Mixed**.
- **Pre-shared Key Type:** Select a pre-shared key type: **PSK (Hex)** or **Passphrase**.
- **Pre-shared Key:** Enter the key value for the pre-shared key; the format of the key value depends on the key type selected.
- **Group Key Update Period:** The time interval for the Group Key to be renewed; the time unit is in seconds.

- **WPA-RADIUS:** Authenticate users by RADIUS and provide WPA data encryption.

VAP Overview General VAP Config Security Repeater Advanced Access Control

Home > Wireless > Security

Security Settings

Profile Name : VAP-1

Security Type : WPA-RADIUS

Cipher Suite : TKIP (WPA)

Group Key Update Period: 600 second(s)

Primary RADIUS Server :

Host : * (Domain Name / IP Address)

Authentication Port : 1812 *

Secret Key : *

Security Settings: WPA-RADIUS

➤ WPA Settings:

- **Cipher Suite:** Select an encryption method from **TKIP (WPA)**, **AES (WPA)**, **TKIP (WAP2)**, **AES (WAP2)**, or **Mixed**.
- **Group Key Update Period:** The time interval for the Group Key to be renewed; the time unit is in seconds.

➤ RADIUS Server Settings:

- **Host:** Enter the IP address or domain name of the RADIUS server.
- **Authentication Port:** The port number used by the RADIUS server. Specify a port number or use the default, 1812.
- **Secret Key:** The secret key for the system to communicate with the RADIUS server.

When these configurations are finished and MAC restriction is not needed, click **SAVE** and then **Reboot** the system. Otherwise, click on the **Overview** tab and proceed with the next step.

Step 3: Configuring MAC ACL (Access Control List)

Clicking on the hyperlink corresponding with intended VAP in the **MAC ACL** column, the user will be brought to the **Access Control Settings** page.

Access Control Settings Page

Please choose among **Disable**, **Allow**, and **Deny** from the drop-down menu of **Access Control Type**.

- 1) **Disable Access Control:** This means that there is no restriction for client devices to access the system.
- 2) **MAC ACL Allow List:** This means that only the client devices (identified by their MAC addresses) listed in the **Allow List** (“allowed MAC addresses”) are granted with access to the system. The administrator can temporarily block any allowed MAC address by checking **Disable**, until the administrator re-Enables the listed MAC.

No.	MAC Address	State
1	<input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable
2	<input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable
3	<input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable
4	<input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable
5	<input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable

MAC ACL Allow List



An empty Allow List means that there are no allowed MAC addresses. Make sure at least the MAC of the modifying system is included (e.g. network administrator's computer)

- 3) **MAC ACL Deny List:** This means that all client devices are granted with access to the system except those listed in the **Deny List** (“denied MAC addresses”). The administrator can allow any denied MAC address to connect to the system temporarily by checking **Enable**.

VAP Overview | General | VAP Config | Security | Repeater | Advanced | Access Control

Home > Wireless > Access Control

Access Control Settings

Profile Name : VAP-1

Maximum Number of Clients : 32 *(Range: 1 ~ 128 per system)

Access Control Type : MAC ACL Deny List

No.	MAC Address	State
1	<input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable
2	<input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable
3	<input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable
4	<input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable

MAC ACL Deny List

Click **SAVE** and **Reboot** upon completing the related configurations to take effect.

6. Create a WDS Bridge between two APs

WDS link creation will assist to extend network coverage where running wires is not an option, effectively transferring the traffics to the other end of WLAN/LAN through the EAP110. Since this is a peer to peer connection, both EAP110s will be configured by the same way.

Step 1: Make sure the Band and Channel are matched between the WDS peers

In order to create a valid WDS link, the two EAP110s must be configured to use the same channel and band for their wireless settings. Click the **AP** icon and then **General** tab to go to the following page.

The screenshot shows the 'General Settings' page for wireless configuration. The breadcrumb trail is 'Home > Wireless > General'. The settings are as follows:

Band :	802.11g+802.11n	<input type="checkbox"/> Pure 11n
Short Preamble :	<input type="radio"/> Disable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	
Short Guard Interval :	<input type="radio"/> Disable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	
Channel Width :	20 MHz	
Channel :	1	
Max Transmit Rate :	Auto	
Transmit Power :	Highest	
Beacon Interval :	100 *(100 - 500ms)	

Wireless General Settings Page

Please make sure both APs are using the same **Band** and **Channel** in order to establish a successful WDS link. Click **SAVE** if any changes have been made.

Step 2: Prevent Loops if Connecting Many APs

When many APs are linked in this manner, undesired loops may form to lower overall WLAN performance. To prevent such occurrence, please make sure Layer 2 STP is enabled.

To turn on this feature, please click on the **System** and then **Network Interface** tab.

The screenshot shows the 'Network Settings' page in the 4IPNET web interface. The breadcrumb trail is 'Home > System > Network Interface'. The page title is 'Network Settings'. Under the 'Mode' section, 'Static' is selected with a radio button, and 'DHCP' is unselected. A 'Renew' button is visible. Below this are input fields for 'IP Address', 'Netmask' (containing '255.255.0.0'), 'Default Gateway', 'Primary DNS Server', and 'Alternate DNS Server'. Each of these fields has a red asterisk to its right. At the bottom, the 'Layer2 STP' section has 'Disable' selected with a radio button, and 'Enable' is unselected.

Network Settings Page

Please select **Enable** in the field labeled **Layer2 STP**. This will prevent data from looping or a broadcast storm. Click **SAVE** when completed, and then **Reboot** to allow updated settings to take effect.

7. Web Management Interface Configuration

This chapter will guide the user through the EAP110's detailed settings. The following table shows all the User Interface (UI) functions of 4ipnet's EAP110 Enterprise Access Point. The Web Management Interface (WMI) is the page where the status is displayed, control is issued and parameters are configured. The management functions are grouped into branches: **System**, **Wireless**, **Firewall**, **Utilities**, and **Status**.

Table 1 EAP110's Function Organization

OPTION	FUNCTION
System	System Information
	Network
	Management
	GRE Tunnel
	CAPWAP
	QoS Classification
Wireless	VAP Overview
	General
	VAP Configuration
	Security
	Repeater
	Advanced
	Access Control
Firewall	Firewall List
	Service
	Advanced
Utilities	Change Password
	Network Utilities
	Save & Restore
	System Upgrade
	Reboot
	Upload Certificate
Status	Overview
	Clients
	Repeater
	Event Log

» Note:

Click **SAVE** to save the changes, but the user must reboot the system upon the completion of all configurations for the changes to take effect. Upon clicking **SAVE**, the following message will appear: **“Some modification has been saved and will take effect after Reboot.”**

All online users will be disconnected during reboot or restart.

7.1 System

Upon clicking on the **System** button, users can work on this section for general configurations of the devices (e.g. Time Setup, Network Configurations, and System Logs). This section includes the following functions: **Information**, **Network**, **Management**, **GRE Tunnel**, **CAPWAP** and **QoS Classification**.

7.1.1 System Information

The screenshot displays the 'System Information' configuration page. At the top, there are navigation tabs: 'System Information', 'Network', 'Management', 'GRE Tunnel', 'CAPWAP', and 'QoS Classification'. Below the tabs, a breadcrumb trail reads 'Home > System > General'. The main heading is 'System Information'. There are three input fields: 'Name' (containing 'Enterprise Access Point - EAP110 *'), 'Description', and 'Location'. Below this is a 'Time' section. It includes 'Device Time' (2000/01/02 11:16:55), 'Time Zone' (a dropdown menu showing '(GMT+08:00)Taipei'), and 'Time' synchronization options: 'Enable NTP' (radio button) and 'Manually set up' (radio button, which is selected). Below these are 'Set Date' and 'Set Time' fields, each consisting of dropdown menus for Year, Month, Day, Hour, Min, and Sec.

System Information Page

- **System Information**

For maintenance purpose, it is highly recommended to have the following information stated as clearly as possible:

- **Name:** The system name used to identify this system.
- **Description:** Further information about the system (e.g. device model, firmware version, and active date).
- **Location:** The information on geographical location of the system for the administrator to locate the system easily.

- **Time**

- **Device Time:** Display the current time of the system.
- **Time Zone:** Select an appropriate time zone from the drop-down list box.
- **Time:** Synchronize the system time by NTP server or manual setup.

1) Enable NTP:

By selecting **Enabled NTP**, EAP110 can synchronize its system time with the NTP server automatically. While this method is chosen, at least one NTP server's IP address or domain name must be provided.

Time

Device Time : 2000/01/03 04:32:49

Time Zone : (GMT+08:00)Taipei

Time : Enable NTP Manually set up

NTP Server 1 : *

NTP Server 2 :

NTP Time Configuration Fields

Generally networks would have a common NTP server (internal or external). If there is, use that one, otherwise locate a nearby NTP server on the web.

2) Manually set up:

By selecting **Manually set up**, the administrator can manually set the system date and time.

Time

Device Time : 2000/01/03 04:32:49

Time Zone : (GMT+08:00)Taipei

Time : Enable NTP Manually set up

Set Date : ---- Year -- Month -- Day

Set Time : -- Hour -- Min -- Sec

Manual Time Configuration Fields

- **Set Date:** Select the appropriate **Year**, **Month**, and **Day** from the drop-down menu.
- **Set Time:** Select the appropriate **Hour**, **Min**, and **Sec** from the drop-down menu.



Unless either Internet connection or NTP server may become unavailable, it is recommended to use NTP server for time synchronization because system time needs to be reconfigured upon reboot.

7.1.2 Network Interface

On this page, the network settings of the device can be configured; fields with a red asterisk (i.e. **IP Address, Netmask, Gateway, and Primary DNS Server**) are mandatory.

System Information Network Management GRE Tunnel CAPWAP QoS Classification

Home > System > Network Interface

Network Settings

Mode : Static DHCP

IP Address : *

Netmask : *

Default Gateway : *

Primary DNS Server : *

Alternate DNS Server :

Layer2 STP : Disable Enable

Network Settings Page

- **Mode:** Determine the way to obtain the IP address, by **DHCP** or **Static**.
 - **Static:** The administrator can manually set up the static LAN IP address. All required fields are marked with a red asterisk.
 - **IP Address:** The IP address of the LAN port.
 - **Netmask:** The Subnet mask of the LAN port.
 - **Default Gateway:** The Gateway IP address of the LAN port.
 - **Primary DNS Server:** The IP address of the primary DNS (Domain Name System) server.
 - **Alternate DNS Server:** The IP address of the substitute DNS server.
 - **DHCP:** This configuration type is applicable when the system is connected to a network with the presence of a DHCP server; all related IP information required will be provided by the DHCP server automatically.
- **Layer 2 STP:** If the EAP110 is set up to bridge other network components, this option can be enabled to prevent undesired loops because broadcasting storm may occur in a multi-switch environment where broadcast packets are forwarded in an endless loop between switches. Moreover, a broadcast storm may consume most of available system resources in addition to available bandwidth. Thus, enabling the Layer 2 STP can lower such undesired occurrence and derive the best available data path for network communication.

7.1.3 Management

The management services (e.g. **VLAN for Management**, **SNMP**, and **System log**) can be configured here.

The screenshot displays the 'Management Services' configuration page. At the top, there are navigation tabs: System Information, Network, Management (selected), GRE Tunnel, CAPWAP, and QoS Classification. Below the tabs, the breadcrumb path is 'Home > System > Management Services'. The main title is 'Management Services'. The configuration is organized into three sections:

- VLAN for Management:** Includes radio buttons for 'Disable' (selected) and 'Enable'. Below is a 'VLAN ID' input field with a red asterisk and the range '(1 - 4094)'.
- SNMP Configuration :** Includes radio buttons for 'Disable' and 'Enable' (selected). Below are 'Community String' fields for 'Read' and 'Write', and a 'Trap' section with radio buttons for 'Disable' and 'Enable' (selected), followed by a 'Server IP' input field.
- System Log :** Includes radio buttons for 'Disable' and 'Enable' (selected). Below are 'SYSLOG Server IP' (192.168.1.254), 'Server Port' (514), and 'SYSLOG Level' (Error) dropdown menu.

Management Services Page

- **VLAN for Management:** When it is enabled, management traffics from the system will be tagged with a VLAN ID. In other words, administrator who wants to access the WMI must send management traffics with the same VLAN ID such as connecting to a specific VAP with the same VLAN ID. Enter a value between 1 and 4094 for the VLAN ID if the option is enabled.

- **SNMP Configuration:** By enabling SNMP function, the administrator can obtain the system information remotely.

SNMP Configuration : Disable Enable

Community String :

Read :

Write :

Trap : Disable Enable

Server IP :

SNMP Configuration Fields

- **Enable/ Disable: Enable** or **Disable** this function.
 - **Community String:** The community string is required when accessing the Management Information Base (MIB) of the system.
 - **Read:** Enter the community string to access the MIB with Read privilege.
 - **Write:** Enter the community string to access the MIB with Write privilege.
 - **Trap:** When enabled, events on Cold Start, Interface UP & Down, and Association & Disassociation can be reported to an assigned server.
 - **Enable/ Disable: Enable** or **Disable** this function.
 - **Server IP Address:** Enter the IP address of the assigned server for receiving the trap report.
- **System Log:** By enabling this function, specify an external SYSLOG server to accept SYSLOG messages from the system remotely.

System Log : Disable Enable

SYSLOG Server IP :

Server Port :

SYSLOG Level :

System Log Fields

- **Enable/ Disable: Enable** or **Disable** this function.
- **Server IP:** The IP address of the Syslog server that will receive the reported events.
- **Server Port:** The port number of the Syslog server.
- **Syslog Level:** Select the desired level of received events from the drop-down menu.

7.1.4 GRE Tunnel

When GRE tunnel is created between EAP200 and the controller, EAP200 can be logically deployed into the Controller's managed network regardless of its physical location. If the tunnel is created from WHG series controllers, all of the configuration should be performed on the Controller side. It is meaningless to configure GRE tunnel settings from the EAP200 side. Once the settings are applied from the Controller side, the applied settings such as Key string will be passed to the corresponding EAP200 and its WMI page will automatically open to confirm the changes. Click **Restart** link and EAP200 will restart to activate the tunnel. A new window will automatically open and display the tunnel settings from the AP side which is passed from the Controller. Click the **Reboot** link to apply and activate the settings to AP. Please refer to your WHG manual for more information regarding AP management with tunnels.

The screenshot shows the 'GRE Tunnel Configuration' page. At the top, there are tabs for 'System Information', 'Network', 'Management', 'GRE Tunnel', 'CAPWAP', and 'QoS Classification'. Below the tabs, the breadcrumb trail is 'Home > System > Management Services'. The main heading is 'GRE Tunnel Configuration'. Under the heading, there are two sections: 'GRE Tunnel' and 'Interface'. In the 'GRE Tunnel' section, there are two radio buttons: 'Disable' and 'Enable'. The 'Enable' radio button is selected. Below the radio buttons are two input fields: 'Remote IP' and 'Key'. In the 'Interface' section, there are two rows of checkboxes. The first row contains checkboxes for VAP1, VAP2, VAP3, VAP4, VAP5, VAP6, VAP7, and VAP8. The second row contains checkboxes for WDS1, WDS2, WDS3, and WDS4. All checkboxes in both rows are checked.

- **GRE Tunnel:** To enable, click **Enable** of **GRE Tunnel**.
 - **Remote IP:** Enter the IP address of the Controller.
 - **Key:** Set up a password for the connection.
- **Interface:** Select a VAP or WDS that its traffic will pass through the GRE Tunnel between APs and controller. For how to enable VAP items, please refer the section **7.2.3 VAP Configuration** for reference.

7.1.5 CAPWAP

CAPWAP is a standard interoperable protocol that enables a controller to manage a collection of wireless access points. There are 5 ways of discovery, DNS SRV, DHCP option, Broadcast, Multicast, and Static.

System Information Network Management GRE Tunnel CAPWAP QoS Classification

Home > System > CAPWAP

CAPWAP Configuration

CAPWAP : Disable Enable

Certificate Date Check: Disable Enable

DNS SRV Discovery : Disable Enable
Domain Name Suffix :

DHCP Option Discovery : Disable Enable

Broadcast Discovery : Disable Enable

Multicast Discovery : Disable Enable

Static Discovery : Disable Enable

Pri.	AC Address	Remark
1	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
2	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
3	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
4	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
5	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

- **Certificate Date Check:** To enable this item, select **Enable** and click **Manage Certificates** to enter the page of **Upload Certificate**. Please refer to the section **7.4.4. Upload Certificate**.
- **DNS SRV Discovery:** The way of using DNS SRV to discover access controller.
 - **Domain Name Suffix:** Enter the suffix of the access controller, such as example.com.
- **DHCP Option Discovery:** The way of using DHCP option to discover access controller.
- **Broadcast Discovery:** The way of using Broadcast to discover access controller.
- **Multicast Discovery:** The way of using muticast to discover access controller.
- **Static Discovery:** The way of using Static approach to discover access controller.
 - **AC Address:** The IP address of access controller. If it can not discover the first AC, it will try to discover the second AC.

Upload Certificate

Upload Private Key	
File Name	<input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Browse..."/>

Upload Certificate	
File Name	<input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Browse..."/>

Upload Trusted Certificate	
File Name	<input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Browse..."/>

Manage Certificates

7.1.6 QoS Classification

Network Administrator can assign different traffic priorities in this page.

System Information Network Management GRE Tunnel CAPWAP QoS Classification

Home > System > QoS Classification

QoS Classification

Status : Enable Disable

No.	VLAN ID	QoS Access Category	Remark
1	<input type="text" value="0"/>	Best Effort ▼	<input type="text"/>
2	<input type="text"/>	Best Effort ▼	<input type="text"/>
3	<input type="text"/>	Best Effort ▼	<input type="text"/>

- **Status:** Check **Enable** to use QoS feature.

A total of 9 different VLAN IDs can be assigned a QoS class (voice, video, best effort, background). AP will decide the traffic forwarding priorities based on the VLAN tag on the traffic packet and its corresponding QoS class.

7.2 Wireless

This section includes the following functions: **VAP Overview**, **General**, **VAP Configuration**, **Security**, **Repeater**, **Advanced**, and **Access Control**. EAP110 supports up to eight Virtual Access Points (VAPs). Each VAP can have its own settings (e.g. ESSID, VLAN ID, security settings, etc.). With such VAP capabilities, different levels of service can be configured to meet network requirements.

7.2.1 VAP Overview

An overall status is collected on this page, including **ESSID**, **State**, **Security Type**, **MAC ACL**, and **Advanced Settings**, where EAP110 features 8 VAPs with respective settings. In this table, please click on the hyperlink to further configure each individual VAP.

VAP No.	ESSID	State	Security Type	MAC ACL	Advanced Settings
1	EAP110-1	Enabled	None	Disabled	Edit
2	EAP110-2	Disabled	None	Disabled	Edit
3	EAP110-3	Disabled	None	Disabled	Edit
4	EAP110-4	Disabled	None	Disabled	Edit
5	EAP110-5	Disabled	None	Disabled	Edit
6	EAP110-6	Disabled	None	Disabled	Edit
7	EAP110-7	Disabled	None	Disabled	Edit
8	EAP110-8	Disabled	None	Disabled	Edit

VAP Overview Page

- **State:** The hyperlink showing **Enable** or **Disable** connects to the **VAP Configuration** page.

Home > Wireless > VAP Config

VAP Configuration

Profile Name :

VAP : Disable Enable

Profile Name :

ESSID :

VLAN ID : Disable Enable

VLAN ID : *(1 - 4094)

VAP Overview Page – State

- **Security Type:** The hyperlink showing the security type connects to the **Security Settings** Page.

Home > Wireless > Security

Security Settings

Profile Name :

Security Type :

Note! The WEP keys are global setting for all virtual APs. The key value will apply to all VAPs.

802.11 Authentication: Open System Shared Key Auto

WEP Key Length : 64 bits 128 bits

WEP Key Format : ASCII Hex

WEP Key Index :

WEP Keys : 1

VAP Overview Page – Security Type

- **MAC ACL:** The hyperlink showing **Allow** or **Disable** connects to the **Access Control Settings** Page.

Home > Wireless > Access Control

Access Control Settings

Profile Name :

Maximum Number of Clients : *(Range: 1 ~ 128 per system)

Access Control Type :

VAP Overview Page – MAC ACL

- **Advanced Settings:** The advanced settings hyperlink connects to the **Advanced Wireless Settings** Page.

Home > Wireless > Advanced

Advanced Wireless Settings

Profile Name :

RTS Threshold : *(1 - 2346)

Fragment Threshold : *(256 - 2346)

Broadcast SSID : Disable Enable

Wireless Station Isolation : Disable Enable

WMM : Disable Enable

VAP Overview Page – Advanced Settings

7.2.2 General

AP's general wireless settings can be configured here:

AP General Settings Page

- **Band:** Select an appropriate wireless band: **802.11b**, **802.11g**, **802.11b+802.11g**, **802.11g+802.11n** or select **Disable** if the wireless function is not required.
 - **Pure 11n:** When this option is checked, only clients with 802.11n capable device can associate successfully with this AP.
- **Short Preamble:** The short preamble with a 56-bit synchronization field can improve WLAN transmission efficiency. Select **Enable** to use Short Preamble or **Disable** to use Long Preamble with a 128-bit synchronization field.
- **Short Guard Interval (available when Band is 802.11g+802.11n):** The guard interval is the space between symbols (characters) being transmitted to eliminate inter-symbol interference. In order to further boost throughput with **802.11n**, short guard interval is half of what it used to be; please select **Enable** to use Short Guard Interval or **Disable** to use normal Guard Interval.
- **Channel Width (available when Band is 802.11g+802.11n):** Double channel bandwidth to 40 MHz is supported to enhance throughput.
- **Channel:** Select the appropriate channel from the drop-down menu to correspond with your network settings, for example, Channel 1-11 is available in North American and Channel 1-13 in Europe, or choose the default **Auto**.
- **Max Transmit Rate:** The maximum wireless transmit rate can be selected from the drop-down menu. The system will use the highest possible rate when **Auto** is selected.
- **Transmit Power:** The signal strength transmitted from the system can be selected among **Auto**, **Highest**, **High**, **Medium**, **Low**, and **Lowest** from the drop-down menu.
- **Beacon Interval (ms):** Enter the desired time interval for the access point to send beacon signal.

Table 2 RF Configurations

Band	SSID	Short Preamble	Channel	Max Transmit Rate	Transmit Power
<i>Disable</i>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11b	Associated AP's SSID	Disable/Enable	Auto, 1~11, 13 or 14	1M, 2M, 5.5M, 11M	Auto, Lowest, Low, Medium, High, Highest
802.11g	Associated AP's SSID	Disable/Enable	Auto, 1~11 or 13	6M, 9M, 12M, 18M, 24M, 36M, 48M, 54M	
802.11b+ 802.11g	Associated AP's SSID	Disable/Enable	Auto, 1~11, 13 or 14	1M, 2M, 5.5M, 6M, 9M, 11M, 12M, 18M, 24M, 36M, 48M, 54M	
802.11g+ 802.11n	Associated AP's SSID	Disable/Enable	Auto, 1~11, or 13	1M, 2M, 5.5M, 6M, 9M, 11M, 12M, 18M, 24M, 36M, 48M, 54M, MCS0~15	

▶▶ **Note:** Please note that available values above will vary depending on the regulation of the country.

7.2.3 VAP Configuration

This section provides configuration of each Virtual Access Point with settings such as **Profile Name**, **ESSID**, and **VLAN ID**.

The screenshot displays the 'VAP Configuration' page. At the top, there are navigation tabs: 'VAP Overview', 'General', 'VAP Config', 'Security', 'Repeater', 'Advanced', and 'Access Control'. Below the tabs, a breadcrumb trail reads 'Home > Wireless > VAP Config'. The main heading is 'VAP Configuration'. The configuration fields are as follows:

- Profile Name :** A dropdown menu showing 'VAP-1'.
- VAP :** Radio buttons for 'Disable' and 'Enable', with 'Enable' selected.
- Profile Name :** A text input field containing 'VAP-1'.
- ESSID :** A text input field containing 'EAP110-1'.
- VLAN ID :** Radio buttons for 'Disable' and 'Enable', with 'Disable' selected.
- VLAN ID :** A text input field that is empty, followed by a red asterisk and the text '(1 - 4094)'.

VAP Configuration Page

To enable specific VAP, select the VAP from the drop-down list of Profile Name. The basic settings of each VAP are collected in the profile as follows:

- **VAP:** **Enable** or **Disable** this VAP.
- **Profile Name:** The profile name of specific VAP for identity / management purposes.
- **ESSID:** ESSID (Extended Service Set ID) serves as an identifier for clients to associate with the specific VAP. It can be coupled with different service level like a variety of wireless security types.
- **VLAN ID:** EAP110 supports tagged VLANs (virtual LANs). To enable VLAN function, each VAP shall be given a unique VLAN ID with valid values ranging from 1 to 4094.

7.2.4 Security

EAP110 supports various wireless authentication and data encryption methods in each VAP profile. With this, the administrator can provide different service levels to clients. The security type includes **None**, **WEP**, **802.1X**, **WPA-PSK**, and **WPA-RADIUS**.

- **None:** Authentication is not required and data is not encrypted during transmission when this option is selected. This is the default setting as shown in the following figure.

The screenshot shows the 'Security Settings' page in a web interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'VAP Overview', 'General', 'VAP Config', 'Security', 'Repeater', 'Advanced', and 'Access Control'. Below the tabs, the breadcrumb path is 'Home > Wireless > Security'. The main heading is 'Security Settings'. Underneath, there is a 'Profile Name' dropdown menu set to 'VAP-1'. Below that, the 'Security Type' dropdown menu is set to 'None'.

Security Settings: None

- **WEP:** WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) is a data encryption mechanism based on a 64-bit, or 128-bit, shared key algorithm.

The screenshot shows the 'Security Settings' page with 'Security Type' set to 'WEP'. The 'Profile Name' dropdown is still 'VAP-1'. A red note states: 'Note! The WEP keys are global setting for all virtual APs. The key value will apply to all VAPs.' Below this, there are several configuration options:

- 802.11 Authentication:** Radio buttons for 'Open System', 'Shared Key', and 'Auto' (which is selected).
- WEP Key Length:** Radio buttons for '64 bits' (selected) and '128 bits'.
- WEP Key Format:** Radio buttons for 'ASCII' (selected) and 'Hex'.
- WEP Key Index:** A dropdown menu set to '1'.
- WEP Keys:** A label '1' followed by an empty input field.

Security Settings: WEP

- **802.11 Authentication:** Select from **Open System**, **Shared Key**, or **Auto**.
 - **WEP Key Length:** Select from **64-bit**, **128-bit** key length.
 - **WEP Key Format:** Select from **ASCII** or **Hex** format for the WEP key.
 - **WEP Key Index:** Select a key index from **1~4**. The WEP key index is a number that specifies which WEP key will be used for the encryption of wireless frames during data transmission.
 - **WEP Keys:** Provide the pre-defined WEP key value; the system supports up to 4 sets of WEP keys.
- **802.1X:** When **802.1X Authentication** is selected, RADIUS authentication and Dynamic WEP are provided.

The screenshot shows the 'Security Settings' configuration page. At the top, there are navigation tabs: VAP Overview, General, VAP Config, Security (selected), Repeater, Advanced, and Access Control. Below the tabs, the breadcrumb path is 'Home > Wireless > Security'. The main title is 'Security Settings'. The 'Profile Name' is set to 'VAP-1'. The 'Security Type' is set to '802.1X'. Under 'Dynamic WEP', the 'Enable' radio button is selected. The 'WEP Key Length' is set to '64 bits'. The 'Rekeying Period' is set to '300' seconds. Under 'Primary RADIUS Server', the 'Host' field is empty with a red asterisk and the text '(Domain Name / IP Address)'. The 'Authentication Port' is set to '1812' with a red asterisk. The 'Secret Key' field is empty with a red asterisk.

Security Settings: 802.1X Authentication

- **Dynamic WEP Settings:**
 - **Dynamic WEP:** For 802.1X security type, Dynamic WEP is always enabled to automatically generate WEP keys for encryption.
 - **WEP Key Length:** Select from **64-bit** or **128-bit** key length.
 - **Re-keying Period:** The time interval for the dynamic WEP key to be updated; the time unit is in second.
- **RADIUS Server Settings (Primary/Secondary):**
 - **Host:** Enter the IP address or domain name of the RADIUS server.
 - **Authentication Port:** The port number used by the RADIUS server. Specify a port number or use the default, 1812.
 - **Secret Key:** The secret key for the system to communicate with the RADIUS server.
- **WPA-PSK:** WPA-PSK (Wi-Fi Protected Access Pre-shared Key) is a pre-shared key authentication method, a special mode of WPA.

Security Settings: WPA-PSK

- **Cipher Suite:** Select an encryption method from **TKIP (WPA)**, **AES (WPA)**, **TKIP (WAP2)**, **AES (WAP2)**, or **Mixed**.
- **Pre-shared Key Type:** Select a pre-shared key type: **PSK (Hex)** or **Passphrase**.
- **Pre-shared Key:** Enter the key value for the pre-shared key; the format of the key value depends on the key type selected.
- **Group Key Update Period:** The time interval for the Group Key to be renewed; the time unit is in seconds.

- **WPA-RADIUS:** If this option is selected, the RADIUS authentication and data encryption will be both enabled.

Security Settings: WPA-RADIUS

- **WPA Settings:**
 - **Cipher Suite:** Select an encryption method from *TKIP (WPA)*, *AES (WPA)*, *TKIP(WAP2)*, *AES (WAP2)*, or *Mixed*.
 - **Group Key Update Period:** The time interval for the Group Key to be renewed; the time unit is in seconds.
- **RADIUS Server Settings (Primary/Secondary):**
 - **Host:** Enter the IP address or domain name of the RADIUS server.
 - **Authentication Port:** The port number used by the RADIUS server. Specify a port number or use the default, 1812.
 - **Secret Key:** The secret key for the system to communicate with the RADIUS server.

7.2.5 Repeater

To extend wireless network coverage, EAP110 supports either **WDS** or **None** as options of repeater types; selecting **None** will turn off this function.

> WDS

If **WDS** is selected, EAP110 can support up to 4 WDS links to its peer APs. **Security Type (None, WEP, or WPA/PSK)** can be configured to decide which encryption to be used for WDS connections respectively. Please fill in remote peer's MAC address and click **SAVE** to proceed; if setting revision is necessary, **CLEAR** button is used to clear the contents in the above WDS connection list.

The screenshot shows the 'Repeater Settings' configuration page. At the top, there are navigation tabs: VAP Overview, General, VAP Config, Security, Repeater (selected), Advanced, and Access Control. Below the tabs, the breadcrumb path is 'Home > Wireless > Repeater Config'. The main heading is 'Repeater Settings'. The configuration options are: 'Repeater Type' with a dropdown menu set to 'WDS' and an unchecked checkbox for 'WDS'; 'WDS Profile' with a dropdown menu set to 'RF Card A : WDS Link 1'; 'WDS' with a dropdown menu set to 'Enable'; 'MAC Address' with an empty text input field; and 'Security type' with a dropdown menu set to 'None'.

Repeater Settings: WDS

7.2.6 Advanced

The advanced wireless settings for the EAP110's VAP (Virtual Access Point) profiles allow customization of data transmission settings. The administrator can tune the following parameters to improve network communication performance if a poor connection occurs.

The screenshot shows the 'Advanced Wireless Settings' page. At the top, there are navigation tabs: VAP Overview, General, VAP Config, Security, Repeater, Advanced (selected), and Access Control. Below the tabs, a breadcrumb trail reads 'Home > Wireless > Advanced'. The main heading is 'Advanced Wireless Settings'. A dropdown menu for 'Profile Name' is set to 'VAP-1'. Below this, several settings are listed:

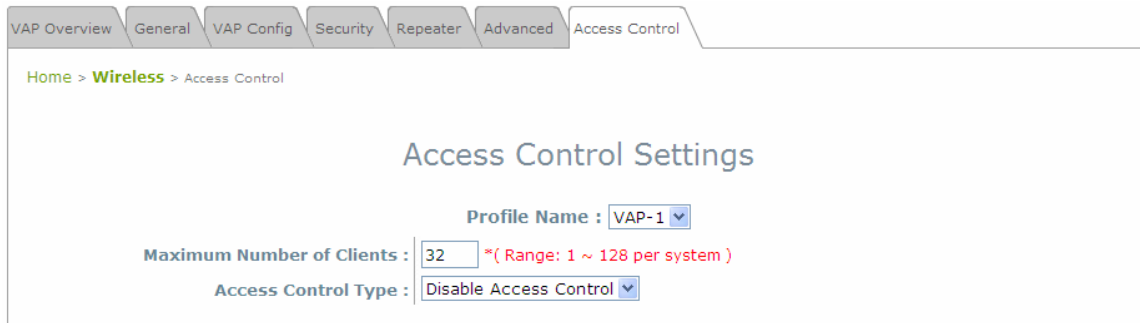
- RTS Threshold :** 2346 *(1 - 2346)
- Fragment Threshold :** 2346 *(256 - 2346)
- Broadcast SSID :** Disable Enable
- Wireless Station Isolation :** Disable Enable
- WMM :** Disable Enable

Advanced Wireless Settings Page

- **RTS Threshold:** Enter a value between 1 and 2346. RTS (Request to Send) Threshold determines the packet size at which the system issues a request to send (RTS) before sending the fragment to prevent the hidden node problem. The RTS mechanism will be activated if the data size exceeds the value provided. A lower RTS Threshold setting can be useful in areas where many client devices are associating with EAP110 or in areas where the clients are far apart and can detect only EAP110 but not each other.
- **Fragmentation Threshold:** Enter a value between 256 and 2346. The default is 2346. A packet size larger than this threshold will be fragmented (sent with several pieces instead of one chunk) before transmission. A smaller value results in smaller frames but allows a larger number of frames in transmission. A lower Fragment Threshold setting can be useful in areas where communication is poor or disturbed by a serious amount of radio interference.
- **Broadcast SSID:** Disabling this function will prevent the system from broadcasting its SSID. If broadcast of the SSID is disabled, only devices that have the correct SSID can connect to the system.
- **Wireless Station Isolation:** By enabling this function, all stations associated with the system are isolated and can only communicate with the system.
- **WMM:** The default is *Disable*. Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM) is a Quality of Service (QoS) feature that prioritizes wireless data packets based on four access categories: voice, video, best effort, and background. Applications without WMM and applications that do not require QoS are assigned to the best-effort category, which receives a lower priority than that of voice and video. Therefore, WMM decides which data streams are more important and assigns them a higher traffic priority. This option works with WMM-capable clients only.

7.2.7 Access Control

On this page, the network administrator can restrict the total number of clients connected to the EAP110, as well as specify particular MAC addresses that can or cannot access the device.



The screenshot shows the 'Access Control Settings' page in a web browser. At the top, there is a navigation menu with tabs for 'VAP Overview', 'General', 'VAP Config', 'Security', 'Repeater', 'Advanced', and 'Access Control'. Below the menu, the breadcrumb path is 'Home > Wireless > Access Control'. The main heading is 'Access Control Settings'. There are three configuration fields: 'Profile Name' is a dropdown menu set to 'VAP-1'; 'Maximum Number of Clients' is a text input field containing '32', with a red asterisk and the text '* (Range: 1 ~ 128 per system)' next to it; and 'Access Control Type' is a dropdown menu set to 'Disable Access Control'.

Access Control Settings Page

- **Maximum Number of Clients**

EAP110 supports various methods of authenticating clients for wireless LAN access. The default policy is unlimited access without any authentication required. To restrict the station number of wireless connections, simply change the **Maximum Number of Stations** to a desired number. For example, while the number of stations is set to 20, only 20 stations are allowed to connect to the specified VAP. The maximum number of clients supported by the system is up to 128.

- **Access Control Type**

The administrator can restrict the wireless access of client devices based on their MAC addresses.

- **Disable Access Control:** When **Disable** is selected, there is no restriction for client devices to access the system.
- **MAC ACL Allow List:** When selecting **MAC ACL Allow List**, only the client devices (identified by their MAC addresses) listed in the Allow List (“allowed MAC addresses”) are granted with access to the system. The administrator can temporarily block any allowed MAC address by checking **Disable**, until the administrator re-Enables the listed MAC.

Home > Wireless > Access Control

Access Control Settings

Profile Name : VAP-1

Maximum Number of Clients : 32 *(Range: 1 ~ 128 per system)

Access Control Type : MAC ACL Allow List

No.	MAC Address	State
1	<input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable
2	<input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable
3	<input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable

MAC Allow List

▶▶ **Note:**

An empty Allow List means that there is no allowed MAC address. Make sure at least the MAC of the management system is included (e.g. network administrator's computer)

- **MAC ACL Deny List:** When selecting **MAC ACL Deny List**, all client devices are granted with access to the system except those listed in the Deny List (“denied MAC addresses”). The administrator can allow any denied MAC address to connect to the system temporarily by checking **Disable**.

VAP Overview | General | VAP Config | Security | Repeater | Advanced | Access Control

Home > Wireless > Access Control

Access Control Settings

Profile Name : VAP-1

Maximum Number of Clients : 32 *(Range: 1 ~ 128 per system)

Access Control Type : MAC ACL Deny List

No.	MAC Address	State
1	<input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable
2	<input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable
3	<input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable
4	<input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable

Deny List

7.3 Firewall

The system provides an added security feature, Layer2 Firewall, in addition to typical AP security. Layer2 Firewall offers a firewall function that is tailored specifically for Layer2 traffics, providing another choice of shield against possible security threats coming from/going to WLAN (AP interfaces); hence, besides firewall policies configured on gateways, this extra security feature will assist to mitigate possible security breach. This section provides information in the following functions: **Firewall Settings**, **Service** and **Advanced Firewall Settings**.

7.3.1 Firewall List

It provides an overview of firewall rules in the system; 6 default rules with up to total 20 firewall rules are available for configuration.

Firewall List | Service | Advanced

Home > Firewall > Firewall List

Layer 2 Firewall Settings

Enable Layer 2 Firewall | Disable Enable

No.	State	Action	Name	EtherType	Remark	Setting
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	DROP	CDP	IEEE_8023		Del Ed In Mv
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	DROP	STP	IEEE_8023		Del Ed In Mv
3	<input type="checkbox"/>	DROP	GARP	IEEE_8023		Del Ed In Mv
4	<input type="checkbox"/>	DROP	RIP	IPv4		Del Ed In Mv

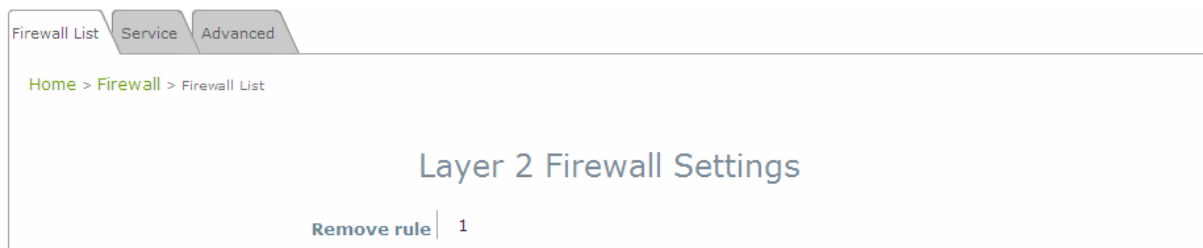
Firewall List Page

From the overview table, each rule is designated with the following field;

- **No.:** The numbering will decide the priority to let system carry out the available firewall rules in the tables.
- **State:** The check marks will enable the respective rules.
- **Action:** **DROP** denotes a block rule; **ACCEPT** denotes a pass rule.
- **Name:** It shows the name of rule.
- **EtherType:** It denotes the type of traffics subject to this rule.
- **Remark:** It shows the note of this rule.
- **Setting:** 4 actions are available; **Del** denotes to delete the rule, **Ed** denotes to edit the rule, **In** denotes to insert a rule, and **Mv** denotes to move the rule.

>>**To delete a specific rule,**

Del in **Setting** column of firewall list will lead to the following page for removal confirmation. After **SAVE** button is clicked and system reboot, the rule will be removed.



>>**To edit a specific rule,**

Ed in **Setting** column of firewall list will lead to the following page for detail configuration. From this page, the rule can be edited from scratch or an existing rule for revision.

- **Rule ID:** The numbering of this specific rule will decide its priority among available firewall rules in the table.

- **Rule name:** The rule name can be specified here.
- **EtherType:** The drop-down list will provide the available types of traffics subject to this rule.
- **Interface:** It can indicate inbound/outbound direction with desired interfaces.
- **Service** (when EtherType is **IPv4**): Select the available upper layer protocols/services from the drop-down list.
- **DSAP/SSAP** (when EtherType is **IEEE 802.3**): The value can be further specified for the fields in 802.2 LLC frame header.
- **Type** (when EtherType is **IEEE802.3**): The field can be used to indicate the type of encapsulated traffics.
- **VLAN ID** (when EtherType is **802.1 Q**): The VLAN ID is provided to associate with certain VLAN-tagging traffics.
- **Priority** (when EtherType is **802.1 Q**): It denotes the priority level with associated VLAN traffics.
- **Encapsulated Type** (when EtherType is **802.1 Q**): It can be used to indicate the type of encapsulated traffics.
- **Opcod** (when EtherType is **ARP/RARP**): This list can be used to specify the ARP Opcode in ARP header.
- **Source:** MAC Address/Mask indicates the source MAC; IP Address/Mask indicates the source IP address (when EtherType is **IPv4**); ARP IP/MAC & MASK indicate the ARP payload fields.
- **Destination:** MAC Address/Mask indicates the destination MAC; IP Address/Mask indicates the destination IP address (when EtherType is **IPv4**); ARP IP/MAC & MASK indicate the ARP payload fields.
- **Action:** The rule can be chosen to be **Block** or **Pass**.
- **Remark:** The note of this rule can be specified here.

When the configuration for firewall rule is provided; please click **SAVE** and **Reboot** system to let the firewall rule take effort.

>>To insert a specific rule,

In in **Setting** column of firewall list will lead to the following page for detail configuration with rule ID for the current inserted rule.

From this page, the rule can be edited form scratch or from an existing rule for revision.

The screenshot shows the 'Layer 2 Firewall Configuration' page. At the top, there are tabs for 'Firewall List', 'Service', and 'Advanced'. Below the tabs is a breadcrumb trail: 'Home > Firewall List > Rule Config'. The main title is 'Layer 2 Firewall Configuration'. The configuration fields are as follows:

- Rule ID :** 1
- Rule name :** [Text input field with a red asterisk]
- EtherType :** IPv4 (dropdown menu)
- Interface :** From To
- Service :** VAP1 (dropdown menu)
- Source :**
 - MAC Address: [Text input field] Mask: [Text input field]
 - IP Address : [Text input field] Mask: 0.0.0.0 /0 (dropdown menu)
- Destination :**
 - MAC Address: [Text input field] Mask: [Text input field]
 - IP Address : [Text input field] Mask: 0.0.0.0 /0 (dropdown menu)
- Action :** Block Pass
- Remark :** [Text input field]

>>To move a specific rule,

MV in **Setting** column of firewall list will lead to the following page for reordering confirmation. After **SAVE** button is clicked and system reboot, the order of rules will be updated.

The screenshot shows the 'Move Rule' page. At the top, there are tabs for 'Firewall List', 'Service', and 'Advanced'. Below the tabs is a breadcrumb trail: 'Home > Firewall > Move rule'. The main title is 'Move Rule'. The configuration fields are as follows:

- ID :** 1
- Move to :** Before After
- ID :** [Text input field] *(1 - 20)

Please make sure all desired rules (state of rule) are checked and saved in overview page; the rule will be enforced upon system reboot.

Firewall List Service Advanced

Home > Firewall > Firewall List

Layer 2 Firewall Settings

Enable Layer 2 Firewall Disable Enable

No.	State	Action	Name	EtherType	Remark	Setting
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	DROP	CDP and VTP	IEEE_8023		Del Ed In Mv
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	DROP	STP/BPDU	IEEE_8023		Del Ed In Mv
3	<input type="checkbox"/>	DROP	GARP	IEEE_8023		Del Ed In Mv
4	<input type="checkbox"/>	DROP	RIP	IPv4		Del Ed In Mv
5	<input type="checkbox"/>	DROP	HSRP	IPv4		Del Ed In Mv
6	<input type="checkbox"/>	DROP	OSPF	IPv4		Del Ed In Mv
7	<input type="checkbox"/>					Del Ed In Mv
8	<input type="checkbox"/>					Del Ed In Mv
9	<input type="checkbox"/>					Del Ed In Mv
10	<input type="checkbox"/>					Del Ed In Mv

[First](#) [Prev](#) [Next](#) [Last](#) (total: 20)

SAVE

CLEAR

7.3.2 Service

The administrator can add or delete firewall service here; the services in this list will become options to choose in firewall rule (when EtherType is IPv4).

EAP110 provides a list of rules to block or pass traffics of layer-3 or above protocols. These services are available to choose from drop-down list of layer2 firewall rule edit page with Ether Type to be IPv4. The first 28 entries are default services and the administrator can add/delete any extra desired services.

There are 28 firewall services available in default settings; these default services cannot be deleted but can be disabled. If changes are made, please click **SAVE** to save the settings before leaving this page.

Firewall List
Service
Advanced

[Home](#) > [Firewall](#) > [Service Config](#)

Firewall Service

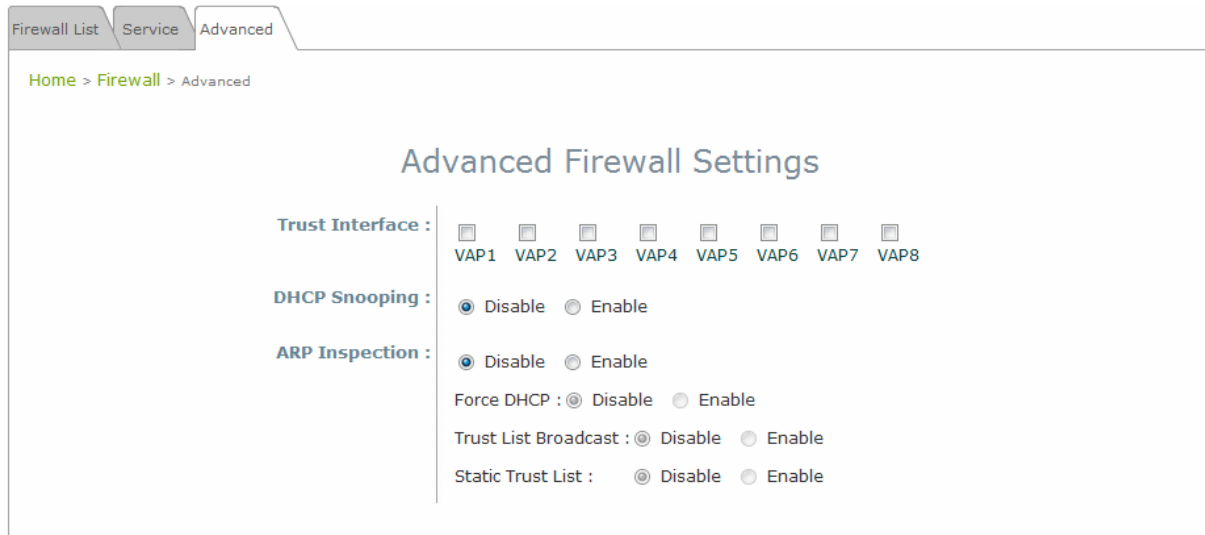
No.	Name	Description	Delete
1	ALL	ALL	<input type="checkbox"/>
2	ALL TCP	TCP, Source Port: 0~65535, Destination Port: 0~65535	<input type="checkbox"/>
3	ALL UDP	UDP, Source Port: 0~65535, Destination Port: 0~65535	<input type="checkbox"/>
4	ALL ICMP	ICMP	<input type="checkbox"/>
5	FTP	TCP/UDP, Destination Port: 20~21	<input type="checkbox"/>
6	HTTP	TCP/UDP, Destination Port: 80	<input type="checkbox"/>
7	HTTPS	TCP/UDP, Destination Port: 443	<input type="checkbox"/>
8	POP3	TCP, Destination Port: 110	<input type="checkbox"/>
9	SMTP	TCP, Destination Port: 25	<input type="checkbox"/>
10	DHCP	UDP, Destination Port: 67~68	<input type="checkbox"/>

[First](#) [Prev](#) [Next](#) [Last](#) (total: 28)

Firewall Service Page

7.3.3 Advanced

Advanced firewall settings are used to supplement the firewall rules, providing extra security enhancement against DHCP and ARP traffics traversing the available interfaces of system.



- **Trust Interface:** Each VAP interface can be checked individually to mark as trusted interfaces; security enforcements on DHCP/ARP like DHCP snooping and ARP inspection will be carried out on non-trusted interfaces.
- **DHCP Snooping:** When enabled, DHCP packets will be validated against possible threats like DHCP starvation attack; in addition, the trusted DHCP server (IP/MAC) can be specified to prevent rouge DHCP server.
- **ARP Inspection:** When enabled, ARP packets will be validated against ARP spoofing.
 - **Force DHCP** option when enabled, the AP only learns MAC/IP pair information through DHCP packets. Since devices configured with static IP address does not send DHCP traffic, therefore any clients with static IP address will be blocked from internet access unless its MAC/IP pair is listed and enabled on the **Static Trust List**.
 - **Trust List Broadcast** can be enabled to let other AP (with L2 firewall feature) learn the trusted MAC/IP pairs to issue ARP requests.
 - **Static Trust List** can be used to add MAC or MAC/IP pairs of devices that are trusted to issue ARP request. Other network nodes can still send their ARP requests; however, if their IP appears in the static list (with different MAC), their ARP requests will be dropped to prevent eavesdropping.

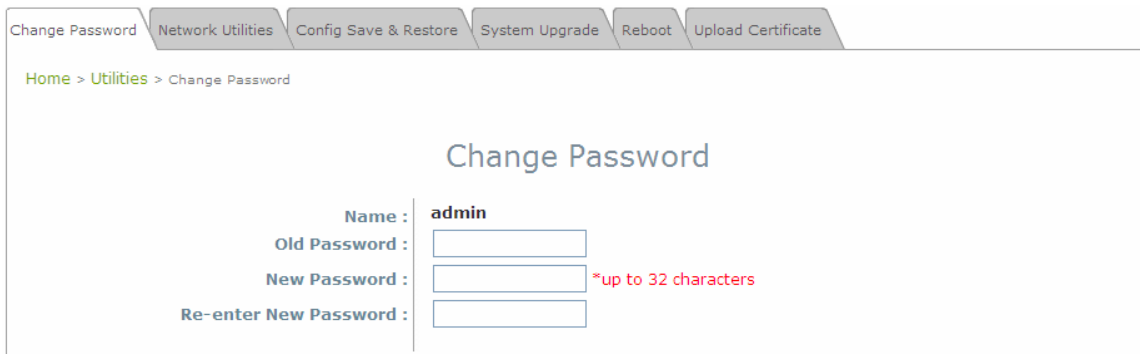
If any settings are made, please click **SAVE** to save the configuration before leaving this page.

7.4 Utilities

The administrator can maintain the system on this page: **Change Password, Network Utilities, Config Save & Restore, System Upgrade, Reboot, and Upload Certificate.**

7.4.1 Change Password

To protect the Web Management Interface from unauthorized access, it is highly recommended to change the administrator's password to a secure password. Only alpha-numeric characters are allowed, and it is also recommended to make use of a combination of both numeric and alphabetic characters.



The screenshot shows the 'Change Password' page within a web management interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with tabs for 'Change Password', 'Network Utilities', 'Config Save & Restore', 'System Upgrade', 'Reboot', and 'Upload Certificate'. Below the navigation bar, a breadcrumb trail reads 'Home > Utilities > Change Password'. The main content area is titled 'Change Password' and contains a form with the following fields:

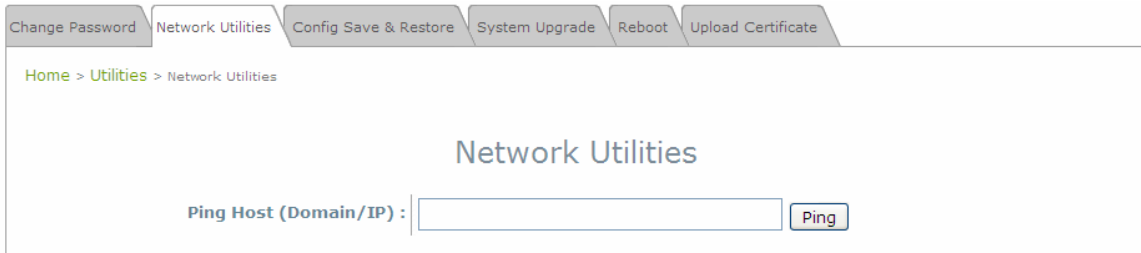
- Name :** admin
- Old Password :** [text input field]
- New Password :** [text input field] *up to 32 characters
- Re-enter New Password :** [text input field]

Change Password Page

The administrator can change password on this page. Enter the original password (“**admin**”) and new password, and then re-enter the new password in the **Re-enter New Password** field. Click **SAVE** to save the new password.

7.4.2 Network Utilities

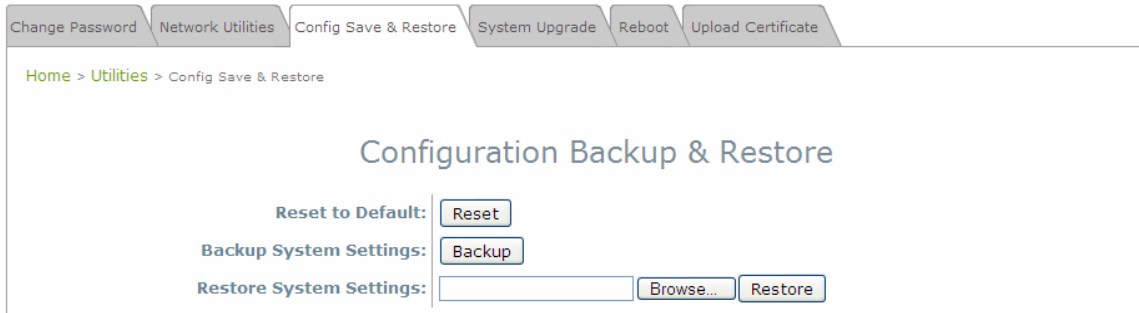
This page provides to ping external hosts from the AP. The result will be displayed in the windows below.



Network Utilities Page

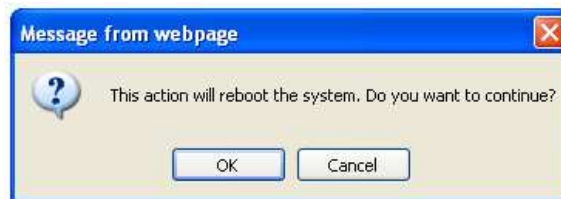
7.4.3 Save & Restore

This function is used to backup and restore the EAP110 settings. The EAP110 can also be restored to factory defaults using this function. It can be used to duplicate settings to other access points (backup settings of this system and then restore on another AP).



Backup & Restore Page

- **Reset to Default:**
 - Click **Reset** to load the factory default settings of EAP110. A pop-up Page will appear to reconfirm the request to reboot the system. Click **OK** to proceed.



Reboot Confirmation Prompt

- A warning message as displayed below will appear during the reboot period. The system power must be kept turn on before the completion of the reboot process.
- The **System Overview** page will appear upon the completion of reboot.
- **Backup System Settings:** Click **Backup** to save the current system settings to a local disk such as the hard disk drive (HDD) of a local computer or a compact disc (CD).
- **Restore System Settings:** Click **Browse** to search for a previously saved backup file, and then click **Upload** to restore the settings. The backup file will replace the active configuration file currently running on the system.



After network parameters have been reset / restored, the network settings of the administrator PC may need to be changed to ensure that the IP address of the administrator PC is on the same subnet mask as the EAP110.

7.4.4 System Upgrade

The EAP110 provides a web firmware upload / upgrade feature. The administrator can download the latest firmware from the website and save it on the administrator's PC. To upgrade the system firmware, click **Browse** to choose the new firmware file you downloaded onto your PC and then click **Upload** to execute the process. There will be a prompt confirmation message appearing to notify the administrator to restart the system after a successful firmware upgrade. Please restart the system after upgrading the firmware.

Change Password Network Utilities Config Save & Restore System Upgrade Reboot Upload Certificate

Home > Utilities > System Upgrade

System Upgrade

Current Version: 1.10.00

Current Build Number:

File Name:

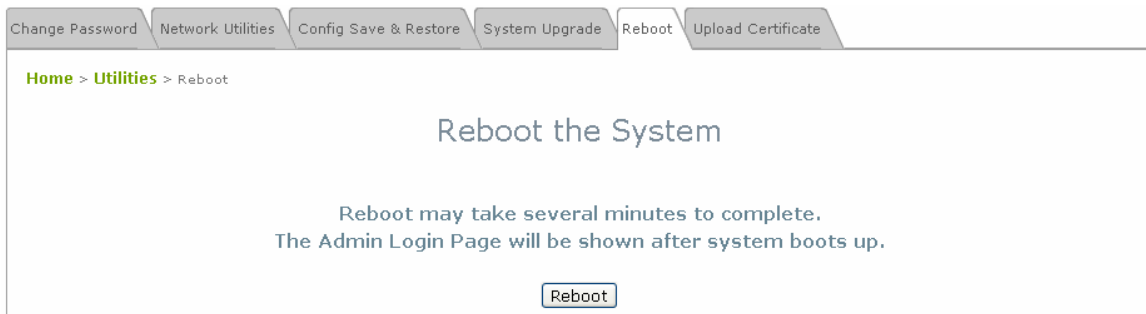
System Upgrade Page

-
- ▶▶ **Note:**
- It is recommended to check the firmware version number before proceeding further. Please make sure you have the correct firmware file.
 - Firmware upgrade may sometimes result in the loss of some data. Please ensure that all necessary settings are written down before upgrading the firmware.
 - During firmware upgrade, please do not turn off the power. This may permanently damage the system.
-

7.4.5 Reboot

This function allows the administrator to restart the EAP110 safely. The process shall take about three minutes. Click **Reboot** to restart the system. Please wait for the blinking timer to complete its countdown before accessing the system's Web Management Interface again. The System Overview page will appear after reboot successfully.

Occasionally, it is necessary to reboot the EAP110 to ensure that parameter changes are submitted.



Reboot Page

7.4.6 Upload Certificate

The screenshot shows the 'Upload Certificate' page in the 4IPNET web interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with tabs for 'Change Password', 'Network Utilities', 'Config Save & Restore', 'System Upgrade', 'Reboot', and 'Upload Certificate'. Below the navigation bar, the breadcrumb path is 'Home > Utilities > Upload Certificate'. The main content area is titled 'Upload Certificate' and contains three sections for uploading files:

- Upload Private Key:** A section with a 'File Name' label, an input field, and a 'Browse...' button.
- Upload Certificate:** A section with a 'File Name' label, an input field, and a 'Browse...' button.
- Upload Trusted Certificate:** A section with a 'File Name' label, an input field, and a 'Browse...' button.

At the bottom of the form, there is a button labeled 'Use Default Certificate'.

Upload Certificate Page

AP's Certificate can be managed under this tab page.

- **Upload Private Key:** Upload the private key for decryption.
- **Upload Certificate:** Network Administrator can upload other certificates for SSL verification.
- **Upload Trusted Certificate:** Network Administrator can upload other trusted certificates for SSL verification.
- **Use Default Certificate:** When the network administrator wishes to use AP's default certificate and key, click this button and restart the AP.

7.5 Status

This page is used to view the current condition and state of the system and includes the following functions: **Overview**, **Clients**, **Repeater** and **Event Log**.

7.5.1 Overview

The **System Overview** page provides an overview of the system status for the administrator.

Overview Clients Repeater Event Log

Home > Status > System Overview

System Overview

System

System Name	Enterprise Access Point - EA...
Firmware Version	1.10.00
Build Number	
Location	
Site	EN-A
Device Time	2000/01/07 06:56:02
System Up Time	5 days, 22:56:02
CAPWAP	Disabled

Radio Status

MAC Address	00:1F:D4:15:16:08
Band	802.11g+n
Channel	1
TX Power	Highest

LAN Interface

MAC Address	00:1F:D4:15:16:00
IP Address	
Subnet Mask	255.255.0.0
Gateway	

AP Status

Profile Name	BSSID	ESSID	Security Type	Online Clients	GRE
VAP-1	00:1F:D4:15:16:08	EAP110-1	None	0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

GRE Tunnel

Status	Disabled
--------	----------

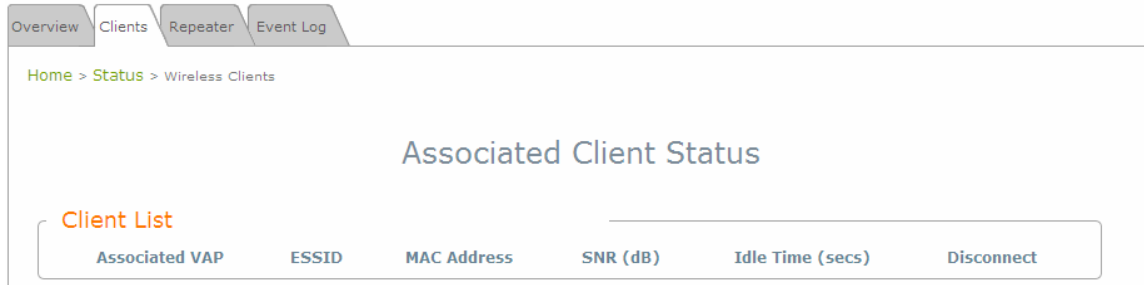
System Overview Page

Table 3 Status Page's Organizational Layout

Item		Description
System	System Name	The system name of the EAP110.
	Firmware Version	The present firmware version of the EAP110
	Build Number	The present firmware build number of the EAP110
	Location	The location of the EAP110.
	Site	The site of the EAP110
	Device Time	The system time of the EAP110.
	System Up Time	The time that the system has been rebooted in operation.
LAN Interface	MAC Address	The MAC address of the LAN Interface.
	IP Address	The IP address of the LAN Interface.
	Subnet Mask	The Subnet Mask of the LAN Interface.
	Gateway	The Gateway of the LAN Interface.
Radio Status	MAC Address	The MAC address of the RF Card.
	Band	The RF band in use.
	Channel	The channel specified.
	Tx Power	Transmit Power level of RF card.
AP Status	Profile Name	The profile name of AP
	BSSID	Basic Service Set ID
	ESSID	Extended Service Set ID
	Security Type	Security type of the Virtual AP.
	Online Clients	The number of online clients.

7.5.2 Clients

The administrator can remotely oversee the status of all associated clients on this page. When a low SNR is found here, the administrator can tune the corresponding parameters or investigate the settings of associated clients to improve network communication performance.



Associated Client Status Page

- **Associated VAP:** The name of a VAP (Virtual Access Point) that the client is associated with.
- **ESSID:** The Extended Service Set ID which the client is associated with.
- **MAC Address:** The MAC address of associated clients.
- **SNR:** The Signal to Noise Ratio of respective client's association.
- **Idle Time:** Time period that the associated client is inactive; the time unit is in second.
- **Disconnect:** Upon clicking **Kick**, the client will be disconnected with the system.

7.5.3 Repeater

The system supports 3 options of Repeater types including status of **MAC Address**, **SNR**, **TX Rate**, **TX Count** and **TX Errors**.

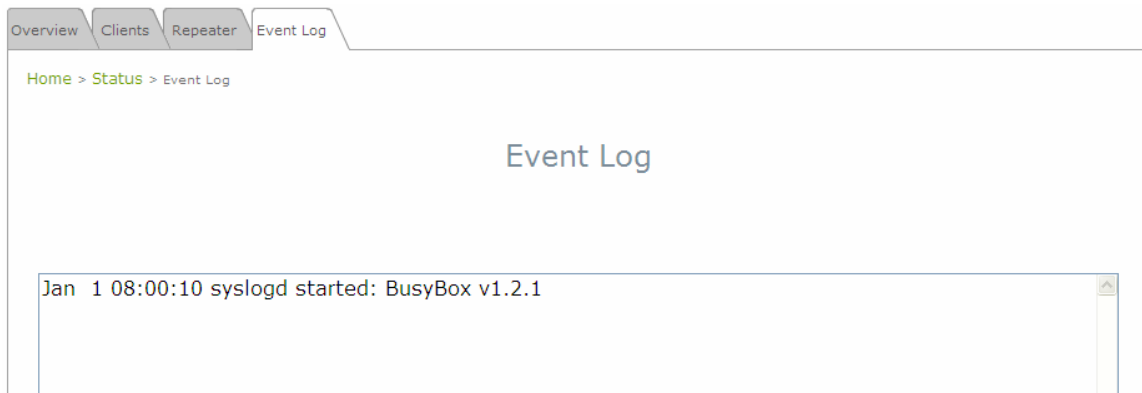
Item	Status	MAC Address	RSSI	TX Rate	TX Count	TX Error	Encryption
1	Disabled		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2	Disabled		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3	Disabled		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4	Disabled		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

WDS Link Status Page

- **WDS Link Status:** The table will indicate the link status of all WDS interfaces.
 - **Status:** The status of the WDS link either **Enabled** or **Disabled**.
 - **MAC Address:** The MAC Address of the WDS peer.
 - **RSSI:** Received Signal Strength Indication, a measurement of received radio signal over WDS link.
 - **TX Rate:** The transmit rate of the WDS link.
 - **TX Count:** The accumulative number of transmission counts.
 - **TX Errors:** The accumulative number of transmission errors.

7.5.4 Event Log

The Event Log provides the records of system activities. The administrator can monitor the system status by checking this log.



Event Log Page

In the log each line represents an event record; in each line, there are 4 fields:

- **Date / Time:** The time & date when the event happened.
- **Hostname:** Indicates which host recorded this event. Note that all events on this page are local events, so the hostname in this field is always the same. However, in remote SYSLOG service, this field will help the administrator identify which event is from this EAP110.
- **Process name:** Indicate the event generated by the running instance.
- **Description:** Description of the event.

To save the file locally, click **SAVE LOG**; to clear all of the records, click **CLEAR**.

7.6 Online Help

The **Help** button is at the upper right corner of the display screen.

Click **Help** for the **Online Help** window, and then click the hyperlink of the relevant information needed.



Online Help Corner

Online Help

Organization of the Configuration Web:

<u>System</u>	<u>Wireless</u>	<u>Firewall</u>	<u>Utilities</u>	<u>Status</u>
System Information	VAP Overview	Firewall List	Change Password	Overview
Network Interface	General	Service	Network Utilities	Clients
Management	VAP Config	Advanced	Config Save & Restore	Repeater
GRE Tunnel	Security		System Upgrade	Event Log
CAPWAP	Repeater		Reboot	
QoS Classification	Advanced		Upload Certificate	
	Access Control			

Online Help Page

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