2Will:

2Wire Gateway User Guide

For 2701HG

Notice to Users

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Introduction

The 2Wire gateway allows you to create a network with your computers and peripheral devices. Following are just a few of the benefits derived from using the 2Wire gateway to network your home or office.

High performance integrated modem. 2Wire's technology improves DSL¹ performance, especially for homes further away from the local exchange. It also minimizes common interference found when other devices (such as dimmer switches or fluorescent lighting) are in contact with the DSL line.

Super-fast router. The 2Wire gateway's router provides the fastest data transfer speeds available between your network and the Internet. The high-performance router distributes data seamlessly to all of the computers on your network, without a dramatic loss of performance or speed.

Professional-grade firewall. The 2Wire gateway firewall includes both standard NAT/PAT security and Stateful Packet Inspection to defend against Denial of Service Internet attacks.

Flexible networking. The 2Wire gateway includes a variety of home networking technologies in one box: Ethernet, direct USB, and HyperG wireless². Use any or all of the following technologies to create a network with your computers and peripherals.

Networking Technology Overview

Ethernet. Ethernet is a local area network (LAN) technology that transmits information between computers at speeds of 10 or 100 Mbps. 2Wire gateways have either 1 or 4 Ethernet ports for directly connecting computers or devices. If your home or office is wired for Ethernet, you can use the Ethernet interface(s) on the gateway to create a broadband network.

USB. The 2Wire gateway's USB 1.1 port allows you to directly connect a computer or other network-ready device.

Wireless. The 2Wire gateway includes an integrated wireless access point, which allows users to roam wirelessly throughout the home or office. 2Wire's high-powered wireless technology virtually eliminates wireless "coldspots" in the home. The 2Wire gateway's high power 400mW transmitter ensures that users benefit from increased wireless bandwidth throughout the coverage area. In addition, the 2Wire gateway employs a special triple antenna design. The third antenna is used only for transmitting packets, thus mitigating the power loss associated with switching the antenna use back and forth between transmit and receive. This results in greater access point sensitivity, as antenna placement can be better optimized with a dedicated set of receive-only antennas.

^{1.} The 200 series gateways connect via Ethernet.

^{2.} Some interfaces are not available on specific models.

System Tab

This chapter describes the 2Wire gateway System features.



Note: 2Wire recommends that you use Internet Explorer 5.5 (or higher) or Netscape 6 (or higher).

Viewing Your System Summary

The System Summary page provides general information and links to your system's most commonly used features.

To access the System Summary page:

- Open a Web browser and access the gateway user interface by entering http://gateway.2wire.net.
- · Click the System tab to open the System Summary page.



Figure 1. System Summary Page

Network at a Glance Panel

The Network at a Glance panel provides a summary of the System, Broadband Link, and Home Network states of your gateway.

	Network at a Glance 📀
System Area	 2700HGV Gateway Software: 4.21.7 Password: Not Set Set system password Privacy policy View details
Broadband Link Area	
Home Network Area	← Home Network Computers: © QVT_109 ® MOM • <u>View the home network</u>

Figure 2. Network at a Glance Panel

System Area of the Network at a Glance Panel

The System area of the Network at a Glance panel displays your 2Wire gateway model name, the version of gateway software that you are using, and the status of your gateway password.

The diamond symbol in this area indicates the gateway's **POWER** light status and corresponds to the Power light on the front of your gateway.

The following table shows a list of possible **POWER** light states and their associated meanings:

Power Light	Condition	
Off	Power is not being supplied to the system. The power supply is not plugged in correctly, or the power adapter has malfunctioned.	
Blinking Green	The system is performing a self test.	
Solid Green	Power is on.	
Blinking Orange	The gateway is undergoing a software upgrade.	
Solid Red	System error. Contact Technical Support.	

If you have not set a system password, the <u>Set system password</u> link displays. If you have set a password, the <u>Change system password</u> link displays. You must enter the system password whenever you change system settings.



Note: For additional information, refer to "Setting a System Password" on page 6.

Click the Privacy policy link to review the 2Wire privacy policy.

Broadband Link Area of the Network at a Glance Panel

The Broadband Link area of the Network at a Glance panel displays the overall status of your gateway's physical connectivity.

The diamond symbol in this area indicates the overall status of the broadband link and corresponds to the **internet** light on the front of your gateway.

The following table shows a list of possible **BROADBAND LINK** light states and their associated meanings:

Broadband Link Light	Condition
Off	The gateway has been unable to detect a DSL signal. DSL signal detected; the gateway is attempting to train.
Solid Green	The gateway is fully connected to your broadband service(s).

Connection Speed displays the broadband speed for which DSL is configured by your ISP. Both the Incoming (or Downstream — from your service provider to your system) and Outgoing (or Upstream — from your system to your service provider) connection rates are shown. The actual throughput of your Internet connection rate (such as downloading a file from a Web site) will be somewhat less, because of the overhead required to send information over the Internet.

Accessing the Broadband Link Summary Page

The Broadband Link Summary page provides general information about the current status of your broadband link connection and your system configuration. To access the Broadband Link Summary page, click the **Broadband Link** icon or the <u>View summary</u> link.

Launching the 2Wire Bandwidth Meter

The Bandwidth Meter measures the maximum data throughput obtained from 2Wire's Web site to your system. Because it tests the speed over the Internet, your results may vary, depending on Internet conditions.

To launch the 2Wire Bandwidth Meter, click the Test connection speed link.

Home Network Area of the Network at a Glance Panel

The Home Network area of the Network at a Glance panel displays your system's **LOCAL NETWORK** light status and a list of the devices currently connected to your local network.

The diamond symbol in this area indicates the overall status of the network and corresponds to the **Ethernet**, **USB**, or **Wireless** light on the front of your gateway.

Ethernet, USB, or Wireless Light	Condition
Off	The gateway is powered off or booting up.
Solid Green	Device(s) connected via Ethernet, USB, or Wireless.

Accessing the Home Network Summary Page

The Home Network Summary page displays information about the devices installed on your network. To access the Home Network Summary page, click the <u>View the home network</u> link.

Enabling Enhanced Services

2Wire provides a suite of enhanced services: Web Remote Access, Firewall Monitor, and Parental Controls. If your service provider offers these enhanced services, links to set them up are available on the gateway Home page. Following is a brief description of these services.

Web Remote Access

The Web Remote Access enhanced service allows you to access your home computer files from remote locations using any standard Web browser. Web Remote Access authenticates and encrypts access between the Web browser and the 2Wire gateway, enabling you to securely access and download important files or manage other enhanced services such as Parental Controls or Firewall Monitor.

You can optionally define a unique Web Domain Name during setup (for example, http:// myname.accessmyhome.net), making it easy for users that are allowed to access the home network to manage the gateway when away from the home.

For additional information, please refer to the Web Remote Access User Guide.

Firewall Monitor

The 2Wire Firewall Monitor enhanced service extends the professional-grade firewall capabilities of your 2Wire gateway by continuously assessing threats to your home network. Firewall Monitor allows you to:

- · Automatically download updates to your firewall software to protect against new threats.
- · Receive on-screen notification to alert you of network attacks.
- · Review details about attacks blocked and the source of the attacks.

For additional information, please refer to the Firewall Monitor User Guide.

Parental Controls

The 2Wire Parental Controls enhanced service offers two features that allow parents to maintain control over what their children can access on the Internet, and how often: Content Screening and Internet Access Controls.

Content Screening allows you to protect your children from Websites with questionable content. You control what sites or types of sites your child can and cannot access. Internet Access Control gives you power to decide when your child can use the Internet and allows you to restrict Internet access by day of week and time of day.

For additional information, please refer to the Parental Controls User Guide.

Setting a System Password

Setting a system password protects your gateway settings from being modified or changed by someone who has not been given permission to do so. After setting a system password, you will be required to enter it whenever you attempt to access a gateway configuration page — for example, if you try to change the gateway's broadband connection settings or upgrade the gateway software. If a password has not been set, a reminder notice is displayed when you attempt to access pages where settings can be changed.

To set your system password:

- Open a Web browser and access the gateway user interface by entering http://gateway.2wire.net.
- Click the **System** tab.
- Click the <u>System Password</u> link in the System area of the Network at a Glance panel to open the Edit System Password page.

		2 Dice Firewall
Summary System Pass	word Date and Time Settings Detail	S HOME Help Site Map
Edit System Pa	ssword	
Settings		Current Settings
Password Protection Enable Check ENABLE to r If Password Protection	equire a password to modify settings. s Enabled	No Password Set The system password allows you to control who can change settings on the system.
Enter New Password: Confirm New Password:	••••	
	l protect the system settings, you should nis hint can be a word, phrase, or question ur password if you forget it.	
	ething unique that others cannot easily uld be something simple that reminds you making it obvious to others.	
Enter Your Hint:	SAVE	

Figure 3. Edit System Password Page

- **1.** In the Settings panel, click the **Enable** checkbox.
- 2. In the Enter New Password field, enter your password.
- **3.** In the Confirm New Password field, re-enter your password.
- 4. Optional: In the Enter Your Hint field, enter a hint. A hint is a word, phrase, or question that reminds you what the password is. There is an <u>I forgot the password</u> link on the password entry page. When you click this link, it shows you your hint and allows you to enter your password.
- 5. Click SAVE.

SUBMIT CANCEL

To disable password protection, deselect the **Enable** checkbox and click **SAVE**.

To safeguard your network against unauthorized users, it is also a good practice to periodically change your password.

I still can't remember the password.

Resetting the System Password

If you forget your password and still cannot remember it	
after seeing your hint, click the	System Password
I still can't remember the password link.	Password Required
	Here's a hint for the password company name
	Password:

The Reset System Password page opens.

System System<	
Reset System Password	
Password Help	Information
Before resetting the system password, it is recommended that you attempt to use your password hint to remind you of your current system password. If you still cannot remember the current system password, you may change it by first entering the unique 10-digit system key printed on the bottom of your unit. After entering the correct key, you must immediately change your existing system password by typing and confirming a new password in the spaces below. System Key: Futer New Password:	System Key
Confirm New Password: After choosing a new password, it is strongly recommended that you create a password hint. This hint can be a word, phrase, or guestion that will help you remember your password if you forget it in the future. Your password hint should be something simple that reminds you what your password is without making it obvious to others. Enter Your Hint:	- or - 490012345678 490012345678 System Key [6912345678]

Figure 4. Reset System Password Page

To obtain access to your system:

- 1. In the System Key field enter the 10-digit system key located on the bottom of your gateway.
- **2.** In the Enter New Password field, enter a new system password. In the Confirm New Password field, reenter the system password.
- **3.** In the Enter Your Hint field, enter an appropriate hint as described under "Setting a System Password" on page 6.
- 4. Click Submit.

Changing Your Time Zone Settings

The 2Wire gateway sets the time automatically using time servers on the Internet. It retrieves date/time information in Greenwich Mean Time (GMT). Your local time is set using the Time Zone setting you configured when you set up your system. If your Time Zone is incorrectly set, you can change it in the Edit Date and Time Settings page.

To change your time zone settings:

- Open a Web browser and access the gateway user interface by entering http://gateway.2wire.net.
- Click the **System** tab.
- Click the <u>Date and Time Settings</u> link in the System area of the Network at a Glance panel to open the Edit Date and Time Settings page.

ewire:	System Broadband Link	Home Voice Network Network	Firewall	
Summary System Passw	vord – Date and Time S	ettings Details		🕇 HOME Help Site Map
Edit Date and T	ime Settings			
	inte octanigs			
Settings				
Current Date and Time				
Wednesday, February 8, 3				
01:54:12 PM				
Pacific Standard Time				
Select Your Time Zone				
The date and time are automa zone. Select the time zone bel		rs on the Internet. The	local time is set corre	ctly when you select your time
(GMT-08:00) Pacific Tim	me (US & Canada); Tiju	iana 💌		

Figure 5. Edit Date and Time Settings Page

- **1.** From the drop-down menu, select the time zone.
- 2. Click SAVE.

Viewing System Details

The System Details page provides information about your gateway, any enhanced services you may have, and provides a link that you can use to restart your system.

To view the System Details page:

- Open a Web browser and access the gateway user interface by entering http://gateway.2wire.net.
- Click the **System** tab.
- Click the <u>View details</u> link in the System area of the Network at a Glance panel to open the View System Details page.



Figure 6. View System Details Page

The <u>Restart the system</u> link restarts your system. Your network connections and your broadband connectivity will be briefly disrupted until your system restarts and broadband connectivity is re-established with your broadband service provider.

The <u>View available upgrades and options</u> link accesses a page that displays available software upgrades or enhanced services. If your gateway is running the latest software or enhanced services are not available, the following message displays.

2Wire		Upgrade The System
		Back Helo
	System Upgrade Current Software Version: 4.21.7 No Upgrade Available Your system has the lefest software version available. Please	
	Check back later.	

Broadband Link Tab

This chapter describes the 2Wire gateway Broadband Link features, and provides detailed instructions on how to customize your broadband settings.

Viewing Your Broadband Link Summary

The Broadband Link Summary page provides general information about the current status of your broadband link connection and your system configuration.

To access your Broadband Link Summary:

- Open a Web browser and access the gateway user interface by entering http://gateway.2Wire.net.
- Click the **Broadband Link** tab.
- Click the <u>Summary</u> link under the tab to open the View Broadband Link Summary page.

	System	Broadband	Home Network	Voice Network	 Firewall		
- Summary	Details Diagnost	ics <u>Statistics</u>	Advanced	Settings		🕇 HOME Help	Site Map
View Bro	oadband Li	nk Sumn	nary				
Connectio	n						0
9	 Fully Operational DSL Link: Internet: 	Connected Connected				View connection details Monitor Internet connection	1
	Connection Speed: • Incoming: • Outgoing:	3008 kbps 512 kbps					
	Connection Informa	tion:					
	 Internet Address: Hardware Address: 	69.110.3.227 00:14:95:00:7	76:d8				
	 Key Code: 	52AN-2374-WH		~			

Figure 7. View Broadband Link Summary Page

The Connection panel shows information about your gateway's connection to the Internet. The elements displayed will vary, depending on your gateway model and the type of broadband service you have.

Connection Status

There are two ways you can check the current status of your gateway's broadband connection: you can use the **DSL** and **Internet** indicator lights on the front of your gateway, or, if your computer is connected to the network, you can view the user interface.

Connection Speed

Connection Speed shows the incoming and outgoing data rates of your DSL connection, measured in kilobits per second (Kbps). Incoming is the speed of data flowing from the Internet to your network; Outgoing is the speed of data flowing from your network to the Internet.

Connection Information

Connection Information shows the following basic system configuration information:

- **Internet Address.** The broadband IP address assigned by your service provider to your gateway so that it can communicate on the Internet. This address is assigned to you by your Internet Service Provider for all communication on the Internet, and can either be Static (permanently assigned and manually entered) or Dynamic (automatically assigned and configured), depending on your subscribed service type.
- **Hardware Address.** (Also known as the MAC address, physical address or, if you are a cable customer, the C number.) When your gateway is connected to the broadband network, an association is made between its unique hardware address and its Internet address before it can communicate to the Internet.

Note: This field displays the hardware address only if the gateway is connected to the Internet via PPPoE.

• **Key Code.** The activation code that tells your gateway how to connect to your service provider. The key code is used during the installation process to customize the setup screens and settings for your broadband provider.

Finding Your Hardware Address

 $C: \geq prompt.$

If required to find your Hardware (MAC) address, refer to the following table and follow the instructions for your operating system.

Wi	ndows OS	OS Macintosh 8.x & 9.x		Ma	acintosh OS X
1.	Click the Start menu.	1.	Click the Apple icon.	1.	Click the Apple icon.
2.	Click Run.	2.	Select Control Panels.	2.	Select System
3.	Enter "cmd" in the entry field.		Select TCP/IP	3.	Preferences. Click the Network icon.
4.	Click ok .	4.	From the Configure pulldown menu, select Built-in Ethernet .	4.	Click the TCP/IP tab.
5.	At the C:\> prompt, enter "ipconfig/all".	5.	From the File menu,	5.	From the Configure pulldown menu, select
6.	Locate the Physical address (for example, 01-24-H5-18-B3-00).		select Get Info . Your MAC address appears as either the Hardware Address or the Ethernet		Built-in Ethernet . Your MAC address appears in the lower-left corner as the Ethernet Address.
7.	To close the window, enter "exit" at the		Address.		

Connection Details

The <u>View connection details</u> link accesses the Broadband Link Details page, which displays technical information about your broadband connection. Technical support representatives use this information to help troubleshoot problems with your broadband connection.

	Broadband Link Home Voice Firewall Network Network				
Summary - Details Diagnostics	Statistics Advanced Settings Advanced Settings				
View Broadband Lini	<pre> Details </pre>				
Details	0				
DSL Connection Details					
DSL Line (Wire Pair):	Line 1 (inner pair)				
Protocol:	G.DHT Amnex A				
Downstream Rate:	3008 kbps				
Upstream Rate:	512 kbps				
Channel:					
Current Noise Margin:	20.0 dB (Downstream), 21.0 db (Upstream)				
Current Attenuation:	8.3 dB (Downstream), 4.5 db (Upstream)				
Current Output Power:	-1.8 dB (Downstream), 5.0 db (Upstream)				
DSLAM Vendor Information:	Country: {0xFF} Vendor: {00 00 FF 00} Specific: {0x00}				
PVC Info:	0/35				
Internet Connection Details					
Connection Type:	PPPoE				
Username:	2wire@sbcglobal.net				
Internet Address:	69.110.3.227				
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.255				
Default Gateway:	151.164.184.81				
Primary Domain Name Server:	68.94.156.1				
Secondary Domain Name Server:	206.13.28.12				
Domain:					
Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU):	1492				
Gateway Ping:	Successful				
DNS Communication:	Successful				
Configuration Server Post:	Successful				

Figure 8. View Broadband Link Details Page

The following table shows the information that may be displayed on the Broadband Link Details page.

Note: The information displayed depends on the type of broadband service you have and your gateway model.

Item	Description				
DSL Connection					
DSL Line (Wire Pair)	The DSL signal can be transmitted on Line 1 (inner pair) or Line 2 (outer pair). During installation, the gateway automatically detects on which line the DSL signal is being transmitted.				
Protocol	Displays which DSL protocol is being used to communicate between your system and your service provider.				

Item	Description
Downstream Rate	The speed at which data comes over your broadband connection from the Internet to your network, measured in kilobits per second (kbps).
Upstream Rate	The speed at which data goes over your broadband connection from your network to the Internet, measured in kilobits per second (kbps).
Channel	The setting in this field is determined by your ISP's DSLAM equipment.
Current Noise Margin	Indicates how much the noise on the DSL line can increase before it begins to affect the DSL signal. As the noise on the DSL line increases, the margin will approach zero. If the noise exceeds the current noise margin, the DSL signal will be lost. The level is measured in decibels (dBs).
Current Attenuation	Represents the decrease in signal strength between origination of the DSL (Central Office) and your gateway. Customers who live close to their Central Office usually will have less signal loss and a low current attenuation. The level is measured in decibels (dBs).
Current Output Power	The current DSL transmit power of your gateway. The level is measured in decibels (dBs).
DSLAM Vendor Information	A DSLAM is the piece of equipment located in the Central Office (CO) that provides the DSL signal to your DSL line. The Vendor Information identifies information about the configuration of this equipment.
PVC Info	Displays the pair of numbers that uniquely identifies the ATM virtual circuit between the system and the provider of your DSL service.
Internet Connection Details	
Connection Type	Identifies the method by which the gateway connects to the Internet Service Provider (ISP): PPPoE, PPPoA, or Direct.
Username	The name used to connect with your Internet Service Provider (ISP). Your username was either assigned to you or configured by you during the install process. The correct username is required to successfully connect to the Internet.

Item	Description
Internet Address	A number that is assigned to a computer so that it can communicate on a network and on the Internet. This address is assigned to you by your Internet Service Provider for all communication on the Internet, and can be either Static (permanently assigned and manually entered) or Dynamic (automatically assigned and configured). The typical configuration is for your ISP to automatically assign and configure an Internet address (Dynamic) when your system connects to the Internet. Businesses or power users may use a static address enabling them to run advanced services such as Internet servers and video conferencing. Static addresses typically cost more because they must be leased from the ISP If you receive your Internet address settings automatically, the subnet mask has been set for you. If you manually set your Internet address (Static IP), this is the information that was provided to you by your ISP and entered by you during gateway installation.
Subnet Mask	Part of the Internet address settings and used in conjunction with your Internet address. If you receive your Internet address settings automatically, the subnet mask has been set for you. If you manually set your Internet address (Static IP), this is the information that was provided to you by your ISP and entered by you during gateway installation.
Default Gateway	Part of the Internet address settings. The default gateway is a device your 2Wire gateway communicates with directly to give you access to the Internet. If you receive your Internet address settings automatically, the subnet mask has been set for you. If you manually set your Internet address (Static IP), this is the information that was provided to you by your ISP and entered by you during the system installation.
Primary Domain Name Server	Part of the Internet address settings. A domain name is a meaningful, easy-to-remember "handle" for an Internet address. The DNS allows Internet users to specify a name (domain name) to reach a Web page (for example, www.domainname.com) instead of its Internet address (for example, 111.222.111.222). When you enter the name of a Web location (URL), the DNS looks up the name and resolves it to the Web page's Internet address. If you receive your Internet address settings automatically, the subnet mask has been set for you. If you manually set your Internet address (static IP), this is the information that was provided to you by your ISP and entered by you during gateway installation.

Item	Description
Secondary Domain Name Server	Used as a backup if the Primary server fails to respond. If you receive your Internet address settings automatically, the subnet mask has been set for you. If you manually set your Internet address (Static IP), this is the information that was provided to you by your ISP and entered by you during the system installation. This parameter may not be necessary and may be left blank.
Domain	The name that associates your gateway with your ISP on the broadband link. This parameter may not be necessary and may be left blank. If you receive your Internet address settings automatically, the subnet mask has been set for you. If you manually set your Internet address (Static IP), this is the information that was provided to you by your ISP and entered by you during gateway installation.
Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU)	Shows the maximum size allowed on packets that are sent to and from your network to your ISP.
Gateway Ping	The 2Wire gateway periodically checks the connection between itself and your ISP's Default Gateway. This field informs you that the check has been performed and whether or not it was successful.
DNS Communication	The gateway periodically checks the connection between itself and your ISP's domain name server(s) to make sure DNS is available. This field informs you that the check has been performed and whether or not it was successful.
Configuration Server Post	The gateway periodically checks the connection between itself and the 2Wire Component Management System. This field informs you that the check has been performed and whether or not it was successful.

Monitor Internet Connection

The <u>Monitor Internet connection</u> link launches the Speed Meter. The Speed Meter measures the actual rate at which data is coming into (Incoming Kbps) and going out of (Outgoing Kbps) your system. It measures real-time data throughput in Kilobits per second and displays in one-second intervals.

The Speed Meter monitors the actual data rates while connecting to a Web site. This data rate can differ from the reported speed of your broadband connection due to many factors, including traffic to the Web site or the speed of the Web servers at the site you are visiting.



Note: To use the Speed Meter, your browser must support Java 2.

Test Connection Speed

The <u>Test connection speed</u> link launches the 2Wire Bandwidth Meter. The Bandwidth Meter measures the maximum download speed from 2Wire's Web site to your system in Kilobits per second (Kbps).

The 2Wire Bandwidth Meter estimates your connection speed from the Internet. Because the Internet consists of thousands of interconnections, your connection to a Web site could be affected by many different factors. If you experience slow performance on a particular Web site, you can use the 2Wire Bandwidth Meter to verify whether this is isolated to that particular Web site, or if it is a more general occurrence. Because the 2Wire Bandwidth Meter measures the download speed from 2Wire's Web site to your computer and can be affected by many factors on the Internet, it is not an accurate measurement of the service from your ISP.

Using Broadband Diagnostics

Diagnostics displays an itemized list of your broadband connection's current status. Technical support representatives use this information to help troubleshoot problems with your broadband connection.

To access the Broadband Link Diagnostics page:

- Open a Web browser and access the gateway user interface by entering http://gateway.2Wire.net.
- Click the Broadband Link tab.
- Click the <u>Diagnostics</u> link under the tab to open the Broadband Link Diagnostics page.

SWISE.	System	Broadband Link	Home Network	Voice Network		Firewall			
Summary Details	- Diagnostics	Statistics	Advanc	ed Settings			🔒 ном	E Help	Site Map
Broadband I	Link Diag	inostic	s						
WARNING									
1 Testing the broadband lin	nk will take a few min	utes, during wh	ich there will	be no Internet	access	s.			
Status									?
	oc of diagnostic to	ete en veur br	adhand lin	,					?
Status Click TEST to run a seri		sts on your bro	oadband linl	κ.					?
Click TEST to run a seri DSL Synchronization:	es of diagnostic te UP UP	sts on your bro	oadband linl	κ.					0
Click TEST to run a seri DSL Synchronization: G.DMT ATM Signal:	U₽	sts on your bro	oadband linl	κ.					2
Click TEST to run a seri	UP UP	sts on your bro	oadband linl	κ.					0
Click TEST to run a seri DSL Synchronization: G.DMT ATM Signal: PVC Connection:	UP UP UP	sts on your bro	oadband linl	٢.					?
Click TEST to run a seri DSL Synchronization: G.DMT ATM Signal: PVC Connection: PPPoE Service: PPP Authentication:	UP UP UP	sts on your bro	badband linl	κ.					9
Click TEST to run a seri DSL Synchronization: G.DMT ATM Signal: PVC Connection: PPPoE Service:	UP UP UP UP	sts on your bro	oadband linl	κ.					9

Figure 9. Broadband Link Diagnostics Page

To update the broadband link status, click REFESH.

To initiate a full test of your broadband link, click **TEST**. The test will take several minutes, during which the system reestablishes all broadband connections. You will not be able to access the Internet until the test is complete.

Viewing Statistics

The View Broadband Link Statistics page shows statistics associated with the 2Wire gateway broadband link, including cumulative DSL statistics.

To access the Broadband Link Statistics page:

- Open a Web browser and access the gateway user interface by entering http://gateway.2Wire.net.
- Click the Broadband Link tab.
- Click the <u>Statistics</u> link under the tab to open the View Broadband Link Statistics page.

2005	ਹੁਣ	System Br	oadband Link	Home Voice Network Network	Firewall	
Summary	Details Dia	gnostics -	Statistics	Advanced Settings		🕇 HOME Help Site Map
view Bı	oadban	d Link	Statist	lics		
Transmit	and Rec	eive Data	a	0		
IP Transmit: Receive:	Bytes 105267 1002403	Packets 1017 1314	Errors 0 0			
Data Erro	ors					0
Statistics Collected for :	3:08:04		Since Reset	Current 24-Hour Interval	Current 15-Minute Interval	Time Since Last Event
ATM Cell Hea	der Errors:		0	0	0	0:00:00
ATM Loss of	Cell Delineation:		0	0	0	0:00:00
DSL Link Ret	ains:		0	0	0	0:00:00
DSL Training	Errors:		0	0	0	0:00:00
DSL Training	Timeouts:		0	0	0	0:00:00
DSL Loss of F	raming Failures	:	0	0	0	0:00:00
DSL Loss of S	Signal Failures:		0	0	0	0:00:00
DSL Loss of F	Power Failures:		0	0	0	0:00:00
DSL Loss of I	Aargin Failures:		0	0	0	0:00:00
DSL Cumulati	ve Errored Seco	onds:	0	0	0	0:00:00
DSL Severely	Errored Second	ds:	0	0	0	0:00:00
DSL Correcte	d Blocks:		0	0	0	0:00:00
	ted Blocks:		0	0	0	0:00:00
DSL Uncorrec						

Figure 10. View Broadband Link Statistics Page

The Transmit and Receive Data panel displays the following information.

- **Transmit.** The cumulative number of IP packets transmitted, the cumulative number of IP payload bytes transmitted, and the number and percentage transmitted in error.
- **Receive.** The number of bytes and packets received, and the number and percentage received in error.

The Data Errors panel displays the following information.

Data Error	Description
ATM Cell Header Errors	The number of ATM cell header CRC errors since the 2Wire gateway was last restarted, and the elapsed time since the last cell header error.
ATM Loss of Cell Delineation	The number of ATM loss of cell delineation errors since the 2Wire gateway was last restarted, and the elapsed time since the last loss of cell delineation error.
DSL Link Retrains	The number of DSL retrains since the 2Wire gateway was last restarted, and the time elapsed since the last retrain.
DSL Training Errors	The number of failed DSL retrains since the 2Wire gateway was last restarted, and the elapsed time since the last failed retrain.
DSL Training Timeouts	The number of timeouts waiting for response from ATU-C since the 2Wire gateway was last restarted, and the elapsed time since the last initialization timeout.
DSL Loss of Framing Failures	The number of DSL loss of framing failures since the 2Wire gateway was last restarted, and the elapsed time since the last line search initialization.
DSL Loss of Signal Failures	The number of DSL loss of signal failures since the 2Wire gateway was last restarted, and the elapsed time since the last loss of signal failure.
DSL Loss of Power Failures	The number of DSL loss of power indications from the ATU-C since the 2Wire gateway was last restarted, and the elapsed time since the last loss of power indication.
DSL Loss of Margin Failures	The number of DSL loss-of-margin failures at current data rate since the 2Wire gateway was last restarted, and the elapsed time since the last loss of margin failure.
DSL Cumulative Errored Seconds	The number of cumulative errored seconds since the 2Wire gateway was last restarted, and the elapsed time since the last error.
DSL Severely Errored Seconds	The number of severely errored seconds since the 2Wire gateway was last restarted, and the elapsed time since the last severely errored second.
DSL Corrected Blocks	The number of corrected DSL superframes that had data errors detected during reception.

Data Error	Description
DSL Uncorrected Blocks	The number of uncorrected DSL superframes that had data errors detected.
ISP Connection Establishment	The number of times the ISP connection was established since the statistics were last reset, and the elapsed time since the last establishment.

Using Advanced Settings

The Advanced Settings page allows you to manually configure your DSL and Internet connection settings. Typically, these settings are automatically provided by your service provider. You should adjust these settings **ONLY** if you are very familiar with DSL and networking technology.

To access the Broadband Link Advanced Settings page:

- Open a Web browser and access the gateway user interface by entering http://gateway.2Wire.net.
- Click the Broadband Link tab.

Click the <u>Advanced Settings</u> link under the tab to open the Broadband Link Advanced Settings page.

Summary Details	Diagnostics Statistics - Advanced	d Settings Home Help Site Map
Broadband	Link Advanced Setting	js
	n this page can impact the ability of computers on the and-enabled applications and services running on the	local network to access your broadband connection. Modifications local network.
Settings		
DSL and ATM DSL Line Selection:	Automatic 💌	ATM Circuit Identifier: VPI: 0 VCI: 35 ATM Encapsulation: Bridged LLC ATM PVC Search: Isabled Disabled
Broadband Netwo Broadband Connection		Broadband IP
Connection Type:	PPPoE 🗸	Obtain IP address automatically.
PPP		Manually configure IP address settings:
Username:	2wire@sbcglobal.n	IP Address:
Password:		Subnet Mask:
Confirm Password:		Default Gateway:
You must enter a usernam	he and password and confirmation password if you	Broadband DNS
select PPPoE or PPPoA. PPP on Demand:	0 Minutes	Obtain DNS information automatically.
	nables a connection with no timeout.	Manually configure your DNS information:
Hardware Address Ov	erride	Primary Server:
💿 Use the built-in har		Secondary Server:
Override the built-in		Domain Name:
Hardware Address	:	Upstream MTU
Hostname Override		Force Upstream MTU: 1492
		-

Figure 11. Broadband Link Advanced Settings Page

Modifying DSL and ATM Settings

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By default, the gateway automatically detects which DSL line to use. The DSL and ATM panel allows you to select a DSL line and manually configure your ATM settings.

- **1.** From the DSL Line Selection drop-down menu, select Automatic, Line 1 (inner pair), or Line 2 (outer pair).
- 2. In the ATM Circuit Identifier VPI and VCI fields, enter the VPI and VCI you want the gateway to use to connect to your ISP.
- **3.** From the ATM Encapsulation drop-down menu, select Bridged LLC, Bridged VC-Mux, Routed LLC, or Routed VC-Mux.

- 4. In the ATM/PVC Search field, click the **Enabled** or **Disabled** radio button.
- 5. Click SAVE.

Modifying Broadband Connection Settings

The Broadband Connection panel allows you to modify your broadband connection.

1. From the Connection Type drop-down menu, select the connection type: PPPoE, PPPoA, Direct IP (DHCP or Static), or Routed IPoA.

If you connect via PPPoE or PPPoA, proceed to step 2. If you connect via Direct IP or Routed IPoA, proceed to step 5. Direct IP and Routed IPoA connections do not require a user name or password.

- 2. In the Username field, enter your user name.
- **3.** In the Password field, enter your password.
- 4. In the Confirm Password field, re-enter your password.
- **5.** In the PPP on Demand field, enter a value for the length of time you wish the PPP session to remain active.

If the value is set to 0, the PPP session will not time-out (it will be always-on). If the value is between 1 to 10080 minutes, the PPP session will time-out if the gateway doesn't detect outbound traffic destined for the Internet in the specified time.

6. Click SAVE.

Modifying the Hardware Address

By default, the gateway uses its built-in hardware address. The Hardware Address Override panel allows you to manually override the MAC address of the broadband connection, which is sometimes required for cable modems that perform MAC address authentication.

- 1. Click the Override the built-in hardware address radio button.
- 2. In the Hardware Address field, enter the alternative hardware address.
- 3. Click SAVE.

Enabling Hostname Override

In the DHCP Host Name field, enter the DHCP host name you want the gateway to use. This field is only relevant if your ISP uses DHCP host name authentication.

Modifying the Broadband IP

By default, the gateway automatically obtains its Internet address. The Broadband IP panel allows you to manually configure your Internet address settings.

- 1. Click the Manually configure IP address settings radio button.
- 2. In the IP address field, enter the IP address you want the gateway to use.

- 3. In the Subnet Mask field, enter the subnet mask you want the gateway to use.
- 4. In the Default Gateway field, enter the default gateway address you want the gateway to use.
- 5. Click SAVE.

Modifying the Broadband DNS

By default, the gateway automatically obtains the DNS server addresses via DHCP. The Broadband DNS panel allows you to manually configure your DNS information.

- 1. Click the Manually configure your DNS information radio button.
- 2. In the Primary Server field, enter the IP address of the primary DNS server that the gateway is to use for DNS name resolution.
- **3.** In the Secondary Server field, enter the IP address of the secondary DNS server that the gateway is to use for DNS name resolution.
- 4. In the Domain Name field, enter the specific domain name to be used by the gateway.
- 5. Click SAVE.



Note: If you choose to manually configure your system and have a problem, re-run your installation and follow the installation instructions provided to you by your service provider.

Home Network Tab

This chapter describes the 2Wire gateway Home Network features, and provides detailed instructions on how to customize your network settings.

Viewing Your Home Network Summary

The Home Network Summary page displays information about the devices installed on your network.

To access the Home Network Summary page:

- Open a Web browser and access the 2Wire gateway user interface by entering http://gateway.2Wire.net.
- Click the Home Network tab to open the View Network Summary page.

Local Devices		0	Status at a Gla	nce
Inactive	For this computer: Edit firewall settings View device details For this computer:		Home Network Local Interfaces Hernet: 1 Wireless: 0 Wireless: 0 USB: 0	DISABLE DISABLE
Acces Edit fir	Access shared files Edit firewall settings View device details		Wireless Settings Network Name: Access Point: EDIT SETTINGS	2WIRE072 00:14:95:00:76:49
				1



Understanding the Local Devices Panel

The Local Devices panel shows you the name of the device, how it is connected, any special configuration information, and provides links to other system features that you can set up for the device. A "device" on your network is usually a computer — either a personal computer used by a household member, or a computer that is dedicated to a specific use (such as a Web server that hosts online games). The status of each device is shown in the Local Devices list in your 2Wire gateway user interface.

Each device on your home network is represented with a computer icon. If the "show inactive devices" option is enabled, and the device becomes inactive because it is powered off or removed from your network, this icon will display as Inactive.





Note: For additional information, refer to "Showing a Device as Inactive" on page 31.

A symbol next to the device shows how it is connected to your home network:

Wireless

<u></u>	
Ethernet	USB 🍡

If you defined a name for your computer during System Setup or when your computer was set up, the name displays next to the device. However, there are two instances where the device name will not appear:

- If your computer was manually configured with a static IP address, the static IP address displays instead of the computer's name.
- If you have not named the device but it still obtains its Internet address from the system, the word "Unknown" displays.

You can change the name of the device so that it will display in the system user interface by clicking the **Change name** link.

If you have configured the firewall to allow information from the Internet to pass through to the computer (also referred to as "hosting an application"), the name of the application(s) that you are hosting are displayed under the device name.



Note: For additional information, refer to "Hosting an Application" on page 37.

If you have defined special features for the computer (such as DMZplus mode), the feature is displayed under the device name.

Depending on the permissions you have set for devices on your network, the following links may display next to the device:

• Access shared files. Accesses the shared files available from this computer. This feature only works with Microsoft Windows computers that have shared files and file sharing installed.

Note: If your computer is configured with a static IP address, this link will not appear.

- Edit firewall settings. Accesses the system user interface page, which allows you to edit the firewall pass-through settings for the computer. For example, you may need to change the pass-through settings for the computer if you want to play an Internet game.
- · View Internet Access Control. Accesses the Internet Access Restriction schedule for this computer.
- Edit Content Screening. Accesses the Content Screening settings page, allowing you to change the Web site permissions for users on your network.
- View device details. Displays the technical networking details about the device. If you are experiencing difficulties, this information may be helpful to a technical support representative.

Understanding the Status at a Glance Panel

The Status at a Glance panel shows you a list of network connection types, the number of devices connected via each connection type, and your wireless settings.

To change your wireless settings, click the EDIT SETTINGS button.

To disable a network device, click the **DISABLE** button. A message asks you to confirm your decision.

Monitoring Your Wireless Settings

Confirm Local Interface Changes

Warnin	g
	You are about to disable the following network interface:
	Phoneline (HomePNR)
	outers connected to the network using this network type will be tely disconnected. Click CONFIRM.
	CONFIRM

Your 2Wire gateway has an integrated wireless access point, which enables you to connect your wirelessenabled computers to your home network.

By default, the 2Wire gateway ships with WEP enabled and a preconfigured network name. The default WEP key is located on the bottom of the gateway, next to the serial number.

To check your current settings and configure changes:

- Open a Web browser and access the 2Wire gateway user interface by entering http://gateway.2Wire.net.
- Click the **Home Network** tab.

Click the <u>Wireless Settings</u> link to open the Configure the Wireless Network page.



Figure 13. Configure the Wireless Network Page

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The Current Settings panel shows the 2Wire gateway's wireless access point settings:

- Access Point. The designated name of the wireless access point.
- **Network Name.** The name assigned to your wireless network. The default is 2WIREXXX, where XXX represents the last three digits of your 2Wire gateway serial number (for example, 2WIRE954).
- **Channel.** The radio frequency band the access point uses for your wireless network (the default is 6). Wireless adapter cards auto-detect which channels to use. If you are having problems with your wireless network, it could be due to radio interference. You can change the wireless channel to see if interference is reduced on a different channel.

Note: For more information on wireless channels, refer to the wireless channel entry on page 123 in the Glossary.

- **Authentication.** The security method used to ensure that users are authorized to access the wireless network: WEP-Open, WEP-Shared, or WPA-PSK.
- **Encryption.** The security setting that makes it difficult for unauthorized users to access your network.

Customizing Security Settings

You should always enable encryption for wireless communication. When encryption is enabled, you must define an encryption key for the 2Wire gateway's wireless access point and configure that same key on each wireless client that will use your 2Wire gateway wireless network.



Note: If encryption is enabled, each wireless client must be configured with the encryption key defined on the system before it can operate on your wireless network.

You can customize the following wireless settings in the Wireless Security panel.

1. From the Authentication pull-down menu, select an authentication setting: WEP-Open, WEP-Shared, or WPA-PSK.

Note: WPA-PSK authentication is supported only on HG model gateways.

Open authentication allows users to configure their wireless adapter as either Open or Shared; in either case an encryption key is required. Shared authentication allows users to configure their wireless adapter for Shared authentication, which requires an encryption key. WPA-PSK requires that users configure their wireless adapter using TKIP.

2. To use the encryption key that came with your gateway, click the **Use default encryption key** radio button. To create a custom encryption key, click the **Use custom encryption key** radio button.

If you select **Use custom encryption key**, you can define a 64-bit or 128-bit encryption key. For 64-bit encryption, enter a 10-digit hexadecimal number. For 128-bit encryption, enter a 26-digit hexadecimal number. A hexadecimal number uses the characters 0-9, a-f, or A-F.

3. Click SAVE.

Configuring Additional Settings

The Additional Settings panel allows you to customize wireless settings. In general, it is recommended that you leave the default settings in place; however, if you are experiencing connection or performance difficulties, altering these settings may improve performance.



Note: Because the fields that display are dependent on the type of wireless adapter you are using, some of these settings may not display.

• Wireless Mode. Allows you to force the gateway to use 802.11b/g, 802.11b-only, or 802.11g-only modes of operation.

Note: This field displays only for 802.11b/g based models.

- **DTIM Period (seconds).** Determines at which interval the access point will send its broadcast traffic. The default value is 4 seconds.
- Maximum Connection Rate. The maximum rate at which your wireless connection works (1, 2, 5.5, 11, or 22 Mbps for 802.11b-based models; 1, 2, 5.5, 11, 6, 9, 12, 24, 36, 48, or 54 Mbps for 802.11b/g-based models).
- **Power Setting.** Allows you to select the power level for your wireless connection. The default list is 1 to 4; additional options may appear based on the service provider's configuration.

If you have customized your wireless system configuration, you can restore the wireless settings to factory defaults by clicking the **RESTORE DEFAULTS** button.

Configuring Advanced Settings

The Edit Advanced Home Network Settings page displays the current IP settings in use by your system for your home network, and allows you to configure your home network settings. You should adjust these settings **ONLY** if you are very familiar with computer networking technologies.

The Current Settings panel shows the following information:

- **Router Address.** The IP address used by your system on the private home network (the default is 192.168.0.1). The system has two IP addresses: a private address that it uses on the home network, and one that is used on the public broadband connection on the Internet. You can change the home network IP address by changing the home network IP address range.
- **Subnet Mask.** The subnet mask is determined by the home network IP address range settings (the default is 255.255.0.0).
- **DHCP Range.** The range of IP addresses used by your system (the default is 192.16.1.33 through 192.16.1.250). IP addresses can be either static (permanently assigned) or dynamic (automatic and temporary).

Setting up a Private Network

By default, the 2Wire gateway uses the 192.168.1.0/255.255.0.0 IP address range. You can select from two additional IP address ranges, or configure the network settings manually. You should manually configure these settings **ONLY** if you thoroughly understand IP internetworking, because an incorrect configuration can cause unpredictable results.

To set up a private network:

- Open a Web browser and access the 2Wire gateway user interface by entering http://gateway.2Wire.net.
- Click the Home Network tab.
- Click the <u>Advanced Settings</u> link under the tab to open the Edit Advanced Home Network Settings page.

Summary Wireless Settings - Advanced Settings	✿ HOME Help Site Map				
Edit Advanced Home Network Settings					
Modifying the settings on this page can impact the ability of computers on the local network to access your broadband connection. Modifications may also affect broadband-enabled applications and services running on the local network.					
Settings	Current Settings				
Private Network	Private Network				
If you change the IP address range, you must renew the DHCP lease of all devices on the network.	on Router 192.168.1.254 Address:				
• 192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0 (default)	Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0				
0 172.16.0.0 / 255.255.0.0	DHCP Range: 192.168.1.64 - 192.168.1.253				
○ 10.0.0.0 / 255.255.0.0	Allocated: 2				
🔿 Configure manually	Available: 188				
Router Address:	Device List				
Subnet Mask:	QVT_109 192.168.1.64				
Enable DHCP	S NOM 192.168.1.65				
First DHCP Address:	EDIT ADDRESS ALLOCATION				
Last DHCP Address:					
Set DHCP Lease Time: 24 hours					
Public Network	0				
Enable Check ENABLE to create a route from the Internet to the public network specified below.					
Router Address:					
Subnet Mask:					
Bridge Network	0				
Enable Check ENABLE to allow broadband IP addresses to be used on t	the				
Broadband Network: 69.110.3.227 /					
255.255.255.248 Subnet Mask:					
Display Sottings					
Display Settings	¥				

Figure 14. Advanced Home Network Settings Page

- Click the radio button that corresponds to the IP address range you wish to use. If you select the 172.16.0.0 / 255.255.0.0 or 10.0.0.0 / 255.255.0.0 range, continue to step 5. If you select Configure manually, continue to step 2.
- 2. In the Router Address field, enter the IP address used by your system on the private home network.
- **3.** In the Subnet Mask field, enter the subnet mask. The subnet mask is determined by the home network IP address range settings.
- 4. Click the Enable DHCP checkbox.
 - a. In the First DHCP Address field, enter the first DHCP address that you'll be distributing over the private network.
 - b. In the Last DHCP Address field, enter the last DHCP address that you'll be distributing over the private network.
 - c. In the Set DHCP Lease Time field, enter a value for the number of hours before the DHCP lease expires.
- 5. Click SAVE.



Note: If you change the home network IP address range, you must renew the DHCP lease on all devices on your home network and manually reconfigure all devices configured with static IP addresses. If you are using the 2Wire Network Support Tool, you can renew the DHCP lease by selecting "Refresh Network Connection" in the Network Support Tool menu.

Setting Up a Public Network

The Public Network pane allows you to create a local network that has broadband network-accessible IP addresses by creating a route from the Internet to the specified public network. The public network operates without Network Address Translation (NAT). This feature is typically used in conjunction with broadband service that provides a range of available IP addresses. Once enabled, the public IP addresses can be assigned to local computers.

To set up a public network:

- 1. Check the Enable checkbox.
- 2. In the Router Address field, enter the router address (this is typically provided by your service provider).
- 3. In the Subnet Mask field, enter the subnet mask (this is typically provided by your service provider).
- 4. Click SAVE.

Setting Up a Bridge Network

The Bridge Network pane allows you to create a local network that has broadband-accessible IP addresses. Bridge Network is a public network in which the local network is an extension of the broadband network and does not require any special routing. Computers that are assigned Bridge Network IP addresses operate without Network Address Translation (NAT). This feature is typically used in conjunction with broadband service that provides a range of IP addresses. Once enabled, the bridge network IP addresses can be assigned to local computers.

To set up a bridge network:

- **1.** Check the **Enable** checkbox.
- 2. In the Subnet Mask field, enter the subnet mask (this is typically provided by your service provider, and defines how large your IP pool is).
- 3. Click SAVE.

Showing a Device as Inactive

To show a device as Inactive:

- **1.** Open a Web browser and access the 2Wire gateway user interface.
- 2. Click the Home Network tab.
- **3.** Click the <u>Advanced Settings</u> link under the tab.
- 4. In the Settings pane, select the Show inactive devices in network list checkbox.
- 5. Click SAVE.
VoIP Network Tab

This chapter describes the 2Wire gateway VoIP Network features, and provides detailed instructions on setting up a VoIP network.

Configuring the VoIP Phones

To configure VoIP via the gateway user interface, follow these steps.

1. Access the gateway user interface by opening a web browser and entering http://2wire.gateway.net. Click the Voice Network tab. The View Voice Network page opens.



2. Click Step 2: Set Up Phone Lines. Click EDIT to change the settings.



3. The account is based on username or phone number. To change this setting, from the pull-down menu select Username or Phone Number. To ensure that the settings cannot be changed, in the Password field enter a password. From the Ring Tone pull-down menu, select the tone you wish to associate with the phone. To block the outgoing caller ID, click the **Anonymous** checkbox. Click **SUBMIT**.

 Digital Voice 			Network	Network		🕇 HOME Site Map				
step 2: Set Up Phone Lines										
Edit Settings										
Edit Line Informa Please edit the	tion line settings in th	e form below:								
	Phone Number	✓ - 9285	Password		Ring Tone	Outgoing Caller ID Anonymous				
Ť	408 - 856	- 9265			Click SUBMIT to continue.Click CANCEL to go the Previous page.					
			he Previous page.							

4. The Phone Settings page allows you to match each phone to a line. To do so, click EDIT.

Settings Step 3: Match each Phone to a Line Step 3: Match each Phone to a Line Assign each phone device to a Digital Voice line. Follow these steps to fill in the form below. 1. For each phone listed, click RING NOW, which will momentarily ring that phone, allowing you to identify each phone. Step 1: Phone Wiring Step 2: Set Up Phone Lines 2. Choose a name for the phone. 3. If you have more than one Digital Voice line, select which of these phone lines you would like to connect to this phone. Step 3: Match Phones To Phone Lines Activate Locate Phone Name Connect to Line		<u>e</u>				🕇 HOME Site Map
Step 3: Match each Phone to a Line Assign each phone device to a Digital Voice line. Follow these steps to fill in the form below. Step 1: Phone Wiring Step 2: Set Up Phone Lines 1. For each phone listed, click RING NOW, which will momentarily ring that phone, allowing you to identify each phone. Step 3: Match Phones To Phone 2. Choose a name for the phone. Step 1: Phone Wiring 3. If you have more than one Digital Voice line, select which of these phone lines you would like to connect to this phone. Step 3: Match Phones Locate Phone Name Connect to Line	Phone S	ettings				
Assign each phone device to a Digital Voice line. Follow these steps to fill in the form below: 1. For each phone listed, click RING NOW, which will momentarily ring that phone, allowing you to identify each phone. 2. Choose a name for the phone. 3. If you have more than one Digital Voice line, select which of these phone lines you would like to connect to this phone. Activate Locate Phone Name Connect to Line	Settings					
fill in the form below: Step 2: Set Up Phone Lines 1. For each phone listed, click RING NOW, which will momentarily ring that phone, allowing you to identify each phone. Step 2: Set Up Phone Lines 2. Choose a name for the phone. If you have more than one Digital Voice line, select which of these phone lines you would like to connect to this phone. Step 2: Set Up Phone Lines Activate Locate Phone Name Connect to Line	Step 3: Mat	ch each Phone to a L	ine			
Activate Phone Name Connect to Line		fill in the form be 1. For each ring that 2. Choose 3. If you hav	low: phone listed, click phone, allowing yo a name for the pho re more than one D	RING NOW, which will m u to identify each phone. ne. vigital Voice line, select wh	omentarily nich of	Step 2: Set Up Phone Lines • Step 3: Match Phones To Phone
		Activate	Phone Name	Connect to Line		
RING NOW Phone 1 Line 1: 408-856-9285 EDIT		A RING NOV	Phone 1	Line 1: 408-856-9285	5 EDIT	

5. In the Phone Name field, select a name to associate with the phone. If you have more than one digital voice line, in the Assign Number field select which phone line you wish to associate with this phone. Click **SUBMIT**.

	System Br	oadband Home Link Network	Voice Network	Firewall	1 HOME Site Map
Edit Informat	tion				
Edit:					
Edit Information					
Edit Information	lit The Phone to Line Map				
Edit Information	lit The Phone to Line Map Phone Name Kitchen	pings below: Assign Number Line 1: 408-85	56-9285 💌		
Edit Information	Phone Name	Assign Number Line 1: 408-85	56-9285 🔽]

6. Setup is complete. Click **DONE** to return to the View Voice Network page.

2 Wire	System	Broadband Link	Home Network	Voice Network	Firewall		
Digital Voice							🕇 HOME Site Map
Congratulations	!						
Setup Complete							
You have completed the D)igital Voice se	tup process.					
To change your settings, go to the system summary page then click the "Voice Network" tab.							
Click DONE to return to the "Voice Network " summary page.							
							DONE

Firewall Tab

This chapter describes the 2Wire gateway firewall features, and provides detailed instructions on how to modify the firewall settings.

Firewall Features

The 2Wire gateway has a professional-grade firewall to help prevent unauthorized users from accessing your local network. The 2Wire gateway firewall includes the following features:

Stateful packet inspection. Blocks common Denial of Service attacks (such as SYN/FIN flooding or Smurf), and detects and logs TCP and UDP port scans.

Stateless packet inspection. Filters specific NetBios traffic, suspicious packets and IP fragments; blocks packets sent from the private network to the Internet that have spoofed IP addresses.

Network Address Translation (NAT). Translates a local network's IP address to an external address maintained by the 2Wire gateway, effectively "hiding" the existence of a home network to the Internet. The 2Wire gateway then uses this external address to communicate with the Internet on behalf of devices connected to the local network.

Port Address Translation (PAT). A function provided by some routers which allows hosts on a LAN to communicate with the rest of a network (such as the Internet) without revealing their own private IP address. All outbound packets have their IP address translated to the router's external IP address. Replies come back to the router, which then translates them back into the private IP address of the original host for final delivery. During PAT, each computer on the LAN is translated to the same IP address, but with a different port number assignment.

Inbound and outbound port blocking. Blocks common inbound and outbound protocol types from passing information to or receiving information from the Internet.

Viewing Your Firewall Summary

The Firewall Summary page provides summary information and links to the most commonly used securityrelated features of your system.

To access the Firewall Summary page:

- Open a Web browser and access the gateway user interface by entering http://gateway.2Wire.net.
- · Click the Firewall tab to open the View Firewall Summary page.



Figure 15. View Firewall Summary Page

The Firewall Settings panel displays the Current Settings for your firewall.

- Default. Unsolicited inbound traffic is not allowed to pass through the firewall.
- · Custom. Applications are associated with computers on your network.

An access list shows the computers (Devices) on your network and the names of the Allowed Applications for each computer. When you allow application traffic, external users on the Internet can have limited access to your home network. This access might be required to allow some programs (such as game servers or instant messaging software) to operate properly.

For example, a remote game player on the Internet might need to contact the game server program that you have installed on your home network in order to play against you. Normally, the firewall blocks this communication. By changing the firewall settings, this communication is permitted to pass through a "pinhole" in the firewall. This function may be referred to as "port-mapping" or "port-forwarding" in your software program documentation.

Click **VIEW DETAILS** to access the Firewall Details page, which shows a list of all the devices that have applications configured in the firewall and the details of these configurations.

- Summary Firewall S	Soffings Adva		
	Settings Muva	nced Settings	🕇 HOME Help Site Ma
View Firewall	Details		
Details			0

Figure 16. View Firewall Details Page

If you have the Firewall Monitor enhanced service, the Firewall Monitor panel shows a brief summary of the number of attacks that were blocked for the current day and week. Click **VIEW DETAILS** to access the Monitor the Firewall page.

Hosting an Application

When you host an application on your network for Internet users to access, you must configure the 2Wire gateway firewall to pass through specific application data to a selected computer.

To host an application:

- Open a Web browser and access the gateway user interface by entering http://gateway.2Wire.net.
- Click the **Firewall** tab.

Click the <u>Firewall Settings</u> link under the tab to open the Edit Firewall Settings page.

Summary	Firewall	<u>Settings</u> <u>A</u>	dvanced Settir	<u>ngs</u>			🔒 HOME	Help	Site Map
Edit F	irewall	Setting	s						
Setting	s								?
Internet to pinholes. O To do this, application need to kn To Allow	applications ru Opening firewal , associate the (nning on comp I pinholes is al desired applica e a user-define d port informati	uters inside yo so known as o ation with the co d application p on.)	ur secure ho pening firew omputer belo profile. (To cr	ome network by vall ports or firev ow. If you canno eate a user-defi	access from the enabling firewall vall port forwarding. find a listing for yo ned profile, you will	ur <u>settings</u>		ails
Choos	e the computer	that will host a	pplications thr	ough the fire	wall: QVT_109	*			
2 Edit fire	ewall settings f	for this compu	ter:						
⊙ Ma ⊖ Alle	aximum protect	tion – Disallow pplication(s) –	unsolicited in Choose the a	pplication(s)		bled to pass throug	gh the firewall to	o this co	omputer.
⊙ Ma ○ Alle Cli	aximum protect	tion – Disallow pplication(s) – t to the Hosted	unsolicited in Choose the a	pplication(s) st.		bled to pass throug	gh the firewall to	o this co	omputer.
Ma All Cli Cli All Ag Ag Ag Ag Ag Ba Ba Ba Ba	aximum protect low individual a ick ADD to add i	tion – Disallow pplication(s) – t to the Hosted s iator s communicator	unsolicited in Choose the a	pplication(s) st.	that will be ena	bled to pass throug	yh the firewall ti	o this co	omputer.
Mai Alli Cli Cli All Ag Ag Ag Ag Ag Ag Ba Ba Ba B1	aximum protect low individual a loc ADD to add i ll application ye of Empires ye of Kings ye of Wonders liens vs Prec archy Onlime herron's Call aldur's Cate attleCom attleCom	tion - Disallow pplication(s) - t to the Hosted ons lator lator mmunicator re	Choose the a Applications li	pplication(s) st.	that will be ena	bled to pass throu <u>c</u>	th the firewall t	o this co	omputer.

Figure 17. Edit Firewall Settings Page

- **1.** From the **Select a computer** pull-down menu, select the computer that you wish to host the application.
- 2. Click the Allow individual application(s) radio button.
- **3.** In the Applications panel, select an application.
- 4. Click the **ADD** > button. The application you selected now appears in the Hosted Applications pane.
- 5. Click DONE.

•

To stop hosting an application:

- **1.** In the Hosted Applications panel, select the application you wish to stop hosting.
- 2. Click the **< REMOVE** button.
- 3. Click DONE.

Updating the Application Profile List

If the application you want to host does not appear in the Application Profile list, you may need to update the application list. If an update is available, the **UPDATE APPLICATION LIST** button appears above the list of application profiles. If the application that you want to host is not included in the updated application list, you may need to add your own application profile.

Adding an Application Profile

If you wish to host an application that is not included in the Application Profile list, you can add an application using the Add Application Profile page.

An application profile configures your system's firewall to pass through application-specific data. This feature is typically used if the application for which you would like to pass through data to a given computer is new or has been recently updated to a new version.

To create a new application profile:

- Open a Web browser and access the gateway user interface by entering http://gateway.2Wire.net.
- Click the Firewall tab.
- · Click the <u>Firewall Settings</u> link under the tab to open the Edit Firewall Settings page.
- In the Applications panel, click the Add a new user-defined application link to open the Edit Application page.

Profile Name Enter a name for the application profile that you are creating. Application Name: Custom Application Consort a protocol and enter the port(s) for this application, then click ADD DEFINITION to add the definition to the Definition List. If the applicative smultiple ports or both TCP and UDP ports, you will need to add multiple definitions. Note: In some rare instances, certain application types require specialized freewall changes in addition to simple port for ovarding. If the application types require specialized adding appears in the application type menu below, it is recommended that you select it.	Summary - Firew	all Settings Firewall Monitor Firewall Log Advanced Settings	🏦 HOME Help Site Map
Profile Name Enter a name for the application profile that you are creating. Application Name: Custom Application Consort a protocol and enter the port(s) for this application, then click ADD DEFINITION to add the definition to the Definition List. If the applicative smultiple ports or both TCP and UDP ports, you will need to add multiple definitions. Note: In some rare instances, certain application types require specialized freewall changes in addition to simple port for ovarding. If the application types require specialized adding appears in the application type menu below, it is recommended that you select it.	Edit Applicat	ion	
Enter a name for the application profile that you are creating. Application Name: Custom Application Definition Choose a protocol and enter the port(s) for this application, then click ADD DEFINITION to add the definition to the Definition List. If the application requires multiple ports or both TCP and UDP ports, you will need to add multiple definitions. Note: In some rare instances, certain application types require specialized frewall changes in addition to simple port forvarding. If the application types require sedding appears in the application type menu below, it is recommended that you select it.	Settings		
Port (or Range): From: 1235 To: 1238	Application Name: Definition Choose a protocol a ADD DEFINITION to application requires need to add multipl Note: In some rare in: changes in addition to	Custom Application and enter the port(s) for this application, then click add the definition to the Definition List. If the multiple ports or both TCP and UDP ports, you will definitions. tances, certain application types require specialized trewall simple port forwarding. If the application you are adding ion type menu below, it is recommended that you select it. C TCP C UDP	
	Map to Host Port:	4000 Default = the same port as defined above.	
	Application Type:	None (Default)	
Map to Host Port: 4000 defined above.		ADD DEFINITION	

Figure 18. Edit Application Page

- **1.** In the **Application Name** field, enter a name for the application profile. You can enter any name you like, although it's recommended that you use the name of the application (for example, Redwing Game Server).
- 2. In the Definition panel, create a definition for your application.

A definition consists of a series of protocol-specific ports that are to be allowed through the firewall. This information should be contained in the documentation provided by the company that produces the application.

- a. In the **Protocol** field, select the **TCP** or **UDP** radio button. If the application you are adding requires both, you must create a separate definition for each.
- In the Port (or Range) field, enter the port or port range the application uses.
 For example, some applications may require only one port to be opened (such as TCP port 500); others may require that all TCP ports from 600 to 1000 be opened.
- c. In the **Protocol Timeout (seconds)** field, you may optionally enter a value for the amount of time that can pass before the application "times out." You can also leave the field blank, in which case the system uses the default values (86,400 seconds for the TCP protocol; 600 seconds for the UDP protocol).
- d. In the Map to Host Port field, enter a value that will map the port range you established in step b to the local computer. For example, if you set the value to 4000 and the range being opened is 100 to 108, the forwarded data to the first value in the range will be sent to 4000. Subsequent ports will be mapped accordingly; 101 will be sent to 4001, 102 will be sent to 4002, etc.
- e. From the **Application Type** drop-down menu, select the application type. If you do not know the application type, select None (Default).
- 3. Click ADD DEFINTION to add the values to the profile definition list.
- 4. Click DONE.

Repeat these steps for each port or range of ports required for the application profile.

To edit or delete an application profile:

- Open a Web browser and access the 2Wire gateway user interface by entering http://gateway.2Wire.net.
- Click the Firewall tab.
- Click the <u>Firewall Settings</u> link under the tab to open the Edit Firewall Settings page.

In the Applications panel, click the **Edit or delete user-defined application** link. The Select a Hosted Application page opens.

Summary - Firewall Settings Firewall Monitor Firewall	og Advanced Settings	🕇 HOME Help Site Ma
Select a User-Defined Application		
Applications		
Choose an application from the list below.		
Click EDIT to change the protocol and port information.		
Click DELETE to remove this from your user-defined list.		
Custom Application EDT DELETE	DONE	

Figure 19. Select a Hosted Application Page

•

- 1. In the User-Defined Application Profiles panel, highlight the application you wish to edit or delete.
 - f. To edit the application profile, click **EDIT**. The Edit Application screen appears. Make the necessary changes to the application profile and click **DONE**.
 - g. To delete the application profile, click **DELETE**.

Allowing all Applications (DMZplus)

DMZplus is a special firewall mode that is used for hosting applications if you cannot get an application to work properly using the "Allow individual application(s)" option. When in DMZplus mode, the designated computer:

- Shares your gateway's IP address (Router Address).
- · Appears as if it is directly connected to the Internet.
- · Has all of the unassigned TCP and UDP ports opened and pointed to it.
- · Can receive unsolicited network traffic from the Internet.

Although the computer in DMZplus mode appears to Internet users as though it is directly connected to the Internet, it is still protected by your system firewall. All traffic is inspected by the firewall's Stateful Packet Inspection engine and all known hacker attacks continue to be blocked.

Because all filtered traffic is forwarded to the designated computer, you should use DMZplus mode with caution. A computer in DMZplus mode is less secure because all available ports are open and all incoming Internet traffic is directed to this computer.



 $\label{eq:Note: DMZplus can only be configured for one computer on your home network at a time.$

To configure DMZplus:

- Open a Web browser and access the 2Wire gateway user interface by entering http://gateway.2Wire.net.
- Click the Firewall tab.
- · Click the <u>Firewall Settings</u> link under the tab to open the Edit Firewall Settings page.

Summary Firewall S	ettings Advanced Se	ttings			A HOME	Help Site Map
Edit Firewall \$	Settings					
Settings						0
By default, the firewall bloc Internet to applications run pinholes. Opening firewall To do this, associate the d application, you can create need to know protocol and	ning on computers inside pinholes is also known a esired application with th a user-defined applicatic	your secure hom s opening firewall c computer below	e network by ena I ports or firewall . If you cannot fin	abling firewall port forwarding. d a listing for you	ur <u>settings</u>	
To Allow Users Thro	ugh the Firewall to I	Hosted Applic:	ations			
 Select a computer Choose the computer t 	hat will host applications	through the firewa	ill: QVT_109 💙			
2 Edit firewall settings for a setting sett	or this computer:					
💿 Maximum protecti	on – Disallow unsolicited	inbound traffic.				
	plication(s) – Choose the to the Hosted Application		at will be enable	d to pass throug	h the firewall to	this computer.
All application	ns 🔽	Hosted Appl	ications:			
Age of Empires Age of Kings Age of Wonders Aliens vs Pred Anarchy Online Asheron's Call Baldur's Cate BattleCom BattleCom Black and Whit	REMO	VE				
Add a new user-defi	ned application					
which has been sp	ns (DMZplus mode) – Se ecifically assigned to ano ected to this computer. Th pened for that computer.	ther computer usi	ng the "Allow ind	ividual applicatio	ons" feature, will	
firewall ports are op						The

Figure 20. Edit Firewall Settings Page

- **1.** From the **Select a computer** pull-down menu, select the computer to which you would like to have all data sent.
- 2. Click Allow all applications (DMZplus mode).
- 3. Click DONE.

- 4. Access the computer that you selected in step 1.
- 5. Confirm that the computer is configured for DHCP. If it is not, configure it for DHCP.
- **6.** Restart the computer. When the computer restarts, it receives a special IP address from the system and all unassigned TCP and UDP ports are forwarded to it.

To stop DMZplus:

- **1.** From the **Select a computer** pull-down menu, select the computer for which you would like to disable DMZplus.
- 2. In the Edit firewall settings for this computer pane, click Maximum protection.
- 3. Click DONE.
- **4.** Access the computer that you selected in step 1. If the computer will continue to automatically obtain an IP address, proceed to step 5. If the computer will have a static IP address, configure it with a valid static IP address.
- 5. Restart the computer.

Viewing the Firewall Log

The 2Wire gateway keeps a log of all firewall-related events that occur. Each log entry contains the date and time the event occurred, the severity level of the event, and details about the event.

To view the log:

- Open a Web browser and access the 2Wire gateway user interface by entering http://gateway.2Wire.net.
- Click the Firewall tab.

Click the Firewall Log link under the tab to open the View Firewall Log page.

Summary Firewall Settings Fin	ewall Monitor	- Firewall Log Advanced Settings
iew Firewall Log		
og		0
Date and Time	Severity	Details
2005/02/10 13:36:00 PST	info	<pre>src=69.104.57.17 dst=69.110.16.39 ipprot=6 sport=3735 dport=6129 Unknown inbound session stopped</pre>
2005/02/10 13:36:05 PST	info	<pre>src=222.88.173.5 dst=69.110.16.39 ipprot=17 sport=28502 dport=1026 Unknown inbound session stopped</pre>
2005/02/10 13:36:41 PST	info	<pre>src=4.157.104.12 dst=69.110.16.39 ipprot=17 sport=13307 dport=1028 Unknown inbound session stopped</pre>
2005/02/10 13:39:32 PST	info	<pre>src=81.137.202.29 dst=69.110.16.39 ipprot=17 sport=35234 dport=137 Unknown inbound session stopped</pre>
2005/02/10 13:41:56 PST	info	<pre>src=82.228.225.74 dst=69.110.16.39 ipprot=6 sport=2258 dport=15118 Unknown inbound session stopped</pre>
2005/02/10 13:41:57 PST	info	Previous log entry repeated 1 times
2005/02/10 13:41:57 PST	low	src=82.228.225.74 dst=69.110.16.39 ipprot=6 sport=2258 dport=15118 TCP Port Scan Detected
2005/02/10 13:41:57 PST	info	<pre>src=82.228.225.74 dst=69.110.16.39 ipprot=6 sport=2258 dport=15118 Unknown inbound session stopped</pre>
2005/02/10 13:48:05 PST	info	<pre>src=200.100.81.10 dst=69.110.16.39 ipprot=17 sport=1029 dport=137 Unknown inbound session stopped</pre>

Figure 21. View Firewall Log Page

•

The following table provides additional information about the log entries.

Severity	 Info. Informational only—the event does not imply a threat to network security.
	 Low. Occurs when the firewall detects a low-level threat to the network, such as an invalid IP header or invalid packet length.
	 Medium. Occurs when a medium-level threat is detected, such as an invalid IP fragment offset.
	 High. Occurs when an attack is launched against the network (for example, a SYN Flood).
Details	Includes the following information:
	The IP address from which the packet originated.
	The destination IP address of the packet.
	The action that was taken.

Click **CLEAR LOG** to clear the log.

Configuring the Firewall (Advanced)

The Edit Advanced Firewall Settings page allows you to configure advanced features on your firewall.



Figure 22. Edit Advanced Firewall Settings Page



Note: These features should be used only if you are thoroughly familiar with firewalls and networking.

Enabling Advanced Security

Your 2Wire gateway firewall already provides a high level of security. You can configure the firewall to provide advanced security features, including stealth mode, strict UDP, or block pings.

Stealth Mode

In normal firewall operation, when an unknown remote device makes a request to connect to a user's network the firewall does not allow the connection to be made and responds with a "connection not available" message. This may not discourage a determined hacker, because the message confirms that there is an active network sending the response. The hacker may then use more sophisticated tools in an attempt to access your network.

When in stealth mode, the 2Wire gateway firewall does not return *any* information in response to network queries; that is, it will appear to the hacker who is trying to access your network that your network does not exist. This discourages hackers from further attempts at accessing your network, because to them it will appear as though there is no active network to access.

To enable Stealth Mode:

- Open a Web browser and access the 2Wire gateway user interface by entering http://gateway.2Wire.net.
- Click the Firewall tab.
- · Click the <u>Advanced Settings</u> link under the tab to open the Edit Advanced Firewall Settings page.

Settings					
Security	0				
Check to enable the features below	c .				
🔽 Stealth Mode					
Elock Ping					
Strict UDP Session Control					
Inbound and Outbound Control					
Checking the box allows the associated traffic type through the firewall.					
Outbound	Inbound				
HTTP	🔽 Remote Management				
F HTTPS	NetBIOS				
FTP					
🔽 Telnet					
SMTP					
DNS					
□ NetBIOS					
POP3					
MAP IMAP					
NNTP					
☑ IRC					
₩ H323					
All Other Protocols					
SAVE	CANCEL RESTORE DEFAULTS				

- 1. In the Security pane, click the **Stealth Mode** checkbox.
- 2. Click SAVE.

Block Ping

Ping is a basic Internet program that, when used without malicious intent, allows a user to verify that a particular IP address exists and can accept requests. Ping is used diagnostically to ensure that a host computer you are trying to reach is operating. It can also be used to see how long it takes to get a response back from a specific host computer.

Hackers can use ping to launch an attack against your network, because ping can determine the number form of the network's IP address (for example, 105.246.172.72) from the domain name (for example, www.mynetwork.com). If you enable Block Ping, your network will block all ping requests.

To block ping:

- Open a Web browser and access the 2Wire gateway user interface by entering http://gateway.2Wire.net.
- Click the Firewall tab.
- · Click the <u>Advanced Settings</u> link under the tab to open the Edit Advanced Firewall Settings page.

Security	0
Check to enable the fea	itures below:
Stealth Mode	
Block Ping	
Strict UDP Session	Control
Inbound and Outbou	nd Control 📀
Checking the box allow	s the associated traffic type through the firewall.
Outbound	Inbound
	Remote Management
HTTPS	NetBIOS
FTP	
✓ Telnet	
SMTP	
DNS	
NetBIOS	
POP3	
MAP IMAP	
NNTP	
IRC IRC	
✓ H323	
All Other Protocols	

- 1. In the Security pane, click the **Block Pings** checkbox.
- 2. Click SAVE.

Strict UDP Session Control

Enabling this feature provides increased security by preventing the 2Wire gateway from accepting packets sent from an unknown source over an existing connection.

Strict UDP instructs the 2Wire gateway to be more restrictive about what packets are allowed to transmit over an established connection from a local network computer to the Internet. In addition to relying on information about the destination (3-tuple), the 2Wire gateway will also use information about the source of the connection (5-tuple).



Note: The ability to send traffic based on destination only is required by some applications. Enabling this feature may not allow some on-line applications to work properly.

To enable strict UDP session control:

- Open a Web browser and access the 2Wire gateway user interface by entering http://gateway.2Wire.net.
- Click the Firewall tab.
- · Click the Advanced Settings link under the tab to open the Edit Advanced Firewall Settings page.

Settings		
Security (2)		
Check to enable the features below:		
🗖 Stealth Mode		
🗖 Block Ping		
Strict UDP Session Co	ontrol	
Inbound and Outbound	Control (2)	
Checking the box allows th	he associated traffic type through the firewall.	
Outbound	Inbound	
I HTTP	🔽 Remote Management	
HTTPS	NetBIOS	
FTP		
✓ Telnet		
SMTP		
DNS		
NetBIOS		
POP3		
MAP IMAP		
NNTP		
IRC IRC		
✓ H323		
All Other Protocols		
	SAVE CANCEL RESTORE DEFAULTS	

- **1.** In the Security pane, click the **Strict UDP Session Control** checkbox.
- 2. Click SAVE.

Allowing Inbound and Outbound Traffic

The Inbound and Outbound Control pane displays some common protocol types. When one of the Inbound protocol boxes is checked, the firewall allows the corresponding protocol to pass through from the Internet to the network. If one of the Outbound protocol boxes is checked, the firewall allows the traffic from the network to pass through the firewall to the Internet.



Note: If you configure the firewall to block an Inbound protocol, you may disable support for hosted applications that require that type of protocol.

To block an Inbound or Outbound protocol:

- Open a Web browser and access the 2Wire gateway user interface by entering http://gateway.2Wire.net.
- Click the Firewall tab.
- Click the <u>Advanced Settings</u> link under the tab to open the Edit Advanced Firewall Settings page.
- **1.** In the Inbound and Outbound Control pane, deselect the checkbox of the protocol you wish to block.
- 2. Click SAVE.

Disabling Attack Detection

By default, the 2Wire gateway firewall rules block the attack types listed in the Attack Detection pane. There are some applications and devices that require the use of specific data

ports through the firewall. The gateway allows users to open the necessary ports through the firewall using the Firewall Settings page. If the user requires that a computer have all incoming traffic available to it, this computer can be set to the DMZplus mode. While in DMZplus mode, the computer is still protected against numerous broadband attacks (for example, SYN Flood or Invalid TCP flag attacks).

In rare cases, the incoming traffic may be inadvertently blocked by the firewall (for example, when integrating with external third-party firewalls or VPN servers). You may need to disable one or more of the attack detection capabilities for any device placed in the DMZplus. In this case, the third-party server provides the attack protection normally provided by the gateway.

Inbound and Outbound	d Control 📀
Checking the box allows t	he associated traffic type through the firewall.
Outbound	Inbound
HTTP	🔽 Remote Management
HTTPS	NetBIOS
FTP	
🔽 Telnet	
SMTP	
DNS	
NetBIOS	
POP3	
MAP IMAP	
NNTP	
IRC IRC	
✓ H323	
All Other Protocols	
	SAVE CANCEL RESTORE DEFAULTS

The following table lists the attacks for which the gateway firewall filters continuously check.

Attack	Description and Action Taken
Excessive Session Detection	When enabled, the firewall will detect applications on the local network that are creating excessive sessions out to the Internet. This activity is likely due to a virus or "worm" infected computer (for example, Blaster Worm). When the event is detected, the gateway displays a HURL warning page.
TCP/UDP Port Scan	A port scan is a series of messages sent by someone attempting to break into a computer to learn which computer network services, each associated with a well- known port number (such as UDP and TCP), the computer provides. When enabled, the firewall detects UDP and TCP port scans, and drops the packet.
Invalid Source/Destination IP address	 When enabled, the firewall will verify IP addresses by checking for the following: IP source address is broadcast or multicast — drop packet. TCP destination IP address is not unicast — drop packet. IP source and destination address are the same — drop packet. Invalid IP source received from private/home network — drop packet.
Packet Flood (SYN/UDP/ICMP/ Other)	When enabled, the firewall will check for SYN, UDP, ICMP, and other types of packet floods on the local and Internet facing interfaces and stop the flood.
Invalid TCP Flag Attacks (NULL/ XMAS/Other)	When enabled, the firewall will scan inbound and outbound packets for invalid TCP Flag settings, and drop the packet to prevent SYN/FIN, NULL, and XMAS attacks.
Invalid ICMP Detection	The firewall checks for invalid ICMP/code types, and drops the packet.
Miscellaneous	The firewall checks for the following: Unknown IP protocol — drop packet. Port 0 attack detected — drop packet. TCP SYN packet — drop packet. Not a start session packet — drop packet. ICMP destination unreachable — terminate session.

To disable attack detection for a specific port:

- Open a Web browser and access the 2Wire gateway user interface by entering http://gateway.2Wire.net.
- Click the **Firewall** tab.

Click the <u>Advanced Settings</u> link under the tab to open the Edit Advanced Firewall Settings page.

	Settings - Advanced Settings	🕇 HOME Help Site
WARNING	ed Firewall Settings	cal network to access your broadband connection. Modification: cal network.
Security Check to enable the fea Stealth Mode Block Ping Strict UDP Sessior		Limiting data traffic may disable support for hos applications that require inbound communications such as Web servers, games, or internet chat programs. All data traffic will continue to be scanned by the firewall for known hacker attacks?
Inbound and Outb Checking the box allow Outbound I HTTP I HTTPS I FTP I Teinet I SMTP I DNS NetBIOS I NetBIOS I MAP I MAP I NNTP I IRC I H323 I All Other Protocols	ound Control @ s the associated traffic type through the firewall. mbound ₩ Remote Management NetBIOS	Check to detect the types of attacks below. Excessive Session Detection TCP/UDP Port Scan Invalid Source/Destination IP address Packet Flood (SYN/UDP/ICMP/Other) Invalid TCP Flag Attacks (NULL/XMAS/Other) Invalid ICMP Detection Miscellaneous SAVE CANC

Figure 23. Edit Advanced Firewall Settings Page

- **1.** In the Attack Detection panel, deselect the appropriate checkbox.
- 2. Click SAVE.

•

Management and Diagnostic Console

This chapter describes the 2Wire gateway Management and Diagnostic Console (MDC). The Management and Diagnostic Console provides information about the status of the 2Wire gateway, its broadband network connections, attached home networking devices, system and security information, and a running log of any error conditions.

You can use the tools provided to:

- View configuration and service provisioning information.
- View operation logs.
- Perform diagnostic tests.
- Configure the gateway.

The following sections describe how to access the Management and Diagnostic Console, use the diagnostic and configuration tools, and modify settings.



Note: The MDC pages available are dependent on the 2Wire gateway software release. The MDC pages shown in this chapter are for 2Wire gateways running software release 4.21.x If your gateway is running a software release earlier than 4.21.x, some of these pages may not be available.

Accessing the MDC

To access the MDC from your in-home or office network, enter the following URL: http://gateway.2wire.net/management

Using the MDC

After you access the Management and Diagnostic Console, a navigation bar allows you to quickly select pages on the site. The navigation bar consists of the following links:

Group	Link
Summary	System Summary
Broadband Link	Summary
	Statistics
	Detailed Statistics
	Configure
Local Network	Status
	Statistics

Group	Link
Local Network	
	Device List
	Wireless
	Configure
	Address Allocation
Firewall	Settings
	Detailed Information
	Advanced Settings
Voice	Configure Server
Troubleshooting	DSL Diagnostics
	Event Log
	Network Tests
	Upgrade History
	Resets
Advanced	Syslog Settings
	Provisioning Info
	Configure Time Services
	Configure Services
	Static Routes
	DNS Resolve
	Traffic Shaping
	Link Manager
	Detailed Log



Note: The link groups that display are dependent on the 2Wire gateway model. For example, DSL Diagnostics will display only if a user has a gateway that connects to the Internet via DSL.

System Summary Page

The System Summary page shows general information about the 2Wire gateway, its configuration, and components. For example, it shows the hardware and software version being used by the 2Wire gateway.

Broadband Link Pages

The Broadband Link pages show summary, detailed status, and statistical information about the 2Wire gateway broadband link; and lets you change configuration settings. For example, the Statistics page shows current upstream and downstream DSL data rates.

Local Network Pages

Local Network pages show the general operating status of the home network, and statistics associated with network interfaces. For example, the Statistics page shows the transmit and receive packet count for Ethernet, Wireless, HomePNA, and USB interfaces.

Firewall Pages

Firewall pages allow you to access settings and detailed information for the gateway's firewall, and to configure the firewall if necessary. For example, you can use the Firewall Settings page to access applications that are usually blocked by the firewall.

Troubleshooting Pages

Troubleshooting pages allow you to view detailed logs that maintain a record of all significant 2Wire gateway events, and to perform diagnostic tests. For example, if you are experiencing connection problems you can use the Ping tool on the WAN Tests page to ensure that the 2Wire gateway can "ping" a designated IP address.

Advanced Pages

Advanced pages provide detailed information and sophisticated diagnostics that, in general, should only be accessed by technically advanced users.

Remote Management Feature

Management and Diagnostic Console pages that affect gateway configuration can be accessed remotely *only* if your organization has enabled the Remote Management feature. If the feature is not enabled, an error message will display when you click the link to access the following pages.

- Broadband Link Configuration
- Local Network Configuration
- Local Network Address Allocation
- Firewall Settings
- Firewall Detailed Information
- Firewall Advanced Settings
- Troubleshooting Configure Logs
- · Troubleshooting Resets
- Advanced Syslog Settings
- Advanced Configure Time Services
- Advanced Configure Services
- Advanced Static Routes
- Advanced DNS Resolve
- Advanced Traffic Shaping

The following section shows Management and Diagnostic Console pages and describes how to use the information provided to troubleshoot the 2Wire gateway.

System Summary Page

The System Summary page shows general information about the 2Wire gateway, its configuration, and components.

ystem Summary	System Summar	У
roadband Link	System	
Summary	Model:	2700HGV Gateway
Statistics	Serial Number:	265116005072
Detailed Statistics	MAC Address:	00:14:95:00:76:d8
Configure	Hardware Version:	2700-000483-002
ocal Network	Hardware Options:	Wireless present
Status	DSL Modern Type:	ADSL
tatistics	Current Software:	4.21.7
Device List	Configuration	
Wireless	Key Code:	52AN-2374-WHE2-22AZ-B27S
Configure	System Time:	Wednesday, February 8, 2006
	CJOCOIN TIMOS	02:47:53 PM
Address Allocation		Pacific Standard Time
irewall	Time Since Last Boot:	0 days 03:56:46
Settings	Last ID Post:	Wednesday, February 8, 2006
Detailed Information		01:52:41 PM
Advanced Settings	Components	
bice	DSL Modem:	7.1.2
Configure Server	system:	40180
oubleshooting	base_ui:	40181
OSL Diagnostics	common_en:	40183
Event Log	common_fr:	40184
Network Tests	common_es:	40185
Upgrade History	base_voice:	40182
Resets	Firewall Rules:	1000
dvanced	Application List:	1001
Syslog Settings		
Provisioning Info		
Configure Time Services		
Configure Services		
Static Routes		
INS Resolve		
Traffic Shaping		
Link Manager		
Detailed Log		

Figure 24. MDC System Summary Page

Depending on the service provider and the components installed, the System Summary page includes the following information:

Item	Description
System	
Model	2Wire gateway model number (for example, "2700HGV Gateway").
Serial Number	2Wire gateway serial number.
MAC Address	2Wire gateway MAC address.

Item	Description
Hardware Version	2Wire gateway hardware version.
Hardware Options	The type of peripheral device installed.
DSL Modem Type	ADSL or ISDN.
Current Software	2Wire gateway software version.
Configuration	
Key Code	The key code associated with the current provisioning settings. The value is Unprovisioned if the 2Wire gateway has not yet been provisioned.
System Time	The day, month, year, and time; or "Retrieving date and time settings from Internet" if not set.
Time Since Last Boot	The time elapsed since the 2Wire gateway was last restarted.
Last ID Post	The time elapsed since the 2Wire gateway communicated with the configuration server.
Components	
DSL Modem	DSL modem software version.
Firewall Rules	Current version of the installed firewall rules database.
Application List	Current version of the application list.



Note: The contents of the Components list varies according to service provider-specific information. For example, the Components list may contain language files (such as common_en, common_es, or common_fr); user interface files (such as base_ui); or VoIP files (such as base_voice).

Broadband Link - Summary Page

The Broadband Link - Summary page allows you to view 2Wire gateway broadband connectivity-related settings, and reset the Broadband Link and ISP Connection.

System Summary	Broadband Link	– Summary
Broadband Link Summary Statistics	Connection Information Broadband Connection: Current Status:	Built in modem - ADSL Fully Operational
Detailed Statistics Configure Ocal Network Status Statistics Device List	DSL Connection Details DSL Line (Wire Pair): Protocol: DSL Channel: DSLAM: ATM PVC Info:	RESET Broadband Link Line 1 (inner pair) G.DMT Annex A Fast Country: (0xFF) Vendor: (00 00 FF 00) Specific: (0x00) 0/35
<u>Wireless</u> Configure	ATM Encapsulation:	
Address Allocation Firewall Settinas Detailed Information Advanced Settinas Voice Configure Server Troubleshooting DSL Diagnostics Event Log Network Tests Updrade History Resets	ISP Details Connection Type: User Name: PPPoE Access Concentrator: PPPoE Service: IP Address Range: Subnet Mask: Gateway: Primary DNS: Secondary DNS: Host Name Domain Name: MTU: Spoof MAC Address:	RESET ISP Connection PPPDE 2wire@sbcglobal.net bras5.plfnca 69.110.3.227 255.255.255 151.164.184.81 68.94.156.1 206.13.28.12 1492 1492
Advanced = Systolo Settings = Provisioning Info = Configure Time Services = Static Routes = DNS Resolve = Traffic Shaping = Link Manager = Detailed Log		

Figure 25. MDC Broadband Link Summary Page

The Broadband Link – Summary page includes the following information:

Item	Description
Connection Information	
Broadband Connection	Built-in ADSL Modem or External Broadband Modem via Ethernet.

Item	Description
Current Status	 The current operating condition of the broadband link. Fully operational. The broadband link is operational (including connection to ISP and other services). Initializing. The broadband link is preparing to connect. Establishing link. The broadband link is connecting. No physical link signal. No physical signal detected on the broadband link. Physical connection. The broadband link is connected. Error. There is a broadband link error.
DSL Connection Details (for D	SL models only)
DSL Line (Wire Pair)	Line 1 (inner pair), Line 2 (outer pair), or Searching for DSL signal. During installation, the 2Wire gateway auto detects whether the DSL signal is on line 1 or line 2.
Protocol	G.dmt, G.lite, or ANSI (T1.413).
DSL Channel	Fast or Interleaved.
DSLAM	DSLAM vendor identification. For G.dmt or G.lite protocol, values are Country, Vendor, and Specific. For ANSI (T1.413) protocol, values are ID, Rev (Revision), and Std (Standard).
ATM PVC Info	The ATM VPI/VCI.
ATM Encapsulation	LLC or VCMux.
ISP Details	
Connection Type	The method by which the 2Wire gateway connects to the ISP: Direct_IP, PPPoA, or PPPoE. For the HomePortal 1000, direct uses an RFC2684 (formerly RFC 1483) bridged Ethernet connection without FCS (PID=0x00-07) format.
User Name	The 2Wire gateway user name.
PPPoE Access Concentrator	This field is present only when the connection type is PPPoE.
PPPoE Service	The type of PPPoE services being used. This field is present only when the connection type is PPPoE.
IP Address Range	The broadband address of the 2Wire gateway.
Subnet Mask	The subnet mask to be used by the 2Wire gateway on the broadband link.
Gateway	The IP address of the default gateway (default router) that the 2Wire gateway connects to on the broadband link.

Item	Description
Primary DNS	The IP address of the primary DNS server that the 2Wire gateway is to use for DNS name resolution on the broadband link.
Secondary DNS	The IP address of the secondary DNS server that the 2Wire gateway is to use for DNS name resolution on the broadband link.
Host Name	The 2Wire gateway host name. This field is only present if the user configures the 2Wire gateway with a host name.
Domain Name	The domain name associated with the 2Wire gateway on the broadband link.
MTU	Maximum size of the packets sent from a computer to the network.
Spoof MAC Address	Either Disabled (if the default factory-set MAC address is used) or Enabled (if the computer's MAC address is used).

If there is an error on the broadband link or with the ISP connection, click the **Reset Broadband Link** or **Reset ISP Connection** button to reset the connections.

Broadband Link - Statistics Page

The Broadband Link - Statistics page shows statistics associated with the 2Wire gateway broadband link.

Note: To update the information displayed on this page, click the browser's Refresh button.

System Summary	Broadband Link – Statistics		RES	ET ATM S	ATM Statistics	
Broadband Link	DSL	Down	Up			
Summary	Current Rate:	3008 kbs	512 kbs			
Statistics	Max Rate:	11452 kbs	1152 kbs			
Detailed Statistics	Current Connection:					
Configure	Current Noise Margin:	20.0 dB	21.0 dB			
Local Network	Current Attenuation: Current Output Power:	8.3 dB -1.8 dB	4.5 dB 5.0 dB			
<u>Status</u>		-1.0 00				
<u>Statistics</u> Device List	ATM	Cells	Errors	%		
- Wireless	Transmit:	3211	0	0		
Configure	Receive:	22399	0	0		
Address Allocation	IP	Bytes	Packets	Errors	%	
Firewall	Transmit:	114504	1172	0	0	
Settings	Receive:	1028145	1471	0	0	
 Detailed Information 						
 Advanced Settings 						
Voice						
Configure Server						
Troubleshooting						
DSL Diagnostics						
Event Log Network Tests						
Upgrade History						
• Resets						
Advanced						
 Syslog Settings 						
Provisioning Info						
Configure Time Services						
Configure Services						
Static Routes						
DNS Resolve						
Traffic Shaping						
Link Manager						
Detailed Log						

Figure 26. MDC Broadband Link Statistics Page

The Broadband Link – Statistics page includes the following information:

Item	Description
DSL (for DSL models only)	
Current Rate	The DSL downstream and upstream rate, in kilobits.
Max Rate	The maximum DSL downstream and upstream rate, in kilobits.

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Item	Description
Current Connection	 Current Noise Margin. The current downstream and upstream noise margin in dB. Current Attenuation. The current downstream and upstream DSL attenuation in dB. Current Output Power. The current downstream and upstream DSL transmit and receive power in dB.
ATM	
Transmit	The cumulative number of cells transmitted, and the number and percentage transmitted in error.
Receive	The cumulative number of cells received, and the number and percentage received in error.
IP	
Transmit	The cumulative number of IP packets transmitted, the cumulative number of IP payload bytes transmitted, and the number and percentage transmitted in error.
Receive	The number of bytes and packets received, and the number and percentage received in error.

To reset the broadband link statistics, click the $\ensuremath{\textbf{Reset}}$ button.

Broadband Link - Detailed DSL Statistics Page



Note: This link is present only if the 2Wire gateway connects to the Internet via ADSL.

The Broadband Link – Detailed DSL Statistics page shows a set of cumulative DSL statistics associated with the 2Wire gateway.

System Summary	Broadband Link – Detailed DSL RESET Statistics				RESET Statistics
Broadband Link	Statistics				
Summary	0-11				
Statistics	Collected for 4:02:06				
Detailed Statistics				Current	
Configure		Cines	Current 24-Hour	15-	Time Since
Local Network		Since Reset	24-HUUI Interval	Minute Interval	Last Event
Status	ATM				
Statistics	Cell Header Errors: Loss of Cell Delineation:	0 0	0 0	0	0:00:00 0:00:00
Device List	Loss of Cell Delineation:	U	U	U	0.00.00
Wireless	DSL				
Configure	Link Retrains:	0	0	0	0:00:00
Address Allocation	DSL Training Errors:	0	0	0	0:00:00
	Training Timeouts:	0	0	0	0:00:00
Firewall Settings	Loss of Framing Failures:	0	0	0	0:00:00
Detailed Information	Loss of Signal Failures:	0	0	0	0:00:00
Advanced Settings	Loss of Power Failures:	0	0	0	0:00:00
	Loss of Margin Failures:	0	0	0	0:00:00
Voice	Cumulative Seconds w/Errors:	0	0	0	0:00:00
 Configure Server 	Cumulative Sec. w/Severe Errors: Corrected Blocks:	0	0	0	0:00:00 0:00:00
Troubleshooting	Uncorrectable Blocks:	0	0	0	0:00:00
 DSL Diagnostics 	DSL Unavailable Seconds:	77	77	0	4:00:48
Event Log	ISP Connection Establishment:	1	1	1	0:01:25
Network Tests					
Upgrade History					
Resets					
Advanced					
Syslog Settings					
Provisioning Info					
Configure Time Services					
Configure Services					
Static Routes					
DNS Resolve					
Traffic Shaping					
Link Manager					
Detailed Log					

Figure 27. MDC Broadband Link Detailed DSL Statistics Page



 $\label{eq:Note: the browser's Refresh button.}$

The Broadband Link – Detailed DSL Statistics page includes the following information:

Item	Description
ATM	
Cell Header Errors	The number of ATM cell header CRC errors since the 2Wire gateway was last restarted, and the elapsed time since the last cell header error.
Loss of Cell Delineation	The number of ATM loss of cell delineation errors since the 2Wire gateway was last restarted, and the elapsed time since the last loss of cell delineation error.
DSL	
Link Retrains	The number of DSL retrains since the 2Wire gateway was last restarted, and the time elapsed since the last retrain.
DSL Training Errors	The number of failed DSL retrains since the 2Wire gateway was last restarted, and the elapsed time since the last failed retrain.
Training Timeouts	The number of timeouts waiting for response from ATU-C since the 2Wire gateway was last restarted, and the elapsed time since the last initialization timeout.
Loss of Framing Failures	The number of DSL loss of framing failures since the 2Wire gateway was last restarted, and the elapsed time since the last line search initialization.
Loss of Signal Failures	The number of DSL loss of signal failures since the 2Wire gateway was last restarted, and the elapsed time since the last loss of signal failure.
Loss of Power Failures	The number of DSL loss of power indications from the ATU-C since the 2Wire gateway was last restarted, and the elapsed time since the last loss of power indication.
Loss of Margin Failures	The number of DSL loss-of-margin failures at current data rate since the 2Wire gateway was last restarted, and the elapsed time since the last loss of margin failure.
Cumulative Seconds w/Errors	The number of cumulative errored seconds since the 2Wire gateway was last restarted, and the elapsed time since the last error.

Item	Description
Cumulative Sec.w/Severe Errors	The number of severely errored seconds since the 2Wire gateway was last restarted, and the elapsed time since the last severely errored second.
Corrected Blocks	The number of corrected DSL superframes that had data errors detected during reception.
Uncorrectable Blocks	The number of uncorrected DSL superframes that had data errors detected.
DSL Unavailable Seconds	The number of unavailable seconds (modem downtime) since the 2Wire gateway was last restarted, and the elapsed time since the last unavailable second.
ISP Connection Establishment	The number of times the ISP connection was established since the statistics were last reset, and the elapsed time since the last establishment.

To reset the DSL statistics, click the $\ensuremath{\textbf{Reset}}$ button.

Broadband Link - Configuration Page

The Broadband Link – Configuration page allows you to modify specific broadband connection settings.

	Broadband Link – C	onfiguration	SUBMIT Settings
ystem Summary		enngaration	security.
Broadband Link • <u>Summary</u>	WARNING		
Statistics	Modifying the settings on this page can impac broadband connection. Modifications may als		
Detailed Statistics	local network.	o arreet or oadoaria-criabica applica	tons and services raining on the
Configure			
.ocal Network	DSL and ATM Settings		
Status	DSL Line Selection:	Automatic	~
Statistics	ATM Circuit Identifier:	VPI: 0	VCI: 35
Device List	ATM Encapsulation:	Bridged LLC 🛛 👻	
Wireless	ATM PVC Search:	 Enabled 	🔘 Disabled
Configure Address Allocation			
	Internet Connection Settings —	Connection and Authent	ication
Firewall Settings	Broadband connection:	Enabled	O Disabled
Detailed Information	Connection Type:	PPPoE	*
Advanced Settings	Username:	2wire@sbcglobal.n	
Voice	Password:	•••••	
Configure Server	Confirm Password:	•••••	
Troubleshooting	You must enter a username and password if y	ou select PPPoE or PPPoA.	
DSL Diagnostics	PPP on Demand:	0 Minutes	
Event Log	Entering a value of zero enables a connection	with no timeout.	
Network Tests	Internet Composition Cottings	Handurana Adduses Orren	
Upgrade History	Internet Connection Settings —	Hardware Address Over	ride
Resets	 Use the built-in hardware address. 		
Advanced	 Override the built-in hardware addres 	S.	
Syslog Settings Provisioning Info	Hardware Address:		
Configure Time Services	Internet Connection Settings —	Internet Address	
Configure Services	Obtain Internet address automatically		
Static Routes	 Manually configure Internet address s 		
DNS Resolve	IP Address:	seungs.	
Traffic Shaping			
Link Manager	Subnet Mask:		
Detailed Log	Default Gateway:		
	□ Internet Connection Settings —	DNS	
	Obtain DNS information automatical		
	 Manually configure your DNS information 		
	•	uon.	
	Primary Server:		
	Secondary Server:		
	Domain Name:		

Figure 28. MDC Broadband Link Configuration Page



Note: Modifying the settings on this page can impact the ability of computers on the local network to access the broadband connection. You should modify these settings ONLY if you are thoroughly familiar with networking.

Modifying DSL and ATM Settings

By default, the gateway automatically detects which DSL line to use. The DSL and ATM Settings pane allows you to select a DSL line and manually configure your ATM settings.

To modify DSL or ATM settings:

- 1. From the DSL Line Selection pull-down, select Automatic, Line 1(inner pair), or Line 2 (outer pair).
- 2. In the ATM Circuit Identifier VPI and VCI fields, enter the VPI and VCI you want the gateway to use to connect to the ISP.
- 3. From the ATM Encapsulation pull-down menu, select VC-Mux or LLC.
- 4. In the ATM/PVC Search field, click the **Enabled** or **Disabled** radio button.
- 5. Click the Submit button.

Modifying Internet Connection and Authentication Settings

The Internet Connection Settings - Connection and Authentication pane allows you to modify the method by which you connect to the Internet.

To modify Internet connection and authentication settings:

- 1. Ensure that the Broadband connection **Enabled** radio button is selected (default).
- **2.** From the Connection Type pull-down menu, select the connection type (either Direct IP (DHCP or Static), PPPoE, or PPPoA).

If you connect via PPPoE or PPPoA, proceed to step 2. If you connect via Direct IP, proceed to step 5. Direct IP connection does not require a user name or password.

- **3.** In the Username field, enter your user name.
- 4. In the Password field, enter your password.
- 5. In the Confirm Password field, re-enter your system password.
- 6. Click the Submit button.

The PPP on Demand field allows you to enable PPP on-demand. If the value is set to 0 minutes, the PPP session will be persistent (always-on). If the value is between 1 to 10080 minutes, the PPP session will timeout if the 2Wire gateway does not detect outbound traffic destined for the Internet in the specified time. When the 2Wire gateway detects outbound traffic, the session is reestablished.



Note: By default, the minimum timeout value is 3 minutes.
Modifying Hardware Address

By default, the 2Wire gateway uses its built-in hardware address. The Internet Connection Settings -Hardware Address Override pane allows you to manually override the MAC address of the broadband connection, which is sometimes required for cable modems that perform MAC address authentication.

To modify the hardware address:

- 1. Click the Override the built-in hardware address radio button.
- 2. In the Hardware Address field, enter the alternative hardware address.
- 3. Click the Submit button.

Modifying Internet Address Settings

By default, the 2Wire gateway automatically obtains its Internet address. The Internet Connection Settings - Internet Address pane allows you to manually configure your Internet address settings.

To manually configure your Internet address settings:

- 1. Click the Manually configure Internet address settings radio button.
- 2. In the IP Address field, enter the IP address you want the 2Wire gateway to use.
- 3. In the Subnet Mask field, enter the subnet mask you want the 2Wire gateway to use.
- **4.** In the Default Gateway field, enter the default gateway address you want the 2Wire gateway to use.
- 5. Click the Submit button.

Modifying DNS Information

By default, the 2Wire gateway automatically obtains DNS server addresses via DHCP. The Internet Connection Settings - DNS pane allows you to manually configure your DNS information.

To manually configure your DNS information:

- 1. Click the Manually configure your DNS information radio button.
- 2. In the Primary Server field, enter the IP address of the primary DNS server that the 2Wire gateway is to use for DNS name resolution.
- **3.** In the Secondary Server field, enter the IP address of the secondary DNS server that the 2Wire gateway is to use for DNS name resolution.
- 4. In the Domain Name field, enter the specific domain name to be used by the 2Wire gateway.
- 5. Click the Submit button.

Local Network - Status Page

The Local Network – Status page shows the status of the local network.

System Summary	Local Network	– Status		
Broadband Link Summary Statistics Onfigure Local Network Status Status Status	IP Gateway: IP Network: Subnet Mask: DHCP Range: Allocated: Remaining: DHCP Timeout:	192.168.1.254 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.64 – 192 2 188 1440 minutes	.168.1.253	
Device List	Devices	Active	Inactive	Mode
<u>Wireless</u> Configure Address Allocation	Ethernet: Wireless (802.11): USB:	1 0 0	1 0 	
Firewall Settings Detailed Information Advanced Settings	Public Network Router Address: Subnet Mask:	Disabled Disabled		
Voice • Configure Server Troubleshooting PSL Diagnostics • Event Log • Network Tests • Uparade History • Resets	Bridge Network Bridge Address: Subnet Mask:	Disabled Disabled		
Advanced Syston Settinas Provisioning Info Configure Time Services Configure Services Static Routes DNS Resolve Irraftic Shaping Link Manager Otelailed Log				

Figure 29. MDC Local Network Status Page

The Local Network – Status page includes the following information:

Item	Description
IP	
Gateway	The IP address allocated to the 2Wire gateway.
IP Network	The IP address used by the network.
Subnet Mask	The subnet mask allocated to the 2Wire gateway.
DHCP Range	The range of IP addresses available on the network, the number of addresses Allocated, and the number of addresses Remaining.

Item	Description
DHCP Timeout	The time, in minutes, before the DHCP lease must be renewed.
Devices	
Ethernet	The number of Active and Inactive Ethernet devices on the network.
Wireless (802.11)	The number of Active and Inactive wireless devices on the network.
USB	Specifies whether a USB device is present (Active) on the network. If a USB device is not present, the value is Inactive.
Public Network	
Router Address	Defines a separate network on the home side.
Subnet Mask	The subnet mask allocated for public address.
Bridge Network	
Router Address	Creates a bridge network with the broadband.
Subnet Mask	The subnet mask allocated for public address.



Note: If you have Enhanced Services (such as Internet Access Control) installed, the specific service and its status display in the Devices panel.

Local Network - Statistics Page

The Local Network – Statistics page shows information about the interfaces on the local network.

System Summary	Local Netv	vork – Statistic	s	RESET	Statistics
Broadband Link	Ethernet	Bytes	Packets	Errors	
 Summary 	Transmit:	3106914	16398	0	0
Statistics	Receive:	2654227	17688	Ō	0
Detailed Statistics					
<u>Configure</u>	Wireless				
Local Network	Transmit:	117952	0	5401	0
• <u>Status</u>	Receive:	703362193	0	0	0
<u>Statistics</u>	USB				
Device List	Transmit:	0	0	0	0
• Wireless	Receive:	0	0	0	0 0
<u>Configure</u>		-	-	-	-
 Address Allocation 					
Firewall					
Settings					
Detailed Information					
Advanced Settings					
Voice					
Configure Server					
Troubleshooting					
 DSL Diagnostics 					
Event Log					
Network Tests					
Upgrade History					
Resets					
Advanced					
 Syslog Settings 					
Provisioning Info					
Configure Time Services					
<u>Configure Services</u>					
Static Routes					
DNS Resolve					
Traffic Shaping					
Link Manager					
Detailed Log					

Figure 30. MDC Local Network Statistics Page

The Local Network – Statistics page includes the following information:

Item	Description
Ethernet	
Transmit	The cumulative number of frames transmitted over the Ethernet home network interface, the number of payload bytes transmitted, and the number and percentage of transmitted packets in error.

Item	Description
Receive	The cumulative number of frames received over the Ethernet home network interface, the number of payload bytes received, and the number and percentage of received packets in error.
Wireless (this field is present o	only on wireless 2Wire gateway models)
Transmit	The cumulative number of frames transmitted over the wireless home network interface, the number of payload bytes transmitted, and the number and percentage of transmitted packets in error.
Receive	The cumulative number of frames received over the wireless home network interface, the number of payload bytes received, and the number and percentage of received packets in error.
USB	
Transmit	The cumulative number of frames transmitted over the USB home network interface, the number of payload bytes transmitted, and the number and percentage of transmitted packets in error.
Receive	The cumulative number of frames received over the USB home network interface, the number of payload bytes received, and the number and percentage of received packets in error.

To reset the local network statistics, click the $\ensuremath{\textbf{Reset}}$ button.

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Local Network - Device List Page

The Local Network - Device List page displays information about each device in the local network.

System Summary	Local N		Device List	IP Address
Broadband Link • Summary	System	Туре 	00:14:95:00:76:d9	192.168.1.254
Summary Statistics	QVT_109	 Ethernet	00:d0:9e:00:00:a0	192.168.1.254
Detailed Statistics	MOM	Ethernet	00:c0:4f:1d:62:35	192.168.1.65
<u>Configure</u>				
ocal Network				
Status				
 <u>Statistics</u> 				
Device List				
 Wireless 				
<u>Configure</u>				
 Address Allocation 				
Firewall				
Settings Detailed Information				
 Detailed Information Advanced Settings 				
Voice • <u>Configure Server</u>				
Troubleshooting • DSL Diagnostics				
Event Log				
Network Tests				
Upgrade History				
• Resets				
Advanced				
Syslog Settings				
 Provisioning Info 				
<u>Configure Time Services</u>				
Configure Services				
<u>Static Routes</u>				
DNS Resolve				
<u>Traffic Shaping</u>				
 Link Manager Detailed Log 				

Figure 31. MDC Local Network Device List Page

The following information is displayed.

Item	Description
Identity	The name of the device. If the device does not have a name associated with it, the device IP address is displayed.
Туре	The type of connection used by the device to connect to the local network: Ethernet, USB, or Wireless.
MAC Address	The hardware address used by the device.
IP Address	The IP address used by the device.

Local Network - Wireless Settings Page

The Local Network - Wireless Settings page allows you to view or change the wireless settings with which your gateway is configured.

em Summary	Local Network – W	/ireless Settings	SUBMIT Settings
Toadband Link Summary Statistics Detailed Statistics Configure	Current Settings Access Point: Network Name: Channel: Authentication: Encryption:	00:14:95:00:76:d9 2WIRE072 6 (2437 MHz) WEP-Open WEP	
ical Network _{Natus}	Settings		
atistics	Network Name:	2WIRE072	
i <u>ce List</u>	Wireless Channel:	6 (2437 MHz) 💙	
<u>reless</u> nfigure	Enable SSID Broadcast:	V	
Idress Allocation	Wireless Security		
ewall	Enable Wireless Network Security:		
ettings	Authentication:	WEP-Open 🗸	
<u>etailed Information</u> dvanced Settings	 Use default encryption key 		
ce	 Use custom encryption ke 	/	
nfigure Server	Key:		
ubleshooting			
<u>SL Diagnostics</u> rent Log	Additional Settings (defaults) Wireless Mode:	802.11b/g V Default: 802.11b/g	
eni Log stwork Tests	DTIM Period (seconds):	1 Default: 1	
grade History	Power Setting:	10 V Default: 4	
<u>sets</u>	Maximum Connection Rate:	54 Mops 💙 Default: 54 Mops	
anced			SUBMIT Settings
<u>slog Settings</u> visioning Info			Cottingo
nfigure Time Services			Back to Top
nfiqure Services			
tic Routes			
Resolve			
ffic Shaping			
<u>k Manager</u> ailed Log			

Figure 32. MDC Local Network Wireless Settings Page

The Current Settings panel shows the 2Wire gateway's wireless access point settings.

- Access Point. The designated name of the wireless access point.
- **Network Name.** The name assigned to your wireless network. The default is 2WIREXXX, where XXX represents the last three digits of your 2Wire gateway serial number (for example, 2WIRE954).
- **Channel.** The radio frequency band the access point uses for your wireless network (the default is 6). Wireless adapter cards auto-detect the channels to use. If you are having problems with your wireless network, it could be due to radio interference. You can change the wireless channel to see if interference is reduced on a different channel.
- **Authentication.** The security method used to ensure that users are authorized to access the wireless network: WEP-Open, WEP-Shared, or WPA-PSK.
- Encryption. The security setting that makes it difficult for unauthorized users to access your network.

The Settings panel allows you to change the Network Name and Wireless Channel, and enable SSID broadcast.

Customizing Security Settings

You should always enable encryption for wireless communication. When encryption is enabled, you must define an encryption key for the 2Wire gateway's wireless access point and configure that same key on each wireless client that will use your 2Wire gateway wireless network.



Note: If encryption is enabled, each wireless client must be configured with the encryption key defined on the system before it can operate on your wireless network.

You can customize the following wireless settings in the Wireless Security panel.

1. From the Authentication pull-down menu, select an authentication setting: WEP-Open, WEP-Shared, or WPA-PSK.

Open authentication allows users to configure their wireless adapter as either Open or Shared; in either case an encryption key is required. Shared authentication allows users to configure their wireless adapter for Shared authentication, which requires an encryption key. WPA-PSK requires that users configure their wireless adapter using TKIP.

2. To use the encryption key that came with your gateway, click the **Use default encryption key** radio button. To create a custom encryption key, click the **Use custom encryption key** radio button.

If you select **Use custom encryption key**, you can define a 64-bit or 128-bit encryption key. For 64-bit encryption, in the Key field enter a 10-digit hexadecimal number. For 128-bit encryption, enter a 26-digit hexadecimal number. A hexadecimal number uses the characters 0-9, a-f, or A-F.

3. Click the Submit button.

Additional Settings

The Additional Settings panel allows you to customize wireless settings. In general, it is recommended that you leave the default settings in place; however, if you are experiencing connection or performance difficulties, altering these settings may improve performance.



Note: Because the fields that display are dependent on the type of wireless adapter you are using, some of these settings may not display.

- Wireless Mode. Allows you to force the gateway to use 802.11b/g, 802.11b-only, or 802.11g-only modes of operation.
- **DTIM Period (seconds).** Determines at which interval the access point will send its broadcast traffic. The default value is 1 second.
- **Power Setting.** Allows you to select the power level for your wireless connection. The default list is 1 to 4; additional options may appear based on the service provider's configuration.
- Maximum Connection Rate. The maximum rate at which your wireless connection works (1, 2, 5.5, 11, or 22 Mbps for 802.11b-based models; 1, 2, 5.5, 11, 6, 9, 12, 24, 36, 48, or 54 Mbps for 802.11b/ g-based models).

Local Network - Configuration Page

Note: To access this page, your organization must have the Remote Management feature enabled. If the feature is not enabled, an error message will display when you click the link to access this page.

The Local Network - Configuration page allows you to change the gateway's default local network settings. You must click the **Submit** button for changes to take effect.

System Summary	Local Network -	- Configuration	SUBMIT	Settings
Broadband Link	WARNING			
 Summary 	Modifying the settings on this page can impact the ability of computers on the local network to access your			
 Statistics 	broadband connection. Modifications	s may also affect broadband-enabled application		
Detailed Statistics	local network.			
<u>Configure</u>	Private Network			
Local Network	Private Network If you change the IP address range, you must renew the DHCP lease on all devices on the network.			
<u>Status</u> <u>Statistics</u>			devices on the net	WOIK.
Device List	192.168.1.0 / 255.255.255.0	(default)		
Wireless	0 172.16.0.0 / 255.255.0.0			
Configure	Ŭ			
Address Allocation	0 10.0.0.0 / 255.255.0.0			
Firewall	 Configure manually 			
<u>Settings</u>	Router Address:			
Detailed Information	Subnet Mask:			
 Advanced Settings 	Enable DHCP			
Voice	First DHCP Address:			
 Configure Server 				
Troubleshooting	Last DHCP Address:			
 DSL Diagnostics 	Set DHCP Lease Time:			
Event Log	Set DHCP Lease Time.	24 hours		
Network Tests	Public Network			
 <u>Upgrade History</u> Resets 		et to the public network specified below.		
	Router Address:			
Advanced • Syslog Settings				
Provisioning Info	Subnet Mask:			
Configure Time Services	Bridge Network			
<u>Configure Services</u>	-	es to be used on the local network.		
 Static Routes 	Broadband Network:	69.110.3.227/255.255.255.2	48	
 DNS Resolve 	Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.255		
 Traffic Shaping 				
 Link Manager 	Display Settings			
Detailed Log	🗹 Show inactive devices in netv	vork list		
				•••••
	Enable Router behind Ro			
	🗹 Display alert when another ro	outer is connected to this router.		
			SUBMIT	Settings
				8

Figure 33. MDC Local Network Configuration Page

Private Network Settings

By default, the gateway uses the 192.168.0.1/255.255.0.0 IP address range. The Private Network pane allows you to change the IP address range used by the local network. You can choose from three standard configuration options, or configure the network settings manually.



Note: If you change the local network IP address range, you must renew the DHCP lease on all devices on the gateway's local network and manually reconfigure all devices configured with static IP addresses.

Public Network Settings

The Public Network pane allows you to create a local network that has broadband network-accessible IP addresses by creating a route from the Internet to the public network specified. The public network operates without the use of Network Address Translation (NAT). This feature is typically used in conjunction with broadband service that provides a range of available IP addresses. Once enabled, the public IP addresses can be assigned to local computers.

Bridge Network Settings

The Bridge Network pane allows you to create a local network that has broadband-accessible IP addresses. Bridge Network is a public network in which the local network is an extension of the broadband network and does not require any special routing. Computers that are assigned Bridge Network IP addresses operate without the use of Network Address Translation (NAT). This feature is typically used in conjunction with broadband service that provides a range of IP addresses. Once enabled, the bridge network IP addresses can be assigned to local computers.

Display Settings

If the **Show Inactive Devices** checkbox is checked, devices that are no longer on the local network will display in the Local Network Local Devices list as an inactive device. If this checkbox is not checked, inactive devices will not be displayed in the device list.

Enable Router Behind Router Alert

If the **Display alert when another router is connected to this router** checkbox is checked, the Router Behind Router error page displays in the gateway user interface if the gateway detects the presence of a third-party router. If a third-party router is connected to the 2Wire gateway, the network can become unstable because both devices are trying to manage private IPs via NAT.

Local Network - Address Allocation Page



Note: To access this page, your organization must have the Remote Management feature enabled. If the feature is not enabled, an error message will display when you click the link to access this page.

The Local Network - Address Allocation page shows the name and IP address of each device on the gateway's local network, and allows you to create DHCP mappings for each device.

System Summary Broadband Link		etwork – Add	ress Allocation SUBMIT	Settings
Summary	Device	Current Settings	IP Address	
 Statistics 	QVT_109	192.168.1.64	DHCP Private: 192.168.1.0 💙	
 Detailed Statistics 	MOM	192.168.1.65	DHCP Private: 192.168.1.0 V	
Configure	mom	102.100.1.00	Dior Filoace: 152.100.1.0	
Local Network				
 <u>Status</u> 				
<u>Statistics</u>				
Device List				
Wireless				
<u>Configure</u> Address Allocation				
Firewall				
Settings Detailed Information				
Detailed Information Advanced Settings				
Voice Configure Server				
Troubleshooting				
<u>DSL Diagnostics</u> Event Log				
Network Tests				
Upgrade History				
Resets				
Advanced				
Syslog Settings				
Provisioning Info				
Configure Time Services				
Configure Services				
Static Routes				
DNS Resolve				
Traffic Shaping				
Link Manager				
Detailed Log				

Figure 34. MDC Local Network Address Allocation Page

To change the DHCP mapping for a device:

- **1.** From the IP Address pull-down menu next to the device, select an address from any of the available networks.
- 2. Click the Submit button.



Note: If you change the home network IP address range, you must renew the DHCP lease on all devices on your home network and manually reconfigure all devices configured with static IP addresses.

Firewall - Settings Page



Note: To access this page, your organization must have the Remote Management feature enabled. If the feature is not enabled, an error message will display when you click the link to access this page.

The Firewall - Settings page allows you to configure the firewall to pass through specific application data to a selected computer.

System Summary	Firewall – Settings SUBMT Settings
Summary Statistics Detailed Statistics Configure	By default, the firewall blocks all unwanted access from the Internet. You can allow access from the Internet to applications running on computers inside your secure home network by enabling frewall pinholes. Opening frewall pinholes is also known as opening frewall ports or firewall port forwarding. To do this, associate the desired application with the computer below. If you cannot find a listing for your application, you can create a user-defined application profile. (To create a user-defined profile, you will need to know protocol and port information.)
Local Network	To Allow Users Through the Firewall to Hosted Applications
<u>Status</u> <u>Statistics</u>	Select a computer Choose the computer that will host applications through the firewail: <u>avr_log</u>
Device List Wireless	2 Edit firewall settings for this computer:
<u>Configure</u>	Maximum protection – Disallow unsolicited inbound traffic.
 Address Allocation 	Allow individual application(s) - Choose the application(s) that will be enabled to pass through the formality the permeters of the ADD to add the the United State Indiana list.
Firewall	the firewall to this computer. Click ADD to add it to the Hosted Applications list.
 Settings 	All applications 💙 Hosted Applications:
 Detailed Information 	Age of Empires
 Advanced Settings 	Age of Kings
Voice	Age of Wonders Aliens vs Predator
 Configure Server 	Anarchy Online
Troubleshooting	Asheron's Call
DSL Diagnostics	Baldur's Cate REMOVE
Event Log	Battlefield Communicator
Network Tests	Black and White 💌
Upgrade History	Add a new user-defined application
Resets	
	Allow all applications (DMZplus mode) – Set the selected computer in DMZplus mode. All
Advanced	inbound traffic, except traffic which has been specifically assigned to another computer using the "Allow individual applications" feature, will automatically be directed to this computer. The
<u>Syslog Settings</u>	DMZplus-enabled computer is less secure because all unassigned firewall ports are opened for
Provisioning Info	that computer.
<u>Configure Time Services</u>	Note: Once DMZplus mode is selected and you click DONE, the system will issue a new IP address to the
<u>Configure Services</u>	selected computer. The computer must be set to DHCP mode to receive the new IP address to the
 <u>Static Routes</u> 	and you must reboot the computer. If you are changing DMZplus mode from one computer to another computer,
 DNS Resolve 	you must reboot both computers.
 Traffic Shaping 	SUBMIT Settings
 Link Manager 	
 Detailed Log 	

Figure 35. MDC Firewall Settings Page

Hosting an Application

To host an application on the gateway's network for Internet users to access (such as a Web server), the firewall must be configured to allow users on the Internet to access it.

To host an application:

- **1.** From **1 Select a computer**, select a computer from the pull-down menu.
- 2. From 2 Edit firewall settings for this computer, click the Allow individual application(s) radio button.
- **3.** From the Applications list, select an application profile.
- 4. Click the ADD > button. The application displays in the Hosted Applications list.
- 5. Click the Submit button.

To stop an application that is routed to a selected computer:

- **1.** From the Hosted Applications list, select the application profile name.
- 2. Click the **< REMOVE** button.



Note: If an application does not appear in the Applications list, the list may need updating. If an update is available, click the **UPDATE APPLICATION LIST** button.

Creating an Application Profile

If the application that the user wishes to host is not included in the updated application list, you may need to create an application profile. An application profile configures the system's firewall to pass through application-specific data.

To create an application profile:

1. Click the Add a new user-defined application link. The Edit Application page opens.

INIRE.	Management and [Diagnostic Console	
System Summary	Firewall – Edit A	Application	BACK
Broadband Link	Profile Name		
Summary	Enter a name for the application p	profile that you are creating.	
<u>Statistics</u> <u>Detailed Statistics</u>	Application Name:		
<u>Configure</u>	Definition		
Local Network • <u>Status</u> • <u>Statistics</u>		port(s) for this application, then click ADD DE he application requires multiple ports or both ns.	
• <u>Device List</u> • <u>Wireless</u> • <u>Configure</u>		application types require specialized firewall chan adding appears in the application type menu below	
Address Allocation	Protocol:	● TCP ○ UDP	
Firewall	Port (or Range):	From: To:	
Detailed Information Advanced Settings	Protocol Timeout (seconds):	TCP default 86400 UDP default 600	
/oice	Map to Host Port:	Default = the same por	t as defined above.
Configure Server			
roubleshooting	Application Type:	None (Default)	*
DSL Diagnostics		ADD DEFINITION	
Event Log			
Network Tests			
Upgrade History			
Resets			
dvanced			
Syslog Settings			
Provisioning Info			
Configure Time Services			
Configure Services			
Static Routes			
DNS Resolve			
Traffic Shaping			
Link Manager			
Detailed Log			

Figure 36. MDC Firewall Edit Application Page

- 2. In the Application Name field, enter a name for the application profile.
- **3.** In the Protocol field, click the **TCP** or **UDP** radio button. If both protocols are required, you must create a definition for each.
- **4.** In the Port (or Range) field, enter the port or port range used by the application.
- **5.** In the Protocol Timeout (seconds) field, enter the amount of time (in seconds) that the connection in the specified range should remain open when there is no data transfer. In most cases the default value is appropriate.
- **6.** In the Map to Host Port field, enter the value that provides the mapping offset to the local computer. For example, if this value is set to 4000 and the range being opened is 100 to 108, the forwarded data to the first value in the range will be sent to 4000. Subsequent ports will be mapped accordingly; 101 will be sent to 4001, 102 will be sent to 4002, etc.

- **7.** From the Application Type pull-down menu, select the application type: None (Default), File Transfer Protocol (FTP), Microsoft Games, H.323-based Internet telephony, IRC (Internet relay chat) server, or PPTP virtual private network server.
- 8. Click the Add Definition button.
- 9. Repeat the previous step for each port or range of ports required for the application profile.

Allowing all applications

DMZplus is used for hosting applications if an application will not operate properly using the "Allow individual application(s)" option. When in DMZplus mode, the designated computer:

- Shares the gateway's IP address.
- Appears as if it is directly connected to the Internet.
- · Has all of the unassigned TCP and UDP ports opened and pointed to it.
- · Can receive unsolicited network traffic from the Internet.



Note: DMZplus can only be configured for one computer on the local network at a time.

To configure a computer on the user's network for DMZplus mode:

- **1.** Select the computer to which the user wishes to have all data sent.
- 2. Click the Allow all applications (DMZplus mode) radio button.
- 3. Click Submit.
- **4.** Access the selected computer.
- 5. Confirm that the computer is configured for DHCP. If it is not, configure it for DHCP.
- 6. Restart the computer.

When the computer restarts, it receives a special IP address from the system and all unassigned TCP and UDP ports are forwarded to it.

Firewall - Detailed Information Page



Note: To access this page, your organization must have the Remote Management feature enabled. If the feature is not enabled, an error message will display when you click the link to access this page.

The Firewall - Detailed Information page shows detailed information about the gateway's firewall.

	Firewall – Detailed Information	
System Summary		
Broadband Link	Pinholes	
Summary	external pin-holes (192 available):	
Statistics		
Detailed Statistics	NAT Sessions	
<u>Configure</u>	current secs since boot: 15656	
Local Network	session table 1023/1024 available, 0/512 used in inbound sessions:	
<u>Status</u>	<pre>sess[49]: bkt 5, flags: 0x000000c8, proto: 17, cnt: 2 1: 69.110.3.227:30536, f: 68.94.156.1:53, n: 69.110.3.227:30536</pre>	
<u>Statistics</u>	lnd: (0,0), fnd: (45,0)	
Device List	last used 15089, max_idle: 600	
Vireless Configure		
 Address Allocation 		Back to Top
Firewall		Duck to rop
 Settings 		
Detailed Information		
Advanced Settings		
Voice		
Configure Server		
Troubleshooting		
DSL Diagnostics		
Event Log		
Network Tests		
 Upgrade History 		
Resets		
Advanced		
Syslog Settings		
Provisioning Info Configure Time Services		
Configure Services		
Static Routes		
DNS Resolve		
Traffic Shaping		
Link Manager		
Detailed Log		

Figure 37. MDC Firewall Detailed Information Page

Pinholes

A pinhole is a configuration setting in the firewall that allows access to specific services running on the network. For example, in order for users outside the network to access a specific application (such as a game), a pinhole must be opened on the gateway firewall to allow requests to the application.

The Pinholes pane shows the number of pinholes that are currently open. There are 192 pinholes available.

NAT Sessions

The NAT Sessions pane shows the number of NAT sessions currently running.

Firewall - Advanced Settings Page

Note: To access this page, your organization must have the Remote Management feature enabled. If the feature is not enabled, an error message will display when you click the link to access this page.

The Firewall - Advanced Settings page allows you to configure the gateway's firewall.

System Summary	Firewall – A	dvanced Settings	SUBMIT	Settings
Broadband Link	WARNING			
Summary		his page can impact the ability of computers on the loca		
Statistics	broadband connection. Mo local network.	difications may also affect broadband-enabled applicat	ions and services runni	ng on the
Detailed Statistics Configure	ICCal Herwork.			
ocal Network	Security			
Status	Check to enable the featu	ures below:		
Statistics	Stealth Mode			
Device List	Block Ping			
<u>Vireless</u> Configure	Strict UDP Session 0	Control		
Address Allocation				
ïrewall	Inbound and Outbo			
Settings	Checking the box allows	the associated traffic type through the firewall.		
Detailed Information	Outbound	Inbound		
Advanced Settings	HTTP	🗹 Remote Management		
foice	HTTPS	NetBIOS		
Configure Server	FTP			
roubleshooting DSL Diagnostics	Telnet			
Event Log	SMTP			
Network Tests				
Upgrade History Resets	NetBIOS			
<u>Resels</u> Advanced	POP3			
Syslog Settings				
Provisioning Info	MAP IMAP			
Configure Time Services	NNTP			
Configure Services Static Routes	IRC IRC			
DNS Resolve	V H323			
Traffic Shaping	All Other Protocols			
Link Manager	Attack Detection			
Detailed Log		2-4		
	Excessive Session E	Pelection		
	TCP/UDP Port Scan			
	🔽 Invalid Source/Destir			
	Packet Flood (SYN/U	/DP/ICMP/Other)		
	📝 Invalid TCP Flag Atta	cks (NULL/XMAS/Other)		
	🗹 Invalid ICMP Detectio	on		
	🔽 Miscellaneous			
	Full Logging			
	Enable Full Logging:	Note: Enabling full logging will reduce syste	m performance.	
			CLIDA 67	0-#1
			SUBMIT	Settings

Figure 38. MDC Firewall Advanced Settings Page

Enabling Security Features

The Security pane allows you to configure the gateway's firewall to provide additional security features. Following are descriptions of the features.

Stealth Mode. Enabling Stealth Mode suppresses error responses (for example, TCP resets).

Block Ping. Enabling Block Ping blocks ping responses.

Strict UDP Session Control. Enabling Strict UDP Session Control prevents another source from "piggybacking" onto a UDP session.

Controlling Inbound and Outbound Traffic

If an Inbound box is checked, the firewall allows the corresponding protocol to pass through from the Internet to the network. If an Outbound box is checked, the firewall allows the traffic from the network to pass through the firewall to the Internet. You must click the **Submit** button for changes to take effect.



Note: Allowing inbound traffic does not mean that the firewall automatically allows this type of traffic to pass through the firewall to the network. Even if a particular protocol/application type is allowed, the firewall still checks and blocks all unsolicited traffic from the Internet unless the firewall is configured to allow the traffic through using an application profile.

Disabling Attack Detection

By default, the 2Wire gateway firewall rules block the attack types listed in the Attack Detection pane. Some hosted applications require that the user open specific ports (for example, TCP or UDP) to allow outside users to access their network. The Attack Detection pane allows you to configure the gateway's firewall rules to allow traffic through on the specified ports.

To disable attack detection for a specific port, deselect the corresponding checkbox and click the **Submit** button.

Enabling Full Logging

To log all packets, check the Enable Full Logging checkbox.



Note: When full logging is enabled, the gateway logs every packet. This will significantly reduce overall system performance because the log buffer capacity will be reached more quickly.

Voice - Configure Server Page

Note: This link is present only if the 2Wire gateway is VoIP-enabled.

The Voice - Configure Server page allows you to set up your VoIP server, and is used primarily for test purposes.

Broadband Link Summary	Edit VoIP Settings SIP Settings	nfigure Server	
Statistics Detailed Statistics	Server	0	
Configure	IP Address:	208.35.230.9	
.ocal Network	Port:	5060	
Status Statistics	Number of Lines:	2	
Device List	End Point		
Wreless Configure	Domain:	208.35.230.9	
Address Allocation	Register Expire Time:	3600	
Firewall Settings	Register Retry Interval:	300	
Detailed Information		Use 11-digit DIDs	
Advanced Settings		Show CID Names	
/oice		Require Authentication	
Configure Server			SUBMIT
Troubleshooting DSL Diagnostics			CODMIT
Event Log			
Network Tests			
Upgrade History			
Resets			
Advanced			
Syslog Settings			
Provisioning Info			
Configure Time Services			
Configure Services			
Static Routes			
DNS Resolve Traffic Shaping			
Link Manager			
Link Manager Detailed Log			

Figure 39. MDC Voice Configure Server Page

The Edit VoIP Settings panel displays the current SIP settings, and allows you to edit the settings. The following table describes the fields.

Server

IP Address	Corresponds to the SIP proxy address.
Port	Corresponds to the SIP proxy destination port.
Number of Lines	Displays the number of lines allowed on the gateway.
End Point	
Domain	Displays the IP domain of the SIP endpoint.
Register Expire Time	Displays the default expiration (in seconds) of the SIP registration, and indicates how frequently re-registration will occur.
Register Retry Interval	Indicates the period of time (in seconds) before the gateway will retry registration after a failed attempt.

By default, the **Show CID Names** and **Require Authentication** checkboxes are checked. **Show CID Names** allows the gateway to display the configured outbound caller ID information. **Require Authentication** allows the gateway to use authentication when registering with the SIP proxy. **Use 11-digit DIDs** allows the gateway to automatically append a "1" to the registration phone number.

Troubleshooting - DSL Diagnostics Page

The Troubleshooting - DSL Diagnostics page displays data associated with the 2Wire gateway's DSL link.

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Figure 40. MDC Troubleshooting DSL Diagnostics Page

Analyzing General Information

The General Information pane shows diagnostic information for the current DSL connection (or connection attempt). These values are also listed in the last row of the Training History pane.

Item	Description	Value	Comment
DSLAM	Lists information about the DSLAM, including country, DSLAM vendor, and specifics.		
DSL Line	During line search, the value will alternate between 1 and 2. The "Searching for DSL signal" comment appears until the ADSL protocol is confirmed with the DSLAM on the current line.	1 or 2.	None or Searching for DSL signal.
Downstream Rate Cap	The configured DSL service downstream speed.	Varies by service provider.	

Item	Description	Value	Comment
Downstream Atten. at 300kHz	The measurement (in kbps) of the decrease in downstream signal strength.	Varies by service provider.	
Uncancelled Echo	Measure (in dB) of the uncancelled echo relative to the background noise on the line, indicating how much the uncancelled echo is affecting DSL performance.	Appropriate values usually range between -25dB and -6dB. A positive value (for example, +12) could indicate the presence of an unfiltered telephony device and/or an alarm.	Ok or Suspicious - check phone filters and alarm.
VCXO Frequency Offset	Indicates the difference between the gateway's and the DSLAM port's crystal frequency in parts per million (ppm).	The ideal value is zero (0). The maximum difference should be less than 150 ppm.	Ok or Suspicious - hardware frequency mismatch.
Final Rx Gain	Indicates the current receive gain setting (in dB).	Dependent on DSL line length.	Ok or Suspicious - possible saturation.
Impulse Noise Comp. Tones	Indicates the number of compensation tones on which impulse noise is detected. For non-interleaved lines with impulse noise, the connect rate will be lowered to avoid excessive errors on the line; however, impulse noise may vary with time, so connect rates may vary accordingly. Impulse Noise Compensation is currently disabled for interleaved lines.	The ideal value is zero (0).	Ok or Suspicious - Impulse noise detected.
Excessive Impulse Noise	Indicates to what degree impulse noise is present on the line.	The ideal value is zero (0).	

Item	Description	Value	Comment
Impulse noise protection	Measurement of how much impulse noise can be mitigated. Dependent on the current line configuration.		
Delay of latency path	Measurement of how much delay is introduced. Dependent on the current line configuration.		

Reviewing Training History

The Training History pane provides a record of the last 20 connection attempts. The current connection or connection attempt is displayed in the last row.

Item	Description
Time	Initially this field will display the time (since power on) in DAYS HH:MM:SS format, until the gateway can access the Internet and retrieve the current local time. Subsequently the time (since power on) is displayed in YY:MM:DD and HH:MM:SS format.
Line	The line (1 or 2) on which the gateway is searching for a DSL signal.
Downstream	
Rate	The net user data rate (in kbps) for the connection.
Max 1	Maximum rate achievable at the time of the initial connection based on the line quality (specifically, the uncapped rate).
Max 2	Latest estimate of maximum achievable rate adjusted for changing line conditions.
Max 3	Current or final estimated maximum achievable rate without impulse noise compensation.
Mgn 1	Noise margin (in dB) at the start of the connection.
Mgn 2	Latest noise margin adjusted for changing line conditions since the connection was first established.
Attn	Measured attenuation (in dB) of the line.
Pwr	Transmit power (in dB).
CRCs	Total uncorrected errors for this connection.
FECs	Total corrected errors for this connection.
INP	Impulse noise protection.
DLY	Delay of latency path.

Item	Description
Upstream	
Rate	The new user data rate (in kbps) for the connection.
Max	Maximum rate achievable at the time of the initial connection based on the line quality (specifically, the uncapped rate).
Mgn	Noise margin (in dB) at the start of the connection.
Attn	Measured attenuation (in dB) of the line.
Pwr	Transmit power (in dB).
CRCs	Total uncorrected errors for this connection.
FECs	Total corrected errors for this connection.
Mode	The DSL mode used (G.DMT, T1.413, or G.LITE).
Vendor	Vendor ID of the DSLAM (for example, ALCB indicates Alcatel DSLAM in G.DMT mode).
State	The internal state of the modem. If there are repeated connection problems, technical support representatives can use this information to determine at what point during training the modem failed, or whether the modem is repeatedly failing at the same point.
Exit Code	Indicates the reason for a lost connection or a terminated training attempt. Following are examples of the typical values that can be represented: ERR_LOF_LIMIT - Retrained due to loss of framing. ERR_LOS_LIMIT - Retrained due to loss of signal. ERR_HI_BER_LIMIT - Retrained due to excessive CRCs. RESTART - System deliberately restarted modem (line search, reprovisioning, or 30- second timeout when waiting for DSL signal. ERR_STATE_TIMEOUT - Modem timed out during training (for example, the modem failed to detect pilot signal at the appropriate time). ERR_ALL_OPTIONS_FAIL - Failed to negotiate a final bitrate with DSLAM. RETRAIN_HIGHER - Proactive retrain in order to obtain a significantly higher connect rate.
Echo	A measure of the uncancelled echo <i>relative</i> to the background noise on the line. This is an indication of how much the uncancelled echo is affecting DSL performance, rather than an absolute measure of the uncancelled echo.
VXCO	Indicates the difference between the gateway's and the DSLAM port's crystal frequency in parts per million (ppm).
Rx Gain	Indicates the current receive gain settings, which will depend on the length of the DSL line.
INC Tones	Indicates the number of compensation tones on which impulse noise is detected.

Reviewing Bitloading

The Bitloading pane shows the bits loaded per tone for the upstream (tones 6 to 31) and downstream (tones 32 to 255) spectrum. A single hex-digit for each tone shows the numeric values (0 to F) in addition to the bar-graph depiction.

Troubleshooting - Event Log Page

The Troubleshooting – Event Log page displays all security related events for the broadband and local network. Log information is stored in an 8 KB buffer. When the buffer is full, the oldest items are purged from the log. You can also clear the log contents by clicking the **Clear Log** button.

System Summary	Tro	ubleshooting -	Event Log	system	*	FILTER
Broadband Link			-			
 Summary 						CLEAR LOG
Statistics	Туре	Date/Time	Event Description			
Detailed Statistics	INF	P0000-00-00T00:00:08	sys: Wireless SSID set to	204000072		
Configure	INF	P0000-00-00T00:00:08	sys: Wireless authentication			
	INF	P0000-00-00T00:00:08	sys: Wireless addrenation s			
Local Network	INF	P0000-00-00T00:00:08	sys: Wireless Key set	0110 1121		
<u>Status</u>	INF	P0000-00-00T00:00:08	sys: Wireless channel set	to 6		
 <u>Statistics</u> 	INF	P0000-00-00T00:00:08	sys: Wireless power set to			
Device List	INF	P0000-00-00T00:00:08	sys: ipnet1: Up on bridge0		1 254	J74
 Wireless 	INE	P0000-00-00T00:01:20	sys: PPP username chang			
<u>Configure</u>	INF	P0000-00-00T00:01:20	sys: PPP password chang	- 0	5.	
 Address Allocation 	INF	P0000-00-00T00:01:25	sys: ppp0: Up with ipv4 se		0	
Firewall	INF	P0000-00-00T00:01:26	sys: ipnet0: Up on ppp0 w			151.164.184.81
Settings	INF	P0000-00-00T00:01:26	sys: DNS up DNS1:68.94.			
	INF	P0000-00-00T00:01:32	sys: Set system clock: 200			
Detailed Information	INF	2006-02-08T10:52:50-08:00	sys: Wireless SSID set to			
 <u>Advanced Settings</u> 	INF	2006-02-08T10:52:50-08:00	sys: Wireless authenticati			
Voice	INF	2006-02-08T10:52:50-08:00	sys: Wireless encryption s			
 Configure Server 	INF	2006-02-08T10:52:50-08:00	sys: Wireless Key set			
Troubleshooting	INF	2006-02-08T10:52:50-08:00	sys: Wireless channel set	to 6		
DSL Diagnostics	INF	2006-02-08T10:52:50-08:00	sys: Wireless power set to			
Event Log						
 Network Tests 						CLEAR LOG
 Upgrade History 						
<u>Resets</u>						
Advanced						Back to Top
 Syslog Settings 						
Provisioning Info						
Configure Time Services						
Configure Services						
 Static Routes 						
 DNS Resolve 						
 Traffic Shaping 						
 Link Manager 						
Detailed Log						

Figure 41. MDC Troubleshooting Event Log Page

You can view specific information by selecting which log to view from the pull-down menu and then clicking the **Filter** button (the screen capture depicted above has the **system** filter applied). Following are descriptions of the logs.

- Access. Shows the current access log, which registers all significant Content Screening and Internet Access Control events.
- All. Shows all logs that register a significant event (access, firewall, fw alert, system, and wra).
- Firewall. Shows all detailed firewall events, including Internet Access Control and Firewall Monitor.
- **FW Alert.** Shows the current Firewall Monitor log, which registers all significant Firewall Monitor-related events.
- HURL. Shows the Broadband Redirect messages that have been enabled by a service provider.

- Modem. Shows the current modem log, which registers all significant modem-related events.
- **System.** Shows the current system log, which registers all significant events within the 2Wire gateway since it was last restarted.
- WRA. Shows the current Web Remote Access log, which registers all significant Web Remote Accessrelated events.

Each log entry includes the severity level, a description of the event, and the actual time that it occurred. The most recent events display at the *bottom* of the list.

Events generate an Informational (INF) or Warning (WRN) severity level. Informational indicates events that are informational only; Warning indicates an unexpected condition that does not affect the 2Wire gateway's ability to operate (for example, a network problem or the 2Wire gateway is not configured properly).

For events that involve the transfer of packets, the following additional information is displayed.

Item	Description
SrC	Source IP address
dst	Destination IP address
ipprot	Protocol number as indicated in the IP header field
sport	Source port (TCP and UDP)
dport	Destination port (TCP and UDP)
Disposition of the event	The action taken when the event occurs (for example, "Unknown inbound session stopped")

Troubleshooting - Network Tests Page

The Troubleshooting – Network Tests page provides the Ping, Traceroute, and DNS Query tools, which help diagnose problems with the 2Wire gateway or 2Wire gateway connections.

System Summary	Troubles	hooting -	Network	Tests	
Broadband Link	ping 🚩		Host:	www.cisco.c	om
 Summary 	Enable network	name resolution	Test:	5 Times o	r Hops
 <u>Statistics</u> 			Packet Size:	64 Bytes (N	1aximum 578
Detailed Statistics	START	STOP		D).00 (
<u>Configure</u>					10000
Local Network	Pinging [198.1	33.219.25] 5 tim	es with: 64 byt	es of data	<u>~</u>
<u>Status</u> <u>Statistics</u>	ping successfu	l: icmp_seq=0 tim	ae=24 ms		
Device List					
• Wireless					
<u>Configure</u>					
Address Allocation					
Firewall					
<u>Settings</u>					
Detailed Information					
 Advanced Settings 					~
Voice					
 Configure Server 					
Troubleshooting					
 DSL Diagnostics 					
 Event Log 					
 Network Tests 					
Upgrade History					
<u>Resets</u>					
Advanced					
 Syslog Settings Provisioning Info 					
Configure Time Services					
Configure Services					
Static Routes					
DNS Resolve					
Traffic Shaping					
Link Manager					
Detailed Log					

Figure 42. MDC Troubleshooting Network Tests Page

The Ping test allows you to ensure that the 2Wire gateway can send data packets to (ping) a remote host. The Traceroute test traces the number of times a data packet sent from the 2Wire gateway is routed before it reaches its destination. The DNS Query test finds the IP address of the domain name service.

To perform a ping or traceroute test:

- **1.** From the drop-down menu, select Ping or Traceroute.
- 2. In the Host field, enter the URL of the host location to which you wish the 2Wire gateway to send the ping or traceroute.
- **3.** In the Test field, enter the number of times you want the ping to occur (the maximum is 25) or the number of hops you want traceroute to trace.
- 4. In the Packet Size field, enter the packet size you wish to send. The maximum packet size is 576.
- 5. Check the **Enable network name resolution** checkbox. This will ensure that the name of the host location is displayed along with the corresponding IP address.
- 6. Click the Start button.

The results are displayed on the page as they occur, and include round trip latency; the aggregate number of packets sent, received, and lost; and the minimum, maximum, and average round-trip latency.

To discontinue Ping or Traceroute, click the **Stop** button.

To perform a DNS query:

- **1.** From the drop-down menu, select DNS Query.
- 2. In the Host field, enter the domain name (URL) for which you wish to obtain the IP address.
- 3. Click the Start button.

Troubleshooting - Upgrade History Page

The Troubleshooting - Upgrade History page shows a log of all system software upgrades, and lists the upgrades in the order in which they occurred.

	Troubleshooting – L	Ipgrade History	
System Summary	Current Version	pglade motory	
Broadband Link • Summary	Model Number:	2700HGV Gateway	
<u>Statistics</u>	Hardware Version:	2700-000483-002	
Detailed Statistics	Software Version:	4.21.7	
<u>Configure</u>			
Local Network	Upgrade Log Initial Software Version:	4.21.7	
• <u>Status</u>	initial Software version:	4.21.7	
Statistics			
Device List			
• Wireless			
<u>Configure</u>			
 Address Allocation 			
Firewall			
 Settings 			
 Detailed Information 			
 Advanced Settings 			
Voice			
<u>Configure Server</u>			
Troubleshooting			
 DSL Diagnostics 			
Event Log			
 Network Tests 			
 Upgrade History 			
<u>Resets</u>			
Advanced			
 Syslog Settings 			
Provisioning Info			
<u>Configure Time Services</u>			
<u>Configure Services</u> Static Routes			
<u>Static Routes</u> DNS Resolve			
Traffic Shaping			
Link Manager			
Detailed Log			

Figure 43. MDC Troubleshooting Upgrade History Page

The Upgrade History page shows the following information.

Item	Description
Model number	The 2Wire gateway model number.
Hardware version	The current 2Wire gateway hardware version.
Software version	The current 2Wire gateway software version.
Upgrade Log	The initial software version, and a record of the last 10 upgrades.

Troubleshooting - Resets Page

Ø

Note: To access this page, your organization must have the Remote Management feature enabled. If the feature is not enabled, an error message will display when you click the link to access this page.

The Troubleshooting – Resets page allows you to reset various components associated with the 2Wire gateway network.



Figure 44. MDC Troubleshooting Resets Page

The **Clear** button in the Local Network field clears all devices from the Local Network list. Doing so will change the configuration settings, and may affect 2Wire gateway operation because it removes all devices (such as computers) from your network.

The Reset button in the DSL Connection field retrains the 2Wre gateway's DSL connection.

The **Reset** button in the ISP Connection field resets the PPP connection and/or releases and renews the broadband IP address.

The **Reset** button in the Broadband Link field allows you to reset the 2Wire gateway broadband link. For 2Wire gateway models with a DSL connection, this means the DSL connection is reset.

The **Reset** button in the Gateway field allows you to restart the 2Wire gateway. During 2Wire gateway restart, the Troubleshooting page cannot be accessed until the 2Wire gateway completely restarts and the connection is reestablished.

The **Reset** button in the to Factory State field resets the 2Wire gateway to an unprovisioned default state. Doing so will remove all your configuration settings, and requires 2Wire gateway software reinstallation.



Warning: Resetting the 2Wire gateway to an unprovisioned default state will clear all update records from the Upgrade History page, and delete all provisioning, firewall, and Enhanced Services configuration settings.

Advanced - Syslog Settings Page

The Advanced - Syslog Settings page allows users to maintain a history of security events greater than the capacity of the 2Wire gateway by enabling a syslog server.



Note: Use of this feature requires a UNIX or Linux computer running a syslog daemon.

System Summary	Advanced –	Syslog Settings	SUBMIT	Settings
Broadband Link	Enable Syslog:		<u>.</u>	
 Summary 	Server Location:			
Statistics				
Detailed Statistics	Server Port:	514 (Optional. Default = 514)		
<u>Configure</u>	Enable Throttling:			
Local Network	Limit Logging to:	0 logs per second		
• <u>Status</u>				
<u>Statistics</u>				
Device List				
<u>VVireless</u>				
<u>Configure</u>				
 Address Allocation 				
Firewall				
<u>Settings</u>				
 Detailed Information 				
Advanced Settings				
Voice				
 Configure Server 				
Troubleshooting				
 DSL Diagnostics 				
 Event Log 				
<u>Network Tests</u>				
Upgrade History				
<u>Resets</u>				
Advanced				
Syslog Settings				
Provisioning Info				
<u>Configure Time Services</u> <u>Configure Services</u>				
Static Routes				
DNS Resolve				
Traffic Shaping				
Link Manager				
Detailed Log				

Figure 45. MDC Advanced Syslog Settings Page

To enable syslog and specify the location of a syslog server:

- 1. Check the Enable Syslog checkbox.
- 2. In the Server Location field, enter the IP address of a UNIX or Linux computer running a syslog daemon.
- **3.** *Optional:* In the Server Port field, enter the outbound port number upon which the syslog server is located.
- 4. To limit the number of log packets, check the Enable Throttling checkbox.
- 5. In the Limit Logging to field, enter the number of logs per second that you wish to log.
- 6. Click the Submit button.

Advanced - Provisioning Info Page

The Advanced – Provisioning Info page displays the parameters with which the 2Wire gateway was provisioned.

		onsole
<u>System Summary</u> Broadband Link	Advanced – Provisioning I Module Configuration	nformation
Summary Statistics	root0 modid: 0 parentid: 0 flags: 0 run level: 6 > 10	
Detailed Statistics	LED profile	0
<u>Configure</u> Local Network	global0 modid: 1 parentid: 0 flags: 0 run level: 6 > 10	
Status	home0 modid: 2 parentid: 0 flags: 0 run level: 6 > 10	
Statistics Device List	bband0 modid: 3 parentid: 0 flags: 0 run level: 6 > 10	
Wireless	bbdevice bbtype	ds10 0
<u>Configure</u> <u>Address Allocation</u>	prov request flags bb gen support phone number	26 877-347-8680
Firewall	bb gen support name	support@2wire.com
Settings Detailed Information	device0 modid: 4 parentid: 1 flags: 0 run level: 6 > 10	
Advanced Settings	rnat0 modid: 5 parentid: 1 flags: 0 run level: 6 > 10	
Voice • Configure Server	route0 modid: 6 parentid: 1 flags: 0 run level: 6 > 10	
Troubleshooting		
 DSL Disgnostics 	fw0 modid: 7 parentid: 1 flags: 0 run level: 6 > 10	
Event Log Network Tests	dsi0 modid: 8 parentid: 3 flags: 0 run level: 6 > 10 DSL Line id	0
Upprade History		
• Resets	apvc0 modid: 9 parentid: 8 flags: 0 run level: 6 > 10 VCList	8/32,8/35,8/37,8/38,8/81,0/32,0/35,0/38,0/105,0/100
Advanced • Sysion Settings	Search Type VPI	0
Provisioning Info Configure Time Services	VCI	35
<u>Configure Services</u>	Encap	1
Static Routes DNS Resolve	atm0 modid: 10 parentid: 9 flags: 0 run level: 6 > 10	
Traffic Shaping	pppoe0 modid: 11 parentid: 17 flags: 0 run level: 6 > 10 Strict Default	0
Link Meneger Detailed Log		
	ppp0 modid: 14 parentid: 11 flags: 0 run level: 6 > 10 authtype	1
	idleouttime username	0 2wire@sbcglobal.net
	UI Param Configuration	
	SHOW_CSPEED	TRUE
	SHOW_SLEEPY_NODES WRA_SHOW_LOGOUT	TRUE
	SHOW_BLOCK_MDC	TRUE
	SHOW_LOCAL_UPGRADE HAVE_BBA_IAC	OFF
	HAVE_BBA_CS HAVE BBA WEBGW	OFF
	HAVE_BBA_WEBGW	OFF
	HAVE_BBA_WRAUI HAVE_BBA_FWMON HAVE_BBA_HCTL	OFF OFF OFF
	HAVE_BBA_WRAUI HAVE_BBA_FWMON HAVE_BBA_HCTL HAVE_BBA_ADSL2PLUS	OFF OFF OFF OFF
	HAVE_BBA_WARAU HAVE_BBA_FWAKON HAVE_BBA_HCTL HAVE_BBA_ADSL2PLUS HAVE_BBA_HMON SHOV_EMAIL_ALERT	OFF OFF OFF OFF TRUE
	HAVE BBA, WHAUI HAVE, BBA, PAWAON HAVE, BBA, PAWAON HAVE, BBA, JACTL HAVE, BBA, JANON SHOW, EMAIL, ALERT SHOW, WAVE, PAWR SHOW, WOOT, PAWD, RESET	0FF 0FF 0FF 0FF 0FF TRUE TRUE TRUE FALSE
	HAVE BOA, WHAUI HAVE BOA, PMON HAVE, BOA, JOSI, ZPHUS HAVE, BOA, JOSI, ZPHUS HAVE, BOA, JOSI, ZPHUS HAVE, BOA, JANOH SHOW, WAXNE, PAR SHOW, WAXNE, PAR SHOW, WAXNE, PAR SHOW, WAXNE, PAR SHOW, KESE	OFF OFF OFF OFF TRUE TRUE FALSE TAUE
	HAVE_BDA_WEAHI HAVE_BDA_FMANN HAVE_BDA_ACSLPLUS HAVE_BDA_ADSLPLUS HAVE_BDA_ADSLPLUS HAVE_BDA_ADSLPLUS HAVE_BDA_ADSLPLUS HAVE HAV	0FF 0FF 0FF 0FF 0FF TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE FALSE
	HAVE_BOA_WEANI HAVE_BOA_PMMON HAVE_BOA_NCTL HAVE_BOA_ADSL2PLUS HAVE_BOA_ADSL2PLUS HAVE_BOA_MANN SHOW_BOANE_PARE SHOW_CONT_PMORESET SHOW_CONT_PMORESET SHOW_CONT_FMO SERVICE_FM SERVICE_FMO	0FF 0FF 0FF 0FF 0FF TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE
	HAVE: BIA, WHAU HAVE: BIA, PMANN HAVE: BIA, HYMAN HAVE: BIA, HYMAN HAVE: BIA, JABON HAVE: BIA, JABON SHOW EMAL, ALERT SHOW, WAVE: PMR SHOW, ZOBUL, ALERT SHOW, VEG SHOW, SHOFTER SERVICE: FOR SERVICE: FOR SERVICE: FOR	0FF 0FF 0FF 0FF 0FF TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE FALSE
	HAVE_BDA_WEAHI HAVE_BDA_KYMON HAVE_BDA_KCTL HAVE_BDA_ACTL HAVE_BDA_ADSL2PLUS HAVE_BDA_ADSL2PLUS HAVE_BDA_ADSL2PLUS HAVE_BDA_MONTENT SHOW_YMOKE_PMA SHOW_ZODGT_PMO_RESET SHOW_SMETER	0FF 0FF 0FF 0FF 0FF 0FF 0FF 0FF
	HAVE_BDA_WEALI HAVE_BDA_PMONN HAVE_BDA_ACTL HAVE_BDA_ACTL HAVE_BDA_ADSL2PUUS HAVE_BDA_ADSL2PUUS HAVE_BDA_ADSL2PUUS HAVE_BDA_MONT SHOW_MONE_TARK SHOW_ENDE_FAR SHOW_ENDE_FAR SHOW_ENDE_FAR SHOW_ENDE_FAR SHOW_ENDE_FAR SHOW_ENDE SH	0FF 0FF 0FF 0FF 0FF FU FU FU FU FU FU FU FU FU
	HAVE: BOA, WEAHI HAVE: BOA, PMMON HAVE: BOA, JCTL HAVE: BOA, JCTL HAVE: BOA, JCTL HAVE: BOA, JMON SHOW_EMAN, LA LERT SHOW, JCAN, LA LERT SHOW, JCAN, J	0FF 0FF 0FF 0FF 0FF 1FULE 1FRUE 1FRUE 1FRUE 1RUE 1AUE 1 108411 108411 108411
	HAVE: BDA, VMFAUI HAVE: BDA, PMMON HAVE: BDA, HOTL HAVE: BDA, HOTL HAVE: BDA, ADSL 2PLUS HAVE: BDA, MAND SHOVE JEAML, ALERT SHOVW, JWAVE: PMR SHOVE, ZHOWM, JEGO SHOVM, JEGO SHOVM, SHOTE SHOVE, SHOTE SHOVE, SHOTE SHOVE, SHOTE SHOVE, SHOTE SHOVE, SHOTE SHOVE, SHOTE SHOVE, SHOTE HARTHORE, JOSE hearthore, Jose hearthore, Jose hearthore, Jose hearthore, Jose hearthore, Jose hearthore, Jose	OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE
	HAVE_BDA_WEALI HAVE_BDA_VEALA_MOSTAPUS HAVE_BDA_ACTL HAVE_BDA_ACTL HAVE_BDA_ADST2PUS HAVE_BDA_ADST2PUS HAVE_BDA_ADST2PUS HAVE_VEALABASE SHOW_XAVE_PVA SHOW_XAVE_PVA SHOW_XAVE_PVA SHOW_ZODGT_PVA_PESET SHOW_SMETER SHOVE_STAPUS SHOVE_SAVE SHOVE_SAVE SHOVE_SAVE SHOVE_SAVE SHOVE_SAVE SHOVE_SAVE SHOVE_SAVE SHOVE_SAVE SHOVE_SAVE HARTBASE HART	0FF 0FF 0FF 0FF 0FF 1FULE 1FRUE 1FRUE 1FRUE 1RUE 1AUE 1 108411 108411 108411
	HAVE_BDA_WEAHI HAVE_BDA_PMANN HAVE_BDA_DASL2PLUS HAVE_BDA_ADSL2PLUS HAVE_BDA_ADSL2PLUS HAVE_BDA_MANN SHOW_EAHA_LATERT SHOW_MAVE_PARE SHOW_SAFETER SH	OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF TRUE TRUE TRUE TAUE TAUE 108411 108411 108411 08400 0 3479 bmpts/g/gw4-21-7.rpc.tms.2wire.com.3478 css/fcs.com.3478
	HAVE_BDA_WEALI HAVE_BDA_VEALA_MOSTAPUS HAVE_BDA_ACTL HAVE_BDA_ACTL HAVE_BDA_ADST2PUS HAVE_BDA_ADST2PUS HAVE_BDA_ADST2PUS HAVE_VEALABASE SHOW_XAVE_PVA SHOW_XAVE_PVA SHOW_XAVE_PVA SHOW_ZODGT_PVA_PESET SHOW_SMETER SHOVE_STAPUS SHOVE_SAVE SHOVE_SAVE SHOVE_SAVE SHOVE_SAVE SHOVE_SAVE SHOVE_SAVE SHOVE_SAVE SHOVE_SAVE SHOVE_SAVE HARTBASE HART	OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF TRUE TRUE TRUE TAUE TAUE 108411 108411 108411 08400 0 3479 bmpts/g/gw4-21-7.rpc.tms.2wire.com.3478 css/fcs.com.3478
	HAVE_BDA_WEALI HAVE_BDA_KCTL HAVE_BDA_ACTL HAVE_BDA_ACTL HAVE_BDA_ADS_2PLUS HAVE_BDA_ADS_	0FF 0FF 0FF 0FF TFUE TFUE FAUBE TRUE 1 108411 08400 3479 3479 3479 3479 3479 3479 0
	HAVE_BDA_WEALI HAVE_BDA_PMONN HAVE_BDA_ACTL HAVE_BDA_ADSL2PLUS HAVE_BD	0FF 0FF 0FF 0FF TFUE TFUE FAUBE TRUE 1 108411 08400 3479 3479 3479 3479 3479 3479 0
	HAVE_BDA_WEALI HAVE_BDA_KCTL HAVE_BDA_ACTL HAVE_BDA_ACTL HAVE_BDA_ADS_2PLUS HAVE_BDA_ADS_	OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF TRUE TRUE TRUE FA.SE TRUE Statistics \$400 0 0 3470 Nerps:#/gw-421-7pc.cms_twire.com.3479 css:#css.cms_twire.com.3428 0
	HAVE_EDA_VMEALI HAVE_EDA_VMEAN HAVE_EDA_ACTL AVAC_EDA_ADS_2ALUS HAVE_EDA_ADS_2ALUS HAVE_EDA_ADS_2ALUS HAVE_EDA_ADS_2ALUS HAVE_VMEALEALERTI SHOW_VMEAUE_HAVE SHOVE_TAUE_HAVE HAVE_FOR SHOVE_TAUE_FOR SHOVE_SHOW_ENER SHOVE_FOR SHOVE_SHOW_ENER SHOVE_FOR SHOVE_SHOW_ENER HAVE SHOVE_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW HAVE SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW HAVE SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW HAVE SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_	OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF TRUE TRUE TUE FA.SE TUE TOUE 100411 00411 00 0 3470 NMICS/BW-421-7.pc.cms.2wire.com.3479 css/kss.cms.2wire.com.3428 0 0 0 0 Struet.com.3428 0 Struet.com.3428 </td
	HAVE_BDA_VMCALI HAVE_BDA_VMCAN HAVE_BDA_ACTL HAVE_BDA_ADSL2PUUS HAVE_BDA_ADSL2PUUS HAVE_BDA_ADSL2PUUS HAVE_BDA_MADON SHOW_PDATE HAVE_BDA_MADON HAVE_BDA_MADON HAVE_ADSL2PUT HAVE_ADSL2PUT SHOVE_FAV SHOVE_FAV SHOVE_FAV SHOVE_FAV SHOVE_FAV SHOVE_FAV SHOVE_FAV SHOVE_FAV SHOVE_FAV SHOVE_FAV SHOVE_FAV SHOVE_FAV SHOVE_FAV SHOVE_FAV SHOVE_FAV SHOVE_FAV SHOVE_FAV SHOVE_FAV SHOVE_SHOVE_FAV SHOVE_SHOVE_SHOVE HAVE SHOVE SHOVE HAVE SHOVE SHOVE SHOVE SHOVE SHOVE_SHOVE HAVE SHOVE SHOVE SHOVE SHOVE SHOVE SHOVE HAVE SHOVE	OFF OFF FUCE TRUE TRUE FALSE TRUE FALSE TRUE March 200 3473 March 21.7 rpc cms 2wire com 3479 wss/ss cms 2wire com 3420 0 Idul_MTP /oLL_MTPS /oLL_FTP, /oLL_TELNET, /oLL_NETBIOS, /oLL_MAPE, /oLL_NETBIOS, /oLL_MAP
	HAVE_EDA_VMEALI HAVE_EDA_VMEAN HAVE_EDA_ACTL AVAC_EDA_ADS_2ALUS HAVE_EDA_ADS_2ALUS HAVE_EDA_ADS_2ALUS HAVE_EDA_ADS_2ALUS HAVE_VMEALEALERTI SHOW_VMEAUE_HAVE SHOVE_TAUE_HAVE HAVE_FOR SHOVE_TAUE_FOR SHOVE_SHOW_ENER SHOVE_FOR SHOVE_SHOW_ENER SHOVE_FOR SHOVE_SHOW_ENER HAVE SHOVE_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW HAVE SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW HAVE SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW HAVE SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_SHOW_	OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE March 2014 O 0 0 3479 css//ss.cms 2wire.com 3478 css//ss.cms 2wire.com 3428 0 V O VILL_MTTP.kILL_HTTP6, IGLL_FTP, IGLL_FELNET, IGL_TELNET, IGL_MAR, IG
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Figure 46. MDC Advanced Provisioning Information Page

The gateway provisioning parameters are dynamic, and vary depending on the software version that the gateway is running.

- Module Configuration. Configuration parameters for modules listed in the Advanced Link Manager States page. The parameters are set by broadband provisioning.
- Ul Param Configuration. Configuration parameters that affect the user interface and user interaction. The parameters are set by broadband provisioning.
- Server Set Configuration. Configuration information defining how the gateway is connected to and interacts with backend provisioning.
- Firewall Configuration. Configuration information for the firewall.

Advanced - Configure Time Services Page



Note: To access this page, your organization must have the Remote Management feature enabled. If the feature is not enabled, an error message will display when you click the link to access this page.

The Advanced – Configure Time Services page allows you to view and change system time and date settings.



Figure 47. MDC Advanced Configure Time Services Page

During the 2Wire gateway setup process, you specify the time zone in which you are located so that the time and date are automatically displayed in the 2Wire gateway user interface. These time settings are displayed in the Current Time Settings panel, which shows the current date, time, time zone, and whether the time was automatically or manually configured. If you wish to manually set the time and date, you can do so in the Manually Set Time/Date panel.
To manually set the time and date:

- **1.** Check the **Enable** checkbox.
- 2. In the Time field, enter the time in 24-hour HH:MM:SS format (for example, 10:02:11).
- 3. In the Date field, enter the date in YYYY/MM/DD format (for example, 2006/10/09).
- **4.** From the Time Zone pull-down menu, select the time zone. The available time zones are Hawaii, Alaska, Pacific, Mountain, Arizona, Central, Eastern, Indiana, and Atlantic (Canada).
- 5. Check the Daylight Savings Time checkbox if you wish to automatically adjust for daylight savings time.

You can also specify the time servers from which you wish to obtain system time by entering the time server Internet address in the Time Servers fields. These settings are typically provided by the service provider and/or backend management system.

Advanced - Configure Services Page



Note: To access this page, your organization must have the Remote Management feature enabled. If the feature is not enabled, an error message will display when you click the link to access this page.

The Advanced – Configure Services page allows you to enable the 2Wire gateway to operate in bridged mode, change the timeout settings for NAT, enable notification messages, enable the SIP ALG, and change the upstream maximum transmission rate.

System Summary	Advanced – (Configure S	Services	SUBMIT Settings
Broadband Link	Routing	-		
Summary	Enable Routing:		(Routing disabled = Bridd	e mode)
Statistics	Warning: When you disable rou			
Detailed Statistics				
<u>Configure</u>	If you want to connect to the g			
Local Network Status	 Attach your computer 	ter's IP address to work o to the local network port o s address in a web brows		168.1.×, 255.255.255.0).
 <u>Statistics</u> 	Note: When routing is disabled	NAT and the DHCP Serve	r are disabled	
Device List	Noto: Ymlei'r odding is ulsduldu	The fit and the price office		
<u>Wireless</u>	NAT			
<u>Configure</u>	TCP Timeout:	1440 Minutes	(5 – 1440 minutes, defau	ılt = 1440 minutes)
 Address Allocation 	UDP Timeout:	10 Minutes	(1 – 720 minutes, default	= 10 minutes)
Firewall Settings	IGMP Querier:			,
 Detailed Information 	Broadband Status No	tification		
 Advanced Settings 	Enable:			
Voice	LIIGMG.			
 Configure Server 	Missing DSL Filter D	etection		
Troubleshooting	Enable:			
 DSL Diagnostics 				
Event Log	SIP Application Layer	Gateway		
 Network Tests 	Enable:	~		
Upgrade History				
<u>Resets</u>	Upstream MTU			
Advanced	Force Upstream MTU:	1492		
<u>Syslog Settings</u>				SUBMIT Settings
Provisioning Info Configure Time Services				
Configure Time Services Configure Services				
Static Routes				Back to Top
DNS Resolve				
Traffic Shaping				
Link Manager				
Detailed Log				

Figure 48. MDC Advanced Configure Services Page

Routing

By default, the 2Wire gateway is configured in routed mode. The Advanced – Configure Services page allows you to configure the 2Wire gateway to operate in bridged mode.

IMPORTANT: Bridged mode is intended for testing purposes only, as in WT-062 (ADSL), BER (Bit Rate Error), or industry standard performance tests. When routed mode is disabled, the 2Wire gateway can no longer be managed via CMS, and any DSL connection will require an external PPP connection (via software of third-party hardware). It is strongly recommended that you disable routed mode **ONLY** if you thoroughly understand the ramifications of doing so.

To operate the gateway in bridged mode:

- **1.** Deselect the **Enable Routing** checkbox.
- 2. Click the **Submit** button.

Most gateway features are now disabled, including firewall and stateful packet inspection, DHCP, NAT, DNS, PPP, and remote management. The gateway no longer functions as a gateway and is, in effect, a multiprotocol (Ethernet, wireless, and USB) bridge.



Note: When routing is disabled the gateway's local IP address is set to 172.16.0.1/16.

Computers connected to the 2Wire gateway will retain the IP address assigned by the gateway's DHCP server until a new IP address is obtained from an alternative DHCP server, or is manually assigned.

To re-enable routed mode:

- **1.** Configure the computer's IP address to work on the same subnet as the gateway.
 - a. From the Windows desktop or the Start menu, right-click the My Network Places icon, then left-click **Properties**.
 - b. Right-click the icon that represents the network connection to the gateway, and left-click **Properties**.



c. Click Internet Protocol (TCP/IP), then click the **Properties** button.



In the General tab, click the Use the following IP address radio button.
 In the IP address field, enter an IP address between 172.16.1.1 to 172.16.1.32. In the Subnet mask field, enter 255.255.0.0. In the Default gateway and Preferred DNS server fields, enter 172.16.0.1.

S Network Connections	
File Edit View Favorites Tools Advanced Help	A *
③ Bock - ③ - 参 Search 🌮 Folders 🛄 -	
Address 🔕 Network Connections	💌 🔁 Go
LAN or High-Speed Internet	
Greate a new connection Wireless Network Connection Enabled	
🦉 Disable this 👃 Local Area Connection Properties 🛛 ? 🔀 🛵 Broadcom 570x Gigabit Integr	
Repar this General Authentication Advanced	
View status	
connection Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties	
Change set connection General	
Other Places You can get (P attings assigned automicicity) Your network supports the capability (Commune, your net to ask your retwork a signed automicity) Control Plant Why Network Other a support and to ask your retwork a signed automicity) Why Compute Why Compute Other a support and to ask your retwork a signed automicity) Why Compute Why Compute Other a support address: IP address: 172, 16, 1, 1 Schort mask: 255, 205, 0, 0	
Default gateway: 172 . 16 . 0 . 1	
Local Area Col LAN or High-Spe Obtain DNS server address automatically	
Enabled Output the following DNS server addresses:	
Broadcom 570x Preferred DNS server: 172 . 16 . 0 . 1	
IP Address: 10.4 Subnet Mask: 25	
Asigned by DHUAdvanced	
OK Cancel	

- e. Click OK.
- f. If required, reboot the system for the changes to take effect.
- 2. Attach the computer to the Local Network port of the 2Wire gateway.
- **3.** In the Web browser address bar, enter 172.16.0.1/management.
- 4. Click Configure Services.

- 5. Click the **Enable Routing** checkbox.
- 6. Click the Submit Settings button.

The gateway PPP, routing, and TCP/IP functions are now re-enabled, and the Local Network LED will turn Green. The computer can now be reset to a DHCP-assigned IP address, or left to obtain it statically.

Changing Timeout Parameters

By default, TCP and UDP are configured to timeout in 1,440 and 10 minutes, respectively. You can change the parameters by entering different values in the TCP Timeout and UDP Timeout fields, and then clicking the **Submit** button.

Enabling Broadband Status Notification



Note: This field will display only if the CMS organization has the Broadband Status Notification feature enabled.

To receive a notification message that the gateway has lost broadband connectivity and cannot access the Internet, check the **Enable** checkbox.

Enabling Missing DSL Filter Notification



Note: This field will display only if the CMS organization has the Missing DSL Filter Notification feature enabled.

To receive a notification message that the gateway has detected a missing DSL filter, check the **Enable** checkbox.

Enabling SIP Application Layer Gateway

To enable the SIP ALG on the gateway firewall, check the **Enable** checkbox.

Changing the Upstream MTU

The MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) is the largest size packet or frame, specified in octets (eight-byte bits), that can be sent from a computer to the network. The 2Wire gateway's MTU varies, depending on the connection type used (for example, PPP or direct IP).

To change the gateway's upstream MTU:

- **1.** In the Force Upstream MTU field, enter the value specified by the service provider.
- 2. Click the Submit button.

Advanced - Static Routes



Note: To access this page, your organization must have the Remote Management feature enabled. If the feature is not enabled, an error message will display when you click the link to access this page.

The Advanced - Static Routes page allows you to manually configure static routes that specify the transmission path data must follow between devices on the gateway network.

System Summary	Advanced	 Static Rout 	es	
Broadband Link	Define a Static Re	oute		
 Summary 	Subnet IP:			
 <u>Statistics</u> 	Subnet Mask:			
 Detailed Statistics 				
<u>Configure</u>	Gateway IP:			
Local Network		A	DD	
<u>Status</u>	Route List			
 <u>Statistics</u> 	Subnet IP	Subnet Mask	Gateway	Interface
Device List				
<u>VVireless</u>	127.0.0.1 192.168.1.254	255.255.255.255 255.255.255.255	127.0.0.1 192.168.1.254	lo0 bridge0
Configure	69.110.3.227	255.255.255.255	69.110.3.227	Oaga
Address Allocation	151.164.184.81	255.255.255.255	69.110.3.227	ppp0
Firewall	69.110.3.227	255.255.255.255	192.168.1.254	bridge0
 Settings 	192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0	192.168.1.254	bridgeO
 Detailed Information 	127.0.0.0	255.0.0.0	127.0.0.1	100
Advanced Settings	0.0.0	0.0.0.0	151.164.184.81	pppO
Voice				
 Configure Server 				
Troubleshooting				
DSL Diagnostics				
Event Log				
Network Tests				
Upgrade History				
Resets				
Advanced				
 Syslog Settings 				
Provisioning Info				
Configure Time Services				
Configure Services				
Static Routes				
DNS Resolve				
Traffic Shaping				
Link Manager				
Detailed Log				

Figure 49. MDC Advanced Static Routes Page

To define a static route:

- 1. In the Subnet IP field, enter the IP address of the network to which you want to configure a static route.
- 2. In the Subnet Mask field, enter the subnet mask of the destination network.
- 3. In the Gateway IP field, enter the IP address of the router for the specified subnet.
- 4. Click the Add button.

The Route List shows a list of static routes defined by the user. For each user-defined static route, the following information is displayed:

- Subnet IP
- Subnet Mask
- Gateway
- Interface

Advanced - DNS Resolve Page



Note: To access this page, your organization must have the Remote Management feature enabled. If the feature is not enabled, an error message will display when you click the link to access this page.

The Advanced - DNS Resolve page allows users to name network devices (such as printers or Web servers) so that they may be easily accessed by other users on the network.

System Summary	Advanced – DNS Name table				
Broadband Link	Define a Name and Ad				
Summary	DNS name:				
<u>Statistics</u>	IP Address:				
Detailed Statistics	ii Huurooo.	400			
<u>Configure</u>		ADD			
Local Network	Name table				
 <u>Status</u> 	DNS name		IP Address	Entry Type	
<u>Statistics</u>					
Device List Wireless					
Configure					
Address Allocation					
Firewall					
 Settings 					
Detailed Information					
 Advanced Settings 					
Voice					
<u>Configure Server</u>					
Troubleshooting					
 DSL Diagnostics 					
Event Log					
<u>Network Tests</u>					
 <u>Upgrade History</u> Resets 					
Advanced • Syslog Settings					
Provisioning Info					
<u>Configure Time Services</u>					
<u>Configure Services</u>					
 Static Routes 					
DNS Resolve					
 Traffic Shaping 					
Link Manager					
 Detailed Log 					

Figure 50. MDC Advanced DNS Name Table Page

To add entries to the Name table:

- **1.** In the DNS name field, enter a name for the device.
- 2. In the IP Address field, enter the device's IP address.
- 3. Click ADD.
- **4.** The Name table displays the name you defined for each device, the device's IP address, and the entry type. To remove the device from the Name table, click the **Remove** button.

Advanced - Traffic Shaping Page

Note: To access this page, your organization must have the Remote Management feature enabled. If the feature is not enabled, an error message will display when you click the link to access this page.

The Advanced - Traffic Shaping page allows users to change the 2Wire gateway's maximum upstream connection rate.

stem Summary	Advanced – Traffic Shaping	SUBMIT Settings
roadband Link <u>Summary</u>	WARNING Settings on this configuration page may affect the performance o	of your Internet connection.
Statistics Detailed Statistics Coofigure Status Statustics Device List Wireless Configure	Enable Traffic Shaping: Current Upstream Rate: 512 kbps New Upstream Rate: kbps	8
ettings ewall ettings etailed Information dvanced Settings ice		
Configure Server roubleshooting DSL Diagnostics Event Log Network Tests Japarade History		
Resets dvanced Syslog Settings Provisioning Info Configure Time Services Static Routes DNS Resolve Traffic Shaping		

Figure 51. MDC Advanced Traffic Shaping Page



Warning: Modifying the gateway's configuration settings may impede or interrupt the user's broadband service, or violate the service provider's service level agreement.

To change the gateway's upstream connection rate:

- 1. Check the Enable Traffic Shaping checkbox.
- 2. In the New Upstream Rate field, enter the upstream rate at which you want the gateway to connect.
- 3. Click the **Submit** button.

Advanced - Link Manager States Page

The Advanced – Link Manager States page is a tree representation of the 2Wire gateway interface stack, and shows the internal state of the 2Wire gateway.

System Summary	Advanced – Link Manager States
	t>root0 is UP
Broadband Link	>global0 is UP
 Summary 	> <u>device0</u> is UP
 <u>Statistics</u> 	> <u>mat0</u> is UP
 Detailed Statistics 	I> <u>route0</u> is UP
<u>Configure</u>	> <u>fw0</u> is UP
Local Network	l> <u>cms0</u> is UP ∖>atmmar0 is UP
Status	\->pvc0 is UP
Statistics	>home0 is UP
Device List	> <u>bridge0</u> is UP
	I>ipnet1 is UP
<u>Wireless</u>	I> <u>bridgemon0</u> is UP
<u>Configure</u>	\> <u>ipbridae0</u> is UP \>bridae3 is PHY NONE
 Address Allocation 	(> <u>bhand0</u> is UP
Firewall	\-> <u>dsl0</u> is UP
 Settings 	\> <u>apvc0</u> is UP
 Detailed Information 	∖> <u>atm0</u> is UP
 Advanced Settings 	>bridge1 is UP ∖->pppe0 is UP
M-1	\>ppp0ed is UP
Voice • Configure Server	\>ipnet0 is UP
<u>Configure Server</u>	<u>\>dnstest0</u> is UP
Troubleshooting	\> <u>bridae2</u> is UP
 DSL Diagnostics 	
 Event Log 	device0
Network Tests	Dependency State: UP Link State: UP
Upgrade History	Link State: 0P
Resets	Timeout 17504535
	File descriptor flags: 00000001
Advanced	Reported error string:
 Syslog Settings 	File Deseptor State: Count: 1 Active: 1 Events: 3
 Provisioning Info 	Markela Olata Olazara Uliztaria
 Configure Time Services 	Module State Change History: To State: UP at: 00:00:07.83
<u>Configure Services</u>	
 Static Routes 	device0 has 6 devices (6 configed)
DNS Resolve	DEVICE [UP]: eth0 devid: 0 (51:0)
Traffic Shaping	DEVICE [NOTFOUND]: ethl devid: 1 (0:0)
Link Manager	DEVICE [NOTFOUND]: hpna0 devid: 2 (0:0)
	DEVICE [UP]: wave0 devid: 3 (60:0)
 Detailed Log 	DEVICE [UP]: usbd0 devid: 4 (55:0) DEVICE [UP]: ds10 devid: 5 (58:0)

Figure 52. MDC Advanced Link Manager States Page

The Link Manager States page is used to gather dynamic information on internal networking modules, and is based on the runtime configuration of the 2Wire gateway. The information cannot be used to configure the 2Wire gateway.

To view information about each node, click the node link. Information displays below the Link Manager States tree, and includes the following:

Node Information	Description
Link status	Up. The link is functioning properly. Climbing. The link is attempting to establish a connection. Down. The link is not yet configured. Error. An error has occurred.
State changes	The number of times the state of the link has changed (since last reboot).

The following table shows the possible nodes that can display on the Link Manager States page.

Node	Description
root0	Root for configuration tree.
globalO	Branch for all global configuration modules.
device0	Maintains the status and configuration for devices on the 2Wire gateway.
rnat0	Maintains the application mappings and pinholes for nodes on the 2Wire gateway.
route0	Maintains all static routes on the 2Wire gateway.
fw0	Maintains all firewall rules on the 2Wire gateway.
cms0	Monitors CMS connectivity and activity with the 2Wire gateway.
home0	Branch for the home network modules.
vlan0	Home network virtual LAN configuration module.
ipnet1	Home network IP configuration module.
vlanmon0	Home network virtual LAN monitor for activity.
ipbridge0	Home network IP bridge/DMZ configuration module.
ipnet2	Home network public IP network configuration module.
vlan3	Home network voice virtual LAN module.
bband0	Branch for the primary broadband network.
vlan1	Primary broadband virtual LAN configuration module.
dhcp0	Primary broadband DHCP client module.
ipnet0	Primary broadband IP configuration module.
dnstest0	Primary broadband DNS access test module.
vlan2	Primary broadband PPP bridge virtual LAN.
dsl0	DSL device control module.
apvc0	Primary broadband ATM and auto PVC search module.
pppoe0	Primary broadband PPPoE configuration module.
pppoa0	Primary broadband PPPoA configuration module.
rtatm0	Primary broadband routed ATM configuration module.

The nodes that display are dependent on the 2Wire gateway. For example, 2Wire gateways that are not connected to the Internet via ADSL will not display ADSL information.

Advanced - Detailed Log Page

The Advanced – Detailed Log page is a debug log facility modeled after syslog, and provides advanced diagnostic capabilities.

System Summary	Advanced – Det	ailed Log CLEAR LOG
Broadband Link	DBG or higher 💙 (All)	FILTER INSERT MARK
 Summary 	DBG or higher V (AII)	FILTER INSERT MARK
Statistics	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:07	cm: cm initialized
	INF P0000-00-00100:00:07	initd: libcm started
 Detailed Statistics 	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:07	initd: starting runlevel: 3 => 7
<u>Configure</u>	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:07	ulib: System clock initialized
Local Network	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:07	ulib: Board serial number: 265116005072
Status	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:07	ulib: Board product name: 2700HGV Gateway
Statistics	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:07	ulib: ulib initialized
	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:07	initd: libulib start
Device List	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:07	initd: libmif start
 <u>Wireless</u> 	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:07	initd: starting runlevel: 4 => 7
<u>Configure</u>	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:07	initd: pkg start pid:14
 Address Allocation 	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:07 ERR P0000-00-00T00:00:07	pkg: extracted system/system pkg: unable to find role 'config'
Firewall	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:07	pkg: unable to find fole 'config' initd: pkgc start
	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:07	initd: login start pid:16
<u>Settings</u>	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:07	pki: pki initialized
 Detailed Information 	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:07	initd: pki start
 Advanced Settings 	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:07	initd: syslogd start pid:18
Voice	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:07	initd: starting runlevel: 5 => 7
Configure Server	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:07	initd: 1md start pid:19
Configure Server	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:07	initd: starting runlevel: 6 => 7
Troubleshooting	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:07	initd: nodesd start pid:20
 DSL Diagnostics 	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:07	initd: dhcpd start pid:21
Event Log	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:07	initd: named start pid:22
Network Tests	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:07	initd: starting runlevel: 7 => 7
	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:07	named: domainname: gateway.2wire.net named: hostname: homeportal.gateway.2wire.net
 Upgrade History 	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:07 INF P0000-00-00T00:00:08	ulib: Wireless ESSID set to 2WIRE072
Resets	INF P0000-00-00100:00:08	ulib: Wireless authentication set to Open
Advanced	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:08	ulib: Wireless encryption set to WEP
Syslog Settings	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:08	ulib: Wireless WEP key set
Provisioning Info	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:08	ulib: Wireless channel set to 6
	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:08	ulib: Wireless power set to 100
<u>Configure Time Services</u>	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:08	lmd: UP on bridge0 with 192.168.1.254/24
 Configure Services 	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:08	atm: port 0 opened
 Static Routes 	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:15	ulib: Node 1 Added mac:00:c0:4f:1d:62:35
DNS Resolve	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:15	usbhost: uhub_explore: uhub0 port 1 status 0x0300 0x0000
Traffic Shaping	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:17	named: listen on address[0]: 192.168.1.254
Link Manager	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:24	pkg: extracted ui/base_ui lmd: dsl0: found signal on line 1, now testing line 2
	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:26 INF P0000-00-00T00:00:29	imd: asi0: found signal on line 1, now testing line 2 pkg: extracted lang/common en
<u>Detailed Log</u>	INF P0000-00-00100:00:29	pkg: extracted lang/common fr
	INF P0000-00-00100:00:42	pkg: extracted lang/common_ri pkg: extracted lang/common es
	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:42	pkg: extracted voice/base voice
	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:42	pkg: note: voice/base_voice has no uninstall script
	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:42	initd: pkgc start
	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:42	initd: rfsd start pid:24
	INF P0000-00-00T00:00:42	initd: httpd start pid:25
		Next
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		INSERT MARK
		_
		Back to Top

Figure 53. MDC Advanced Detailed Log Page



Note: The Detailed Log retains a persistent (across upgrades and system restarts) record of gateway events.

From the **Filter** pull-down menus, you can select the level of filtering you want to view (for example, DBG or higher) and the specific gateway component that was affected. Each log displays the following information:

- Status level: DBG (debug), INF (informational), NTC (notice), WRN (warning), ERR (error), FTL (fatal), ALR (alarm), or EMR (emergency).
- Timestamp (in days, hours, minutes, and seconds) since the state occurred. A "+" preceding the timestamp designates that the timestamp occurred upon system startup. A time zone (such as "GMT") following the timestamp designates that the timestamp occurred after system startup.
- Module in which the state occurred (for example, "netdev").
- · Description of the log entry.

When you click **Insert Mark**, a "placeholder" is inserted into the code string to mark where the error was found.

The following table lists the filters that can be applied.

Filter	Description
(AII)	All log messages
aaal5	ATM AAL5 encapsulation
algaim	AOL Instant Messenger ALG
algesp	IPSec ESP ALG
algh323	H323 ALG
alghttp	HTTP ALG
algintt	Intoto Wrapper ALG
algmsgame	Microsoft Game ALG
algmsn	MSN Messenger ALG
algpptp	PPTP ALG
algrtp	RTP ALG
algrtsp	RTSP ALG
algsip	SIP ALG
algww	Kineto QoS ALG
amon	Application monitoring issues
atm	ATM stack
cm	Configuration Manager/configuration database
devfs	Device files system

Filter	Description
dhcpd	DHCP server
dsl	DSL modem and DSL control module
dslice	DSL hardware
eth	Ethernet device
ethatm	Ethernet to ATM bridge (1483)
fw	Firewall
gpio	GPIO (general purpose input/output) device
hostapd	Wireless access point daemon
hpna	HPNA interface
httpd	HTTP daemon
initd	Initd daemon logs for application control
ipsess	IP firewall session
jtag	JTAG device
kacct	Kernel accounting
kelog	Kernel event log module
kmem	Memory
kppp	PPP kernel network module
kpppoa	PPPoA kernel network module
kpppoe	PPPoE kernel network module
krtlock	Thread locking
kthread	Thread
led	LED device
Imd	Link Manager daemon logs for module
login	Login application
lwdp	Lightweight data protocol (VoHPNA)
mdog	Hardware watchdog
msig	Machine signal-related
named	DNS server

Filter	Description
netdev	Network device core
nodesd	Network device status daemon
pdump	Packet dump (used for debugging)
pkg	Package management
pki	Public Key Infrastructure subsystem
ррр	Point-to-Point Protocol daemon
reset	Reset switch driver
rpcd	RPCD daemon logs for CMS interaction
rtatm	Routed ATM driver
SCC	Voice SLIC drivers
sip	SIP
sntpc	Network time client
stream	Stream network core
syslog	Syslog daemon
system	System level
ulib	Configuration libraries
usbd	USB device
usbhost	USB host
vlan	Virtual LAN
voh	VoHPNA driver
voiced	Voice daemon
voip	Voice over IP
vr	Voice router
vrsip	Voice SIP module
wave	Wireless device

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Glossary

A

Access Point. A device that transports data between a wireless network and a wired network. With the help of the system, a wireless base station is an example of an access point that acts between a wireless node and with other wired PCs and peripherals.

D

Default Gateway. A device that is placed between network segments (or "subnets") to ensure that traffic is properly routed between different subnets. To communicate with a device on another network, users need to know the default gateway's IP address.

DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol). A TCP/IP protocol that allows servers to assign IP addresses dynamically to PCs and workstations. The PC or workstation "borrows" the IP address for a period of time, then the IP address returns to the DHCP server for reassignment.

DMZ (Demilitarized Zone). A computer or small subnetwork that sits between a trusted internal network (such as a LAN), and an untrusted external network (such as the Internet). Typically, the DMZ contains devices accessible to Internet traffic, such as Web (HTTP) servers, FTP servers, SMTP (e-mail) servers and DNS servers.

DNS (Domain Name System). The DNS is the way that Internet domain names (such as www.2wire.com) are located and translated into IP addresses.

DSLAM (Digital Subscriber Line Access Multiplexer). A device found in telephone company central offices that takes a number of DSL subscriber lines and concentrates them onto a single ATM line.

Ε

Ethernet. A type of local area network that operates over twisted wire and cable at speeds of up to 10 Mbps.

L

ICMP (Internet Control Message Protocol). ICMP supports packets containing error, control, and informational messages. For example, the PING command uses ICMP to test an Internet connection. Although ICMP is generally harmless, there are some message types that should be dropped. Redirect (5), Alternate Host Address (6), and Router Advertisement (9) can be used to redirect traffic from your site. Echo (8), Timestamp (13), and Address Mask Request (17) can be used to obtain information on whether the host is up, the local time, and the address mask used on your network, respectively. ICMP messages are also sometimes used as part of DOS attacks (such as flood ping or ping of death).

Invalid TCP flags. Combination of TCP flags (such as SYN/FIN) that signal a malicious attempt to get past the firewall.

IP (Internet Protocol). The standard signaling method used for all communication over the Internet.

IP Address. A numeric identifier for your computer. Just as the post office delivers mail to your home address, servers know to deliver data to your computer based on your IP address. IP addresses can be dynamic, meaning that your computer "borrows" the IP address for the necessary timeframe, or they can be fixed, meaning that the number is permanently assigned to your computer.

L

LAN (Local Area Network). A network connecting a number of computers to each other or to a central server so that the computers can share programs and files.

Μ

MAC (Media Access Control) Address. A hardware address that has been embedded into the network interface card (NIC) by its vendor to uniquely identify each node, or point of connection, of a network.

Map to Host Port. When set (not left blank or set to 0), this value provides the mapping offset to the local computer. For example, if this value is set to 4000 and the range being opened is 100 to 108, the forwarded data to the first value in the range will be sent to 4000. Subsequent ports will be mapped accordingly; 101 will be sent to 4001, 102 will be sent to 4002, etc.

MTU (maximum transmission unit). The largest size packet or frame, specified in octets (eight-bit bytes), that can be sent from a computer to the network. The Internet's TCP uses the MTU to determine the maximum size of each packet in any transmission. If the MTU is too large, the packet may need to be retransmitted if it encounters a router that can't handle that large a packet. Too small an MTU size means relatively more header overhead and more acknowledgements that have to be sent and handled. Most computer operating systems provide a default MTU value that is suitable for most users. In general, Internet users should follow the advice of their Internet service provider (ISP) about whether to change the default value and what to change it to.

Ν

NAT (Network Address Translation). Enables a LAN to use one set of IP addresses for internal traffic and a second set of IP addresses for external traffic. This feature is used by the system so an end user can have an internal computer network in their home, with all its computers using internal IP addresses, using only one routable IP address, which accesses the outside (Internet).

Ρ

PAT (Port Address Translation). Allows hosts on a LAN to communicate with the rest of a network (such as the Internet) without revealing their own private IP address. All outbound packets have their IP address translated to the router's external IP address. Replies come back to the router, which then translates them back into the private IP address of the original host for final delivery.

PPP (Point-to-Point Protocol). A protocol that allows a computer to access the Internet using a dial-up phone line and a high-speed modem. This can be accomplished over Ethernet (PPPoE), or over Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM; PPPoA).

PPPoA (Point-to-Point Protocol over ATM). A specification for connecting multiple computer users on an Ethernet LAN to a remote site through common customer premises equipment (such as a modem). PPPoA combines the Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP), commonly used in dialup connections, with the ATM (Asynchronous Transfer Mode) protocol, which supports multiple users in a LAN.

PPPoE (Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet). A specification for connecting multiple computer users on an Ethernet LAN to a remote site through common customer premises equipment (such as a modem). PPPoE combines the Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP), commonly used in dialup connections, with the Ethernet protocol, which supports multiple users in a LAN.

Protocol Timeout. The amount of time (in seconds) during which a connection in the specified range remains open when there is no data transfer. After a connection has been established on a given port, the sender and receiver usually determine when the session is finished and the connection is closed. However, if the connection is left open and data transfer stops, the system must eventually close the connection and reclaim the resources in order to protect your network. In some cases, the system might close the application during normal operation (for example, if there is a long pause between data transfer). If this is the case, lengthening the timeout may help.

PVC (permanent virtual circuit). A virtual circuit that is permanently available. Used to establish connections between hosts that communicate frequently.

R

Router. The central switching device in a packet-switched computer network that directs and controls the flow of data through the network.

S

Subnet Mask. The IP addressing system allows subnetworks or "interchanges" to be created, and devices numbers or "extensions" to be established within these subnetworks. These numbers are created using a mathematical device called a subnet mask. A subnet mask, like the IP address, is a set of four numbers in dotted decimal notation. Subnet masks typically take three forms:

- · 255.0.0.0
- · 255.255.0.0
- · 255.255.255.0

The number 255 "masks" out the corresponding number of the IP address, resulting in IP address numbers that are valid for the network. For example, an IP address of 123.45.67.89 and a subnet mask of 255.255.255.0 results in a sub network number of 123.45.67.0 and a device number of 89.

The subnet mask used for the network typically corresponds to the class of IP address assigned, as shown in the following table.

IP Address Class	Dotted-Decimal Notation Ranges	Corresponding Subnet Mask
Class A	1.xxx.xxx.xxx to 126.xxx.xxx.xxx	255.0.0.0
Class B	128.0.xxx.xxx to 191.255.xxx.xxx	255.255.0.0
Class C	192.0.0.xxx to 223.255.255.xxx	255.255.255.0

SYN Flood. A method that the user of a hostile client program can use to conduct a denial-of-service (DOS) attack on a computer server. The hostile client repeatedly sends SYN (synchronization) packets to every port on the server, using fake IP addresses.

T.

TCP/IP (Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol). A method of packet-switched data transmission used on the Internet. The protocol specifies the manner in which a signal is divided into parts, as well as the manner in which "address" information is added to each packet to ensure that it reaches its destination and can be reassembled into the original message.

Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP). See TCP/IP.

U

UDP (User Datagram Protocol). A TCP/IP protocol describing how data packets reach application programs within a destination computer.

V

VPI (Virtual Path Identifier). Identifier contained in the ATM cell header to designate the virtual path on the physical ATM link.

VCI (Virtual Channel Identifier). Identifier contained in the ATM cell header to designate the virtual channel on the physical ATM link.

W

Wireless. Transmission of data over radio waves rather than wiring.

Wireless channel. The 2Wire gateway supports up to 13 wireless channels (based on country restrictions). For example, the United States and Canada support channels 1 to 11; Europe and Australia support channels 1 to 13.

In an 802.1b or 802.11g wireless network, data is transmitted at 2.5GHz. Wireless nodes communicate with each other using radio frequency signals in the band between 2.4GHz and 2.5GHz. Neighboring channels are 5 MHz apart; however, due to the spread spectrum effect of the signals, a node sending signals using a particular channel will use frequency spectrum 12.5HHz above and below the center channel frequency. As a result, two separate wireless networks using neighboring channels (for example, channels 1 and 2) in the same general vicinity will interfere with each other. Applying two channels that allow the maximum channel separation (such as channels 1 and 6, or channels 6 and 11) will provide a noticeable performance increase over networks with minimal channel separation.

The radio frequency channels used in 802.11b/g networks are shown in the following table.

Channel	Range
Channel 1	2399.5 MHz - 2424.5 MHz
Channel 2	2404.5 MHz - 2429.5 MHz

Channel	Range
Channel 3	2409.5 MHz - 2434.5 MHz
Channel 4	2414.5 MHz - 2439.5 MHz
Channel 5	2419.5 MHz - 2444.5 MHz
Channel 6	2424.5 MHz - 2449.5 MHz
Channel 7	2429.5 MHz - 2454.5 MHz
Channel 8	2434.5 MHz - 2459.5 MHz
Channel 9	2439.5 MHz - 2464.5 MHz
Channel 10	2444.5 MHz - 2469.5 MHz
Channel 11	2449.5 MHz - 2474.5 MHz
Channel 12	2454.5 MHz - 2479.5 MHz
Channel 13	2459.5 MHz - 2484.5 MHz

The preferred channel separation between the channels in neighboring wireless networks is 25 MHz (5 channels). This means that you can apply up to three different channels within your wireless network. There are only 11 usable wireless channels in the United States. It is recommended that you start using channel 1 and expand to channel 6 (and 11 when necessary), as these three channels do not overlap.

Compliance Information

The 2Wire 2701HG product family has been tested, and is compliant to the following standards:

Location	Safety	EMC (Emissions / Immunity	Telecommunications
United States	UL 60950	FCC Part 15B, 15C	TIA 968A
Canada	CSA-C22.2	ICES-003 (EN55022), RSS-GEN/RSS-210	IC CS-03

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Regulatory Information

Declaration of Conformity

Trade Name:	2Wire
Responsible Party:	2Wire, Inc.
Address:	1704 Automation Parkway
	San Jose, CA

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- · Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- · Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- · Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

You are cautioned that any changes or modifications not expressly approved in this manual could void your authority to operate this equipment.

Only peripherals (computer input/output devices, terminals, printers, and so forth) that comply with FCC Class B limits may be attached to this computer product.

Operation with noncompliant peripherals is likely to result in interference to radio and television reception.

All cables used to connect peripherals must be shielded and grounded. Operation with cables, connected to peripherals that are not shielded and grounded may result in interference to radio and television reception.

WARNING: While this device is in operation, a separation distance of at least 20 cm (8 inches) must be maintained between the radiating antenna inside the ERU and the bodies of all persons exposed to the transmitter in order to meet the FCC RF exposure guidelines. Making changes to the antenna or the device is not permitted. Doing so may result in the installed system exceeding RF exposure requirements. This device must not be co-located or operated in conjunction with any other antenna or radio transmitter. Installers and end users must follow the installation instructions provided in this guide.

FCC Part 68

This equipment complies with Part 68 of the FCC rules. On the bottom of this equipment is a label that contains, among other information, the FCC equivalence number (REN) for this equipment. If requested, this information must be provided to the telephone company.

The REN is used to determine the quantity of devices that may be connected to the telephone line. Excessive RENs on the telephone line may result in the devices not ringing in response to an incoming call. In most, but not all areas, the sum of the RENs should not exceed five. To be certain of the number of devices that may be connected to the line, as determined by the total RENs, contact the telephone company to determine the maximum REN for the calling area.

If the terminal equipment causes harm to the telephone network, the telephone company will notify you in advance that temporary discontinuance of service may be required. But if advance notice is not practical, the telephone company will notify the customer as soon as possible. Also, you will be advised of your right to file a complaint with the FCC if you believe it is necessary.

The telephone company may make changes in its facilities, equipment, operations or procedures that could affect the operations of the equipment. If this happens, the telephone company will provide advance notice in order for you to make the necessary modifications in order to maintain uninterrupted service.

If trouble is experienced with this equipment, please contact the store, reseller, or agent from whom the product was purchased.

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Repair of this equipment should be made only by the 2Wire Service Center or a 2Wire authorized agent.